Changes for the Better



MOTION **CONTROLLER** Qseries SV13/SV22(REAL MODE) Q173DCPU Q172DCPU **Programming Manual**

● SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ●

(Please read these instructions before using this equipment.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

These precautions apply only to this product. Refer to the Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Users manual for a description of the Motion controller safety precautions.

In this manual, the safety instructions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight personal injury or physical damage.

Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by A CAUTION may also be linked to serious results.

In any case, it is important to follow the directions for usage.

Please save this manual to make it accessible when required and always forward it to the end user.

For Safe Operations

1. Prevention of electric shocks

▲DANGER

- Never open the front case or terminal covers while the power is ON or the unit is running, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Never run the unit with the front case or terminal cover removed. The high voltage terminal and charged sections will be exposed and may lead to electric shocks.
- Never open the front case or terminal cover at times other than wiring work or periodic inspections even if the power is OFF. The insides of the Motion controller and servo amplifier are charged and may lead to electric shocks.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before mounting or removing the module, performing wiring work, or inspections. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- When performing wiring work or inspections, turn the power OFF, wait at least ten minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester, etc.. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- Be sure to ground the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor. (Ground resistance : 100 Ω or less) Do not ground commonly with other devices.
- The wiring work and inspections must be done by a qualified technician.
- Wire the units after installing the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks or damage.
- Never operate the switches with wet hands, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servomotor terminal blocks while the power is ON, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the built-in power supply, built-in grounding or signal wires of the Motion controller and servo amplifier, as this may lead to electric shocks.

2. For fire prevention

≜CAUTION

- Install the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor on incombustible. Installing them directly or close to combustibles will lead to fire.
- If a fault occurs in the Motion controller or servo amplifier, shut the power OFF at the servo amplifier's power source. If a large current continues to flow, fire may occur.
- When using a regenerative resistor, shut the power OFF with an error signal. The regenerative resistor may abnormally overheat due to a fault in the regenerative transistor, etc., and may lead to fire.
- Always take heat measures such as flame proofing for the inside of the control panel where the servo amplifier or regenerative resistor is installed and for the wires used. Failing to do so may lead to fire.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to fire.

3. For injury prevention

- Do not apply a voltage other than that specified in the instruction manual on any terminal.
 Doing so may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the terminal connections, as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the polarity (+/-), as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not touch the heat radiating fins of controller or servo amplifier, regenerative resistor and servomotor, etc., while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns.
- Always turn the power OFF before touching the servomotor shaft or coupled machines, as these parts may lead to injuries.
- Do not go near the machine during test operations or during operations such as teaching.
 Doing so may lead to injuries.

4. Various precautions

Strictly observe the following precautions.

Mistaken handling of the unit may lead to faults, injuries or electric shocks.

(1) System structure

≜CAUTION

- Always install a leakage breaker on the Motion controller and servo amplifier power source.
- If installation of an electromagnetic contactor for power shut off during an error, etc., is specified in the instruction manual for the servo amplifier, etc., always install the electromagnetic contactor.
- Install the emergency stop circuit externally so that the operation can be stopped immediately and the power shut off.
- Use the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to fire or faults.
- Use the CPU module, base unit and motion module with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to faults.
- If safety standards (ex., robot safety rules, etc.,) apply to the system using the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor, make sure that the safety standards are satisfied.
- Construct a safety circuit externally of the Motion controller or servo amplifier if the abnormal operation of the Motion controller or servo amplifier differ from the safety directive operation in the system.
- In systems where coasting of the servomotor will be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use dynamic brakes.
- Make sure that the system considers the coasting amount even when using dynamic brakes.
- In systems where perpendicular shaft dropping may be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use both dynamic brakes and electromagnetic brakes.

- The dynamic brakes must be used only on errors that cause the forced stop, emergency stop, or servo OFF. These brakes must not be used for normal braking.
- The brakes (electromagnetic brakes) assembled into the servomotor are for holding applications, and must not be used for normal braking.
- The system must have a mechanical allowance so that the machine itself can stop even if the stroke limits switch is passed through at the max. speed.
- Use wires and cables that have a wire diameter, heat resistance and bending resistance compatible with the system.
- Use wires and cables within the length of the range described in the instruction manual.
- The ratings and characteristics of the parts (other than Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor) used in a system must be compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor.
- Install a cover on the shaft so that the rotary parts of the servomotor are not touched during operation.
- There may be some cases where holding by the electromagnetic brakes is not possible due to the life or mechanical structure (when the ball screw and servomotor are connected with a timing belt, etc.). Install a stopping device to ensure safety on the machine side.

(2) Parameter settings and programming

▲CAUTION

- Set the parameter values to those that are compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor model and the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- The regenerative resistor model and capacity parameters must be set to values that conform to the operation mode, servo amplifier and servo power supply module. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the mechanical brake output and dynamic brake output validity parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the stroke limit input validity parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Set the servomotor encoder type (increment, absolute position type, etc.) parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Set the servomotor capacity and type (standard, low-inertia, flat, etc.) parameter to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the servo amplifier capacity and type parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.

- Use the program commands for the program with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.
- Set the sequence function program capacity setting, device capacity, latch validity range, I/O assignment setting, and validity of continuous operation during error detection to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Some devices used in the program have fixed applications, so use these with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.
- The input devices and data registers assigned to the link will hold the data previous to when communication is terminated by an error, etc. Thus, an error correspondence interlock program specified in the instruction manual must be used.
- Use the interlock program specified in the intelligent function module's instruction manual for the program corresponding to the intelligent function module.

(3) Transportation and installation

▲CAUTION

- Transport the product with the correct method according to the mass.
- Use the servomotor suspension bolts only for the transportation of the servomotor. Do not transport the servomotor with machine installed on it.
- Do not stack products past the limit.
- When transporting the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the connected wires or cables.
- When transporting the servomotor, never hold the cables, shaft or detector.
- When transporting the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the front case as it may fall off.
- When transporting, installing or removing the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the edges.
- Install the unit according to the instruction manual in a place where the mass can be withstood.
- Do not get on or place heavy objects on the product.
- Always observe the installation direction.
- Keep the designated clearance between the Motion controller or servo amplifier and control panel inner surface or the Motion controller and servo amplifier, Motion controller or servo amplifier and other devices.
- Do not install or operate Motion controller, servo amplifiers or servomotors that are damaged or that have missing parts.
- Do not block the intake/outtake ports of the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor with cooling fan.
- Do not allow conductive matter such as screw or cutting chips or combustible matter such as oil enter the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servomotor.

- The Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor are precision machines, so do not drop or apply strong impacts on them.
- Securely fix the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor to the machine according to the instruction manual. If the fixing is insufficient, these may come off during operation.
- Always install the servomotor with reduction gears in the designated direction. Failing to do so may lead to oil leaks.
- Store and use the unit in the following environmental conditions.

Environment	Conditions		
Environment	Motion controller/Servo amplifier	Servomotor	
Ambient temperature	According to each instruction manual.	0°C to +40°C (With no freezing) (32°F to +104°F)	
Ambient humidity	According to each instruction manual.	80% RH or less (With no dew condensation)	
Storage temperature	According to each instruction manual.	-20°C to +65°C (-4°F to +149°F)	
Atmosphere	Indoors (where not subject to direct sunlight). No corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist or dust must exist		
Altitude	1000m (3280.84ft.) or less above sea level		
Vibration	According to each instruction manual		

When coupling with the synchronous encoder or servomotor shaft end, do not apply impact such as by hitting with a hammer. Doing so may lead to detector damage.

- Do not apply a load larger than the tolerable load onto the synchronous encoder and servomotor shaft. Doing so may lead to shaft breakage.
- When not using the module for a long time, disconnect the power line from the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- Place the Motion controller and servo amplifier in static electricity preventing vinyl bags and store.
- When storing for a long time, please contact with our sales representative. Also, execute a trial operation.

(4) Wiring

- Correctly and securely wire the wires. Reconfirm the connections for mistakes and the terminal screws for tightness after wiring. Failing to do so may lead to run away of the servomotor.
 After wiring, install the protective covers such as the terminal covers to the original positions.
 Do not install a phase advancing capacitor, surge absorber or radio noise filter (option FR-BIF) on the output side of the servo amplifier.
- Correctly connect the output side (terminal U, V, W). Incorrect connections will lead the servomotor to operate abnormally.
- Do not connect a commercial power supply to the servomotor, as this may lead to trouble.
- Do not mistake the direction of the surge absorbing diode installed on the DC relay for the control signal output of brake signals, etc. Incorrect installation may lead to signals not being output when trouble occurs or the protective functions not functioning.
- Do not connect or disconnect the connection cables between each unit, the encoder cable or PLC expansion cable while the power is ON.
- Servo amplifier VIN (24VDC) Control output signal
- Securely tighten the cable connector fixing screws and fixing mechanisms. Insufficient fixing may lead to the cables combing off during operation.
- Do not bundle the power line or cables.

(5) Trial operation and adjustment

- Confirm and adjust the program and each parameter before operation. Unpredictable movements may occur depending on the machine.
- Extreme adjustments and changes may lead to unstable operation, so never make them.
- When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the Motion controller or absolute value motor has been replaced, always perform a home position return.

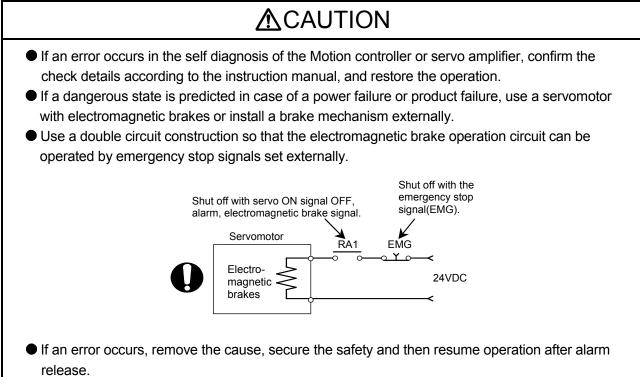
(6) Usage methods

▲CAUTION

- Immediately turn OFF the power if smoke, abnormal sounds or odors are emitted from the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servomotor.
- Always execute a test operation before starting actual operations after the program or parameters have been changed or after maintenance and inspection.
- Do not attempt to disassemble and repair the units excluding a qualified technician whom our company recognized.
- Do not make any modifications to the unit.
- Keep the effect or electromagnetic obstacles to a minimum by installing a noise filter or by using wire shields, etc. Electromagnetic obstacles may affect the electronic devices used near the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- When using the CE Mark-compliant equipment, refer to the "EMC Installation Guidelines" (data number IB(NA)-67339) for the Motion controllers and refer to the corresponding EMC guideline information for the servo amplifiers, inverters and other equipment.
- Use the units with the following conditions.

Item	Conditions					
Item	Q61P-A1	Q61P-A2	Q61P	Q62P	Q63P	Q64P
	100 to 120VAC +10% -15%	200 to 240VAC +10% -15%	100 to 240	WAC ^{+10%} -15%	24VDC +30% -35%	100 to 120VAC ^{+10%} /
Input power						200 to 240VAC +10% -15%
	(85 to 132VAC)	(170 to 264VAC)	(85 to 2	64VAC)	(15.6 to 31.2VDC)	(85 to 132VAC/ 170 to 264VAC)
Input frequency			50/60	Hz ±5%		
Tolerable momentary power failure			20ms	or less		

(7) Corrective actions for errors



• The unit may suddenly resume operation after a power failure is restored, so do not go near the machine. (Design the machine so that personal safety can be ensured even if the machine restarts suddenly.)

(8) Maintenance, inspection and part replacement

- Perform the daily and periodic inspections according to the instruction manual.
- Perform maintenance and inspection after backing up the program and parameters for the Motion controller and servo amplifier.
- Do not place fingers or hands in the clearance when opening or closing any opening.
- Periodically replace consumable parts such as batteries according to the instruction manual.
- Do not touch the lead sections such as ICs or the connector contacts.
- Before touching the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Touching them could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- Do not place the Motion controller or servo amplifier on metal that may cause a power leakage or wood, plastic or vinyl that may cause static electricity buildup.
- Do not perform a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) during inspection.

- When replacing the Motion controller or servo amplifier, always set the new module settings correctly.
- When the Motion controller or absolute value motor has been replaced, carry out a home position return operation using one of the following methods, otherwise position displacement could occur.
 - 1) After writing the servo data to the Motion controller using programming software, switch on the power again, then perform a home position return operation.
 - 2) Using the backup function of the programming software, load the data backed up before replacement.
- After maintenance and inspections are completed, confirm that the position detection of the absolute position detector function is correct.
- Do not drop or impact the battery installed to the module.
 Doing so may damage the battery, causing battery liquid to leak in the battery. Do not use the dropped or impacted battery, but dispose of it.
- Do not short circuit, charge, overheat, incinerate or disassemble the batteries.
- The electrolytic capacitor will generate gas during a fault, so do not place your face near the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- The electrolytic capacitor and fan will deteriorate. Periodically replace these to prevent secondary damage from faults. Replacements can be made by our sales representative.

(9) About processing of waste

When you discard Motion controller, servo amplifier, a battery (primary battery) and other option articles, please follow the law of each country (area).

≜CAUTION

- This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to forestall serious accidents when it is used in facilities where a breakdown in the product is likely to cause a serious accident.

(10) General cautions

All drawings provided in the instruction manual show the state with the covers and safety partitions removed to explain detailed sections. When operating the product, always return the covers and partitions to the designated positions, and operate according to the instruction manual.

REVISIONS

* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

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INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing the Mitsubishi Motion controller Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU. Before using the equipment, please read this manual carefully to develop full familiarity with the functions and performance of the Motion controller you have purchased, so as to ensure correct use.

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About Manuals

The following manuals are also related to this product.

In necessary, order them by quoting the details in the tables below.

Related Manuals

(1) Motion controller

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller User's Manual This manual explains specifications of the Motion CPU modules, Q172DLX Servo external signal interface module, Q172DEX Synchronous encoder interface module, Q173DPX Manual pulse generator interface module, Power supply modules, Servo amplifiers, SSCNETI cables, Synchronous encoder cables and others. (Optional)	IB-0300133 (1XB927)
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON) This manual explains the Multiple CPU system configuration, performance specifications, common parameters, auxiliary/applied functions, error lists and others. (Optional)	IB-0300134 (1XB928)
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC) This manual explains the functions, programming, debugging, error lists and others for Motion SFC. (Optional)	IB-0300135 (1XB929)
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE) This manual explains the dedicated instructions to use the synchronous control by virtual main shaft, mechanical system program create mechanical module, servo parameters, positioning instructions, device lists, error lists and others. (Optional)	IB-0300137 (1XB931)

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) This manual explains the specifications of the QCPU modules, power supply modules, base modules, extension cables, memory card battery and others. (Optional)	SH-080483ENG (13JR73)
QCPU User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) This manual explains the functions, programming methods and devices and others to create programs with the QCPU. (Optional)	SH-080484ENG (13JR74)
QCPU User's Manual (Multiple CPU System) This manual explains the functions, programming methods and cautions and others to construct the Multiple CPU system with the QCPU. (Optional)	SH-080485ENG (13JR75)
QCPU (Q Mode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (Common Instructions) This manual explains how to use the sequence instructions, basic instructions, application instructions and micro computer program. (Optional)	SH-080039 (13JF58)
QCPU (Q Mode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions) This manual explains the dedicated instructions used to exercise PID control. (Optional)	SH-080040 (13JF59)
QCPU (Q Mode)/QnACPU Programming Manual (SFC) This manual explains the system configuration, performance specifications, functions, programming, debugging, error codes and others of MELSAP3. (Optional)	SH-080041 (13JF60)
I/O Module Type Building Block User's Manual This manual explains the specifications of the I/O modules, connector, connector/terminal block conversion modules and others. (Optional)	SH-080042 (13JL99)

(3) Servo amplifier

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
MR-J3-□B Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for MR-J3-□B Servo amplifier.	SH-030051 (1CW202)
(Optional)	
Fully Closed Loop Control MR-J3-DB-RJ006 Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for Fully Closed Loop Control MR-J3-DB-RJ006 Servo amplifier.	SH-030056 (1CW304)
(Optional)	

1. OVERVIEW

1.1 Overview

This programming manual describes the positioning control parameters, positioning dedicated devices and positioning method required to execute positioning control in the Motion controller (SV13/22 real mode).

The following positioning control is possible in the Motion controller (SV13/22 real mode).

Applicable CPU	Number of positioning control axes
Q173DCPU (32 axes)	Up to 32 axes
Q172DCPU (8 axes)	Up to 8 axes

In this manual, the following abbreviations are used.

Generic term/Abbreviation	Description	
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU or Motion CPU (module)	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion CPU module	
Q172DLX/Q172DEX/Q173DPX or Motion module	Q172DLX Servo external signals interface module/ Q172DEX Serial Synchronous encoder interface module ^(Note-1) / Q173DPX Manual pulse generator interface module	
MR-J3-□B	Servo amplifier model MR-J3-□B	
AMP or Servo amplifier	General name for "Servo amplifier model MR-J3-□B"	
QCPU, PLC CPU or PLC CPU module	QnUD(H)CPU	
Multiple CPU system or Motion system	Abbreviation for "Multiple PLC system of the Q series"	
CPUn	Abbreviation for "CPU No.n (n= 1 to 4) of the CPU module for the Multiple CPU system"	
Self CPU	Motion CPU being programmed by the currently open MT Developer project	
Programming software package	General name for MT Developer/GX Developer/MR Configurator	
Operating system software	General name for "SW8DNC-SV□Q□"	
SV13	Operating system software for conveyor assembly use (Motion SFC) : SW8DNC -SV13Q□	
SV22	Operating system software for automatic machinery use (Motion SFC) : SW8DNC -SV22Q \Box	
MT Developer	Abbreviation for "Motion controller programming software MT Developer2 (Version 1.00A or later)"	
GX Developer	Abbreviation for "MELSEC PLC programming software package GX Developer (Version 8.48A or later)"	
MR Configurator	Abbreviation for "Servo setup software package MR Configurator (Version C0 or later)"	
Manual pulse generator or MR-HDP01	Abbreviation for "Manual pulse generator (MR-HDP01)"	
Serial absolute synchronous encoder or Q170ENC	Abbreviation for "Serial absolute synchronous encoder (Q170ENC)"	
SSCNETⅢ ^(Note-2)	High speed synchronous network between Motion controller and servo amplifier	
Absolute position system	General name for "system using the servomotor and servo amplifier for absolute position"	

Generic term/Abbreviation	Description
Battery holder unit	Battery holder unit (Q170DBATC)
External battery	General name for "Q170DBATC" and "Q6BAT"
Intelligent function module	Abbreviation for "MELSECNET/H module/Ethernet module/CC-Link module/ Serial communication module"

(Note-1) : Q172DEX can be used in SV22.

(Note-2) : SSCNET: Servo System Controller NETwork

REMARK

For information about the each module, design method for program and parameter, refer to the following manuals relevant to each module.

	Item	Reference Manual
Motion CPU module/Motion unit		Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU User's Manual
PLC CPU, peripheral devices for PLC program design, I/O modules and intelligent function module		Manual relevant to each module
Operation method for MT Developer		Help of each software
SV13/SV22	 Multiple CPU system configuration Performance specification Design method for common parameter Auxiliary and applied functions (common) 	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)
	 Design method for Motion SFC program Design method for Motion SFC parameter Motion dedicated PLC instruction 	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)
SV22 (Virtual mode)	 Design method for mechanical system program 	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)

▲CAUTION

- When designing the system, provide external protective and safety circuits to ensure safety in the event of trouble with the Motion controller.
- There are electronic components which are susceptible to the effects of static electricity mounted on the printed circuit board. When handling printed circuit boards with bare hands you must ground your body or the work bench.

Do not touch current-carrying or electric parts of the equipment with bare hands.

- Make parameter settings within the ranges stated in this manual.
- Use the program instructions that are used in programs in accordance with the conditions stipulated in this manual.
- Some devices for use in programs have fixed applications: they must be used in accordance with the conditions stipulated in this manual.

1.2 Features

1.2.1 Performance Specifications

(1) Motion control specifications

Item		Q173DCPU	Q172DCPU	
Number of control axes		Up to 32 axes	Up to 8 axes	
Operation cycle (default)	SV13	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 18 axes 1.77ms/19 to 32 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 8 axes	
	SV22	0.44ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.88ms/ 5 to 12 axes 1.77ms/13 to 28 axes 3.55ms/29 to 32 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.88ms/ 5 to 8 axes	
Interpolation func	tions	Linear interpolation (Up to 4 axes), Circular interpolation (2 axes), Helical interpolation (3 axes)		
Control modes		PTP(Point to Point) control, Speed control, Speed-position control, Fixed-pitch feed, Constant speed control, Position follow-up control, Speed control with fixed position stop Speed switching control, High-speed oscillation control, Synchronous control (SV22)		
Acceleration/ Automatic trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration,		cceleration/deceleration,		
deceleration cont	rol	S-curve acceleration/deceleration		
Compensation		Backlash compensation, Electronic gear, Phase compensation (SV22)		
Programming language		Motion SFC, Dedicated instruction, Mechanical support language (SV22)		
Servo program capacity		14k steps		
Number of positioning		3200 points		
points		(Positioning data can be designated indirectly)		
Peripheral I/F		Via PLC CPU (USB/RS-232)		
Home position return function		Proximity dog type (2 types), Count type (3 types), Data set type (2 types), Dog cradle type, Stopper type (2 types), Limit switch combined type (Home position return re-try function provided, home position shift function provided)		
JOG operation function Provided		rided		
Manual pulse ger operation functior	anual pulse generator Possible to connect 3 modules		nect 3 modules	
Synchronous encoder operation function		Possible to connect 12 modules	Possible to connect 8 modules	
M-code function		M-code output function provided M-code completion wait function provided		
Limit switch output Number of output points 32 points		t points 32 points		
function			ntrol data/Word device	
Absolute position	system	Made compatible by setting (Possible to select the absolute data me	g battery to servo amplifier. thod or incremental method for each axis)	
Number of SSCNETI systems		2 systems	1 system	

Item	Q173DCPU	Q172DCPU
Motion related interface module	Q172DLX : 4 modules usable	Q172DLX : 1 module usable
	Q172DEX : 6 modules usable	Q172DEX : 4 modules usable
modulo	Q173DPX : 4 modules usable (Note-2)	Q173DPX : 3 modules usable (Note-2)

Motion control specifications (continued)

(Note-1) : The servo amplifiers for SSCNET cannot be used.

(Note-2) : When using the incremental synchronous encoder (SV22 use), you can use above number of modules. When connecting the manual pulse generator, you can use only 1 module.

2.1 Positioning Control by the Motion CPU

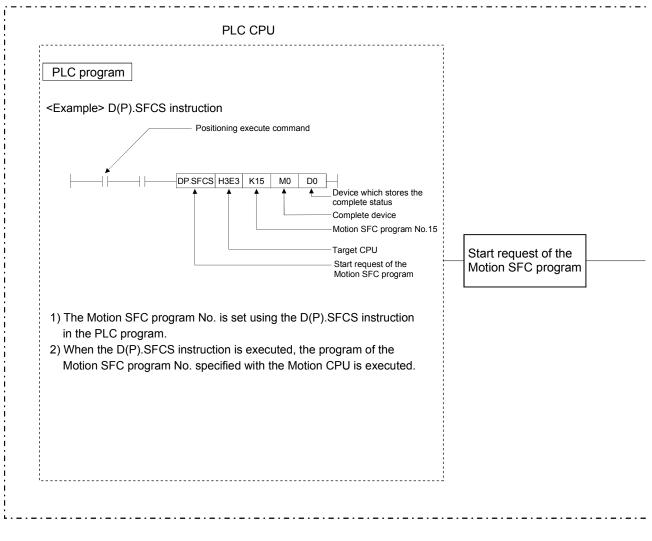
The positioning control of up to 32 axes in Q173DCPU and up to 8 axes in Q172DCPU is possible in the Motion CPU.

There are following four functions as controls toward the servo amplifier/servomotor.(1) Servo operation by the positioning instructions.

- There are following two methods for execution of the positioning instruction.
 - (a) Programming using the motion control step "K" of Motion SFC.
 - The starting method of Motion SFC program is shown below.
 - 1) Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) of PLC CPU
 - 2) Automatic start setting of Motion SFC program
 - (Note): Step "K" of the positioning instruction cannot be programmed to NMI task and event task.
 - 3) Start by the Motion SFC program (GSUB)
 - (b) Execution of servo program by the servo program start request (D(P).SVST) of PLC CPU.
- (2) JOG operation by the each axis command signal of Motion CPU.
- (3) Manual pulse generator operation by the positioning dedicated device of Motion CPU.
- (4) Speed change and torque limit value change during positioning control by the Motion dedicated PLC instruction (D(P).CHGV, D(P).CHGT) and Motion dedicated function (CHGV, CHGT) of operation control step "F".
 (Note): Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22)
 - Programming Manual (Motion SFC)" for the Motion dedicated PLC instruction.

[Execution of the Motion SFC program start (D(P).SFCS instruction)]

Positioning control is executed by starting the Motion SFC program specified with D(P).SFCS instruction of the PLC CPU in the Motion CPU. (The Motion SFC program can also be started automatically by parameter setting.) An overview of the starting method using the Motion SFC is shown below.



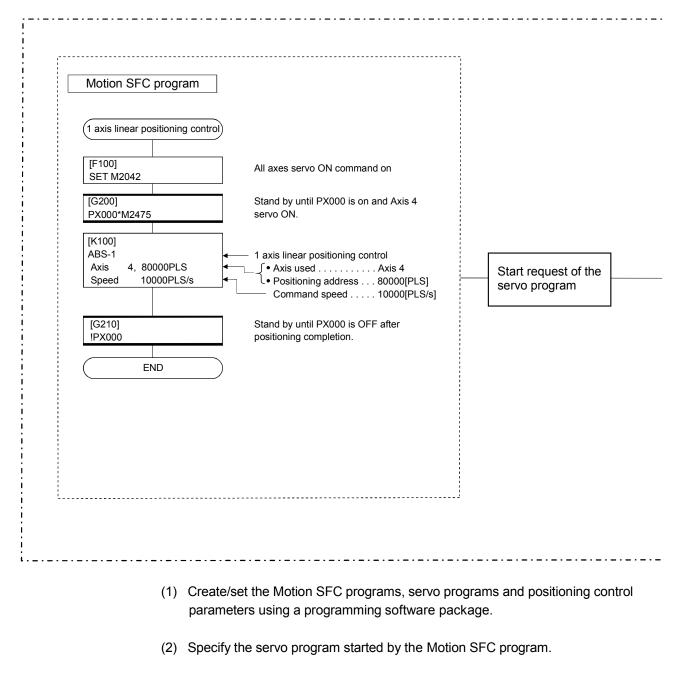
Multiple CPU control system

- (1) Create/set the PLC programs, Motion SFC programs and positioning control parameters using a programming software package.
- (2) Perform the positioning start using the PLC program (D(P).SFCS instruction) of PLC CPU.
 - (a) Motion SFC program No. is specified with the D(P).SFCS instruction.1) Motion SFC program No. can be set either directly or indirectly.
- (3) Perform the specified positioning control using the specified with Motion SFC program.

Motion SFC program START F10 G100 K100 G101 Command which performs numerical operation and bit operation. WUT ^T Command which performs starting of the serve program 'K1', etc. G101 END Positioning control parameters System settings Fixed data by the mechanical system, etc. Servo parameters Data by the position return data Data required for the home position return JOG operation data Data required for the home position return JOG operation data ON/OFFF pattern data required for the limit switch output data

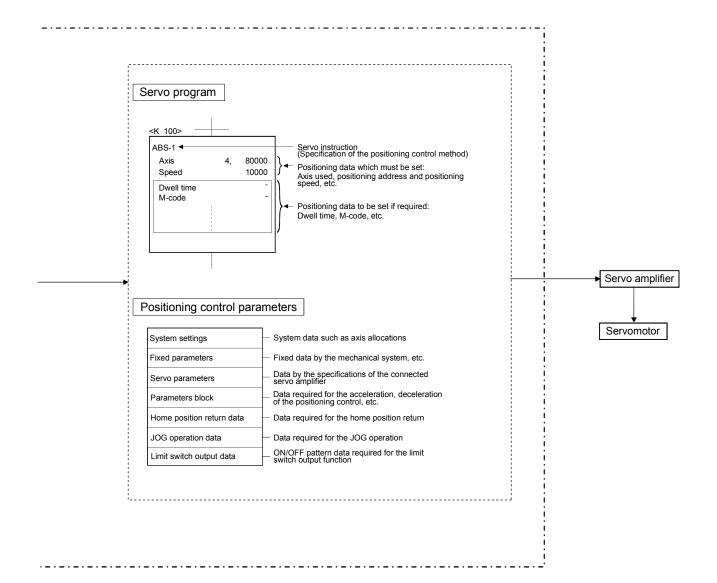
[Execution of the positioning control (Motion SFC program)]

The positioning control is executed using the servo program specified with the Motion SFC program in the Motion CPU system. An overview of the positioning control is shown below.



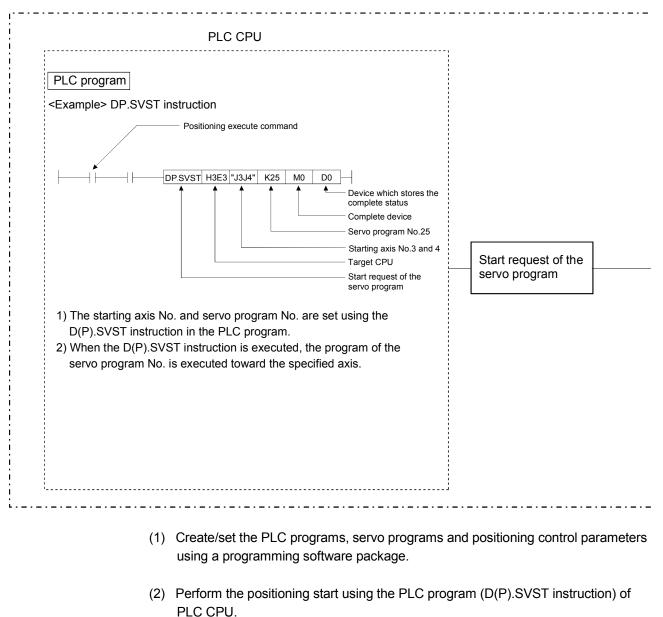
Motion CPU control system

(3) Perform the specified positioning control using the specified with servo program.



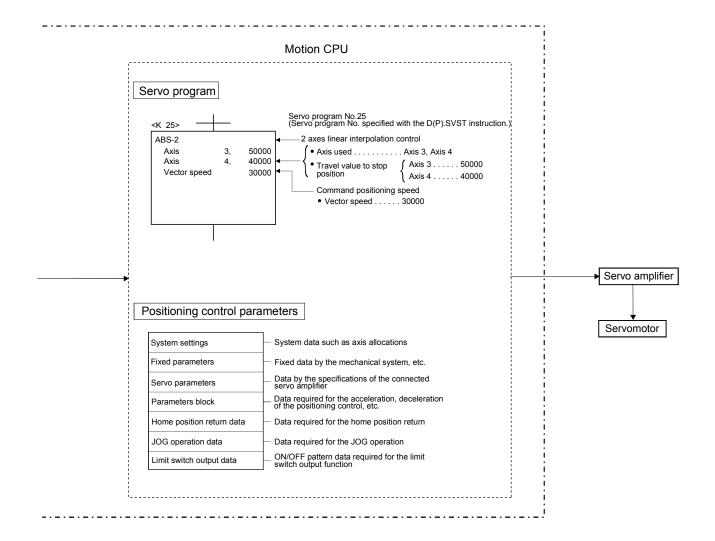
[Execution of the servo program start (D(P).SVST instruction)]

Positioning control is executed by starting the specified servo program toward the axis specified with D(P).SVST instruction of PLC CPU in the Motion CPU. An overview of the starting method using the servo program is shown below.



Multiple CPU control system

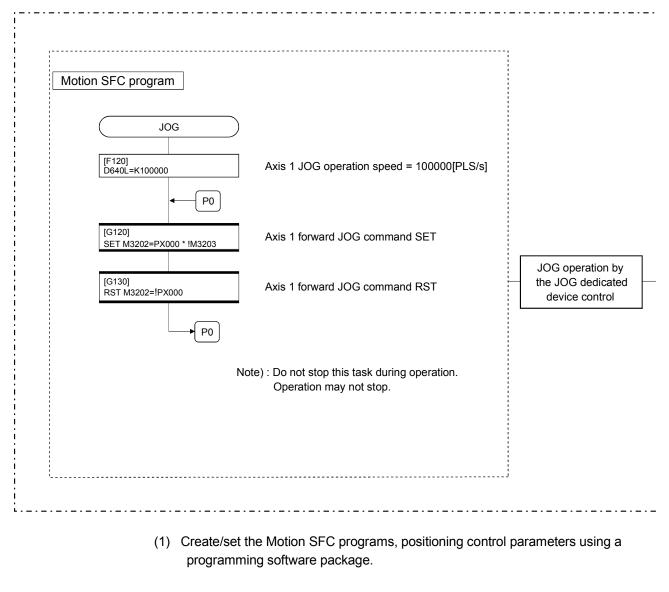
- (a) Starting axis No. and servo program No. are specified with the D(P).SVST instruction.
 - 1) Servo program No. can be set either directly or indirectly.
- (3) Perform the positioning control of specified servo program toward the specified axis.



[Execution of the JOG operation]

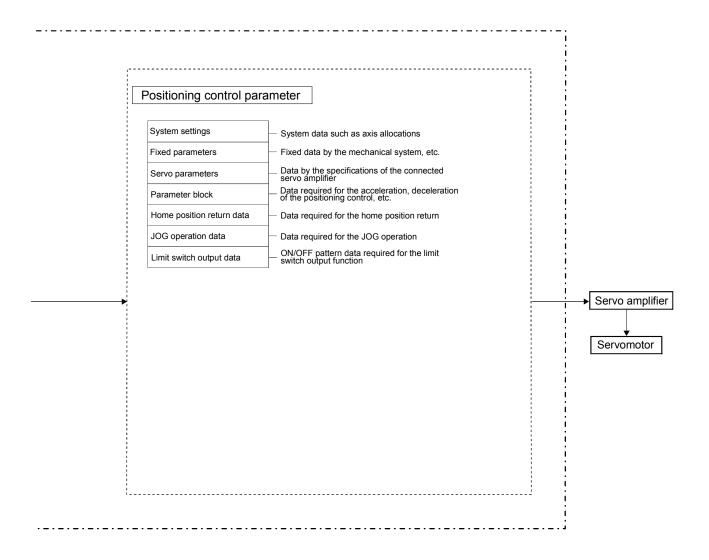
JOG operation of specified axis is executed using the Motion SFC program in the Motion CPU. JOG operation can also be executed by controlling the JOG dedicated device of specified axis.

An overview of JOG operation is shown below.



Motion CPU control system

- (2) Set the JOG speed to the JOG speed setting register for each axis using the Motion SFC program.
- (3) Perform the JOG operation while the JOG start command signal is ON in the Motion SFC program.

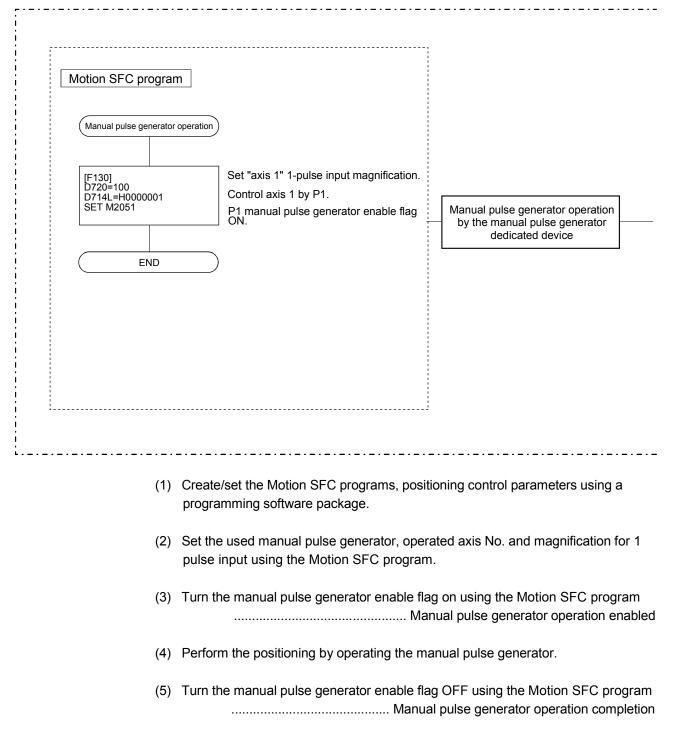


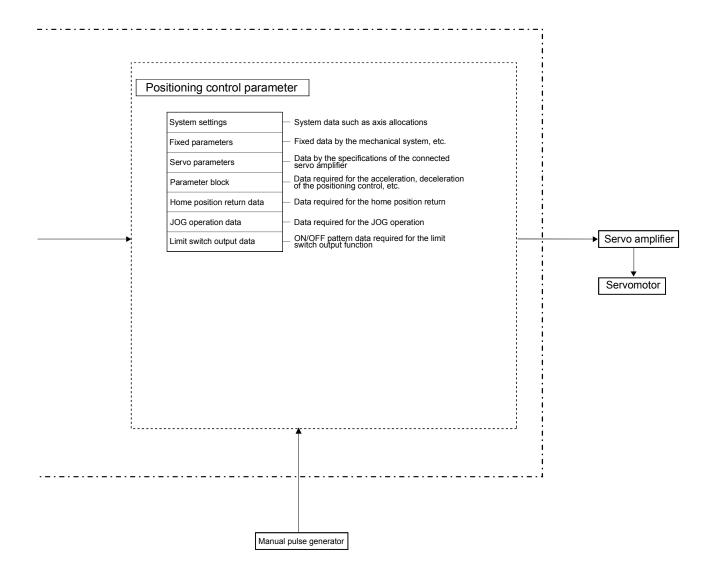
[Executing Manual Pulse Generator Operation]

When the positioning control is executed by the manual pulse generator connected to the Q173DPX, manual pulse generator operation must be enabled using the Motion SFC program.

An overview of manual pulse generator operation is shown below.

Motion CPU control system





(1) Positioning control parameters

There are following seven types as positioning control parameters. Parameter data can be set and corrected interactively using MT Developer.

$\overline{\ }$	Item	Description	Reference
1	System settings	Multiple system settings, Motion modules and axis No., etc. are set.	Section 4.1
2	Fixed parameters	Data by such as the mechanical system are set for every axis. They are used for calculation of a command position at the positioning control.	Section 4.2
3	Servo parameters	Data by such as the servo amplifier and motor type with connected servomotor are set for every axis. They are set to control the servomotors at the positioning control.	(Note-1)
4	Home position return data	Data such as the direction, method and speed of the home position return used at the positioning control are set for every axis.	Section 6.23.1
5	JOG operation data	Data such as the JOG speed limit value and parameter block No. used at the JOG operation are set for every axis.	Section 6.21.1
6	Parameter block	Data such as the acceleration, deceleration time and speed control value at the positioning control are set up to 16 parameter blocks. They are set with the servo program, JOG operation data and home position return data, and it is used to change easily the acceleration/deceleration processing (acceleration/deceleration time and speed limit value) at the positioning control.	Section 4.3
7	Limit switch output data	Output device, watch data, ON section, output enable/disable bit and forced output bit used for the limit output function for every limit output are set.	(Note-2)

(Note-1): Refer to Section 3.3 of the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)".

(Note-2): Refer to Section 4.1 of the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)".

(2) Servo program

The servo program is used for the positioning control in the Motion SFC program. The positioning control by servo program is executed using the Motion SFC program and Motion dedicated PLC instruction (Servo program start request (D(P).SVST)).

It comprises a program No., servo instructions and positioning data. Refer to Chapter 5 for details.

- Program No. It is specified using the Motion SFC program and Motion dedicated PLC instruction.
- Servo instruction It indicates the type of positioning control.
- Positioning data It is required to execute the servo instructions.

The required data is fixed for every servo instruction.

(3) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program is used to execute the operation sequence or transition control combining "Start", "Step", Transition", or "End" to the servo program. The positioning control, JOG operation and manual pulse generator operation by the servo program can be executed. Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)" for details.

(4) PLC program

The positioning control by the servo program can be executed using the Motion dedicated PLC instruction of PLC program. Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)" for details.

MEMO

3. POSITIONING DEDICATED SIGNALS

The internal signals of the Motion CPU and the external signals to the Motion CPU are used as positioning signals.

(1) Internal signals

The following five devices of the Motion CPU are used as the internal signals of the Motion CPU.

- Internal relay (M)M2000 to M3839 (1840 points)
- Special relay (SM)SM0 to SM2255 (2256 points)
- Data register (D)D0 to D799 (800 points)
- Motion register (#)#8000 to #8735 (736 points)
- Special register (SD)SD0 to SD2255 (2256 points)

(2) External signals

The external input signals to the Motion CPU are shown below.

- Upper/lower limit switch input The upper/lower limit of the positioning
- Proximity dog signalON/OFF signal from the proximity dog.
- Speed/position switching signal Signal for switching from speed to position.
- Manual pulse generator input Signal from the manual pulse generator.

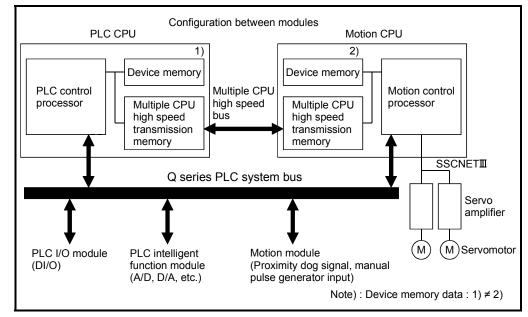


Fig.3.1 Flow of the internal signals/external signals

The positioning dedicated devices are shown below.

It indicates the device refresh cycle of the Motion CPU for status signal with the positioning control, and the device fetch cycle of the Motion CPU for command signal with the positioning control.

Iten	ı	Q173DCPU	Q172DCPU		
Number of control	axes	Up to 32 axes	Up to 8 axes		
Operation cycle	SV13	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 18 axes 1.77ms/ 19 to 32 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 8 axes		
(Default)	SV22	0.44ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.88ms/ 5 to 12 axes 1.77ms/ 13 to 28 axes 3.55ms/ 29 to 32 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.88ms/ 5 to 8 axes		

The operation cycle of the Motion CPU is shown below.

REMARK

In the positioning dedicated signals, "n" in "M3200+20n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following tables.

Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n
1	0	9	8	17	16	25	24
2	1	10	9	18	17	26	25
3	2	11	10	19	18	27	26
4	3	12	11	20	19	28	27
5	4	13	12	21	20	29	28
6	5	14	13	22	21	30	29
7	6	15	14	23	22	31	30
8	7	16	15	24	23	32	31

• Calculate as follows for the device No. corresponding to each axis.

(Example) For axis 32

M3200+20n (Stop command)=M3200+20×31=M3820

M3215+20n (Servo OFF command)=M3215+20×31=M3835

• The range (n=0 to 7) of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

3.1 Internal Relays

(1) Internal relay list

	SV13	SV22			
Device No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose		
MO	User device	MO	User device		
to	(2000 points)	to	(2000 points)		
M2000	Common device	M2000	Common device		
to	(320 points)	to	(320 points)		
M2320	Unusable	M2320	Unusable		
to	(80 points)	to	(80 points)		
M2400		M2400	Axis status		
	Axis status		(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)		
to	(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)	to	Real modeEach axis		
1			Virtual modeOutput module		
M3040	Unusable	M3040	Unusable		
to	(32 points)	to	(32 points)		
M3072	Common device (Command signal)	M3072	Common device (Command signal)		
to	(64 points)	to	(64 points)		
M3136	Unusable	M3136	Unusable		
to	(64 points)	to	(64 points)		
M3200		M3200	Axis command signal		
	Axis command signal		(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)		
to	(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)	to	Real modeEach axis		
			Virtual modeOutput module		
M3840		M3840	Unusable		
		to	(160 points)		
		M4000	Virtual servomotor axis status (Note-1)		
		to	(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)		
		M4640	Synchronous encoder axis status		
		to	(4 points $ imes$ 12 axes)		
		M4688	Unusable (Note-1)		
	User device	to	(112 points)		
to	(4352 points)	M4800	Virtual servomotor axis command		
		to	signal (Note-1)		
		10	(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)		
		M5440	Synchronous encoder axis		
		to	command signal		
			(4 points $ imes$ 12 axes)		
		M5488	User device		
		to	(2704 points)		
M8191		M8191	, , ,		

It can be used as an user device.

(Note-1): It can be used as an user device in the SV22 real mode only.

POINT	
Total number of user device points	
6352 points (SV13) / 4074 points ^(Note) (SV22)	
(Note): Up to 6096 points can be used when not using it ir	n the virtual mode.

Axis No.	Device No.				Signal name		
1	M2400 to M2419						
2	M2420 to M2439		0	in a la cara c	Defease surely	Estable surely	Oisse al alias atis a
3	M2440 to M2459	\backslash	Signal name		Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction
4	M2460 to M2479	0	Positioning	start complete			
5	M2480 to M2499	1	Positioning	complete		/	
6	M2500 to M2519	2	In-position				
7	M2520 to M2539	3	Command	in-position	Operation cycle		
8	M2540 to M2559	4	Speed cont	trolling			
9	M2560 to M2579	5	Speed/posi	ition switching latch			
10	M2580 to M2599	6	Zero pass				
11	M2600 to M2619	7	Error detec	tion	Immediate		
12	M2620 to M2639	8	Servo error	r detection	Operation cycle		Status signal
13	M2640 to M2659	9	Home posit	tion return request	Main cycle		
14	M2660 to M2679	10	Home posit	tion return complete	Operation cycle		
15	M2680 to M2699	11	F	FLS			
16	M2700 to M2719	12	External F	RLS	Main cycle		
17	M2720 to M2739	13	signals STOP				
18	M2740 to M2759	14	נ	DOG/CHANGE			
19	M2760 to M2779	15	Servo read	у	Operation cycle	/	
20	M2780 to M2799	16	Torque limi	iting	Operation cycle	/	
21	M2800 to M2819	17	Unusable		_	_	
22	M2820 to M2839		Virtual mod	de continuation			
23	M2840 to M2859	18	operation d	lisable warning	At virtual mode transition		Status signal
24	M2860 to M2879		signal (SV2	22) ^(INOTE-1)	แลกรแบก		Status signal
25	M2880 to M2899	19	M-code out	tputting signal	Operation cycle		
26	M2900 to M2919	 					
27	M2920 to M2939						
28	M2940 to M2959						
29	M2960 to M2979						
30	M2980 to M2999						
31	M3000 to M3019						
32	M3020 to M3039						

(2) Axis status list

(Note-1): It is unusable in the SV13/SV22 real mode.

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes as an user device in the Q172DCPU. However, when the project of Q172DCPU is replaced with Q173DCPU, this area cannot be used.

Axis No.	Device No.			Signal name			
1	M3200 to M3219						
2	M3220 to M3239			Defeash such	Estable surely	Signal	
3	M3240 to M3259		Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	direction	
4	M3260 to M3279	0	Stop command		One retire a vale		
5	M3280 to M3299	1	Rapid stop command		Operation cycle		
6	M3300 to M3319	2	Forward rotation JOG start command			0	
7	M3320 to M3339	3	Reverse rotation JOG start command		Main cycle	Command	
8	M3340 to M3359	4	Complete signal OFF command			signal	
9	M3360 to M3379		Speed/position switching enable		On another availa		
10	M3380 to M3399	5	command		Operation cycle		
11	M3400 to M3419	6	Unusable	_	_	_	
12	M3420 to M3439	7	Error reset command				
13	M3440 to M3459	8	Servo error reset command		Main cycle	Command	
14	M3460 to M3479	9	External stop input disable at start		A + -++	signal	
15	M3480 to M3499	9	command		At start		
16	M3500 to M3519	10	Unusable				
17	M3520 to M3539	11	Ollusable	_	_		
18	M3540 to M3559	12	Feed current value update request		At start		
19	M3560 to M3579	12	command		Al Sidil		
20	M3580 to M3599	13	Address clutch reference setting				
21	M3600 to M3619	10	command (SV22 only) (Note-1)		At virtual mode	Command	
22	M3620 to M3639	14	Cam reference position setting		transition	signal	
23	M3640 to M3659	14	command (SV22 only) (Note-1)				
24	M3660 to M3679	15	Servo OFF command		Operation cycle		
25	M3680 to M3699	16	Gain changing command	/	Operation cycle (Note-2)		
26	M3700 to M3719	17	Unusable		_	_	
27	M3720 to M3739	18	Control loop changing command			Command	
28	M3740 to M3759	10	FIN signal		Operation cycle	signal	
29	M3760 to M3779	19				Signal	
30	M3780 to M3799						
31	M3800 to M3819						
32	M3820 to M3839						

(3) Axis command signal list

(Note-1): It is unusable in the SV13/SV22 real mode. (Note-2): Operation cycle 7.1[ms] or more: Every 3.5[ms]

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes as an user device in the Q172DCPU. However, when the project of Q172DCPU is replaced with Q173DCPU, this area cannot be used.

Device	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal	Remark	Device	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal	Remark
No.	-		-	direction Command	(Note-4)	No.	Manual pulse generator 3			direction Command	(Note-4)
	PLC ready flag Axis 1		Main cycle	signal	M3072	M2053	enable flag		Main cycle	signal Status	M3079
M2002 / M2003 / M2004 / M2005 / M2006 / M2007 /	Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 6 Axis 7 Axis 8					M2054 M2055 M2056 M2057 M2058 M2059 M2060	Operation cycle over flag Unusable (6 points)	Operation cycle	_	signal	_
M2010 / M2011 / M2012 / M2013 / M2014 / M2015 / M2016 / M2017 / M2018 / M2019 / M2019 / M2020 / M2021 / M2020 / M2021 / M2022 / M2022 / M2023 / M2025 / M2026 / M2027 / M2028 / M2028 / M2029 / M2029 / M2030 / M2031 / M2032 / M2032 /	Axis 9 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 15 Axis 16 Axis 17 Axis 18 Axis 19 Axis 20 Axis 22 Axis 22 Axis 22 Axis 22 Axis 22 Axis 22 Axis 22 Axis 22 Axis 22 Axis 23 Axis 29 Axis 30 Axis 31 Axis 31	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)		M2061 M2062 M2063 M2064 M2065 M2066 M2067 M2068 M2069 M2070 M2071 M2072 M2075 M2076 M2077 M2076 M2077 M2076 M2077 M2078 M2079 M2080 M2082 M2083 M2084	Axis 1 Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 6 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 7 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 16 Speed changing Axis 17 Axis 12 Axis 12 Axis 21 Axis 22 Axis 23 Axis 24	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)	
M2034 (Unusable (2 points) Motion error history clear		—	— Command	-	M2085 M2086 M2087	Axis 25 Axis 26 Axis 27				
M2035	request flag		Main cycle	signal	M3080	M2088	Axis 28		/		
	Unusable (2 points)	-	-	-	-	M2089 M2090	Axis 29 Axis 30		/		
M2038	Motion SFC debugging flag	At debugging mode transition		Status		M2091 M2092	Axis 31 Axis 32		/		
M2039	Motion error detection flag		Immediate	signal		M2093					
	Speed switching point specified flag		At start	Command signal	M3073	M2094 M2095 M2096	Unusable	_	_	_	_
	System setting error flag	Operation cycle		Status signal		M2098	(8 points)				
	All axes servo ON command Real mode/virtual mode		Operation cycle At virtual mode	Command signal	M3074 M3075	M2099 M2100					
5	switching request (SV22) Real mode/virtual mode	/	transition	Sigildi	101070	M2101 M2102	Axis 1 Axis 2		/		
M2044 F M2045 s	switching status (SV22) Real mode/virtual mode switching error detection signal (SV22)	At virtual mode transition		Status signal		M2103 M2104 M2105 M2106	Axis 3 Axis 4 Synchronous Axis 5 encoder current Axis 6 value changing flag	Operation cycle		Status signal	
	Out-of-sync warning (SV22)					M2107 M2108	Axis 7 (Note-3) Axis 8	operation by the		(Note-1), (Note-2)	
M2048	Motion slot fault detection flag JOG operation simultaneous start command	Operation cycle	Main cycle	Command signal	M3076	M2109 M2110 M2111 M2111	Axis 9 (12 axes) Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 12				
M2049	All axes servo ON accept flag	Operation cycle		Status		M2112			[
M2050 U	Unusable			signal		M2114	Linucobio				
M2051	Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag		Main cycle	Command	M3077	M2115 M2116	Unusable (6 points)	_	_	-	-
M2052	Manual pulse generator 2 enable flag		wan cycle	signal	M3078	M2117 M2118					

(4) Common device list

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-4)	Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-4)
M2119 M2120 M2121 M2122 M2123 M2124 M2125 M2126 M2127	Unusable (9 points)	_	_	_	_	M2188 M2189 M2190 M2191 M2192 M2193 M2194 M2195 M2196					
M2128 M2129 M2130 M2131 M2132 M2134 M2136 M2136 M2136 M2136 M2137 M2138 M2140 M2141 M2142 M2142 M2143 M2144 M2145 M2146 M2147	Axis 9 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 16 Axis 17 Axis 18 Axis 19 Axis 19 Axis 20 Axis 21 Axis 22 Axis 24 Axis 25 Axis 26 Axis 27	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)		M2197 M2198 M2198 M2199 M2200 M2201 M2202 M2202 M2203 M2204 M2205 M2206 M2207 M2208 M2209 M2211 M2212 M2213 M2214 M2215 M2216 M2217 M2218 M2219 M2210 M2211 M2212 M2212 M2211 M2212 M2212 M2211 M2212 M2212 M2211 M2212 M2220 M2221 M2221 M2222 M2222 M2222	Unusable (36 points) (Note-5)	_	_	_	_
M2156 M2157 M2158 M2159 M2160 M2161 M2162 M2163 M2164 M2165 M2166 M2167 M2168 M2169 M2170	Axis 29 Axis 30					M2225 M2226 M2227 M2228 M2229 M2230 M2231 M2232 M2233 M2234 M2235 M2236 M2237 M2238 M2238 M2239	Unusable (16 points)	_	_	-	_
M2171 M2172 M2173 M2174 M2175 M2176 M2176 M2176 M2176 M2178 M2180 M2181 M2182 M2183 M2184 M2185 M2186 M2187	Unusable (28 points) (Note-5)	_		_	_	M2242 M2243 M2244 M2245 M2246 M2247 M2248 M2249 M2250 M2251 M2252 M2253 M2254 M2255	Axis 1 Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 5 Axis 6 Axis 7 Axis 8 Speed change "0" accepting flag Axis 11 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 16 Axis 17	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)	

Common device list (Continued)

Durley					0'	Remark	Devices				0'	Remark
Device	Sig	gnal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal	(Note-4)	Device	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal	(Note-4)
No.					direction	(NOLE-4)	No.			,	direction	(INOLE=4)
-	Axis 18 Axis 19			/			M2289 M2290	Axis 18 Axis 19		/		
M2258 M2259				/				Axis 19 Axis 20		/		
M2259				/			-	Axis 20 Axis 21		/		
-	Axis 21 Axis 22			/				Axis 22		/		
+	Axis 22 Axis 23			/			-	Axis 23				
-	Avis 24			/			-	Axis 24			Status	
-	Avic 25	peed change "0"		/			M2296	Axis 25	Operation cycle		signal	
-	Axis 26	ccepting flag		/			M2297	Axis 26 monitor status			(Note-1),	
+	Axis 27			/			M2298	Axis 27			(Note-2)	
-	Axis 28						-	Axis 28				
M2268	Axis 29			1			M2300	Axis 29				
M2269	Axis 30			/			M2301	Axis 30				
M2270	Axis 31			/			M2302	Axis 31		/		
M2271	Axis 32			/	Status		M2303	Axis 32		/		
M2272	Axis 1		O section and		signal		M2304					
M2273	Axis 2		Operation cycle		(Note-1),		M2305					
M2274	Axis 3			/	(Note-2)		M2306					
M2275	Axis 4						M2307					
M2276	Axis 5						M2308					
M2277	Axis 6						M2309					
M2278	Axis 7						M2310					
M2279	Axis 8	Control Ioon					M2311	Unusable				
M2280	Axis 9	Control loop nonitor status					M2312	(16 points)	_	_		_
M2281	Axis 10	ionitor status				M2313						
M2282	Axis 11					M2314						
M2283	Axis 12						M2315					
M2284	Axis 13						M2316					
M2285	Axis 14			1			M2317					
M2286	Axis 15			1			M2318					
M2287	Axis 16			/			M2319					
M2288	Axis 17			1								_

Common device list (Continued)

(Note-1): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

(Note-2): Device area of 9 axes or more is unusable in the Q172DCPU.

(Note-3): This signal is unusable in the SV13/SV22 real mode.

(Note-4): It can also be ordered the device of a remark column.

(Note-5): These devices can be used as the clutch statuses.

The clutch status can also be set as the optional device at the clutch parameter. Refer to Chapter 7 of the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)" for details.

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-1), (Note-2)
M3072	PLC ready flag	/	Main cycle		M2000
M3073	Speed switching point specified flag] / [At start		M2040
M3074	All axes servo ON command		Operation cycle		M2042
M3075	Real mode/virtual mode switching request (SV22)		At virtual mode transition		M2043
M3076	JOG operation simultaneous start command		Main cycle	Command signal	M2048
M3077	Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag				M2051
M3078	Manual pulse generator 2 enable flag				M2052
M3079	Manual pulse generator 3 enable flag				M2053
M3080	Motion error history clear request flag	\vee			M2035
M3081	(Note 3)				
to	Unusable ^(Note-3) (55 points)	—	—	—	—
M3135					

(5) Common device list (Command signal)

(Note-1): The state of a device is not in agreement when the device of a remark column is turned ON/OFF directly. In addition, when the request from a data register and the request from the above device are performed simultaneously, the request from the above device becomes effective.

(Note-2): It can also be ordered the device of a remark column.

(Note-3): Do not use it as an user device. It can be used as a device that performs automatic refresh because of area for the reserve of command signal.

POINT

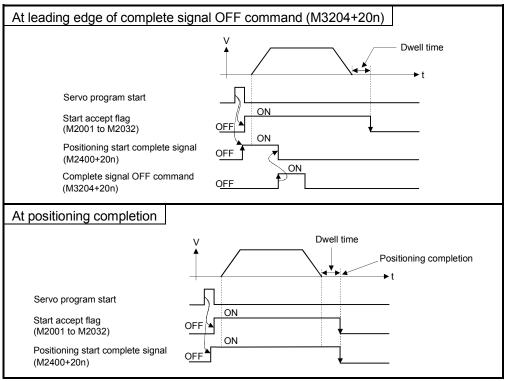
The device of a remark column turns ON by OFF to ON of the above device, and turns OFF by ON to OFF of the above device.

The command signal cannot be turned ON/OFF by the PLC CPU in the automatic refresh because the statuses and commands are mixed together in M2000 to M2053. Use the above devices in the case.

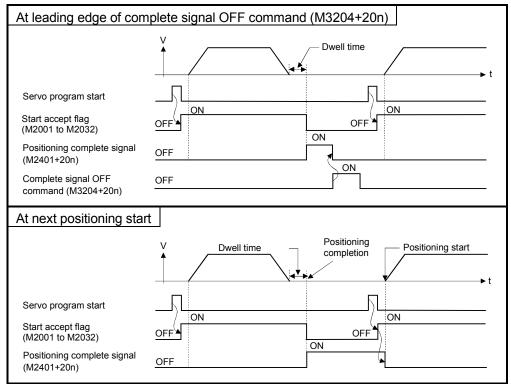
And, it can also be turned ON/OFF by the data register. (Refer to Section 3.2.3)

3.1.1 Axis statuses

- (1) Positioning start complete signal (M2400+20n) Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on with the start completion for the positioning control of the axis specified with the servo program. It does not turn on at the starting using JOG operation or manual pulse generator operation. It can be used to read a M-code at the positioning start. (Refer to Section 7.1.)
 - (b) This signal turns off at leading edge of complete signal OFF command (M3204+20n) or positioning completion.

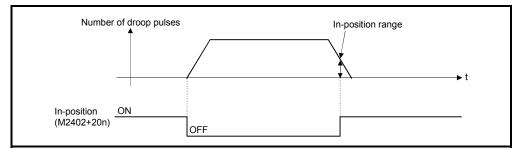


- (2) Positioning complete signal (M2401+20n)Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on with the completion of the command output to positioning address for the axis specified with the servo program. It does not turn on at the start or stop on the way using home position return, JOG operation, manual pulse generator operation or speed control. It does not turn on at the stop on the way during positioning. It can be used to read a M-code at the positioning completion. (Refer to Section 7.1.)
 - (b) This signal turns off at leading edge of complete signal OFF command (M3204+20n) or positioning start.



The deviation counter value is not considered, so that the positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) turns on with the completion of the command output to positioning address. Use the positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) together with the in-position signal (M2402+20n) to confirm the positioning completion of servo axis in the final instruction under program.

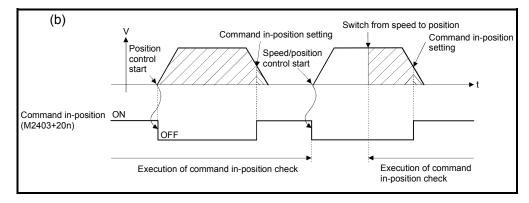
- (3) In-position signal (M2402+20n)Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on when the number of droop pulses in the deviation counter becomes below the "in-position range" set in the servo parameters. It turns off at the start.



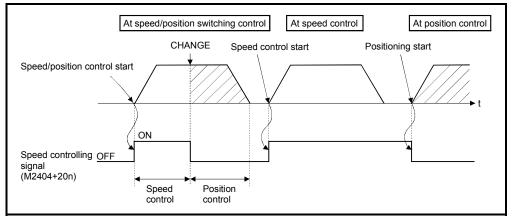
- (b) An in-position check is performed in the following cases.
 - When the servo power supply is turned on.
 - After the automatic deceleration is started during positioning control.
 - After the deceleration is started with the JOG start signal OFF.
 - During the manual pulse generator operation.
 - After the proximity dog ON during a home position return.
 - After the deceleration is started with the stop command.
 - When the speed change to a speed "0" is executed.
- (4) Command in-position signal (M2403+20n)Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on when the absolute value of difference between the command position and feed current value becomes below the "command in-position range" set in the fixed parameters.

This signal turns off in the following cases.

- Positioning control start
- Home position return
- Speed control
- JOG operation
- Manual pulse generator operation
- (b) Command in-position check is continually executed during position control. This check is not executed during speed control or speed control in the speed/position switching control.



- (5) Speed controlling signal (M2404+20n)Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on during speed control, and it is used as judgement of during the speed control or position control.
 It is turning on while the switching from speed control to position control by the external CHANGE signal at the speed/position switching control.
 - (b) This signal turns off at the power supply on and during position control.



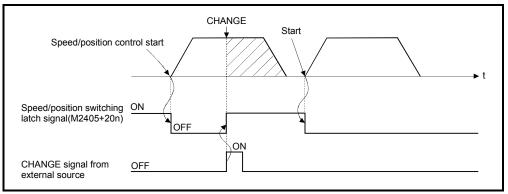
(6) Speed/position switching latch signal (M2405+20n)

.....Status signal

(a) This signal turns on when the control is switched from speed control to position control.

It can be used as an interlock signal to enable or disable changing of the travel value in position control.

- (b) The signal turns off at the following start.
 - Position control
 - Speed/position control
 - Speed control
 - JOG operation
 - Manual pulse generator operation



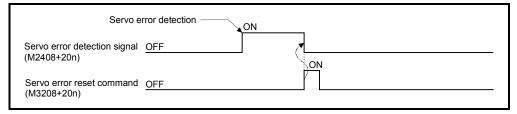
- (7) Zero pass signal (M2406+20n)Status signal This signal turns on when the zero point is passed after the power supply on of the servo amplifier.
 Once the zero point has been passed, it remains on state until the Multiple CPU system has been reset.
 However, in the home position return method of proximity dog, count, dog cradle or limit switch combined type, this signal turns off once at the home position return start and turns on again at the next zero point passage.
- (8) Error detection signal (M2407+20n)Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on with detection of a minor error or major error, and it is used as judgement of the error available/not available. The applicable error code ^(Note-1) is stored in the minor error code storage register with detection of a minor error. (Refer to Section 3.2.1) The applicable error code ^(Note-1) is stored in the major error code storage register with detection of a major error. (Refer to Section 3.2.1)
 - (b) This signal turns off when the error reset command (M3207+20n) turns on.

E	Error detectionON
Error detection signal (M2407+20n)	
Error reset command (M3207+20n)	OFF

REMARK

(Note-1): Refer to APPENDIX 1 for the error codes with detection of major/minor errors.

- (9) Servo error detection signal (M2408+20n)Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on when an error occurs at the servo amplifier side (except for errors cause of alarms and emergency stops) (Note-1), and it is used as judgement of the servo error available/not available.
 When an error is detected at the servo amplifier side, the applicable error code (Note-1) is stored in the servo error code storage register. (Refer to Section 3.2.1)
 - (b) This signal turns off when the servo error reset command (M3208+20n) turns on or the servo power supply turns on again.



REMARK

(Note-1): Refer to APPENDIX 1.4 for the error codes on errors detected at the servo amplifier side.

(10) Home position return request signal (M2409+20n)

.....Status signal This signal turns on when it is necessary to confirm the home position address.

- (a) When not using an absolute position system
 - 1) This signal turns on in the following cases:
 - Multiple CPU system power supply on or reset
 - Servo amplifier power supply on
 - Home position return start
 - (Unless a home position return is completed normally, the home position return request signal does not turn off.)
 - 2) This signal turns off by the completion of home position return.
- (b) When using an absolute position system
 - 1) This signal turns on in the following cases:
 - When not executing a home position return once after system start.
 - Home position return start (Unless a home position return is completed normally, the home position return request signal does not turn off.)
 - Erase of an absolute data in Motion CPU according to causes, such as battery error
 - Servo error [2025] (absolute position erase) occurrence
 - Servo error [2143] (absolute position counter warning) occurrence
 - Major error [1202], [1203], or [1204] occurrence
 - When the "rotation direction selection" of servo parameter is changed.

2) This signal turns off by the completion of the home position return.

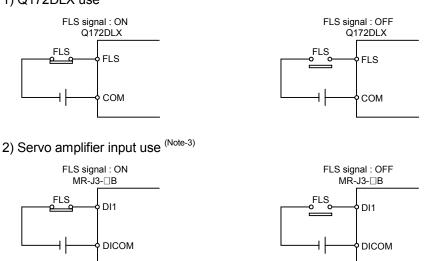
When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the Motion controller or absolute value motor has been replaced, always perform a home position return. In the case of the absolute position system, use the PLC program to check the home position return request before performing the positioning operation.

Failure to observe this could lead to an accident such as a collision.

(11) Home position return complete signal (M2410+20n)

.....Status signal

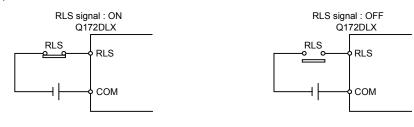
- (a) This signal turns on when the home position return operation using the servo program has been completed normally.
- (b) This signal turns off at the positioning start, JOG operation start and manual pulse generator operation start.
- (c) If the home position return of proximity dog, dog cradle or stopper type using the servo program is executed during this signal on, the "continuous home position return start error (minor error: 115)" occurs and it cannot be start the home position return.
- (12) FLS signal (M2411+20n) (Note-1)Status signal
 - (a) This signal is controlled by the ON/OFF state for the upper stroke limit switch input (FLS) of the Q172DLX/servo amplifier.
 - Upper stroke limit switch input OFF FLS signal: ON
 - Upper stroke limit switch input ON FLS signal: OFF
 - (b) The state for the upper stroke limit switch input (FLS) when the FLS signal is ON/OFF is shown below.
 1) Q172DLX use ^(Note-2)



- (Note-1): Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for an external signal.
- (Note-2): Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU User's Manual" for a pin configuration.

(Note-3): Refer to the "MR-J3-□B Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" for a pin configuration.

- (13) RLS signal (M2412+20n) (Note-1) Status signal
 - (a) This signal is controlled by the ON/OFF state for the lower stroke limit switch input (FLS) of the Q172DLX/servo amplifier.
 - Lower stroke limit switch input OFF RLS signal: ON
 - · Lower stroke limit switch input ON RLS signal: OFF
 - (b) The state of the lower stroke limit switch input (RLS) when the RLS signal is ON/OFF is shown below.
 - 1) Q172DLX use (Note-2)



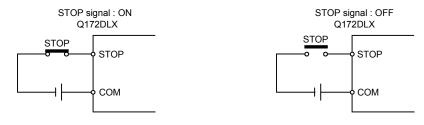
2) Servo amplifier input use (Note-3)



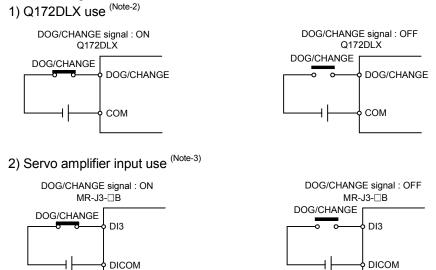
(Note-1): Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for an external signal.

(Note-2): Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU User's Manual" for a pin configuration. (Note-3): Refer to the "MR-J3-DB Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" for a pin configuration.

- (14) STOP signal (M2413+20n)Status signal
 - (a) This signal is controlled by the ON/OFF state for the stop signal input (STOP) of the Q172DLX.
 - Stop signal input of the Q172DLX OFF STOP signal: OFF
 - Stop signal input of the Q172DLX ON STOP signal: ON
 - (b) The state of the stop signal input (STOP) of the Q172DLX when the STOP signal input is ON/OFF is shown below.



- (15) DOG/CHANGE signal (M2414+20n)^(Note-1).....Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on/off by the proximity dog input (DOG) of the Q172DLX/servo amplifier at the home position return. This signal turns on/off by the speed/position switching input (CHANGE) of the Q172DLX at the speed/position switching control. (There is no CHANGE signal in the servo amplifier.)
 - (b) When using the Q172DLX, "Normally open contact input" and "Normally closed contact input" of the system setting can be selected. The state of the speed/position switching input (CHANGE) when the CHANGE signal is ON/OFF is shown below.

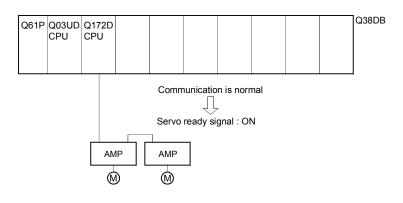


(Note-1): Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for an external signal.

(Note-2): Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU User's Manual" for a pin configuration. (Note-3): Refer to the "MR-J3-DB Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" for a pin configuration.

- (16) Servo ready signal (M2415+20n)Status signal
 - (a) This signal turns on when the servo amplifiers connected to each axis are in the READY state.
 - (b) This signal turns off in the following cases.
 - M2042 is off
 - Servo amplifier is not mounted
 - Servo parameter is not set
 - It is received the forced stop input from an external source
 - Servo OFF by the servo OFF command (M3215+20n) ON
 - Servo error occurs

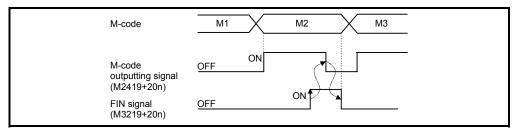
Refer to "APPENDIX 1.4 Servo errors" for details.



POINT

When the part of multiple servo amplifiers connected to the SSCNET**I** becomes a servo error, only an applicable axis becomes the servo OFF state.

- (17) Torque limiting signal (M2416+20n)Status signal This signal turns on while torque limit is executed. The signal toward the torque limiting axis turns on
- (18) M-code outputting signal (M2419+20n)Status signal(a) This signal turns during M-code is outputting.
 - (b) This signal turns off when the stop command, cancel signal, skip signal or FIN signal are inputted.

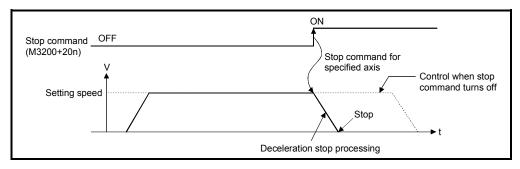


POINTS

- (1) The FIN signal and M-code outputting signal are both for the FIN signal wait function.
- (2) The FIN signal and M-code outputting signal are effective only when FIN acceleration/deceleration is designated in the servo program. Otherwise, the FIN signal wait function is disabled, and the M-code outputting signal does not turn on.

3.1.2 Axis command signals

- (1) Stop command (M3200+20n) Command signal
 - (a) This command is a signal which stop a starting axis from an external source and becomes effective at leading edge of signal. (An axis for which the stop command is turning on cannot be started.)



(b) The details of stop processing when the stop command turns on are shown below. (Refer to Section 6.13 or 6.14 for details of the speed control.)

Control dataila	Processing at the turning stop command on						
Control details during execution	During control	During deceleration stop processing					
Positioning control	The axis decelerates to a stop in the	The deceleration stop processing is					
Speed control (I, I)	deceleration time set in the parameter	continued.					
JOG operation	block or servo program.						
Speed control with							
fixed position stop							
Manual pulse	An immediate stop is executed without						
generator operation	deceleration processing.	—					
Home position return (1) The axis decelerates to a stop in the deceleration time set in the parameter blo (2) A "stop error during home position return" occurs and the error code [202] is stored in the minor error storage register for each axis.							

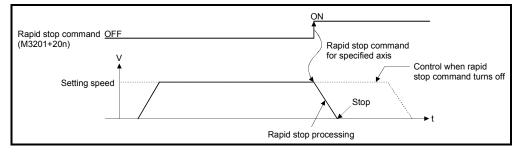
(c) The stop command in a dwell time is invalid. (After a dwell time, the start accept flag (M2001+n) turns OFF, and the positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) turns ON.)

POINT

If it is made to stop by turning on the stop command (M3200+20n) during a home position return, execute the home position return again.

If the stop command is turned on after the proximity dog ON in the proximity dog type, execute the home position return after move to before the proximity dog ON by the JOG operation or positioning.

- (2) Rapid stop command (M3201+20n) Command signal
 - (a) This command stops a starting axis rapidly from an external source and becomes effective at leading edge of signal. (An axis for which the rapid stop command is turning on cannot be started.)



(b) The details of stop processing when the rapid stop command turns on are shown below.

	Processing at the turning at turning at the turning at turning at turning at the turning at tur	ng rapid stop command on				
Control details during execution	During control	During deceleration stop processing				
Position control Speed control (I, I) JOG operation Speed control with fixed position stop	The axis decelerates to a rapid stop deceleration time set in the parameter block or servo program.	Deceleration processing is stopped and rapid stop processing is executed.				
Manual pulse generator operation	An immediate stop is executed without deceleration processing.	—				
Home position return	 The axis decelerates to a stop in the rapid stop deceleration time set in the parameter block. A "stop error during home position return" error occurs and the error code [203] stored in the minor error storage register for each axis. 					

(c) The rapid stop command in a dwell time is invalid. (After a dwell time, the start accept flag (M2001+n) turns OFF, and the positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) turns ON.)

POINT

If it is made to stop rapidly by turning on the rapid stop command (M3201+20n) during a home position return, execute the home position return again. If the rapid stop command turned on after the proximity dog ON in the proximity dog type, execute the home position return after move to before the proximity dog ON by the JOG operation or positioning.

- (3) Forward rotation JOG start command (M3202+20n)/Reverse rotation JOG start command (M3203+20n) Command signal
 - (a) JOG operation to the address increase direction is executed while forward rotation JOG start command (M3202+20n) is turning on.
 When M3202+20n is turned off, a deceleration stop is executed in the deceleration time set in the parameter block.
 - (b) JOG operation to the address decrease direction is executed while reverse rotation JOG start command (M3203+20n) is turning on.
 When M3203+20n is turned off, a deceleration stop is executed in the deceleration time set in the parameter block.

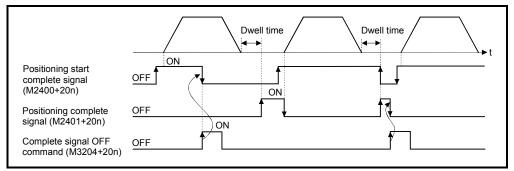
POINT

Take an interlock so that the forward rotation JOG start command (M3202+20n) and reverse rotation JOG start command (M3203+20n) may not turn on simultaneously.

(4) Complete signal OFF command (M3204+20n)

(a) This command is used to turn off the positioning start complete signal

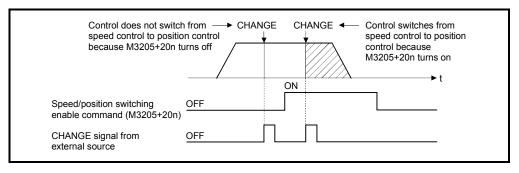
(M2400+20n) and positioning complete signal (M2401+20n).



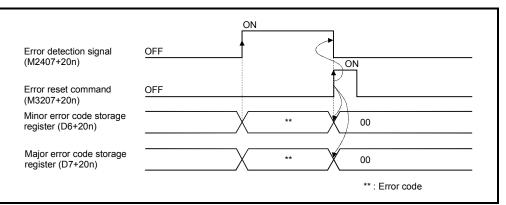
POINT

Do not turn the complete signal OFF command on with a PLS instruction. If it is turned on with a PLS instruction, it cannot be turned off the positioning start complete signal (M2400+20n) and the positioning complete signal (M2401+20n).

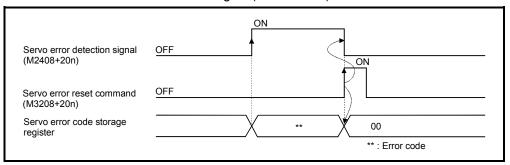
- - (a) This command is used to make the CHANGE signal (speed/position switching signal) effective from an external source.
 - ON Control switches from speed control to position control when the CHANGE signal turned on.
 - OFF Control does not switch from speed to position control even if the CHANGE signal turns on.



(6) Error reset command (M3207+20n) Command signal This command is used to clear the minor/major error code storage register of an axis for which the error detection signal has turn on (M2407+20n: ON), and reset the error detection signal (M2407+20n).



(7) Servo error reset command (M3208+20n) Command signal This command is used to clear the servo error code storage register of an axis for which the servo error detection signal has turn on (M2408+20n: ON), and reset the servo error detection signal (M2408+20n).



REMARK

Refer to APPENDIX 1 for details on the minor error code, major error code and servo error code storage registers.

(8) External stop input disable at start command (M3209+20n)

..... Command signal

- This signal is used to set the external stop signal input valid or invalid.
- ON External stop input is set as invalid, and even axes which stop input is turning on can be started.
- OFF External stop input is set as valid, and axes which stop input is turning on cannot be started.

POINT

When it stops an axis with the external stop input after it starts by turning on the external stop input disable at start command (M3209+20n), switch the external stop input from OFF \rightarrow ON (if the external stop input is turning on at the starting, switch it from ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON).

(9) Feed current value update request command (M3212+20n) Command signal

This signal is used to set whether the feed current value will be cleared or not at the starting in speed/position switching control.

- ON The feed current value is updated from the starting. The feed current value is not cleared at the starting.
- OFF The feed current value is updated from the starting. The feed current value is cleared at the starting.

POINT

When it starts by turning on the feed current value update request command (M3212+20n), keep M3212+20n on until completion of the positioning control. If M3212+20n is turned off on the way, the feed current value may not be reliable.

- (10) Servo OFF command (M3215+20n) Command signal This command is used to execute the servo OFF state (free run state).
 - M3215+20n: OFF Servo ON
 - M3215+20n: ON Servo OFF (free run state)

This command becomes invalid during positioning, and should therefore be executed after completion of positioning.

 Turn the power supply of the servo amplifier side off before touching a servomotor, such as machine adjustment.

- (11) Gain changing command (M3216+20n) Command signal This signal is used to change the gain of servo amplifier in the Motion controller by the gain changing command ON/OFF.
 - ON Gain changing command ON
 - OFF Gain changing command OFF

Refer to the "MR-J3-□B Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" for details of gain changing function.

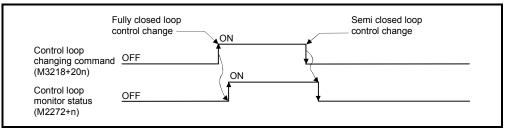
Instruction Manual list is shown below.

Servo amplifier type	Instruction manual name
MR-J3-□B	MR-J3-⊡B Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (SH-030051)

(12) Control loop changing command (M3218+20n)

......Command signal When using the fully closed loop control servo amplifier, this signal is used to change the fully closed loop control/semi closed loop control of servo amplifier in the Motion controller by the control loop changing command ON/OFF.

- ON During fully closed loop control
- OFF During semi closed loop control



Refer to the "Fully closed loop control MR-J3-□B-RJ006 Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual" for details of control loop changing.

Instruction Manual list is shown below.

Servo amplifier type	Instruction manual name
MR-J3-□B-RJ006	Fully closed loop control MR-J3-□B-RJ006
	Servo Amplifier Instruction Manual (SH-030056)

POINTS

- (1) When the servo amplifier is not started (LED: "AA", "Ab", "AC", "Ad" or "AE"), if the control loop changing command is turned ON/OFF, the command becomes invalid.
- (2) When the followings are operated during the fully closed loop, it returns to the semi closed loop control.
 - (a) Power supply OFF or reset of the Multiple CPU system
 - (b) Wire breakage of the SSCNET**I** cable between the servo amplifier and Motion controller
 - (c) Control circuit power supply OFF of the servo amplifier

(13) FIN signal (M3219+20n) Command signal When a M-code is set in a servo program, transit to the next block does not execute until the FIN signal changes as follows: OFF → ON → OFF. Positioning to the next block begins after the FIN signal changes as above. It is valid, only when the FIN acceleration/deceleration is set and FIN signal wait function is selected.

	<k 0=""> -</k>			Point
Point 1	CPSTART2 Axis Axis Speed FIN accele deceleratio ABS-2	1 2 ration/	10000 100	M-code 10 11 M-code outputting signal (M2419+20n)
	Axis Axis M-code	1, 2,	200000 200000 10	FIN signal T T (M3219+20n)
2	ABS-2 Axis Axis M-code ABS-2	1, 2,	300000 250000 11	Timing Chart for Operation Description 1. When the positioning of point 1 starts, M-code 10 is output and the M-code outputting signal turns on.
4	Axis Axis M-code ABS-2	1, 2,	350000 300000 12	 FIN signal turns on after performing required processing in the Motion SFC program. Transition to the next point does not execute until the FIN signal turns on.
	Axis Axis CPEND	1, 2,	400000 400000	3. When the FIN signal turns on, the M-code outputting signal turns off.
				When the FIN signal turns off after the M-code outputting signal turns off, the positioning to the next point 2 starts.

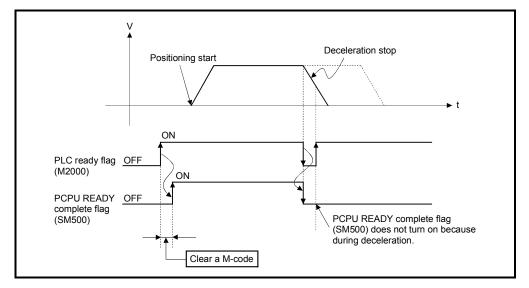
POINTS

- (1) The FIN signal and M-code outputting signal are both signal for the FIN signal wait function.
- (2) The FIN signal and M-code outputting signal are valid only when FIN acceleration/deceleration is designated in the servo program.
 Otherwise, the FIN signal wait function is disabled, and the M-code outputting signal does not turn on.

3.1.3 Common devices

POINTS
(1) Internal relays for positioning control are not latched even within the latch range. In this manual, in order to indicate that internal relays for positioning control are not latched, the expression used in this text is "M2000 to M2319".
(2) The range devices allocated as internal relays for positioning control cannot be
used by the user even if their applications have not been set.
 PLC ready flag (M2000)
 (b) The setting data such as the fixed parameters, servo parameters and limit switch output data can be changed using MT Developer when the M2000 is OFF only. The above data using MT Developer cannot be written when the M2000 is ON.
 (c) The following processings are performed when the M2000 turns OFF to ON. 1) Processing details Clear the M-code storage area of all axes. Turn the PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) on. (Motion SFC

- program can be executed.)Start to execute the Motion SFC program of the automatic starting from the first.
- 2) If there is a starting axis, an error occurs, and the processing in above (c) 1) is not executed.



3) The processing in above (c) 1) is not executed during the test mode. It is executed when the test mode is cancelled and M2000 is ON.

- (d) The following processings are performed when the M2000 turns ON to OFF.
 - 1) Processing details
 - Turn the PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) off.
 - Deceleration stop of the starting axis.
 - Stop to execute the Motion SFC program.
 - Turn all points of the real output PY off.
- (e) Operation setting at STOP \rightarrow RUN

The condition which the PLC ready flag (M2000) turns on is set in the system setting. Select the following either.

- 1) M2000 is turned on by switching from STOP to RUN. (Default) The condition which M2000 turns OFF to ON.
 - Move the RUN/STOP switch from STOP to RUN.
 - Turn the power supply on where the RUN/STOP switch is moved to RUN.

The condition which M2000 turns ON to OFF.

- Move the RUN/STOP switch from RUN to STOP.
- 2) M2000 is turned on by switching from STOP to RUN and setting 1 in the set register.

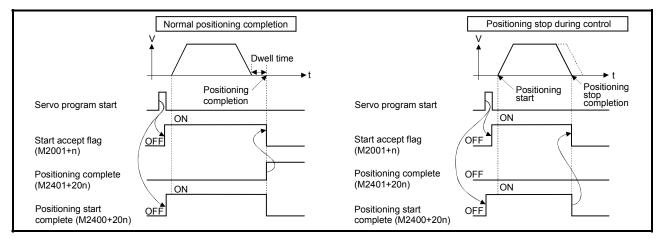
(M2000 is turned on by set "1" to the switch RUN \land setting register.) The condition which M2000 is turned ON to OFF.

• Set "1" to the setting register D704 of the PLC ready flag where the RUN/STOP switch is moved to RUN. (The Motion CPU detects the change of the lowest rank bit $0 \rightarrow 1$ in D704.)

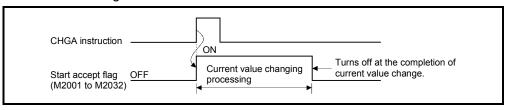
The condition which M2000 is turned ON to OFF.

- Set "0" to the setting register D704 of the PLC ready flag where the RUN/STOP switch is moved to RUN. (The Motion CPU detects the change of the lowest rank bit $1 \rightarrow 0$ in D704.)
- Move the RUN/STOP switch from RUN to STOP.
- (2) Start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) Status signal
 (a) This flag turns on when the servo program is started. The start accept flag corresponding to an axis specified with the servo program turns on.
 - (b) The ON/OFF processing of the start accept flag is shown below.
 - When the servo program is started using the Motion SFC program or Motion dedicated PLC instruction (D(P).SVST), the start accept flag corresponding to an axis specified with the servo program turns on and it turns off at the positioning completion. This flag also turns off when it is made to stopping on the way.

(When it is made to stop on the way by the speed change to speed "0", this flag remains on.)



- 2) This flag turns on at the positioning control by turning on the JOG start command (M3202+20n or M3203+20n), and turns off at the positioning stop by turning off the JOG start command.
- This flag turns on during the manual pulse generator enable (M2051 to M2053: ON), and turns off at the manual pulse generator disable (M2051 to M2053: OFF).
- 4) This flag turns on during a current value change by the CHGA instruction of servo program or Motion dedicated PLC instruction (D(P).CHGA), and turns off at the completion of the current value change.



Axis No.	Device No.						
1	M2001	9	M2009	17	M2017	25	M2025
2	M2002	10	M2010	18	M2018	26	M2026
3	M2003	11	M2011	19	M2019	27	M2027
4	M2004	12	M2012	20	M2020	28	M2028
5	M2005	13	M2013	21	M2021	29	M2029
6	M2006	14	M2014	22	M2022	30	M2030
7	M2007	15	M2015	23	M2023	31	M2031
8	M2008	16	M2016	24	M2024	32	M2032

The start accept flag list is shown below.

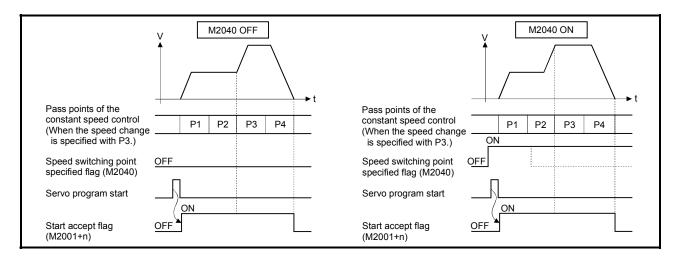
(Note): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

- Do not turn the start accept flags ON/OFF in the user side.
 - If the start accept flag is turned off using the Motion SFC program or MT Developer while this flag is on, no error will occur but the positioning operation will not be reliable. Depending on the type of machine, it might operate in an unanticipated operation.
 - If the start accept flag is turned on using the Motion SFC program or MT Developer while this flag is off, no error will occur but the "start accept on error" will occur at the next starting and cannot be started.
 - (3) Motion error history clear request flag (M2035)

....... Command signal This flag is used to clear the backed-up Motion error history (#8640 to #8735). The Motion error history is cleared at leading edge of M2035. After detection of leading edge of M2035, the Motion error history is cleared, and then the M2035 is automatically turned OFF.

- (4) Motion SFC debugging flag (M2038) Status signal This flag turns on when it switches to the debug mode of the Motion SFC program using MT Developer. It turns off with release of the debug mode.
- (5) Motion error detection flag (M2039) Status signal This flag turns on with error occurrence of the Motion CPU. Turn off this flag by the user side, after checking the error contents and removing the error cause. The self-diagnosis error information except stop error is cleared at the turning M2039 ON to OFF.

- (6) Speed switching point specified flag (M2040) Command signal This flag is used when the speed change is specified at the pass point of the constant speed control.
 - (a) By turning M2040 on before the starting of the constant speed control (before the servo program is started), control with the change speed can be executed from the first of pass point.
 - OFF Speed is changed to the specified speed from the pass point of the constant speed control.
 - ON Speed has been changed to the specified speed at the pass point of the constant speed control.



- (7) System setting error flag (M2041)..... Status signal This flag set the "system setting data" set by MT Developer and performs an adjustment check with a real mounting state (main base unit/extension base units) at the power supply on or reset.
 - ON Error
 - OFF Normal
 - (a) When an error occurs, the 7-segment LED at the front side of Motion CPU shows the system setting error.

The error contents can be confirmed using the Motion CPU error batch monitor of MT Developer.

(b) When M2041 is on, positioning cannot be started. Remove an error factor, and turn the power supply on again or reset the Multiple CPU system.

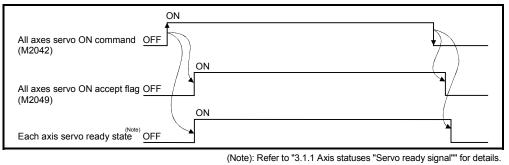
REMARK

Even if the module which is not set as the system setting of MT Developer is installed in the slot, it is not set as the object of an adjustment check. And, the module which is not set as the system setting cannot be used in the Motion CPU.

(8) All axes servo ON command (M2042) Command signal This command is used to enable servo operation.

(a) Servo operation enabled ... M2042 turns on while the servo OFF command (M3215+20n) is off and there is no servo error.

- (b) Servo operation disable M2042 is off
 - The servo OFF command (M3215+20n) is on
 - Servo error state



POINT

When M2042 turns on, it is not turned off even if the CPU is set in the STOP state.

- (9) Motion slot fault detection flag (M2047) Status signal This flag is used as judgement which modules installed in the motion slot of the main base unit is "normal" or "abnormal".
 - ON Installing module is abnormal
 - OFF Installing module is normal

The module information at the power supply on and after the power supply injection are always checked, and errors are detected.

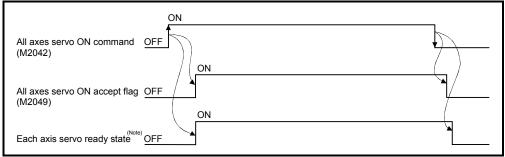
- (a) Perform the disposal (stop the starting axis, servo OFF, etc.) of error detection using the Motion SFC program.
- (10) JOG operation simultaneous start command (M2048)

...... Command signal

- (a) When M2048 turns on, JOG operation simultaneous start based on the JOG operation execution axis set in the JOG operation simultaneous start axis setting register (D710 to D713).
- (b) When M2048 turns off, the axis during operation decelerates to a stop.

(11) All axes servo ON accept flag (M2049) Status signal This flag turns on when the Motion CPU accepts the all axes servo ON command (M2042).

Since the servo ready state of each axis is not checked, confirm it in the servo ready signal (M2415+20n).



(Note): Refer to "3.1.1 Axis statuses "Servo ready signal"" for details.

(12) Manual pulse generator enable flag (M2051 to M2053)

..... Command signal

This flag set the enabled or disabled state for positioning with the pulse input from the manual pulse generators connected to P1 to P3 ^(Note) of the Q173DPX.

- ON Positioning control is executed by the input from the manual pulse generators.
- OFF Positioning control cannot be executed by the manual pulse generators because of the input from the manual pulse generators is ignored.

Default value is invalid (OFF).

REMARK

- (Note): Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU User's Manual" for P1 to P3 connector of the Q173DPX.
- (13) Operation cycle over flag (M2054) Status signal This flag turns on when the time concerning motion operation exceeds the operation cycle of the Motion CPU setting (SD523). Perform the following operation, in making it turn off.
 - Turn the power supply of the Multiple CPU system on to off
 - Reset the Multiple CPU system
 - Reset using the user program

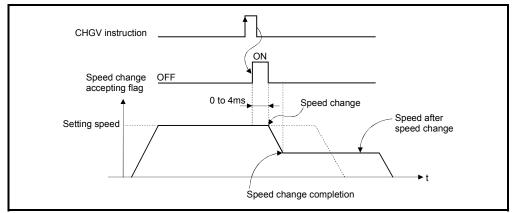
[Error measures]

- 1) Change the operation cycle into a large value in the system setting.
- 2) The number of instruction completions of an event task or NMI task in the Motion SFC program.

(14) Speed change accepting flag (M2061 to M2092)

..... Status signal e control change (CHGV)

This flag turns on during speed change by the control change (CHGV) instruction (or Motion dedicated PLC instruction (D(P).CHGV)) of the Motion SFC program.



The speed change accepting flag list is shown below.

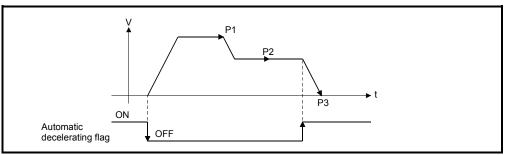
Axis No.	Device No.						
1	M2061	9	M2069	17	M2077	25	M2085
2	M2062	10	M2070	18	M2078	26	M2086
3	M2063	11	M2071	19	M2079	27	M2087
4	M2064	12	M2072	20	M2080	28	M2088
5	M2065	13	M2073	21	M2081	29	M2089
6	M2066	14	M2074	22	M2082	30	M2090
7	M2067	15	M2075	23	M2083	31	M2091
8	M2068	16	M2076	24	M2084	32	M2092

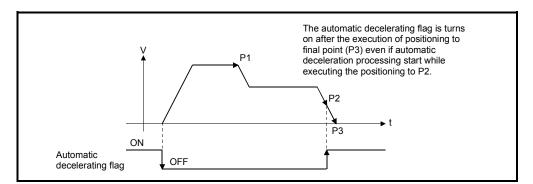
(Note): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

REMARK

In the SV22 virtual mode, the flag is that of the virtual servomotor axis.

- (15) Automatic decelerating flag (M2128 to M2159) Status signal This signal turns on while automatic deceleration processing is performed during the positioning control or position follow-up control.
 - (a) This flag turns on while automatic deceleration to the command address at the position follow-up control, but it turns off if the command address is changed.
 - (b) This signal turns on while automatic deceleration processing is performed during execution of positioning to final point while in constant speed control.



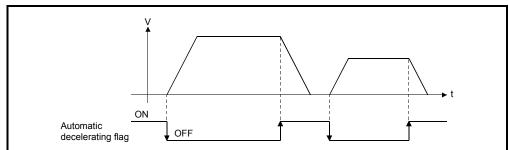


POINT

Set a travel value in which automatic deceleration processing can be started at the final positioning point, therefore the automatic decelerating flag turns on at the start point of automatic deceleration processing after this final point.

(c) The signal turns off when all normal start complete commands became achieve.

- (d) In any of the following cases, this flag does not turn off.
 - When deceleration due to JOG signal off
 - During manual pulse generator operation
 - During deceleration due to stop command or stop cause occurrence
 - When travel value is 0



The automatic decelerating flag list is shown below.

Axis No.	Device No.						
1	M2128	9	M2136	17	M2144	25	M2152
2	M2129	10	M2137	18	M2145	26	M2153
3	M2130	11	M2138	19	M2146	27	M2154
4	M2131	12	M2139	20	M2147	28	M2155
5	M2132	13	M2140	21	M2148	29	M2156
6	M2133	14	M2141	22	M2149	30	M2157
7	M2134	15	M2142	23	M2150	31	M2158
8	M2135	16	M2143	24	M2151	32	M2159

(Note): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

REMARK

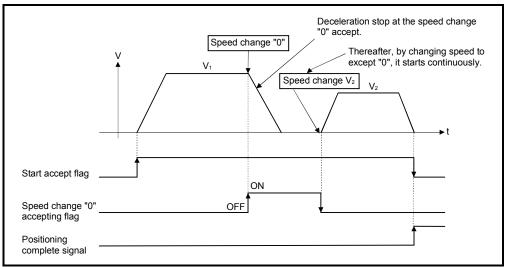
In the SV22 virtual mode, the flag is that of the virtual servomotor axis.

(16) Speed change "0" accepting flag (M2240 to M2271)

..... Status signal

This flag turns on while a speed change request to speed "0" or negative speed change is being accepted.

It turns on when the speed change request to speed "0" or negative speed change is accepted during a start. After that, this signal turns off when a speed change is accepted or on completion of a stop due to a stop cause.



The speed change "0" accepting flag list is shown below.

Axis No.	Device No.						
1	M2240	9	M2248	17	M2256	25	M2264
2	M2241	10	M2249	18	M2257	26	M2265
3	M2242	11	M2250	19	M2258	27	M2266
4	M2243	12	M2251	20	M2259	28	M2267
5	M2244	13	M2252	21	M2260	29	M2268
6	M2245	14	M2253	22	M2261	30	M2269
7	M2246	15	M2254	23	M2262	31	M2270
8	M2247	16	M2255	24	M2263	32	M2271

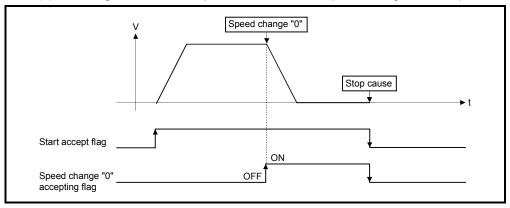
(Note): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

REMARK

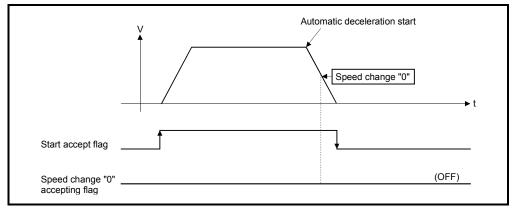
- (1) Even if it has stopped, when the start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) is ON state, the state where the request of speed change "0" is accepted is indicated. Confirm by this speed change "0" accepting flag.
- (2) During interpolation, the flags corresponding to the interpolation axes are set.
- (3) In any of the following cases, the speed change "0" request is invalid.
 - After deceleration by the JOG signal off
 - · During manual pulse generator operation
 - After positioning automatic deceleration start
 - After deceleration due to stop cause
- (4) During the SV22 virtual mode, the flag is that of the virtual servomotor axis.

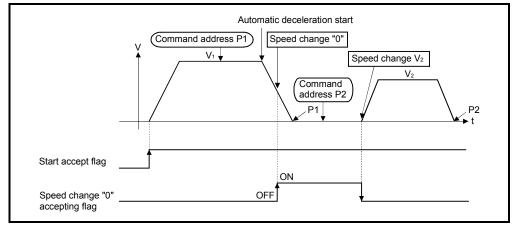
- Start accept flag
- (a) The flag turns off if a speed change request occurs during deceleration to a stop due to speed change "0".

(b) The flag turns off if a stop cause occurs after speed change "0" accept.



(c) The speed change "0" accepting flag does not turn on if a speed change "0" occurs after an automatic deceleration start.





(d) Even if it is speed change "0" after the automatic deceleration start to the "command address", speed change "0" accepting flag turns on.

REMARK

It does not start, even if the "command address" is changed during speed change "0" accepting.

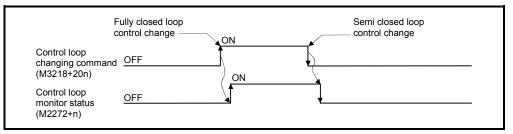
(17) Control loop monitor status (M2272 to M2303)

..... Command signal

When using the fully closed loop control servo amplifier, this signal is used to check the fully closed loop control/semi closed loop control of servo amplifier.

- ON During fully closed loop control
- OFF During semi closed loop control

It can be changed the fully closed loop control/semi closed loop control of servo amplifier in the Motion controller by the control loop changing command ON/OFF.



The Control loop monitor status list is shown below.

Axis No.	Device No.						
1	M2272	9	M2280	17	M2288	25	M2296
2	M2273	10	M2281	18	M2289	26	M2297
3	M2274	11	M2282	19	M2290	27	M2298
4	M2275	12	M2283	20	M2291	28	M2299
5	M2276	13	M2284	21	M2292	29	M2300
6	M2277	14	M2285	22	M2293	30	M2301
7	M2278	15	M2286	23	M2294	31	M2302
8	M2279	16	M2287	24	M2295	32	M2303

(Note): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

3.2 Data Registers

	SV13		SV22
Device No.	Application	Device No.	Application
D0 to	Axis monitor device (20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)	D0 to	Axis monitor device (20 points × 32 axes) Real modeeach axis Virtual modeoutput module
D640 to	Control change register (2 points \times 32 axes)	D640 to	Control change register (2 points $ imes$ 32 axes)
D704 to	Common device (Command signal) (54 points)	D704 to	Common device (Command signal) (54 points)
D758 to	Unusable (42 points)	D758 to	Unusable (42 points)
D800		D800 to D1120 to D1240	Virtual servomotor axis monitor device (Note) (10 points × 32 axes) (Mechanical system setting axis only) Synchronous encoder axis monitor device (Note) (10 points × 12 axes) CAM axis monitor device (Note) (Device (Note))
to	User device (7392 points)	to D1560 to	(10 points × 32 axes) User device (6632 points)
D8191		D8191	

(1) Data register list

Usable in the user device.

(Note): When it is used in the SV22 real mode only, it can be used as an user device.

POINT	
Total number of user device points	
7392 points (SV13) / 6632 points ^(Note) (SV22)	
(Note): Up to 7272 points can be used when not using it in the virtual mode.	

Axis No.	Device No.		Signal name							
1	D0 to D19									
2	D20 to D39	ľ		Oliveral and a	Defeash such	Estable surely	1.1 14	Signal		
3	D40 to D59			Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Unit	direction		
4	D60 to D79	ſ	0			/				
5	D80 to D99	ľ	1	Feed current value			Command			
6	D100 to D119	ľ	2				unit			
7	D120 to D139	ľ	3	Real current value	Operation cycle					
8	D140 to D159	ľ	4							
9	D160 to D179	ſ	5	Deviation counter value			PLS			
10	D180 to D199	ſ	6	Minor error code		┓ /				
11	D200 to D219	ſ	7	Major error code	Immediate		_			
12	D220 to D239	ľ	8	Servo error code	Main cycle	┓ /		Monitor		
13	D240 to D259	ſ	•	Home position return		┓ /	51.0	device		
14	D260 to D279		9	re-travel value	Operation cycle		PLS			
15	D280 to D299	ľ	10	Travel value after	Command					
16	D300 to D319	ľ	11	proximity dog ON						
17	D320 to D339	ſ	12	Execute program No.	At start	$\exists / [$				
18	D340 to D359	ſ	13	M-code						
19	D360 to D379		14	Torque limit value	Operation cycle		%			
20	D380 to D399		45	Data set pointer for	At the still wine as the st	٦/				
21	D400 to D419		15	constant-speed control	At start/during start	V	_			
22	D420 to D439		16	Note-1)						
23	D440 to D459	ſ	17	Unusable (Note-1)	_	_	_			
24	D460 to D479		18	Real current value at	Operation avair		Command	Monitor		
25	D480 to D499		19	stop input	Operation cycle		unit	device		
26	D500 to D519									
27	D520 to D539									
28	D540 to D559									
29	D560 to D579									
30	D580 to D599									
31	D600 to D619									
32	D620 to D639									

(2) Axis monitor device list

(Note-1): It can be used as the travel value change register. The travel value change register can be set to the device optionally in the servo program. Refer to Section 6.15 for details.

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes as an user device in the Q172DCPU. However, when the project of Q172DCPU is replaced with Q173DCPU, this area cannot be used.

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3 POSITIONING DEDICATED SIGNALS

				50.05.000			
Axis No.	Device No.			Signal name			
1	D640, D641						
2	D642, D643						Signal
3	D644, D645		Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Unit	direction
4	D646, D647	0				Command	Command
5	D648, D649	1	JOG speed setting		At start	unit	device
6	D650, D651						
7	D652, D653						
8	D654, D655						
9	D656, D657						
10	D658, D659						
11	D660, D661						
12	D662, D663						
13	D664, D665						
14	D666, D667						
15	D668, D669						
16	D670, D671						
17	D672, D673						
18	D674, D675						
19	D676, D677						
20	D678, D679						
21	D680, D681						
22	D682, D683						
23	D684, D685						
24	D686, D687						
25	D688, D689						
26	D690, D691						
27	D692, D693						
28	D694, D695						
29	D696, D697						
30	D698, D699						
31	D700, D701						
32	D702, D703						
32	D702, D703						

(3) Control change register list

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes as an user device in the Q172DCPU. However, when the project of Q172DCPU is replaced with Q173DCPU, this area cannot be used.

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction
D704	PLC ready flag request	/			D752	Manual pulse generator 1 smoothing magnification setting register	/		
D705	Speed switching point specified flag request			Command	D753	Manual pulse generator 2 smoothing magnification setting register		At the manual pulse generator enable flag	
D706	All axes servo ON command request		Main cycle	Command device	D754	Manual pulse generator 3 smoothing magnification setting register			Command device
D707	Real mode/virtual mode switching request (SV22) JOG operation simultaneous				D755	Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag request Manual pulse generator 2		Main avela	
D708 D709	start command request		_	_	D756 D757	enable flag request Manual pulse generator 3		Main cycle	
D710					D758	enable flag request	/		
D711	JOG operation simultaneous		At start		D759				
D712	start axis setting register		At start		D760				
D713	Manual autor anna atar auto				D761	-			
D714 D715	Manual pulse generator axis 1 No. setting register				D762 D763				
D716	Manual pulse generator axis				D764				
D717	2 No. setting register				D765				
D718 D719	Manual pulse generator axis 3 No. setting register				D766 D767	-			
D720	Axis 1				D768				
D721	Axis 2				D769				
D722 D723	Axis 3 Axis 4				D770 D771	-			
D724	Axis 5				D772				
D725	Axis 6				D773				
D726 D727	Axis 7 Axis 8				D774 D775				
D728	Axis 9				D776				
D729	Axis 10				D777]			
D730	Axis 11			Command device	D778	Unusable (42 points)	_	_	_
D731 D732	Axis 12 Axis 13		At the manual pulse	device	D779 D780	(42 points)			
D733	Axis 14		generator enable flag		D781				
D734	Axis 15 Manual pulse generators 1 pulse				D782	-			
D735 D736	Axis 16 Axis 17 Axis 17 axis 17				D783 D784				
D737	Axis 17 setting register Axis 18 (Note-1), (Note-2)				D785				
D738	Axis 19				D786				
D739 D740	Axis 20 Axis 21				D787 D788				
D741	Axis 22				D789				
D742	Axis 23				D790				
D743 D744	Axis 24 Axis 25				D791 D792				
D745	Axis 26				D793				
D746	Axis 27				D794				
D747 D748	Axis 28 Axis 29	/			D795 D796				
D748 D749	Axis 29 Axis 30	/			D796 D797				
D750	Axis 31	/			D798				
D751	Axis 32				D799	lote-1). The range of axi			

(4) Common device list

(Note-1): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU. (Note-2): Device area of 9 axes or more is unusable in the Q172DCPU.

3.2.1 Axis monitor devices

The monitoring data area is used by the Motion CPU to store data such as the feed current value during positioning control, the real current value and the deviation counter value.

It can be used to check the positioning control state using the Motion SFC program. The user cannot write data to the monitoring data area (except the travel value change register).

Refer to "APPENDIX 4 Processing Times of the Motion CPU" for the delay time between a positioning device (input, internal relay and special relay) turning on/off and storage of data in the monitor data area.

(1) Feed current value storage register (D0+20n, D1+20n)

..... Monitor device

- (a) This register stores the target address output to the servo amplifier on the basis of the positioning address/travel value specified with the servo program.
 - 1) A part for the amount of the travel value from "0" after starting is stored in the fixed-pitch feed control.
 - 2) The current value from address at the time of starting is stored in the speed/position switching control.

However, the address at the time of starting varies depending on the ON/OFF state of the feed current value update command (M3212+20n) at the start.

M3212+20n: OFF Resets the feed current value to "0" at the start.
M3212+20n: ON Not reset the feed current value at the start.
3) "0" is stored during speed control.

- (b) The stroke range check is performed on this feed current value data.
- (2) Real current value storage register (D2+20n, D3+20n)

..... Monitor device

- (a) This register stores the real current value which took the droop pulses of the servo amplifier into consideration to the feed current value.
- (b) The "feed current value" is equal to the "real current value" in the stopped state.

(3) Deviation counter value storage register (D4+20n, D5+20n) Monitor device

This register stores the droop pulses read from the servo amplifier.

- (4) Minor error code storage register (D6+20n) Monitor device
 - (a) This register stores the corresponding error code (Refer to APPENDIX 1.2) at the minor error occurrence. If another minor error occurs after error code storing, the previous error code is overwritten by the new error code.
 - (b) Minor error codes can be cleared by an error reset command (M3207+20n).
- (5) Major error code storage register (D7+20n) Monitor device
 - (a) This register stores the corresponding error code (Refer to APPENDIX 1.3) at the major error occurrence. If another major error occurs after error code storing, the previous error code is overwritten by the new error code.
 - (b) Major error codes can be cleared by an error reset command (M3207+20n).
- (6) Servo error code storage register (D8+20n) Monitor device
 - (a) This register stores the corresponding error code (Refer to APPENDIX 1.4) at the servo error occurrence. If another servo error occurs after error code storing, the previous error code is overwritten by the new error code.
 - (b) Servo error codes can be cleared by an error reset command (M3208+20n).
- (7) Home position return re-travel value storage register (D9+20n) Monitor device

If the position stopped in the position specified with the travel value after proximity dog ON (Refer to Section 6.23.1) using MT Developer is not zero point, it made to travel to zero point by re-travel in the Motion CPU. The travel value (signed) of making it travel to zero point by re-travel at this time is stored. (Data does not change with the last value in the data setting type.) The following value is stored according to the number of feedback pulses of the motor connected.

Number of feedback pulses	Storage data
Less than 131072[PLS]	Feedback pulses
131072[PLS] or more, 262144[PLS] or less	1/10 of feedback pulses
More than 262144[PLS]	1/10000 of feedback pulses

- (8) Travel value after proximity dog ON storage register (D10+20n, D11+20n) Monitor device
 - (a) This register stores the travel value (unsigned) from the proximity dog ON to home position return completion after the home position return start.
 - (b) The travel value (signed) of the position control is stored at the time of speed/position switching control.

(9) Execute program No. storage register (D12+20n) Monitor device (a) This register stores the starting program No. at the servo program starting. (b) The following value is stored in the JOG operation and manual pulse generator operation. 1) JOG operation..... FFFF 2) Manual pulse generator operation FFFE 3) Power supply on..... FF00 (c) When the following control is being executed using MT Developer in the test mode, FFFD is stored in this register. · Home position return (10) M-code storage register (D13+20n) Monitor device (a) This register stores the M-code (Note) set to the executed servo program at the positioning start. If M-code is not set in the servo program, the value "0" is stored. (b) It does not change except positioning start using the servo program. (c) The value "0" is stored at leading edge of PLC ready flag (M2000).

REMARK

(Note): Refer to the following sections for M-codes and reading M-codes.

- M-code Section 7.1
- Reading M-code APPENDIX 2.1
- (11) Torque limit value storage register (D14+20n) Monitor device This register stores the torque limit value imposed on the servo amplifier. The default value "300[%]" is stored at the power supply of servo amplifier ON.

(12) Data set pointer for constant-speed control (D15+20n)

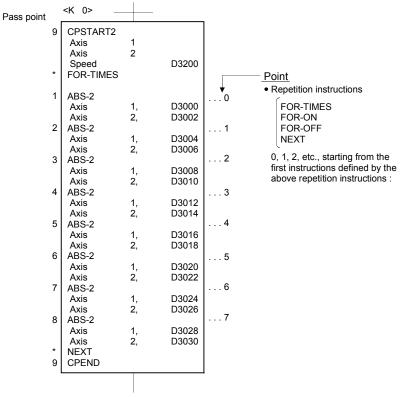
..... Monitor device

This pointer is used in the constant-speed control when specifying positioning data indirectly and substituting positioning data during operation.

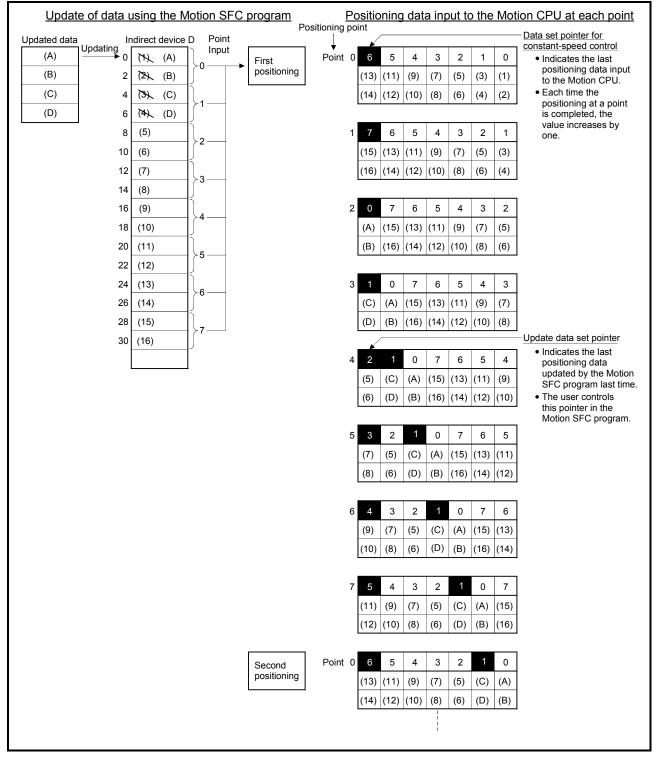
It stores a "point" that indicates which of the values stored in indirect devices has been input to the Motion CPU when positioning is being repeated by using a repetition instructions (FOR-TIMES, FOR-ON or FOR-OFF).

Use this pointer in conjunction with the updated data set pointer (controlled by the user in the Motion SFC program) - which indicates the extent to which the positioning data has been updated using the Motion SFC program - to confirm which positioning data is to be updated.

Data set pointer for constant-speed control and updated data set pointer are described here using the example servo program below.



The input situation of positioning data to the Motion CPU is shown the next page by executing the 2-axes constant-speed control using above the servo program and updating the positioning data in indirect devices D3000 to D3006.



[Input situation of positioning data in the Motion CPU]

The internal processing shown above is described in the next page.

[Internal processing]

- (a) The positioning data ((1) to (14)) of points 0 to 6 is input to the Motion CPU by the starting. The last point "6" of the input data to be input is stored in the data set pointer for constant-speed control at this time. The "6" stored in the data set pointer for constant-speed control indicates that updating of the positioning data stored in points 0 to 6 is possible.
- (b) The positioning data ((A) to (D)) of points 0 to 1 is updated using the Motion SFC program.

The last point "1" of the positioning data to be rewritten is stored in the updated data set pointer (which must be controlled by the user in the Motion SFC program). Updating of positioning data of points 2 to 6 (data (5) to (14)) remains possible.

- (c) On completion of the positioning for point 0, the value in the data set pointer for constant-speed control is automatically incremented by one to "7". The positioning data ((1) to (2)) of point 0 is discarded and the positioning data ((15) to (16)) for point 7 is input to the Motion CPU at this time.
- (d) Hereafter, whenever positioning of each point is completed, the positioning data shifts one place.

The positioning data that can be updated is the data after that indicated by the updated data set pointer: this is the data which has not yet been input to the Motion CPU.

Even if the values of the indirect devices D8 and D10 are updated by the Motion SFC program after the positioning completion of the point 3, the positioning data of point 2 that is input to the Motion CPU will not be updated and the second positioning will be executed using the unupdated data. The data set pointer for constant-speed control has not yet been input to the Motion CPU, and indicates the positioning data which a user can update using the Motion SFC program.

POINT

Number of points that can be defined by a repeat instruction

- Create the servo program at least eight points.
- If there are less than eight points and they include pass points of few travel value, the positioning at each point may be completed, and the data input to the Motion CPU, before the data has been updated using the Motion SFC program.
- Create a sufficient number of points to ensure that data will not be input before the Motion CPU has updated the values in the indirect devices.

(13) Real current value at STOP input storage register

(D18+20n, D19+20n) Monitor device This register stores the real current value at the STOP signal (STOP) input of the Q172DLX.

3.2.2 Control change registers

This area stores the JOG operation speed data.

				-		-		
Name	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	Axis 5	Axis 6	Axis 7	Axis 8
	D641, D640	D643, D642	D645, D644	D647, D646	D649, D648	D651, D650	D653, D652	D655, D654
	Axis 9	Axis 10	Axis 11	Axis 12	Axis 13	Axis 14	Axis 15	Axis 16
JOG speed	D657, D656	D659, D658	D661, D660	D663, D662	D665, D664	D667, D666	D669, D668	D671, D670
setting	Axis 17	Axis 18	Axis 19	Axis 20	Axis 21	Axis 22	Axis 23	Axis 24
register	D673, D672	D675, D674	D677, D676	D679, D678	D681, D680	D683, D682	D685, D684	D687, D686
	Axis 25	Axis 26	Axis 27	Axis 28	Axis 29	Axis 30	Axis 31	Axis 32
	D689, D688	D691, D690	D693, D692	D695, D694	D697, D696	D699, D698	D701, D700	D703, D702

Table 3.1 Data storage area for control change list

(Note): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

(1) JOG speed setting registers (D640+2n, D641+2n)

..... Command device

(a) This register stores the JOG speed at the JOG operation.

(b)	Setting range	of the JOG speed	l is shown below.
-----	---------------	------------------	-------------------

Unit	m	mm		inch		degree		PLS	
Item	Setting range	Unit	Setting range	Unit	Setting range	Unit (Note-1)	Setting range	Unit	
	1 to	×10 ⁻²	1 to	×10 ⁻³	1 to	×10⁻³	1 to		
JOG speed	60000000	[mm/min]	60000000	[inch/min]	2147483647	[degree/min]	2147483647	[PLS/s]	

(Note-1): When the " speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" in the fixed parameter, the unit is " $\times 10^{2}$ [degree/min]".

(c) The JOG speed is the value stored in the JOG speed setting registers at leading edge of JOG start signal.

Even if data is changed during JOG operation, JOG speed cannot be changed.

(d) Refer to Section 6.21 for details of JOG operation.

3.2.3 Common devices

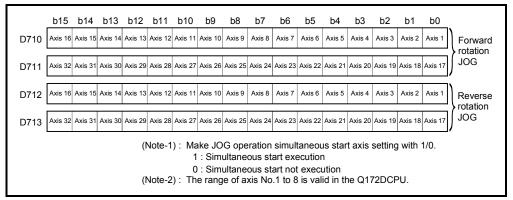
(1) Common bit device SET/RST request register (D704 to D708, D755 to D757) Command device Because cannot be turn on/off in every bit from the PLC CPU, the bit device is assigned to D register, and each bit device turns on with the lowest rank bit 0 to 1 and each bit device becomes off with 1 to 0. The details of request register are shown below.

(Refer to Section "3.1.3 Common devices" for the bit device M2000 to M2053.)

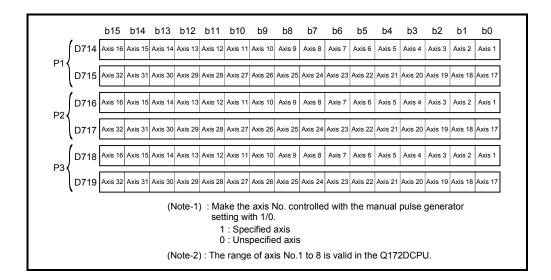
No.	Function	Bit device	Request register
1	PLC ready flag	M2000	D704
2	Speed switching point specified flag	M2040	D705
3	All axes servo ON command	M2042	D706
4	Real mode/virtual mode switching request (SV22)	M2043	D707
5	JOG operation simultaneous start command	M2048	D708
6	Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag	M2051	D755
7	Manual pulse generator 2 enable flag	M2052	D756
8	Manual pulse generator 3 enable flag	M2053	D757

Details of the request register

- (2) JOG operation simultaneous start axis setting registers (D710 to
 - D713) Command device
 - (a) These registers set the axis No. and direction which start simultaneously the JOG operation.



- (b) Refer to Section 6.21.3 for details of the JOG operation simultaneous start.
- (3) Manual pulse generator axis No. setting registers (D714 to D719) Command device
 - (a) These registers stores the axis No. controlled with the manual pulse generator.



- (b) Refer to Section 6.22 for details of the manual pulse generator operation.
- Manual pulse generator 1-pulse input magnification setting registers (D720 to D751) Command device
 - (a) These register set the magnification (1 to 10000) per pulse of number of the input pulses from manual pulse generator at the pulse generator operation.

1-pulse input magnification setting register	Axis No.	Setting range	1-pulse input magnification setting register	Axis No.	Setting range
D720	Axis 1		D736	Axis 17	
D721	Axis 2		D737	Axis 18	
D722	Axis 3		D738	Axis 19	
D723	Axis 4		D739	Axis 20	
D724	Axis 5		D740	Axis 21	
D725	Axis 6		D741	Axis 22	
D726	Axis 7		D742	Axis 23	
D727	Axis 8	1 to 10000	D743	Axis 24	1 to 10000
D728	Axis 9	1 10 10000	D744	Axis 25	1 10 10000
D729	Axis 10		D745	Axis 26	
D730	Axis 11		D746	Axis 27	
D731	Axis 12		D747	Axis 28	
D732	Axis 13	-	D748	Axis 29	
D733	Axis 14		D749	Axis 30	
D734	Axis 15		D750	Axis 31	
D735	Axis 16		D751	Axis 32	

(Note-1): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

(b) Refer to Section 6.22 for details of the manual pulse generator operation.

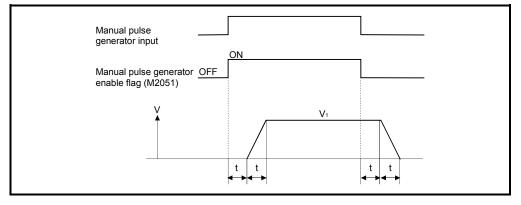
- (5) Manual pulse generator smoothing magnification setting registers (D752 to D754) Command device
 - (a) These registers set the smoothing time constants of manual pulse
 - generators.

Manual pulse generator smoothing magnification setting register	Setting range
Manual pulse generator 1 (P1): D752	
Manual pulse generator 2 (P1): D753	0 to 59
Manual pulse generator 3 (P1): D754	

(b) When the smoothing magnification is set, the smoothing time constant is as indicated by the following expression.

Smoothing time constant (t) = (smoothing magnification + 1) \times 56.8 [ms]

(c) Operation



Output speed (V₁) [PLS/s] = (Number of input pulses/s) \times (Manual pulse generator 1-pulse input magnification setting)

Travel value (L) =
$$\left(\begin{array}{c} (Travel value \\ per pulse) \end{array}\right) \times \begin{array}{c} Number of \\ input pulses \end{array} \left(\begin{array}{c} (Manual pulse generator 1-pulse) \\ input magnification setting) \end{array}\right)$$

REMARK

(1) The travel value per pulse of the manual pulse generator is shown below.

• Setting unit _____ mm :0.1[µm] _____ inch :0.00001[inch] _____ degree :0.00001[degree] _____ PLS :1[PLS]



3.3 Motion Registers (#)

There are motion registers (#0 to #8735) in the Motion CPU. #8000 to #8639 are used as the monitor device and #8640 to #8735 are used as the Motion SFC dedicated device.

Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion Controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)" for details of the motion registers and Motion SFC dedicated device.

Monitor devices (#8000 to #8639)
 Information for each axis is stored in the monitor devices.

The details of the storage data are shown below.

Axis No.	Device No.			Signal name			
1	#8000 to #8019	_					
2	#8020 to #8039	\mathbf{N}	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Signal direction		
3	#8040 to #8059			Reliesh Cycle	Signal direction		
4	#8060 to #8079	0	Servo amplifier type	When the servo amplifier power-on			
5	#8080 to #8099	1	Motor current	Operation quels 1.7[ma] er less: Operation quels			
6	#8100 to #8119	2	Matarapad	Operation cycle 1.7[ms] or less: Operation cycle Operation cycle 3.5[ms] or more: 3.5[ms]			
7	#8120 to #8139	3	Motor speed		Monitor device		
8	#8140 to #8159	4	Command anoad	Operation quelo			
9	#8160 to #8179	5	Command speed	Operation cycle			
10	#8180 to #8199	6	Home position return re-travel	At home position return re-travel			
11	#8200 to #8219	7	value				
12	#8220 to #8239	8					
13	#8240 to #8259	9					
14	#8260 to #8279	10					
15	#8280 to #8299	11					
16	#8300 to #8319	12					
17	#8320 to #8339	13	Unusable				
18	#8340 to #8359	14	Ullusable	_	_		
19	#8360 to #8379	15					
20	#8380 to #8399	16					
21	#8400 to #8419	17					
22	#8420 to #8439	18					
23	#8440 to #8459	19					
24	#8460 to #8479				-		
25	#8480 to #8499						
26	#8500 to #8519						
27	#8520 to #8539						
28	#8540 to #8559						
29	#8560 to #8579						
30	#8580 to #8599						
31	#8600 to #8619						
32	#8620 to #8639						

- (a) Servo amplifier type (#8000+20n) Monitor device This register stores the servo amplifier type for each axis at the servo amplifier power supply ON.
 - 0 Unused
 - 256 MR-J3-B
 - 257 MR-J3-B (For fully closed loop control)
 - 258 MR-J3-B (For Linear control) It is not cleared even if the servo amplifier power supply turns ON.
- (b) Motor current (#8001+20n) Monitor device This register stores the motor current (×0.1[%]) read from the servo amplifier.
- (c) Motor speed (#8002+20n, #8003+20n) Monitor device This register stores the motor speed (×0.1[r/min]) read from the servo amplifier.
- (d) Command speed (#8004+20n, #8005+20n)...... Monitor device This register stores the speed at which command value to the servo amplifier for every operation cycle is converted into [PLS/s].
- (e) Home position return re-travel value (#8006+20n, #8007+20n)

..... Monitor device

If the position stopped in the position specified with the travel value after proximity dog ON (Refer to Section 6.23.1) using MT Developer is not zero point, it made to travel to zero point by re-travel in the Motion CPU. The travel value (signed) of making it travel to zero point by re-travel at this time is stored.

(Data does not change with the last value in the data setting type.)

3.4 Special Relays (SM)

There are 2256 special relay points of SM0 to SM2255 in the Motion CPU. Of these, 8 points of the SM500 to SM503, SM510, SM512, SM513 and SM516 are used for the positioning control.

The special relay list used for the positioning control is shown below.

(Refer to "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller programming Manual (COMMON)" for the application of special relays except SM500 to SM503, SM510, SM512, SM513 and SM516.)

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal type
SM500	PCPU REDAY complete flag		/	
SM501	TEST mode ON flag			
SM502	External forced stop input flag			Status signal
SM503	Digital oscilloscope executing flag	Main avala		
SM510	TEST mode request error flag	Main cycle		
SM512	Motion CPU WDT error flag			
SM513	Manual pulse generator axis setting error flag		/	
SM516	Servo program setting error flag		/	

- (1) PCPU REDAY complete flag (SM500) Status signal This flag is used as judgement of the normal or abnormal in the Motion CPU side using the PLC program.
 - (a) The fixed parameters, servo parameters and limit switch output data are checked at leading edge of PLC ready flag (M2000), and if error is not detected, this flag turns on.

The servo parameters are written to the servo amplifiers and the M-codes are cleared.

- PLC ready flag (M2000) PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) The servo parameters are written to the servo amplifiers and the M-codes are cleared.
- (b) This flag turns off when the PLC ready flag (M2000) turns off.

- (2) TEST mode ON flag (SM501) Status signal
 - (a) This flag is used as judgement of during the test mode or not using MT Developer.

Use it for an interlock, etc. at the starting of the servo program using the Motion SFC program.

- OFF Except the test mode
- ON During the test mode
- (b) If the test mode is not executed in the test mode request from MT Developer, the TEST mode request error flag (SM510) turns on.
- (3) External forced stop input flag (SM502) Status signal This flag is used to check the external forced stop input signal ON/OFF.
 - OFF External forced stop input ON
 - ON External forced stop input OFF

POINTS

(1) If the forced stop signal is input during positioning, the feed current value is advanced within the rapid stop deceleration time set in the parameter block. At the same time, the servo OFF state is established because the all axes servo ON command (M2042) turns off.

When the rapid stop deceleration time has elapsed after input of the forced stop signal, the feed current value returns to the value at the point when the emergency stop was initiated.

- (2) If the forced stop is reset before the emergency stop deceleration time has elapsed, a servo error occurs.
- (4) Digital oscilloscope executing flag (SM503) Status signal This flag is used to check the state of execution for the digital oscilloscope.
 - O Digital oscilloscope has stopped.
 - 1 Digital oscilloscope is executing.
- (5) TEST mode request error flag (SM510) Status signal
 (a) This flag turns on when the test mode is not executed in the test mode request using MT Developer.
 - (b) When SM510 turns on, the error contents are stored in the test mode request error information (SD510, SD511).

3 - 57

(7) Manual pulse generator axis setting error flag (SM513)

..... Status signal

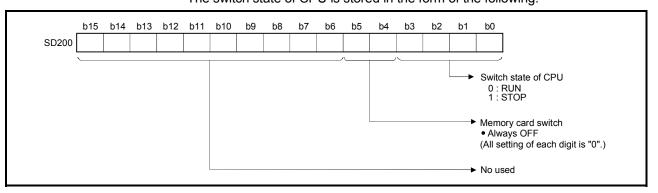
- (a) This flag is use as judgement of normal or abnormal setting of the manual pulse generator axis No. setting registers (D714 to D719).
 - OFF D714 to D719 is normal
 - ON D714 to D719 is abnormal
- (b) When SM513 turns on, the error contents are stored in the manual pulse generator axis setting error information (SD513 to SD515).
- (8) Servo program setting error flag (SM516) Status signal This flag is used as judgement of normal or abnormal for the servo program positioning data.
 - OFF Normal
 - ON Abnormal

3.5 Special Registers (SD)

There are 2256 special register points of SD0 to SD2255 in the Motion CPU. Of these, 20 points of the SD200, SD500 to SD506, SD508, SD510 to SD517, SD522, SD523 and SD803 are used for the positioning control. The special register list used for the positioning control is shown below. (Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the applications of special registers except SD200, SD500 to SD506, SD508, SD510 to SD517, SD522, SD523 and SD803.)

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	
SD200	State of switch		/		
SD500		Main cycle	/		
SD501	Real mode axis information register (SV22)		/		
SD502		At power supply on/	1 /		
SD503	Servo amplifier loading information	operation cycle			
SD504] /		
SD505	Real mode/virtual mode switching error	At virtual mode transition		Monitor device	
SD506	–information (SV22)				
SD508	Connect/disconnect (status)	Main cycle	T /		
SD510	Test mode request error information	At toot made request] /		
SD511	Test mode request error information	At test mode request			
SD512	Motion CPU WDT error cause	At Motion CPU WDT error occurrence			
SD513] /		
SD514	→Manual pulse generator axis setting error →information	At the manual pulse generator enable flag _			
SD515	Information				
SD516	Error program No.	At start] /		
SD517	Error item information	At start] /		
SD522	Motion operation cycle	Operation cycle]/		
SD523	Operation cycle of the Motion CPU setting	At power supply on	/		
SD803	Connect/disconnect (command)		Main cycle	Command device	

Table 3.3 Special register list

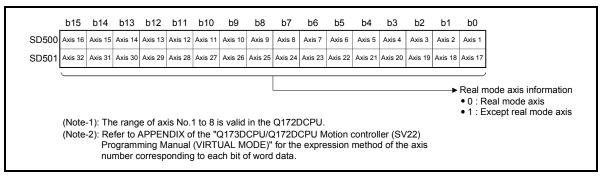


(1) State of switch (SD200) Monitor device The switch state of CPU is stored in the form of the following.

(2) Real mode axis information register (SD500, SD501)

This signal is used to store the information used as a real mode axis at the time of switching from real mode to virtual mode.

The real mode axis information does not change at the time of switching from virtual mode to real mode.



(3) Servo amplifier loading information (SD502, SD503)

..... Monitor device

The mounting status of the servo amplifier is checked at the power supply on or reset of the Multiple CPU system and its results are stored in this device. If communication with servo amplifier stops, it is reset.

The mounting status of changed axis after the power supply on is stored.

	b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	
SD502	Axis 16	Axis 15	Axis 14	Axis 13	Axis 12	Axis 11	Axis 10	Axis 9	Axis 8	Axis 7	Axis 6	Axis 5	Axis 4	Axis 3	Axis 2	Axis 1	
SD503	Axis 32	Axis 31	Axis 30	Axis 29	Axis 28	Axis 27	Axis 26	Axis 25	Axis 24	Axis 23	Axis 22	Axis 21	Axis 20	Axis 19	Axis 18	Axis 17	
	(Note): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q17									PU.						• Mou	, amplifier mounting status inted 1 mounted 0

(a) Servo amplifier mounting status

1) Mounting status

- Mounted The servo amplifier is normal. (Communication with the servo amplifier is normal.)
- Not mounted The servo amplifier is not mounted. The servo amplifier power is off.

Normal communication with the servo amplifier is

- not possible due to a connecting cable fault, etc.
- The system settings and servo amplifier mounting status are shown below.

Sustam Sattinga	Servo amplifier								
System Settings	Mounted	Not mounted							
Used (axis No. setting)	1 is stored	0 is stored							
Unused	0 is stored								

(4) Connect/disconnect (status) (SD508) Monitor device This signal is used to temporarily suspend SSCNET communication while servo amplifiers and/or SSCNET I cables after Axis 1 are exchanged with the power supply ON in a Multiple CPU system.

SD508 stores the command status for "accept waiting" or "execute waiting" during this process.

- 0 Connect/disconnect command accept waiting
- -1 Connect/disconnect execute waiting

-2 Connect/disconnect executing

Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller programming Manual (COMMON)" for details of the connect/disconnect function.

(5) Test mode request error information (SD510, SD511)

..... Monitor device

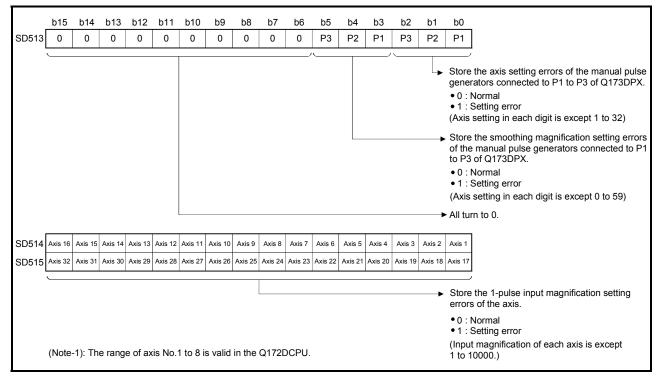
If there are operating axis at a test mode request using MT Developer, a test mode request error occurs, the test mode request error flag (SM510) turns on, and the during operation/stop data of the each axis are stored.

b	o15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0		
SD510 Axi	xis 16	Axis 15	Axis 14	Axis 13	Axis 12	Axis 11	Axis 10	Axis 9	Axis 8	Axis 7	Axis 6	Axis 5	Axis 4	Axis 3	Axis 2	Axis 1		
SD511 Axi	xis 32	Axis 31	Axis 30	Axis 29	Axis 28	Axis 27	Axis 26	Axis 25	Axis 24	Axis 23	Axis 22	Axis 21	Axis 20	Axis 19	Axis 18	Axis 17		
(N	Note):	: The i	ange o	ofaxis	No.1 t	o 8 is v	/alid in	the Q	172DC	PU.						data of e • 0 : Dui	ne during operat each axis ring stop ring operation	ion/sto

(6) Motion CPU WDT error cause (SD512) Monitor device

Error code	Error cause	Operation when error occurs	Action to take
2	S/W fault 1 Operation cycle time over		 Reset the Multiple CPU system. If the error reoccurs after resetting, 1) Change the operation cycle into a large value in the system setting. 2) Reduce the number of command execution of the event task or NMI task in the system setting.
3	Q bus WDT error		 Reset the Multiple CPU system. If the error reoccurs after resetting, the relevant module or the relevant slot (base unit) is probably faulty: replace the module/base unit.
4	WDT error	*	 Reset the Multiple CPU system. If the error reoccurs after resetting, explain the error symptom and get advice from our sales representative.
201 to 215	Q bus H/W fault 201 Error contents 01 : Q bus error 1 02 : Q bus error 2 04 : Q bus error 4 08 : Q bus error 8 Error code = Total of the error contents + 200	All axes stop immediately, after which operation	 Reset the Multiple CPU system. If the error reoccurs after resetting, the relevant module or the relevant slot (base unit) is probably faulty: replace the module/base unit.
250 to 253	Servo amplifier interface H/W fault 250 Faulty SSCNETIINo. 0 : SSCNETII 1 1 : SSCNETII 2 Error code = Total of the faulty SSCNETII No. + 250	cannot be started.	
300	S/W fault 3		 Reset the Multiple CPU system. If the error reoccurs after resetting, explain the error symptom and get advice from our sales representative.
301	8 or more points of CPSTART instruction were used to start programs in excess of simultaneously startable program. Number of simultaneous startable programs 14		 Reset the Multiple CPU system. Use 8 or more points of CPSTART instruction to start programs within the number of simultaneously startable programs.
303	S/W fault 4		 Reset the Multiple CPU system. If the error reoccurs after resetting, explain the error symptom and get advice from our sales representative.

This register is used as judgement of the error contents in the Motion CPU.



- (8) Error program No. (SD516) Monitor device
 - (a) When the servo program error occurs at the servo program operation, the servo program setting error flag (SM516) turns on and the error servo program No. (0 to 4095).
 - (b) If an error occurs in another servo program when error program No. has been stored, the program No. of the new error is stored.
- (10) Motion operation cycle (SD522) Monitor device The time which motion operation took for every motion operation cycle is stored in [µs] unit.

(11) Operation cycle of the Motion CPU setting (SD523)

..... Monitor device

The setting operation cycle is stored in $[\mu s]$ unit.

When the "Automatic setting" is set in the system setting, the operation cycle corresponding to the number of setting axes. When "0.4[ms] / 0.8[ms] / 1.7[ms] / 3.5[ms] / 7.1[ms] / 14.2[ms]" is set in the system setting, the operation cycle corresponding to each setting.

(Note): If the servo amplifiers of 9 axes or more are connected to one SSCNETII system, it does not support an operation cycle of 0.4[ms]. 0.8[ms] is used as the real operation cycle, even if 0.4[ms] is set in the system setting.

(12) Connect/disconnect (command) (SD803)

..... Command device

This signal is used to temporarily suspend SSCNET communication while servo amplifiers and/or SSCNET II cables after Axis 1 are exchanged with the power supply ON in a Multiple CPU system.

SD803 is required for connect/disconnect during this process.

- 1 to 32... Disconnect command
- -10 Re-connect command
- -2 Connect/disconnect execute command

Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for details of the connect/disconnect function.

4. PARAMETERS FOR POSITIONING CONTROL

4.1 System Settings

In the Multiple CPU system, the common system parameters and individual parameters are set for each CPU and written to each CPU.

- (1) The base settings, Multiple CPU settings and Motion slot settings are set in the common system parameter setting.
- (2) The system basic setting, self CPU installation position setting, servo amplifier setting, high-speed read setting and optional data monitor setting are set in the individual parameter setting.
- (3) The data setting and correction can be performed in dialog form using MT Developer.
 (Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion Controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for details of the setting contents.)

4.2 Fixed Parameters

- (1) The fixed parameters are set for each axis and their data is fixed based on the mechanical system, etc.
- (2) The fixed parameters are set using MT Developer.
- (3) The fixed parameters to be set are shown in Table 4.1.

			Setting range										
No.	Item	mm		inch		degree	9	PLS		Initial value	Units	Remarks	Section
		Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units				
1	Unit setting	0	_	1	—	2	_	3	_	3		 Set the command value for each axis at the positioning control. 	_
2	(Y)Number ofa)pulses perrotationrotationa)(AP)			1 to	21474	83647[PLS]				20000		 Set the number of feedback pulses per motor rotation based on the mechanical system. 	
3	Travel value per rotation (AL)	0.1 to 214748364.7		0.00001 to 21474.83647		0.00001 to 21474.83647		1 to 2147483647		20000		Set the travel value per motor based on the mechanical system.	4.2.1
4	Backlash compensation amount ^(Note)	0 to 6553.5		0 to 0.65535		0 to 0.65535		0 to 65535		0		 Set the backlash amount of the machine. Every time of the positioning direction changes at the positioning, compensation by the backlash compensation amount is executed. The expression below shows the setting range. 0 ≤ (backlash compensation amount) × AP/AL ≤ 65535 	7.2
5	Upper stroke limit ^(Note)	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7	μm	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647	47 inch 359.99999 degree 2 48 0 to 359.99999	-2147483648 to 2147483647	PLS	2147483647	PLS	Set the upper limit for the machine travel range. The expression below shows the setting range. (SV13 only) -2147483648 ≦ (upper stroke limit value) × AP/AL ≦ 2147483647	400		
6	Lower stroke limit ^(Note)	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7		-21474.83648 to 21474.83647		-2147483648 to 2147483647		0		 Set the lower limit for the machine travel range. The expression below shows the setting range. (SV13 only) -2147483648 ≦ (lower stroke limit value) × AP/AL ≦ 2147483647 	4.2.3		
7	Command in- position range (Note)	0.1 to 214748364.7		0.00001 to 21474.83647		0.00001 to 359.99999	-	1 to 2147483647		100		 Set the position at which the command in-position signal (M2403+20n) turns on [(positioning address) - (current value)]. The expression below shows the setting range. 1 ≤ (command in-position range) × AP/AL ≤ 32767 	4.2.4
8	Speed control 10×multiplier setting for degree axis	_	_	_	_	Invalid/Valid	_	_	_	Invalid	_	 Set whether the positioning control is executed with a value 10×multiplier the speed of a command speed setting, when a control unit is degree axis. 	4.2.5

Table 4.1 Fixed parameter list

(Note): The display of the possible setting range changes according to the electronic gear value.

4.2.1 Number of pulses/travel value per rotation

The "Electronic gear function" adjusts the pulse calculated and output by the parameter set in the Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU and the real travel value of machine. It is defined by the "Number of pulses per rotation" and "Travel value per revolution".

POINTS

- (1) The mechanical system error of the command travel value and real travel value is rectified by adjustment the "electronic gear".
- (2) The value of less than 1 pulse that cannot be execute a pulse output when the machine travels is incremented in the Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU, and a total incremented pulse output is performed when the total incremented value becomes more than 1 pulse.
- (3) The total incremented value of less than 1 pulse that cannot be execute a pulse output is cleared and it is referred to as "0" at the home position return completion, current value change completion, speed-switching control start (except the feed current value update) and fixed-pitch feed control start. (When the total incremented value is cleared, the error occurs to the feed machine value only a part to have been cleared.)
- (1) Number of pulses/travel value per rotation

Number of pulses (AP)/travel value (AL) per rotation is an item which determines how many rotations (number of pulses per rotation) of the servomotor in order to make it a machine as the travel value ordered by the program. The position control toward the servomotor is controlled with the number of feedback pulses of the encoder connected to the servomotor in the servo amplifier.

Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Command Control AP PLS Servo amplifier PLS Reduction gear Machine Value Units AL PLS Feedback pulse

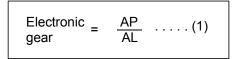
The control content of the Motion CPU is shown below.

Fig. 4.1 Control content of the Motion CPU

For example, suppose that the servomotor was connected to the ball screw. Because the travel value (Δ S) of machine per motor rotation is [mm] / [inch] unit, the travel value (positioning address) set in the program is commanded in [mm] / [inch] unit. However, the servomotor is positioning controlled by the servo amplifier in pulse unit.

Therefore, AP/AL is set so that the following expression of relations may be materialized in order to convert the travel value of [mm] / [inch] unit set in the program into a pulse.

Number of pulses per motor rotation = AP Travel value of machine per motor rotation = AL



(There is a range which can be set in the numerical value set as AP/AL, so it is necessary to make the setting range of AP/AL the value calculated from the above expression (reduced) of relations.)

Example of the real setting is shown below.

(a) For ball screw

When the ball screw pitch is 20[mm], the servomotor is HF-KP (262144[PLS/rev]) and direct connection (No reduction gear) is set.

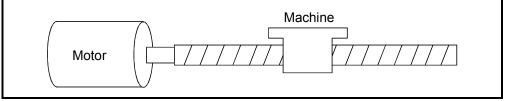


Fig. 4.2 For ball screw

First, find how many millimeters the load (machine) will travel (AL) when the servomotor runs for one rotation (AP).

AP (Number of pulses per motor rotation) = 262144[PLS] AL (Travel value of machine per rotation)

> = Ball screw pitch × Reduction ratio = 20[mm]

Substitute this for the above expression (1).

$$\frac{AP}{AL} = \frac{262144[PLS]}{20[mm]}$$

Although it becomes above, when a control unit is set to [mm] unit, the minimum unit of the command value in a program is 0.1[µm] and converted from 20[mm] (20.0000[mm]) to 20000.0[µm].

$$\frac{AP}{AL} = \frac{262144[PLS]}{20000.0[\,\mu\text{m}]}$$

The travel value per motor rotation in this example is 0.000076[mm]. For example, when ordering the travel value of 19[mm], it becomes 249036.8[PLS] and the fraction of 0.8[PLS]. At this time, the Motion CPU orders the travel value of 249036[PLS] to the servomotor and the fraction is memorized in the Motion CPU. Positioning is performed by seasoning the travel value with this fraction at the next positioning.

4.2.2 Backlash compensation amount

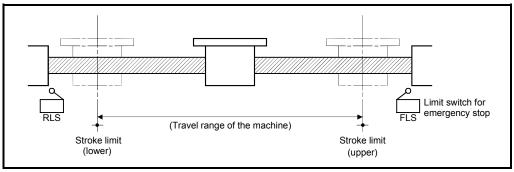
 Backlash compensation amount can be set within the following range. (Refer to Section "7.2 Backlash Compensation Function" for details.)

```
0 \leq \frac{\text{Backlash compensation amount} \times \text{Number of pulses per rotation (AP)}}{\text{Travel value per rotation (AL)}} (=A) \leq 65535[\text{PLS}]
```

(2) The servo error may occur depending on the type of the servo amplifier (servomotor) or operation cycle even if the backlash compensation amount which fulfill the above condition.
Set the backlash compensation amount within the following range in order for

Set the backlash compensation amount within the following range in order for servo error may not occur.

4.2.3 Upper/lower stroke limit value



The upper/lower limit value for the travel range of the mechanical system is set.

Fig. 4.3 Travel range at the upper/lower stroke limit value setting

(1) Stroke limit range check

The stroke limit range is checked at the following start or during operation.

Operation start	Check	Remarks
 Position follow-up control Constant-speed control Speed switching control Positioning control Fixed-pitch feed control 	Check	 It is checked whether the feed current value is within the stroke limit range or not at the positioning start. If it outside the range, an error occurs (error code: 106) and positioning is not executed. If the interpolation path exceeds the stroke limit range during circular interpolation start, an error occurs (error codes: 207, 208) and deceleration stop is executed. If the current value exceeds the stroke limit range, deceleration stop is executed.
 Speed control (I) Speed control (II) 	Not check	• The current value becomes "0", and operation continues until the external limit signal (FLS, RLS, STOP) is received.
 Speed/position switching control (including restart) 		• It is checked after the switch to position control.
JOG operation	Check	• When the current value is executed a deceleration stop from current command speed, if the current value exceeds the stroke limit range, a deceleration stop is made before a stroke limit. (Error code: 207) Travel to the direction that returns the axis into the stroke range is possible.
Manual pulse generator operation		 If the current value exceeds the stroke limit range, it stops at stroke limit. (Error code: 207) In this case, a deceleration stop is not made. Travel to the direction that returns the axis into the stroke range is possible.

POINTS

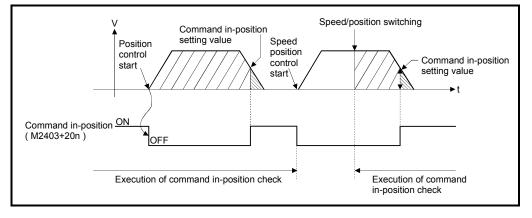
(1) Besides setting the upper/lower stroke limit value in the fixed parameters, the stroke limit range can also be set by using the external limit signals (FLS, RLS).

(2) When the external limit signal turns off, a deceleration stop is executed."Deceleration time" and "Rapid stop deceleration time" can be used in the parameter block for deceleration stop time.

4.2.4 Command in-position range

The command in-position is the difference between the positioning address (command position) and feed current value.

Once the value for the command in-position has been set, the command in-position signal (M2403+20n) turns on when the difference between the command position and the feed current value enters the set range [(command position - feed current value) \leq (command in-position range)].

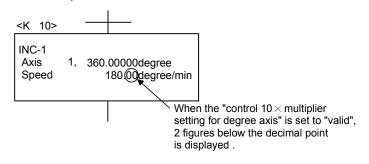


The command in-position range check is executed continuously during position control.

4.2.5 Speed control 10×multiplier setting for degree axis

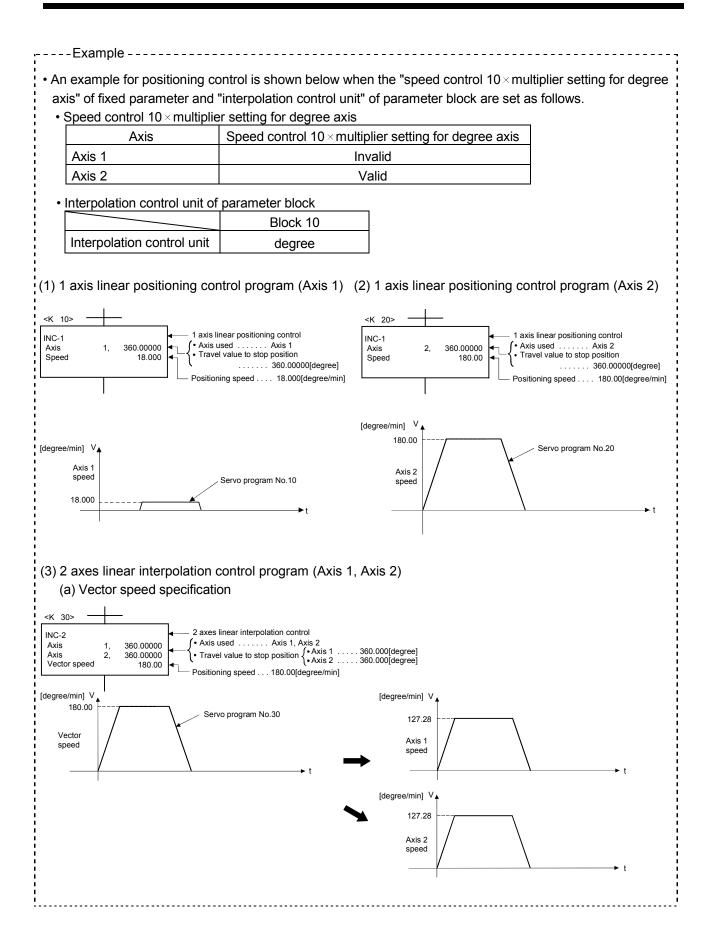
The setting range of command speed is 0.001 to 2147483.647[degree/min] normally in the axis of control unit [degree]. However, when the "speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" in the fixed parameter the speed setting range increases $10 \times$ multiplier "0.01 to 21474836.47[degree/min]".

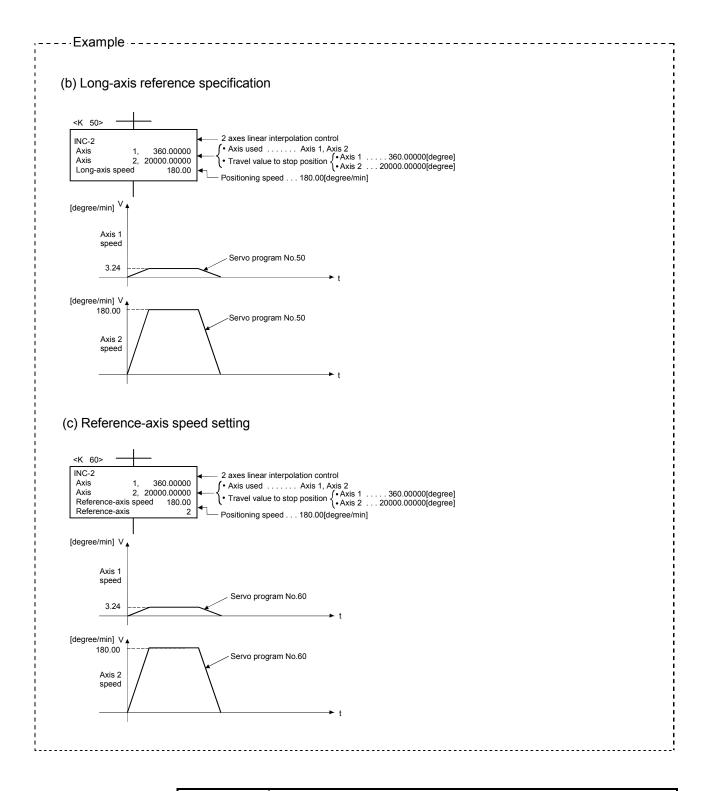
- (1) When the "speed control 10× multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid", the positioning control is executed by the speed increased 10× multiplier command speed set in the servo program or servo parameter, and speed limit value.
- (2) In the interpolation control for the axis of "control unit [degree] and [except degree]", if the interpolation control unit of parameter block is set as [degree]," the positioning control is executed by the speed increased 10×multiplier command speed and speed limit value.
- (3) When the "speed control 10 × multiplier setting for degree axis" is set as "valid", 2 figures below the decimal point of ***.** [degree/min] is displayed on the screen of MT Developer.



- (4) Speed setting range in the interpolation operation is shown below.
 - (a) Vector speed specification/Long-axis speed specification If the "speed control 10×multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" even by one axis among interpolation axes, the speed setting range is "0.01 to 21474836.47[degree/min] ".
 - (b) Reference-axis speed specification If the "speed control 10 × multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" in the specified reference axis, the speed setting range is "0.01 to 21474836.47[degree/min] ".

4 PARAMETERS FOR POSITIONING CONTROL





POINTS

When a speed change is executed by the Motion dedicated PLC instruction (D(P).CHGV) or servo program (CHGV instruction) after setting the "speed control $10 \times$ multiplier setting for degree axis is valid", the positioning control is executed by the speed increased $10 \times$ multiplier setting value.

4.3 Parameter Block

- (1) The parameter blocks serve to make setting changes easy by allowing data such as the acceleration/deceleration control to be set for each positioning processing.
- (2) A maximum 64 blocks can be set as parameter blocks.
- (3) Parameter blocks can be set using MT Developer.
- (4) Parameter block to be set are shown in Table 4.2.

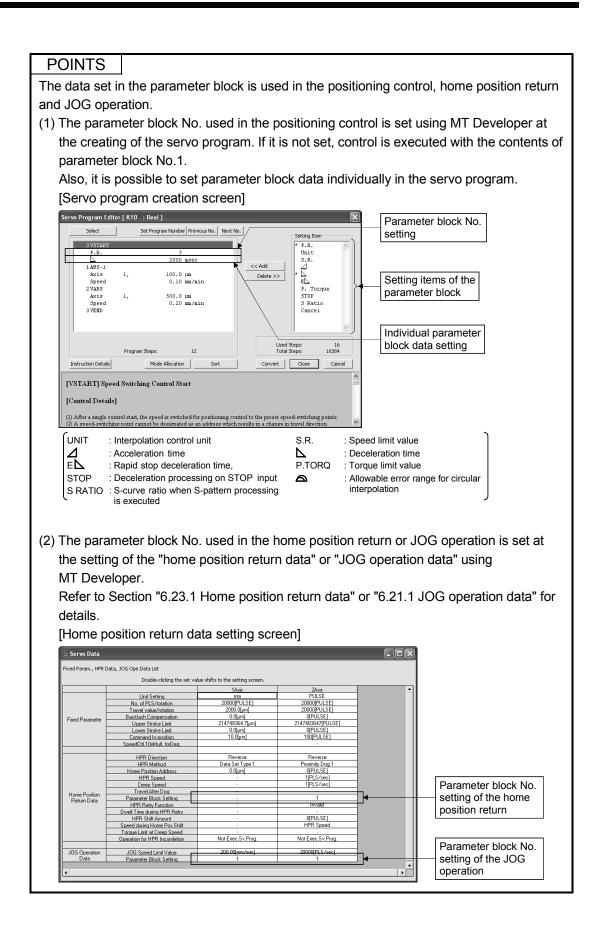
					Setti	ng range				Initial			
No.	Item	mm	1	inch		degre		PLS		value	Units	Remarks	Section
		Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Taluo			
1	Interpolation control unit	0	_	1		2	-	3	_	3	-	 Set the units for compensation control. It can be also used as the units for the command speed and allowable error range for circular interpolation set in the servo program. 	6.1.4
2	Speed limit value	0.01 to 6000000.00	mm/ min	0.001 to 600000.000	inch/ min	0.001 to 2147483.647 (Note-1)	degree/ min	1 to 2147483647	PLS/s	200000	PLS/s	 Set the maximum speed for positioning/home position return. If the positioning speed or home position return speed setting exceeds the speed limit value, control is executed at the speed limit value. 	
3	Acceleration time				1 to 6	65535[ms]				1000	ms	 Set the time taken to reach the speed limit value from the start of motion. 	4.3.1
4	Deceleration time				1 to 6	65535[ms]				1000	ms	 Set the time taken to stop from the speed limit value. 	
5	Rapid stop deceleration time				1 to 6	65535[ms]				1000	ms	 Set the time taken to stop from the speed limit value when a rapid stop is executed. 	
6	S-curve ratio				0 to	0 100[%]				0	%	 Set the S-curve ratio for S-pattern processing. When the S-curve ratio is 0[%], trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing is executed. 	4.3.2
7	Torque limit value				1 to	1000[%]				300	%	 Set the torque limit value in the servo program. 	_
8	Deceleration processing on STOP input			on stop is execu on stop is execu						0	_	 Set the deceleration processing when external signals (STOP, FLS, RLS) are input. 	_
9	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	0 to 10000.0	μm	0 to 1.00000	inch	0 to 1.00000	degree	0 to 100000	PLS	100	PLS	 Set the permissible range for the locus of the arc and the set end point coordinates. 	4.3.3

Table 4.2 Parameter Block Setting List

(Note-1): When the "speed control 10×multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid", the setting range is 0.01 to 21474836.47[degree/min]. However, setting range of 0.001 to 2147483.647[degree/min] is displayed in the parameter block setting screen of programming software.

POINTS

- (1) Parameter blocks are specified in the home position return data, JOG operation data or servo program.
- (2) The various parameter block data can be changed using the servo program. (Refer to Section 5.3.)

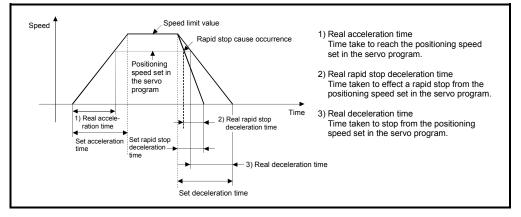


4.3.1 Relationships between the speed limit value, acceleration time, deceleration time and rapid stop deceleration time

The speed limit value is the maximum speed at the positioning/home position return. The acceleration time is the time taken to reach the set speed limit value from the start of positioning.

The deceleration time and rapid stop deceleration time are the time taken to effect a stop from the set speed limit value.

Accordingly, the actual acceleration time, deceleration time, and rapid stop deceleration time are faster, because the positioning speed is faster than the speed limit value.



4.3.2 S-curve ratio

S-curve ratio can be set as the acceleration and deceleration processing method for Spattern processing.

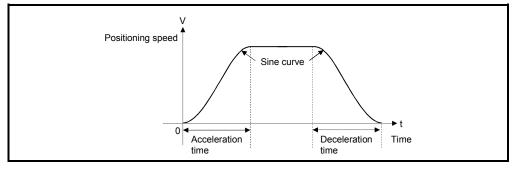
(Refer to Section 6.1.7 for details of S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing.) Setting range of the S-curve ratio is 0 to 100[%].

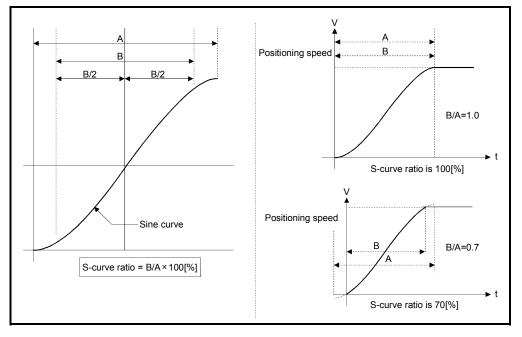
If it is set outside the range, an error occurs at the start and control is executed with the S-curve ratio set as 100[%].

Errors are set in the error item information (SD517).

Setting of the S-curve ratio enables acceleration/deceleration processing to be executed gently.

The graph for S-pattern processing is a sine curve as shown below.





As shown below, the S-curve ratio setting serves to select the part of the sine curve to be used as the acceleration/deceleration curve.

4.3.3 Allowable error range for circular interpolation

The locus of the arc calculated from the start point address and central point address may not coincide with the set end point address for the central-specified control. The allowable error range for circular interpolation sets the allowable range for the error between the locus of the arc determined by calculation and the end point address. If the error is within the allowable range, circular interpolation to the set end point address is executed while also executing error compensation by means of spiral interpolation.

If it exceeds the setting range, an error occurs at the start and positioning does not start. Such an error are set the applicable axis or minor error code area.

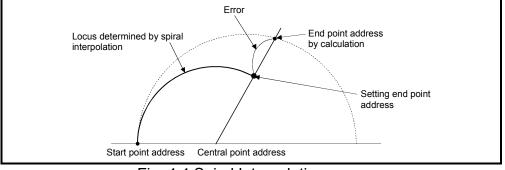


Fig. 4.4 Spiral Interpolation

5. SERVO PROGRAMS FOR POSITIONING CONTROL

Servo programs specify the type of the positioning data required to execute the positioning control in the Multiple CPU system.

This chapter describes the configuration and setting method of the servo programs. Refer to Chapter "6 POSITIONING CONTROL" for details of the servo program.

5.1 Servo Program Composition Area

This section is described the composition of servo programs and the area in which stores the servo program.

5.1.1 Servo program composition

A servo program is composed a program No., servo instructions and positioning data. When a program No. and the required servo instructions are specified using MT Developer, the positioning data required to execute the specified servo instructions can be set.

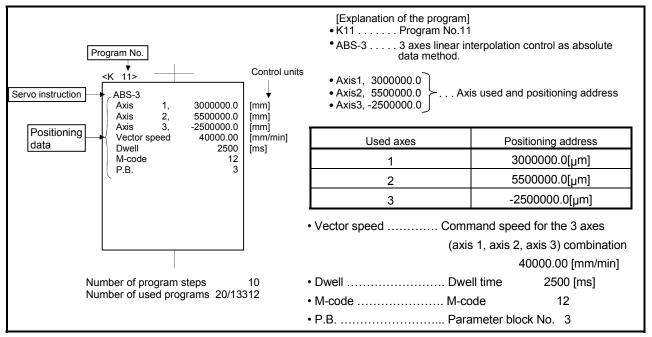


Fig. 5.1 Composition example of servo program

- (1) Program No. This No. is specified using the Motion SFC program. Any No. in the range of 0 to 4095 can be set.
- (2) Servo instruction Type of positioning control is indicated. Refer to Section 5.2 for details.

(3) Positioning data This is the data required to execute servo instructions. The data required to execute is fixed for each servo

instruction. Refer to Section 5.3 for details.

The follows applies for the servo program shown in Figure 5.1:

 Axis used and positioning address

Data which must be set in order to execute the servo instruction.

Command speedDwell time

Data which will be set to default values for control if not set.

• M-code • P.B.

Control is executed using the data

(parameter block) \int of parameter block 3 (P.B.3).

5.1.2 Servo program area

(1) Servo program area

This area is an internal memory of the Multiple CPU system which store the servo program created using MT Developer. This area is an internal RAM.

(2) Servo program capacity

The servo program area has a capacity of 14334 steps.

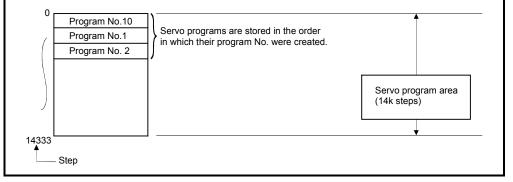


Fig. 5.2 Servo program area

POINT

If the servo program area has insufficient capacity, execute the multiple positioning control operations with one program by indirect setting of the positioning data used in the servo program. (Refer to Section 5.4.2 for details of indirect setting.)

5.2 Servo Instructions

The servo instructions used in the servo programs are shown below. Refer to Chapter 6 for details of the servo instruction.

Refer to Chapter 7 of the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion Controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)" for details of the current value change control (CHGA, CHGA-E, CHGA-C).

(1) Guide to servo instruction list

						3) ↑					4) ≜				5) †						6 1)								7 ∱)				8) ♠
																	sitior	ning	data	a						_									
					Co	omn						elica	-		sc	- 4		_			nete	r bl	ock		-	-	-			Oth	-	_			
Positioning control	Instruct symbol		Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency Deference avia No	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at sho imut	Allowable error range for circular internolation	S-curve ratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration time	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
		Virtual enable	C	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	0			_ <) –	- 0	0	0	0	-	·	0	С	С	C		0	0	0	0	—	—	
		Number of step	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	-			-		2	-	2	-	1	
		Number of indirect wo	ds 1	-	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2 1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	*2 1/ 1(E		- 2	*2 1(B	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B	1	*2 1(B)	
axis	ABS-	-1 Absolute 1-axis positioning		. 0	0	0	Δ	Δ																											4 to 17
-	INC-1	Incremental 1-axis position	ng 🛆	0	0	0		Δ												Δ															
axes	ABS-	2 Absolute 2-axes linear														0		. 🛆	Δ																
ø											-	_	_						-			\vdash													
			八																																
		ľ)																ž	2)																
Num	nber													D	esc	cript	tion																		
1	<u>,</u>	Instruction symbol	Giv	es	the	se	rvo	ins	stru	ucti	ons	s us	sat	ole ii	n s	erv	o pr	og	ram	ıs.															
	· F	Processing							-					the					ction	ns.															
	((a) Indicates positio	-																																
		1) ○: Item whic					•																						<i>,</i>		- 4 -	、			
		2) △: Item whice													/111 0	be (con	Inol	iea	by	th	e o	era	ault	Va	liue	eu	nie	SS	t se	ets.)			
	((b) Allows direct or in1) Direct design				-).)																					
		 2) Indirect design 											5.																						
2)	Servo prog											ng	the	pr	ese	t wo	ord	de	vic	e c	on	ter	its.											
	·	 Each settir 											-																						
		 For 2 word 	data	a, s	et t	he	sta	rt c	lev	ice	No)																							
	((c) Number of steps																																	
		As there are more		-		ns,	the	ere	are	e m	nore	e nu	Jm	ber	of i	inst	ruct	ion	ste	eps	. (1	⁻ he	nι	Imt	ber	of	ste	eps	is d	disp	olay	ed	wł	nen	а
		servo program is o																																	
		(The instruction +							e n	nini	mι	im s	ste	ps,	and	d or	ie /	Δ it	em	ine	cre	ase	es t	he	nu	mt	ber	of	ste	os t	зу ́	1.)			
3		Items common to the																																	
4	<i>,</i>	Items set in circular i						ting	g se	ervo	o p	rog	rai	ms																					
-)	Items set for high-spe						- l : - !	(1 -	f.a.:	14 -	- l::		- al-		.	- t `	al c. t			- 1 ¹							4 -							
5			e pa	arar	net	ert	200	ск (ue	iau	it V	aiue	e v	vrier	i no	UL S	et) (Jat	a se	et l	n tr	ie	ser	vÖ	pro	gra	am	ι0	cor	itro	Ι.				
5 6)	Set when changing th (The parameter block	•		re n	ot	cha	ng	ed.	.)																									
) ((The parameter block Setting items other th	dat	a a							an	id p	ara	ame	eter	r blo	ock	iter	ns	(Ite	ems	s to	b be	e se	et ۱	/ar	y w	/ith	the	e se	ervo	o ir	str	ucti	ion.)

Table. 5.1 Guide to Servo Instruction List

(2) Servo instruction list

The servo instructions that can be used in servo programs and the positioning data set in the servo instruction are shown in Table 5.2. Refer to Section 5.3 for details of the positioning data set in the servo instructions.

									Posi	tioning	data	-				
							C	Commo	n				Arc/H	lelical		
Positioning control		Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M -code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	
				Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
				Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
				Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	
	axis	ABS-1	Absolute 1-axis	positioning		0	0	0	Δ	Δ						
	1 1	INC-1	Incremental 1-a	xis positioning		0	0	0								
control	axes	ABS-2	Absolute 2-axes	s linear interpolation		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup							
olation	2 a	INC-2	Incremental 2-s	xes linear interpolation	\triangle	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup						
Linear interpolation control	axes	ABS-3	Absolute 3-axes	s linear interpolation		0	0	0							<u> </u>	
Linear	38	INC-3	Incremental 3-a	xes linear interpolation		0	0	0							<u> </u>	
	axes	ABS-4	Absolute 4-axes	s linear interpolation		0	0	0							<u> </u>	
	4 8	INC-4	Incremental 4-a	xes linear interpolation		0	0	0							<u> </u>	
	Auxiliary point- specified	ABS	Absolute auxilia interpolation	ry point-specified circular		0	0	0				0				
	Aux pods		interpolation	kiliary point-specified circular		0	0	0				0				
<u>_</u>		ABS		-specified circular s than CW 180°		0	0	0					0		L	
Circular interpolation control		ABS	interpolation CV			0	0	0					0			
oolatior	eq	ABS	interpolation les	-specified circular s than CCW 180°		0	0	0	Δ	Δ			0			
ar interp	specifi	ABS	interpolation CC	-specified circular CW 180° or more		0	0	0	Δ				0			
Circula	Radius-specified		interpolation les	lius-specified circular s than CW 180°		0	0	0					0			
	Ľ		interpolation CV			0	0	0					0			
			interpolation les	lius-specified circular s than CCW 180°		0	0	0	Δ	Δ			0			
				lius-specified circular CW 180° or more	\triangle	0	0	0	\triangle	\triangle			0			

										I	Positior	ning dat	ta										
-		OSC		*1				Para	ameter	block			-					Others		-		-	
	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	Reference axis No.	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
	Ι			0	-	0	0	0	0		—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	
	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	
	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	*2 1/ 1(B)	_	2	*2 1(B)	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	
						\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						
								\triangle	\triangle								Δ						4 to 17
·				0	Δ	Δ	Δ	\triangle	Δ	Δ			Δ				Δ						
ľ				0	Δ	Δ	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ			\bigtriangleup				\triangle						5 to 20
				0	Δ	Δ	\triangle	Δ	\triangle	Δ			\bigtriangleup				Δ						7 to 21
				0	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						7 10 2 1
				0	Δ	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						8 to 22
				0	Δ	Δ	\triangle	Δ	\triangle	Δ			\bigtriangleup				\triangle						01022
					Δ	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				\triangle						7 to 22
_					Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	Δ	\bigtriangleup	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				\triangle						1 10 22
					Δ	Δ		Δ	\bigtriangleup	Δ			\bigtriangleup				Δ						
						\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				\triangle						
					Δ	Δ		Δ	\bigtriangleup	Δ		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				Δ						
					Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ		Δ				\triangle						6 to 21
						Δ	Δ	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ			Δ				\triangle						
					Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ			Δ				Δ						
						Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ			Δ				Δ						
					\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						

 $\bigcirc: \text{Must be set.} \quad \bigtriangleup: \text{Set if required.}$

*1 : Only reference axis speed specification.
*2 : (B) indicates a bit device.

									Posi	tioning	data					
							(Commo	n	1	1		1	lelical		
Positioning control		Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	
				Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	0	
				Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
				Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	
tion	cified	ABS 🔍	Absolute centra interpolation CV	l point-specified circular V		0	0	0						0		
ır interpola control	nt-spec	ABS 🖼	Absolute centra interpolation CC	l point-specified circular W	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				0		
Circular interpolation control	Central point-specified		Incremental cer interpolation CV	tral point-specified circular V	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				0		
Circ	Cent		Incremental cer interpolation CC	tral point-specified circular W		0	0	0						0		
	Auxiliary point- specified	ABH	Absolute auxilia interpolation	ry point- specified helical	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		0			0	
	Auxi poi spec		Incremental aux interpolation	iliary point- specified helical	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		0			0	
		ABH	Absolute radius interpolation les	-specified helical s than CW 180°		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			0		0	
		ABH	Absolute radius interpolation CV	-specified helical V 180° or more	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			0		0	
_	þ	ABH		-specified helical s than CCW 180°	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			0		0	
contro	specifie	ABH		-specified helical W 180° or more	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			0		0	
Helical interpolation control	Radius-specified			ius-specified helical s than CW 180°	Δ	0	0	0	Δ	Δ			0		0	
interpo	Ä		Incremental rad interpolation CV	ius-specified helical V 180° or more	Δ	0	0	0	Δ	Δ			0		0	
Helical				ius-specified helical s than CCW 180°	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			0		0	
				ius-specified helical W 180° or more		0	0	0					0		0	
	ified	ABH	Absolute centra interpolation CV	l point-specified helical V	Δ	0	0	0						0	0	
	It-spec	ABH	Absolute centra interpolation CC	l point-specified helical W	Δ	0	0	0						0	0	
	Central point-specified	INH 🔿	Incremental cer interpolation CV	tral point-specified helical V	Δ	0	0	0						0	0	
	Cent		Incremental cer interpolation CC	tral point-specified helical W	Δ	0	0	0	Δ	Δ				0	0	

Table 5.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

										Positior	ning dat	а										
	OSC		*1				Para	ameter	block					1	1		Others					
Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	Reference axis No.	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
—	_	_	0	—	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	_	
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	
2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	*2 1/ 1(B)	—	2	*2 1(B)	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	
				Δ			Δ	\triangle	Δ		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				Δ						
				\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						7 to 22
				\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						1 10 22
				Δ	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				Δ						
				\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				\triangle						10 to 27
				Δ		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle			\bigtriangleup				Δ						10 10 27
				\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	Δ			\bigtriangleup				Δ						
				\triangle	\triangle		Δ	\triangle	Δ			\bigtriangleup				Δ						
				Δ	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ	Δ	Δ			\bigtriangleup				Δ						
				Δ			\bigtriangleup	\triangle	Δ			\bigtriangleup				Δ						9 to 26
				Δ	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ	Δ	Δ	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				Δ						31020
				Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				Δ						
				Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						
				Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				Δ						
				Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	\triangle	Δ	Δ		Δ				Δ						
				\triangle	Δ	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle			\bigtriangleup				Δ						10 to 27
				Δ	Δ	Δ	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	Δ		\triangle				Δ						
				\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ		Δ				\triangle						

									Posi	tioning	data					
						1	C	Commo	n	1	1		Arc/H	lelical		
Positioning control		Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	
				Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0		_	\sim	\sim	\sim		
				Number of steps	1	0 1	1	1	0 1	0 1	1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0	
				Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	
feed	1 axis	FEED-1	1-axis fixed-pitc	h feed start	Δ	0	0	0	Δ	\triangle						
Fixed-pitch feed	2 axes	FEED-2	2-axes linear in fixed-pitch feed	erpolation start	Δ	0	0	0	Δ							
Fixe	3 axes	FEED-3	3-axes linear in fixed-pitch feed		Δ	0	0	0	Δ	Δ						
ied ol (I)	Forward	VF	Speed control (rotation start	I) forward	Δ	0		0		Δ						
Speed control (I)	Reverse rotation	VR	Speed control (rotation start	I) reverse		0		0								
Speed control (II)	Forward rotation	VVF	Speed control (rotation start	I) forward	Δ	0		0		Δ	Δ					
Sp cont	Reverse rotation	VVR	Speed control (rotation start	I) reverse	Δ	0		0		Δ	Δ					
sition	e Forward rotation	VPF	Speed-position forward rotation	control start		0	0	0								
Speed-position control	Reverse	VPR	Speed-position reverse rotation			0	0	0								
Spe	Restart	VPSTART	Speed-position	control restart		0										
		VSTART	Speed-switchin	g control start	Δ											
		VEND	Speed-switchin	g control end												
~		ABS-1	Speed-switchin	a control end		0	0	0								
g contro		ABS-2	point address	goontorona		0	0	0								
Speed-switching control		ABS-3				0	0	0								
peed-su		INC-1		to speed-switching		0	0	0								
S		INC-3	control end poir	It		0	0	0								
		VABS	Speed-switchin absolute specifi	g point cation			0	0								
		VINC	Speed-switchin incremental spe	g point			0	0								

Table 5.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

			T						F	Positior	ning dat	a										
	OSC		*1					ameter							1		Others					
Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	Reference axis No.	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	NO-LIVM	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
—	_	—	0	_	0	0	0	0	—	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	—	
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	
2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	*2 1/ 1(B)	_	2	*2 1(B)	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	
					\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle		\triangle				\bigtriangleup						4 to 17
				\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	Δ			\bigtriangleup				Δ						5 to 19
				Δ	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	Δ		Δ				Δ						7 to 21
					\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ		\triangle				\triangle						3 to 15
					Δ	Δ	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ		\triangle				\bigtriangleup						0.010
					Δ	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	Δ		\triangle				Δ						3 to 16
					Δ	Δ	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	Δ		\triangle				Δ						
					\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle			\triangle				\triangle						4 to 18
					Δ	Δ	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle			Δ				\bigtriangleup						
																Δ						2 to 4
				Δ	\triangle	Δ	Δ	\triangle	Δ	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				Δ						1 to 13
																						1
																Δ						4 to 9
																Δ						5 to 10
																						7 to 12
																						4 to 9 5 to 10
																						7 to 12
																						4 to 6

 $\bigcirc: \mbox{Must be set.} \ \ \bigtriangleup: \mbox{Set if required.} \\ $^1: \mbox{Only reference axis speed specification.} \\ $^2: (B) \mbox{indicates a bit device.}$

								Posi	tioning	data					
					-	C	Commo	n	-	-		Arc/H	lelical		
Positioning control	Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	
			Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	
			Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
			Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	
control fixed on stop Forward rotation	PVF	Speed control v	vith fixed position stop	Δ	0	0	0								
Speed control with fixed position stop Reverse Forward rotation	PVR	absolute specifi			0	0	0								
Position follow-up control	PFSTART	Position follow-	up control start		0	0	0								
	CPSTART1	1-axis constant-	speed control start	\triangle	0		0								
	CPSTART2	2-axes constant	t-speed control start	Δ	0		0								
	CPSTART3	3-axes constant	t-speed control start	\triangle	0		0								
	CPSTART4	4-axes constant	t-speed control start	\triangle	0		0								
	ABS-1	-			0	0			Δ	Δ					
	ABS-2	-			0	0			\triangle	\triangle					
	ABS-3	-			0	0			Δ	Δ					
	ABS-4	-			0	0			Δ	Δ					
ō	ABS	Constant anos	l control possing point		0	0			Δ	Δ	0				
Constant-speed control	ABS	absolute specifi	l control passing point cation		0	0				Δ		0			
speed	ABS	-			0	0			Δ	Δ		0			
stant-«	ABS	-			0	0			\triangle	\triangle		0			
Cont		-			0	0						0			
	ABS	-			0	0			\triangle	\triangle			0		
					0	0			△ .	△ .			0	6	
		-			0	0					0			0	
		-			0	0						0		0	
			I control passing point		0	0						0		0	
		helical absolute	specification		0	0						0		0	
	ABH	-			0	0							0	0	
	ABH	-			0	0							0	0	
L					0						L	L	\cup	0	

Table 5.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

			1	1						Positior	ning da	ta	1									
	OSC		*1		1	1	Para	ameter	block	1	1				1		Others					
Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	Reference axis No.	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
_	_	_	0	_	0	0	0	0	_	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	-	
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	
2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	*2 1/ 1(B)		2	*2 1(B)	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	
								\bigtriangleup				Δ				Δ				0	0	6 to 19
								\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup				0	0	01013
								\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						4 to 16
					\triangle	Δ	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle		\triangle				\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				3 to 15
				\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				3 to 17
							\triangle	\triangle										\triangle				4 to17
															\bigtriangleup		\triangle		\triangle			2 to 10
															\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			3 to 11
															\bigtriangleup		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			4 to 12
															\triangle		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			5 to 13
															\bigtriangleup		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			5 to 14
															\triangle		Δ		\triangle			
															\triangle		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			4 to 13
															\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			
															\triangle		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			
															\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			5 to 14
															\triangle		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			
															Δ		Δ		Δ			9 to 14
															\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			
															\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			8 to 13
															\bigtriangleup		Δ		Δ			
															\bigtriangleup		\triangle		\triangle			
															\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\triangle			9 to 14
															\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			

 \bigcirc : Must be set. $\ \bigtriangleup$: Set if required.

*1 : Only reference axis speed specification. *2 : (B) indicates a bit device.

								Posi	tioning	data					
						C	Commo	n				Arc/H	lelical		l
Positioning control	Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	
			Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	0	0	0	l
			Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			Number of indirect words	1	-	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	l
	INC-1				0	0			\triangle	\triangle					
	INC-2				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup					l I
	INC-3				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup					l
	INC-4				0	0			\triangle	Δ					l I
	INC In				0	0			\triangle	\triangle	0				l I
		Constant-speed incremental spe	l control passing point		0	0			\triangle	\triangle		0			l I
					0	0						0			l I
itrol					0	0				\triangle		0			l I
Constant-speed control		-			0	0						0			l I
t-spee					0	0							0		l I
nstan					0	0			\triangle	\triangle			0		l
රි		-			0	0			Δ	Δ	0			0	l I
					0	0						0		0	l
					0	0						0		0	l .
			l control passing point ntal specification		0	0						0		0	l .
					0	0						0		0	l .
					0	0			\triangle	\triangle			0	0	l .
					0	0							0	0	l .
	CPEND	Constant-speed	control end					\bigtriangleup							

Table 5.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

Image: constraint of the second sec				-						ŀ	Positior	ning dat	ta										
I I		OSC		*1										Others		1							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	Reference axis No.	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	—	_	—	0	—		0	0	0	—	_	0	0	0	0	-	0		0	0	_	-	
I I														*2 1/	1		*2	*2				*2	
1 1																Δ		Δ		\triangle			2 to 10
Image: start star																Δ		Δ		Δ			3 to 11
Image: Second																Δ		Δ		\triangle			4 to 12
Image: Constraint of the constraint																Δ		Δ		Δ			5 to 13
Image: Second																		\bigtriangleup		Δ			5 to 14
Image: Second																\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			
Image:																Δ		Δ		Δ			
Image: Start star																		\bigtriangleup		\triangle			4 to 13
Image: Second																Δ		\triangle		\triangle			
I I																Δ		Δ		Δ			
Image: Constraint of the constraint																		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			5 to 14
Image: Second																Δ		Δ		Δ			9 to 14
Image: Second																Δ		Δ		Δ			
Image: Second																		\triangle		Δ			
Image: Second																							8 to 13
Image: Sector of the secto																							
9 to 14													<u> </u>										
																							9 to 14
																							1 to 2

 $\bigcirc: {\sf Must be set.} \quad \bigtriangleup: {\sf Set if required.} \\ {}^*1: {\sf Only reference axis speed specification.} \\ {}^*2: ({\sf B}) {\sf indicates a bit device.} \\ \end{cases}$

								Posi	tioning	data					
						C	Commo	n	-			Arc/H	elical	-	
Positioning control	Instruction symbol		Processing			Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	
			Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
			Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
			Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	
ㅋ 눈 ⌒	FOR-TIMES														
on of ontrol speed ing nnstan	FOR-ON	Repeat range s	tart setting												
Repetition of same control (used in speed switching control, constant- speed control)	FOR-OFF	-													
Re sa (usi conti	NEXT	Repeat range e	nd setting												
Simultaneous start	START	Simultaneous si	tart												
Home position return	ZERO	Home position r	return start		0										
High speed oscillation	OSC	High-speed osc	illation	Δ	0				Δ						
alue	CHGA		Servomotor/Virtual Servomotor Shaft Current Value Change		0	0									
Current Value change	CHGA-E	Encoder current	Encoder current value change		0	0									
Ğ	CHGA-C	CAM shaft curr	ent value change		0	0									

Table 5.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

										Positior	ning dat	a										
	OSC		*1				Para	ameter	block								Others					
Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	Reference axis No.	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration time	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
-	_	—	0	—	0	0	0	0	-	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	-	
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	
2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	*2 1/ 1(B)	_	2	*2 1(B)	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	1	*2 1(B)	
													0									
													0									2
													0									
																						3
														0								2 to 3
																						2
0	0	0														\bigtriangleup						5 to 10
																						3

 $\bigcirc: \text{Must be set.} \quad \bigtriangleup: \text{Set if required.}$

*1 : Only reference axis speed specification.
*2 : (B) indicates a bit device.

5.3 Positioning Data

The positioning data set in the servo programs is shown in Table 5.3.

Table 5.3 Positioning data

						Setting	g value using MT	Developer					
		Name		Explanation	Default		Setting	g range					
		Name		Lxpianation	value	mm	inch	degree	PLS				
	Pa No	rameter block	deceler	ed on which parameter block ration processing at the acceleration/ ration processing and STOP input.	1		1 to	0 64					
	Axi	S	 It becore 	starting axis. mes the interpolation starting axis No. nterpolation.	_		1 to	32					
		Absolute data method	Address	Set the positioning address as an absolute method with an absolute address.	_	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7 [µm]	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647	0 to 359.99999	-2147483648 to 2147483647				
	Ine			Set the positioning address as an		Expect for the speed/position switching control							
	l value			incremental data method with a travel			0 to ±214	17483647					
	avel			value. Travel direction is indicated by			Speed/position	switching control					
Common Settings	lincremental data method		Travel value	the sign. Only positive settings can be made at the speed/position control. Positive : Forward rotation (address increase direction) Negative: Reverse rotation (address decrease direction)	_	0 to 214748364.7 [μm]	0 to 21474.83647	0 to 21474.83647	0 to 2147483647				
Commor	Co	mmand speed	 Units for the par It become referent 	e positioning speed. or speed are the "control units" set in ameter block. nes the vector speed/long-axis ce speed/reference axis speed at the lation starting. (PTP control only)	_	0.01 to 6000000.00 [mm/min]	0.001 to 600000.000 [inch/min]	0.001 to 2147483.647 [degree/min] (Note-5)	1 to 2147483647 [PLS/s]				
	Dwell time		comple	time until outputs the positioning te signal (M2401+20n) after ning to positioning address.	0[ms]		0 to 50	000[ms]					
	M-code		Set for control	M-code. each point at the speed-switching and constant-speed control. d it at the start or specified point.	0		0 to 3	32767					
	Torque limit value		Set the torque limit value. The torque limit is performed based on the parameter block data at the start. The speed-				1 to 10	000[%]					

Setting value	using the Motion	SFC program (In	direct setting)	Indire	ct setting	Processing	g at the setting erro	r
mm	Setting	range degree	PLS	Possible/ not possible	Number of used words	Error item information (Stored in SD517) (Note-4)	Control using default value	Not start
	1 tc	0 64		0	1	1	0	
	-	_		×	_	_		
 -2147483648 to 2147483647 $(\times 10^{-1} [\mu m])$	-2147483648 to 214748647 (×10 ⁻⁵ [inch])	0 to 35999999 (×10 ⁻⁵ [degree])				n03 ^(Note-1)		
Excer	0 to ±21	osition switching c 4783647 switching control	control					0
 0 to 2147483647 (× 10⁻¹[µm])		0 to 2147483647 (× 10 ⁻⁵ [degree])	0 to 2147483647	0	2	_		
1 to 60000000 (× 10 ⁻² [mm/min])	1 to 60000000 (×10 ³ [inch/min])	1 to 2147483647 (×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]) (Note-5)	1 to 2147483647 [PLS/s]	0	2	4	O (Note-2)	_ (Note-3)
	0 to 50	00[ms]		0	1	5	0	
	0 to 3	32767		0	1	6	0	
	000[%]		0	1	7	0		

(Note-1): The "n" in n03, n08, n09 and n10, indicates the axis No. (1 to 32).

(Note-2): When an error occurs because the speed limit value is exceeded, it is controlled at the speed limit value.

(Note-3): Applies when the command speed is "0".

(Note-4): If there are multiple errors in the same program, the latest error item information is stored.

(Note-5): When the "speed control 10 × multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid", the setting range is 0.01 to 21474836.47 [degree/min].

					Settin	ig value using MT	Developer		
	Name	Explanation	Default		Settin	g range			
		anc	Explanation	value	mm	inch	degree	PLS	
	Auxiliary point	Absolute data method	 Set at the auxiliary point-specified circular interpolation. 	_	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7 [µm]	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647	0 to 359.99999	-2147483648 to 2147483647	
	A	Incremental data method				0 to ±21	47483647		
rpolation	Radius	Absolute data method	 Set at the radius-specified circular interpolation. The sitting ranges depending on the 	_	0.1 to 429496729.5 [µm]	0.00001 to 42949.67295	0 to 359.99999	1 to 4294967295	
Circular Interpolation	Rac	Incremental data method	positioning method is shown to the right.		0.1 to 214748364.7 [µm]	0.00001 to 21474.83647	0.00001 to 21474.83647	1 to 2147483647	
ū	Central point	Absolute data method	Set at the central point-specified circular interpolation.	_	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7 [µm]	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647	0 to 359.99999	-2147483648 to 2147483647	
	ο α	Incremental data method				0 to ±21	47483647		
	Numb	er of pitches	 Set at the helical interpolation. 	-		0 to	999		
	Contro	ol unit	 It can be set only items to be changed of the 	3	0	1	2	3	
	Speed	d limit value	specified parameter block data. • Refer to Section 4.3 "Parameter Block" for details of each data.	200000 [PLS/s]	0.01 to 6000000.00 [mm/min]	0.001 to 600000.000 [inch/min]	0.001 to 2147483.647 [degree/min] _(Note-5)	1 to 2147483647 [PLS/s]	
	Accele	eration time		1000[ms]		1 to 65	535[ms]	•	
Š	Decel	eration time		1000[ms]		1 to 65	535[ms]		
r blo	Rapid	stop		1000[ma]		1 to 65	E2E[mo]		
hete	decele	eration time		1000[ms]		1 10 65	535[ms]		
Parameter block	S-curv	ve ratio		0[%]		0 to 7	100[%]		
Ра	Torqu	e limit value		300[%]		1 to 1	000[%]		
		eration ssing on ' input		0		stop based on th stop based on th			
	Allowable error range for circular interpolation		100[PLS]	0 to 10000.0 [µm]	0 to 1.00000	0 to 1.00000	0 to 100000		

Table 5.3 Positioning data (Continued)

Setting value	using the Motion	SFC program (Ind	lirect setting)	Indire	ct setting	Processing	g at the setting erro	r
	Setting	range	r	Possible/	Number of	Error item information	Control using	
 mm	inch	degree	PLS	not possible	used words	(Stored in SD517) (Note-4)	default value	Not start
-2147483648 to 2147483647 $(\times 10^{-1} [\mu m])$	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (\times 10 ⁻⁵ [inch])	0 to 35999999 (× 10 ⁻⁵ [degree])	-2147483648 to 2147483647	0	2×2	n08 ^(Note-1)		
	0 to ±214	7483647						
1 to 4294967295 (× 10⁻¹[µm])	1 to 4294967295 (× 10⁻⁵[inch])	0 to 359999999 (× 10⁻⁵[degree])	1 to 4294967295	0	2	n09 ^(Note-1)		0
1 to 2147483647 (× 10⁻¹[µm])	1 to 2147483647 (× 10⁻⁵[inch])	1 to 2147483647 (× 10⁻⁵[degree])	1 to 2147483647	0	2	109)
-2147483648 to 2147483647 $(\times 10^{-1} [\mu m])$	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (\times 10 ⁻⁵ [inch])	0 to 35999999 (× 10⁻⁵[degree])	-2147483648 to 2147483647	0	2×2	n10 ^(Note-1)		
	0 to ±214	7483647		0				
	0 to	999		0	1	28		
 0	1	2	3	0	1	11		
1 to 60000000 (\times 10 ⁻² [mm/min])	1 to 60000000 (×10 ⁻³ [inch/min])	1 to 2147483647 (×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]) (Note-5)	1 to 2147483647 [PLS/s]	0	2	12		
	1 to 655	535[ms]		0	1	13		
 	1 to 655	535[ms]		0	1	14		
	1 to 655	535[ms]		0	1	15	0	
	0 to 1	00[%]		0	1	21		
	000[%]		0	1	16			
	to a stop in accor	dance with the de dance with the rap		0	1	_		
1 to 100000 (× 10⁻¹[µm])	1 to 100000 (× 10⁻⁵[degree])	1 to 100000 [PLS]	0	2	17			

(Note-1): The "n" in n03, n08, n09 and n10, indicates the axis No. (1 to 32).

(Note-4): If there are multiple errors in the same program, the latest error item information is stored.

(Note-5): When the "speed control 10 \times multiplier setting for degree axis is set to "valid", is 0.01 to 21474836.47 [degree/min].

				Settin	g value using MT	Developer		
	Name	Explanation	Default		Settin	g range		
	Name	Explanation	value	mm	inch	degree	PLS	
	Repeat condition (Number of repetitions)	Set the repeat conditions between FOR- TIMES instruction and NEXT instruction.	_		1 to	32767		
	Repeat condition (ON/OFF)	Set the repeat conditions between FOR- ON/OFF instruction and NEXT instruction.	-		X, Y, M, I	B, F, U⊟\G		
	Program No.	Set the program No. for simultaneous start.	-		0 to	4095		
	Command speed (constant-speed)	Set the speed for points on the way in the servo program.	_	0.01 to 6000000.00 [mm/min]	0.001 to 600000.000 [inch/min]	0.001 to 2147483.647 [degree/min] _(Note-5)	1 to 2147483647 [PLS/s]	
	Cancel	Set to stop execution of a servo program by deceleration stop by turning on the specified bit device in the servo program.	_		X, Y, M, I	B, F, U⊟\G		
Others	Skip	Set to cancel positioning to pass point and execute the positioning to the next point by turning on the specified bit device during positioning at each pass point for constant- speed control instruction.	_		X, Y, M, I	B, F, U⊡\G		
	FIN acceleration/ deceleration	Set to execute positioning to each pass point for constant-speed control instruction by turning on the FIN signal.	_		1 to 5	000[ms]		
	WAIT-ON/OFF	Set to make state of the waiting for execution by constant-speed control and execute the positioning immediately by turning on/off the command bit device.	_		X, Y, M, I	3, F, U⊡\G		
	Fixed position stop acceleration/ deceleration time	Acceleration/deceleration time used in the starting of speed control with fixed position stop, speed change request (CHGV) or fixed position stop command ON.	_		1 to 65	535[ms]		
	Fixed position stop	Command bit device of fixed position stop is set.	_		X, Y, M, I	B, F, U⊡\G		

Setting value	using the Motion	SFC program (Inc	lirect setting)	Indire	ct setting	Processin	g at the setting erro	r
mm	Setting	range degree	PLS	Possible/ not possible	Number of used words	Error item information (Stored in SD517) (Note-4)	Control using default value	Not start
	1 to 3	2767		0	1	18	Control by K1	
	-	_		_	_	_		
	0 to 4	4095		0	1	19		0
1 to 600000000 (×10 ⁻² [mm/min])	1 to 60000000 (×10 ⁻³ [inch/min])	1 to 2147483647 (×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]) (Note-5)	1 to 2147483647 [PLS/s]	0	2	4) (Note-2)	O (Note-3)
	-	_		_	_	_		
	_	_		_	_	_		
	1 to 50	00[ms]		0	1	13	Control by 1000[ms]	
	-	_		_	_	_		
	1 to 655	535[ms]		0	1	13	Control by 1000[ms]	
	-	_		-		_		

(Note-2): When an error occurs because the speed limit value is exceeded, it is controlled at the speed limit value.

(Note-3): Applies when the command speed is "0".

(Note-4): If there are multiple errors in the same program, the latest error item information is stored.

(Note-5): When the "speed control 10 × multiplier setting for degree axis is set to "valid", is 0.01 to 21474836.47 [degree/min].

5.4 Setting Method for Positioning Data

This section describes how to set the positioning data used in the servo program. There are two ways to set positioning data, as follows:

- (1) Setting by specifying numerical values ... Refer to Section 5.4.1
- (2) Indirect setting by devices Refer to Section 5.4.2

"Setting by specifying numerical values" and "indirect setting by word devices" can be used together in one servo program.

5.4.1 Setting method by specifying numerical values

In the setting method by specifying numerical values, each positioning data is set by a numerical value, and it becomes fixed data.

Data can be set and corrected using MT Developer only.

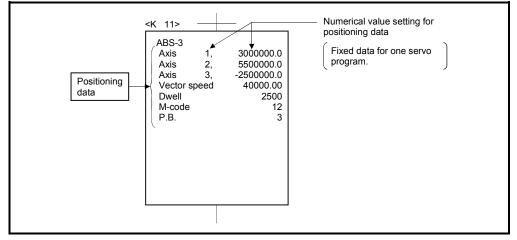


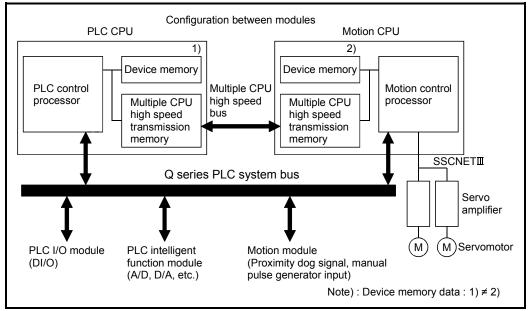
Fig. 5.3 Setting example of positioning data by specifying numerical value

5.4.2 Indirect setting method by devices

In the indirect setting method ^(Note-1) by devices, the device No. is specified to the positioning data specified with the servo program.

By using the contents (data) of specified device using the Motion SFC program (Automatic refresh, etc.), multiple positioning controls can be executed in one servo program.

The device used in the indirect setting is the device of the Motion CPU but the device of the PLC CPU.



The device memory composition of the Motion CPU and PLC CPU is shown below.

(Note-1): Device memory in the Motion CPU.

(1) Word devices for indirect setting data

The devices for indirect setting data are the data registers (D), link registers (W), motion registers (#) and Multiple CPU area device (U \Box \G). Word devices except the above devices cannot be used.

The usable setting range of word devices is shown below.

Word device	Setting range
D	800 to 8191
W	0 to 1FFF
#	0 to 7999
U⊟\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) (Note-1)

(Note-1): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for the each CPU.

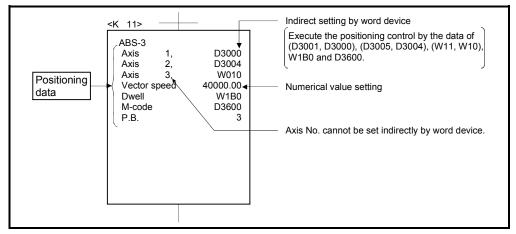


Fig. 5.4 Example of indirect setting by word device for positioning data

(2) Bit devices for indirect setting data

The devices for indirect setting data are the input (X), output (Y), internal relay (M), link relay (B), annunciator (F) and Multiple CPU area device ($U\Box\G$). Bit devices except the above devices cannot be used.

The usable setting range of bit devices is shown below.

Bit device	Setting range
Х	0000 to 1FFF
Y	0000 to 1FFF
М	0 to 8191
В	0000 to 1FFF
F	0 to 2047
U⊟\G	10000.0 to (10000+p-1).F (Note-1)

⁽Note-1): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for the each CPU.

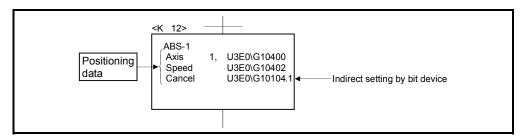


Fig. 5.5 Example of indirect setting by bit device for positioning data

(3) Inputting of positioning data

In indirect setting by word devices, the word device data is inputted when the servo program is executed using the Motion CPU.

It must be executed the start request of the servo program after data is set in the device used for indirect setting at the positioning control.

POINTS

- (1) Indirect setting by word devices of the axis No. cannot be set in the servo program.
- (2) Take an interlock condition by using a start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) not to change the device data for indirect setting until the specified axis has accepted the start command.

If the data is changed before the start command is accepted, positioning may not be controlled in a normal value.

(3) Refer to Chapter 2 of the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area. (4) Program example that uses the Multiple CPU high speed transmission memory

Program example to control by the data transmitted from the PLC CPU to Motion CPU is shown below.

Program that starts the servo program (positioning) by the DP.SVST instruction after the data is written to the Multiple CPU high speed transmission memory (U3E0\G10000 to U3E0\G10003) from the PLC CPU (CPU No.1).

Ladder (PLC CPU side)

M0 Instruction execution command			DMOVP K10000 U3E0\G10000 Servo program K10 position command
	U3E1		DMOVP K10000 U3E0\G10002] Servo program K10 speed command
	\G516.0 Start accept flag of CPU No.2(Axis 1)		—_[DP.SVST H3E1 "J1" K10 M100 D100]—
			RST M0 Instruction execution command
Servo progra	am (Motion CPU sid	le)	
[K10: REA 1 INC-1 Axis 1 Speed	, U3E0\G10000 μ		

6. POSITIONING CONTROL

This section describes the positioning control methods.

6.1 Basics of Positioning Control

This section describes the common items for positioning control, which is described in detail after Section 6.2.

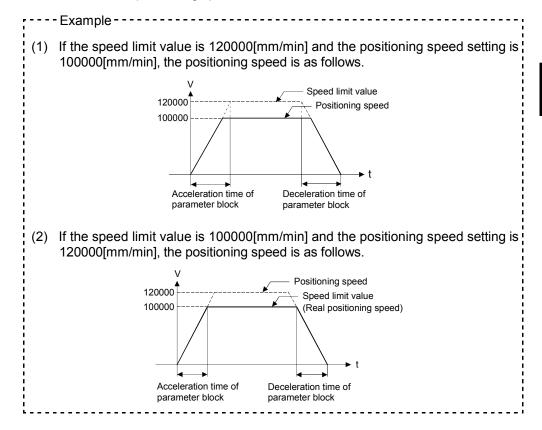
6.1.1 Positioning speed

The positioning speed is set using the servo program.

Refer to Chapter 5 for details of the servo programs.

The real positioning speed is set in the positioning speed and speed limit value using the servo program is shown below:

- If the positioning speed setting is less than speed limit value, the positioning is executed with the setting positioning speed.
- If the positioning speed setting is less than speed limit value, the positioning is executed with the positioning speed.



6.1.2 Positioning speed at the interpolation control

The positioning speed of the Motion CPU sets the travel speed of the control system.

- 1 axis linear control Travel speed is the positioning speed of the specified axis at the 1 axis positioning control.
- (2) Linear interpolation control

Positioning is controlled with the speed which had the control system specified at the interpolation control.

The positioning speed can be set using one of the following three methods at the 2 to 4 axes linear interpolation control:

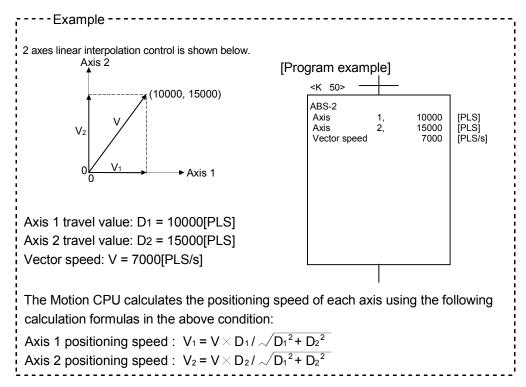
- Vector speed specification
- Long-axis speed specification
- Reference-axis speed specification

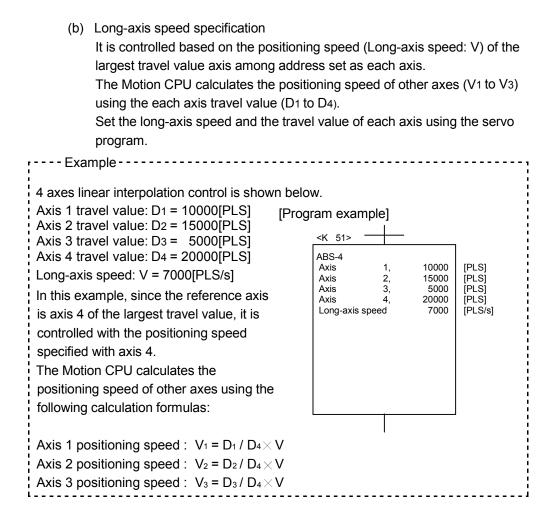
Control method of the Motion CPU control for every specified method is shown below.

(a) Vector speed specification

The Motion CPU calculates the positioning speed of each axis (V1 to V2) using the travel value (D1 to D4) of each axis based on the positioning speed (V) of the setting control system.

Positioning speed of the control system is called the vector speed. Set the vector speed and the travel value of each axis in the servo program.



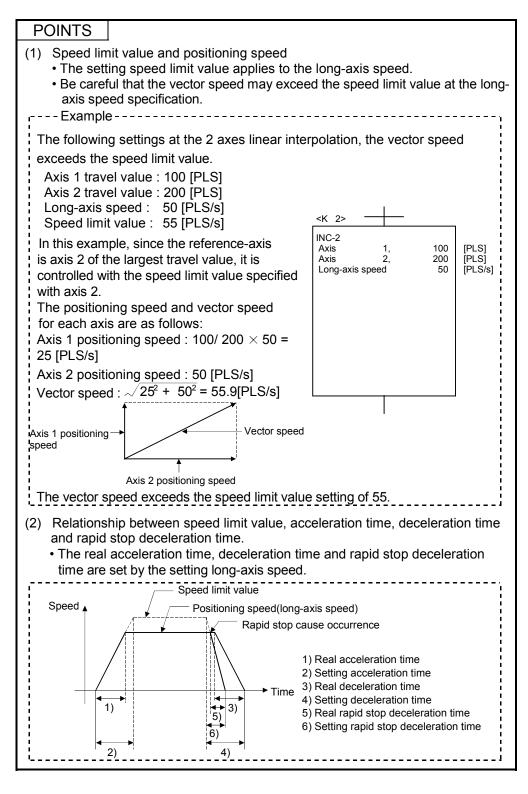


The following conversions are performed if the control units of each axis differ.

- 1) Combination of axes set in [mm] and [inch]
 - a) If the interpolation control units are [mm]
 - Travel value: Convert the travel value of axis set in [inch] into [mm] using the formula: inch setting value \times 25.4.
 - Speed : The largest travel value axis is controlled with the longaxis speed and the other axes are controlled with the speed based on the long-axis speed, as the result of conversion.
 - b) If the interpolation control units are [inch]
 - Travel value: Convert the travel value of axis set in [mm] into [inch] using the formula: mm setting value ÷ 25.4.
 - Speed : The largest travel value axis is controlled with the longaxis speed and the other axes are controlled with the speed based on the long-axis speed, as the result of conversion.

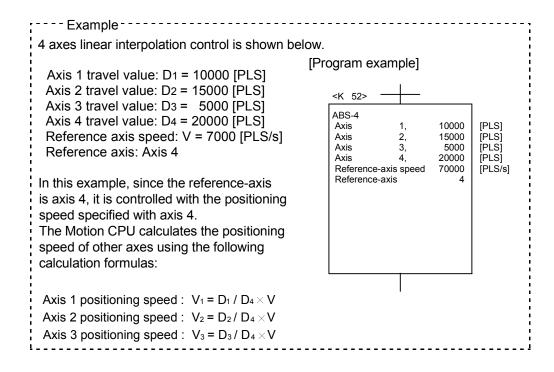
- 2) Discrepancy between interpolation control units and control units
 - Travel value: The travel value of each axis is converted into [PLS] unit with the electronic gear of self axis.
 - Speed : The largest travel value axis is controlled with the longaxis speed and the other axes are controlled with the speed based on the long-axis speed, as the result of conversion.

The positioning speed is converted into [PLS/s] unit as the long-axis speed with the electronic gear that the interpolation control units correspond to control units.



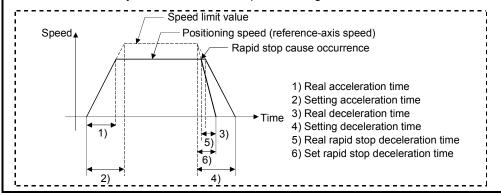
(c) Reference-axis speed specification

The Motion CPU calculates the positioning speed of other axes (V1 to V3)
based on the positioning speed (reference-axis speed : V) of the setting
reference-axis using the each axis travel value (D1 to D4).
Set the reference-axis No., reference-axis speed and each axis travel value
using the servo program.



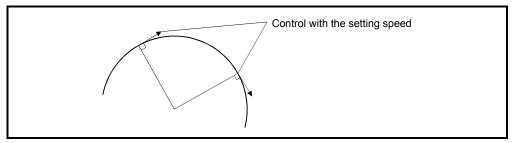
POINTS

- (1) Reference-axis speed and positioning speed of other axes
 Be careful that the positioning speed of an axis for a larger travel value than the reference-axis may exceed the setting reference-axis speed.
- (2) Indirect specification of the reference-axis
 - The reference-axis can be set indirectly using the word devices. (Refer to Section 5.4.2.)
- (3) Relationship between speed limit value, acceleration time, deceleration time and rapid stop deceleration time.
 - The real acceleration time, deceleration time and rapid stop deceleration time are set by the reference-axis speed setting



(3) Circular interpolation control

The angular speed is controlled with the setting speed at the circular interpolation control.



6.1.3 Control units for 1 axis positioning control

It is controlled in the control units specified with the fixed parameters at the 1 axis positioning control.

(The control unit specified with the parameter block is ignored.)

6.1.4 Control units for interpolation control

(1) The interpolation control units specified with the parameter block and the control units of the fixed parameter are checked.

If the interpolation control units specified with the parameter block differ from the control units of the each axis fixed parameter for the interpolation control, it shown below.

	Interpol	ation control unit	s in the parameter	er block	Starting method
	mm	inch	degree	PLS	Starting method
Condition for normal start	There are axes v unit set in the fixe [mm] and [inch].		There are axes whose control unit set in the fixed parameter is [degree].	There are axes whose control unit set in the fixed parameter is [PLS].	Positioning control starts by the interpolation control units of parameter block.
Condition for unit mismatch error (Error code [40])		•	ter for all axes dif		 If the control units of axes to be interpolation-controlled are the same, control starts in the preset control unit. If the control units of axes to be interpolation-controlled are different, control starts in the unit of highest priority as indicated below. Priority: PLS > degree > inch > mm <example></example> If axis is set to 1000[PLS] and 10.000[inch], 10.000[inch] setting is considered to be 10000[PLS].

(2) The combinations of each axis control units for interpolation control are shown in the table below.

	Mm	inch	degree	PLS
mm	1)	2)	3)	3)
inch	2)	1)	3)	3)
degree	3)	3)	1)	3)
PLS	3)	3)	3)	1)

Remarks

- 1): Same units
- 2): Combination of [mm] and [inch]
- 3): Unit mismatch
 - (a) Same units (1))

The position command is calculated with the setting address (travel value), positioning speed or electronic gear, the positioning is executed.

POINT

If control units for one axis are "degrees" at the circular interpolation control, use "degrees" also for the other axis.

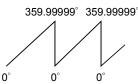
- (b) Combination of [mm] and [inch] (2))
 - If interpolation control units are [mm], positioning is controlled by calculating position commands from the address, travel value, positioning speed and electronic gear, which have been converted to [mm] using the formula: inch setting value \times 25.4 = mm setting value.
 - If interpolation control units are [inch], positioning is controlled by calculating position commands from the address, travel value, positioning speed and electronic gear, which have been converted to [inch] using the formula: mm setting value \div 25.4 = inch setting value.
- (c) Discrepancy units (3))
 - The travel value and positioning speed are calculated for each axis.
 - a) The electronic gear converts the travel value for the axis to [PLS].
 - b) For axis where the units match, the electronic gear converts the positioning speed to units of [PLS/s].
 Positioning is conducted using position commands calculated from travel values converted to [PLS] and speeds and electronic gear converted to [PLS/s].
 - If the interpolation control units match for two or more axes at the 3-axes or more linear interpolation, the positioning speed is calculated with the electronic gear for the axis with the lowest No.

6.1.5 Control in the control unit "degree"

If the control units are "degree", the following items differ from other control units.

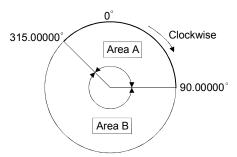
(1) Current value address

The current addresses in the control unit "degree" are ring addresses from 0° to 360°.



- (2) Stroke limit valid/invalid setting The upper/lower limit value of the stroke limit in the control unit "degree" is within the range of 0° to 359.99999°
 - (a) Stroke limit is valid

Set the "lower limit value to upper limit value of the stroke limit" in a clockwise direction to validate the stroke limit value.



- 1) If travel range in area A is set, the limit values are as follows: a) Lower stroke limit value: 315.00000°
 - b) Upper stroke limit value: 90.00000°
- 2) If travel range in area B is set, the limit values are as follows:
 - a) Lower stroke limit lower limit value: 90.00000°
 - b) Upper stroke limit upper limit value: 315.00000°
- (b) Stroke limit is invalid
 Set the "upper stroke limit value" equal to "lower stroke limit value" to invalidate the stroke limit value.

It can be controlled regardless the stroke limit settings.

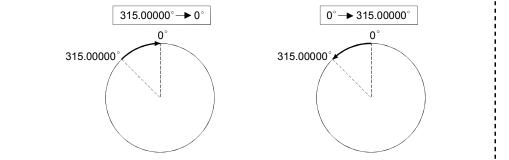
POINTS

- (1) Circular interpolation including the axis which set the stroke limit as invalid cannot be executed.
- (2) When the upper/lower limit value of the axis which set the stroke limit as valid are changed, perform the home position return after that.
- (3) When the stroke limit is set as valid in the incremental data system, perform the home position return after power supply on.

(3) Positioning control

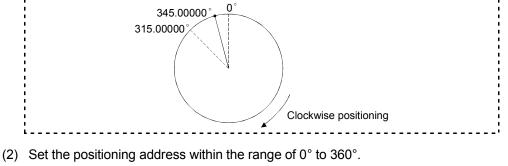
Positioning control method in the control unit "degree" is shown below.

- (a) Absolute data method (ABS□ instructions)
 Positioning in a near direction to the specified address is performed based on the current value.
- ----Example -----
- Positioning is executed in a clockwise direction to travel from the current value of 315.00000°to 0°.
- (2) Positioning is executed in a counter clockwise direction to travel from the current value of 0° to 315.00000°.



POINTS

- (1) The positioning direction of absolute data method is set a clockwise/counter clockwise direction by the setting method of stroke limit range, positioning in the shortest direction may not be possible.
 - ----Example -----
 - Travel from the current value 0° to 315.00000°must be clockwise positioning if the lower stroke limit value is set to 0° and the upper limit value is set to 345.00000°.



- Use the incremental data method for positioning of one revolution or more.
 - (b) Incremental data method (INC□ instructions)
 Positioning by the specified travel value to the specified direction.
 The travel direction is set by the sign of the travel value, as follows:
 1) Positive travel valueClockwise rotation
 - 2) Negative travel value.....Counter clockwise rotation

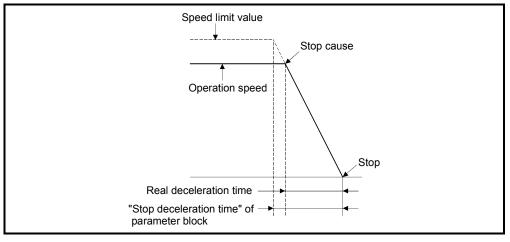
POINT	
Positioning of	360° or more can be executed in the incremental data method.

6.1.6 Stop processing and restarting after stop

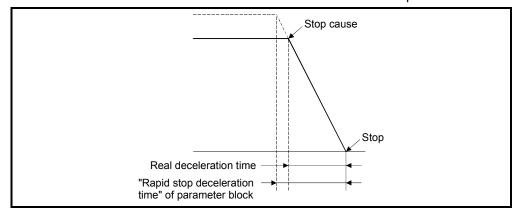
This section describes the stop processing after a stop cause is input during positioning and restarting after stop.

- (1) Stop processing
 - (a) Stop processing methods
 Stop processing during positioning by stop cause are as follows.

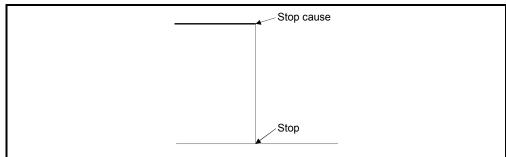
1) Deceleration stop (Process 1)......Deceleration stop by "stop deceleration time" of parameter block.



2) Rapid stop (Process 2).....Deceleration stop by "rapid stop deceleration time" of parameter block.



3) Immediate stop (Process 3).....Stop without deceleration processing.



	 Stop using the manual pulse generator (Process 4)
	Deceleration stop by the "deceleration time" of
	(Smoothing magnification + 1) $ imes$ 56.8[ms].
(b)	Priority for stop processing
	Priority for stops when a stop cause is input is as follows:
	Process 1 < Process 2 < Process 3
Ev	
A rapid	stop is started if a rapid stop cause is input during one of the following types
of decel	eration stop processing :
After a	utomatic deceleration start during positioning control;
During	deceleration after JOG start signal turns off;
 During 	deceleration stop processing by stop cause (Process 1).
1	
	Contract Deceleration stop processing
1	Rapid stop cause
	Rapid stop deceleration
1	processing
	Stop
L	

(c) Stop commands and stop causes

Some stop commands and stop causes affect individual axis and others affect all axes.

However, during interpolation control, stop commands and stop causes which affect individual axis also stop the interpolation axis.

For example, both Axis 1 and Axis 2 stop after input of a stop command (stop cause) during the Axis 1 and Axis 2 interpolation control.

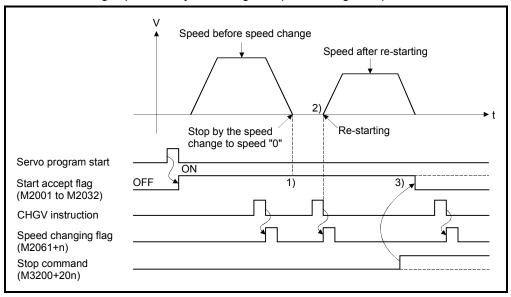
		Axis			Stop processin	g	_	
No.	Stop cause	classification	Positioning control	Speed control	Jog operation	Home position return	Manual pulse generator	Error processing
1	STOP signal input (STOP) of the Q172DLX ON		Process 1 or Pr • According to or parameter of		•	OP input		
2	Stop command "M3200 + 20n" ON		Process 1					
3	Rapid stop command "M3201 + 20n" ON	Individual	Process 2			Process 4		
4	FLS input signal OFF of Q172DLX/servo amplifier		Process 1 or Pr		accesing on CT			
5	RLS input signal OFF of Q172DLX/servo amplifier		 According to or parameter of 	parameter bloc			Refer to "APPENDIX 1 Error Codes Stored Using The	
6	Servo error detection "M2408 +20n" ON		Process 3					Motion CPU"
7	PLC ready flag M2000 OFF		Process 1					
8	Deceleration stop using MT Developer ^(Note-1)		Process 1				Dragona 4	
9	Rapid stop of the all axes using MT Developer ^(Note-1)		Process 2				Process 4	
10	Motion CPU stop		Process 1					
11	Multiple CPU system reset	All axes	Process 3					—
12	Motion CPU WDT error		Process 3					SM512 (Motion CPU WDT error flag) ON
13	Other CPU WDT error		Process 1					—
14	Multiple CPU system power off		Process 3					—
15	Forced stop		Process 3					Servo amplifier is stopped at the servo OFF.
16	Servo amplifier power off	Individual	Process 3				-	Major error at the start (no servo)
17	Speed change to speed "0"	Individual (Note-2)	Process 1		-	—		

(Note-1): Test mode

(Note-2): Applies to all axes used in the servo program set in the speed "0".

(2) Re-starting after stop

- (a) If it stopped by the stop command or stop cause (except change speed to speed "0"), re-starting is not possible.
 However, it stopped by the STOP input of the Q172DLX ON, the stop command (M3200+20n) ON or the rapid stop command (M3201+20n) ON during speed/position switching control, re-starting is possible using VPSTART instruction.
- (b) If it stopped by the speed change to speed "0" using CHGV instruction, restarting is possible by executing the speed change to speed other than "0".

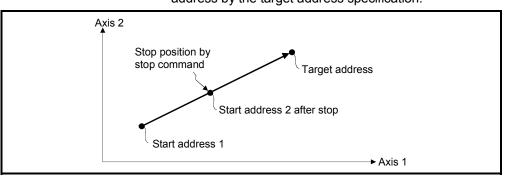


- 1) The start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) remains on after stop by the speed change to "0".
- 2) Re-starting by changing the speed again.
- 3) However, if the start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) turns off by turning on the stop command (M3200+20n), re-starting is not possible even if make a speed change once again.

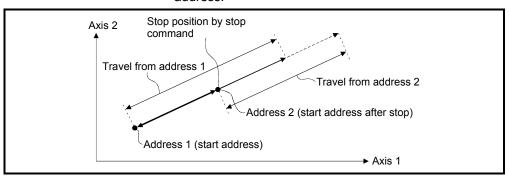
(3) Continuation of positioning control

This section describes the processing which performed servo program No. which was being performed before the stop, after stop by turning on the STOP input of the Q172DLX ON, the stop command (M3200+20n) ON or the rapid stop command (M3201+20n) ON.

(a) 1 axis linear control/2 or 3 axes linear interpolation control
 1) For ABS□ Positioning control from the stop address to target address by the target address specification.



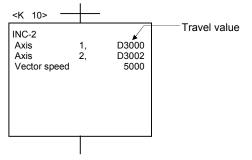
2) For INCD Positioning control of the travel value from the stop address.



When the address 2 is moved to the same address (address which calculates with start address + specified travel value) using the INCD, the following processing using the servo program and Motion SFC program is required.

[Servo Program]

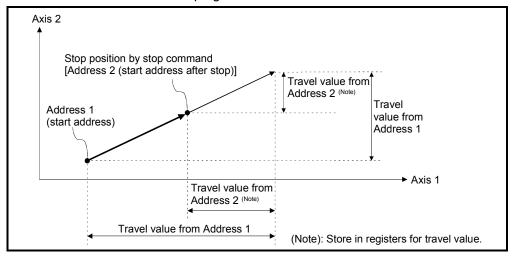
The travel value of servo program which executes the positioning from address is set indirectly by the word devices, as follows.



6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Processing in the Motion SFC Program]

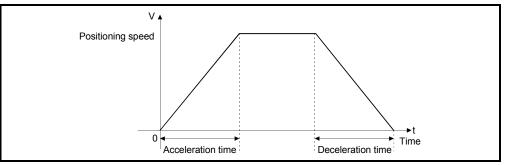
- 1. Transfer the start address to word devices of the Motion CPU before starting.
- 2. Calculate the target address by applying the travel value to the address before starting.
- 3. Calculate the residual travel value by subtracting the stop address from the target address.
- 4. Store the residual travel value in the servo program for travel value register.
- 5. Perform the servo program.



6.1.7 Acceleration/deceleration processing

Acceleration/deceleration are processed by the following two methods.

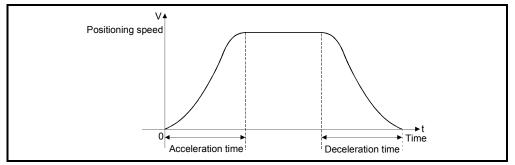
Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing
 This is a conventional linear acceleration/deceleration processing.
 The acceleration/deceleration graph resembles a trapezoid, as shown in the diagram below.



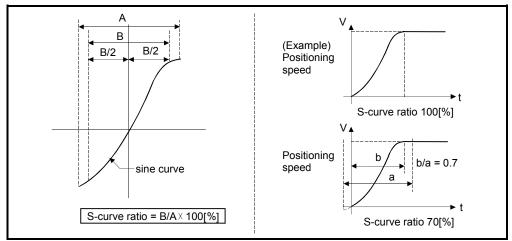
(2) S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing

S-curve ratio is set as a parameter to provide gentler acceleration and deceleration than trapezoidal processing. The acceleration/deceleration graph is sinusoidal, as shown in the diagram below.

Set the S-curve ratio in the parameter block (Refer to Section 4.3.2) or using the servo program.

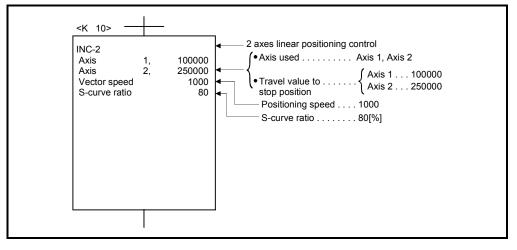


S-curve ratio set the part of the sine curve used to produce the acceleration and deceleration curve as shown in the diagram below.



S-curve ratio can be set by the servo program is following two methods.(a) Direct specification

S-curve ratio is set directly as a numeric value from 0 to 100.

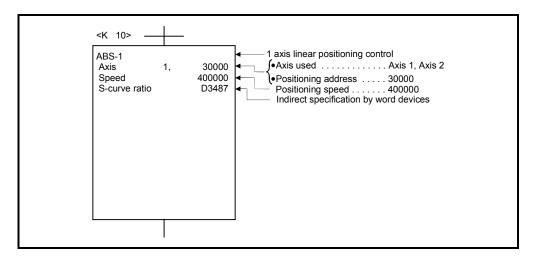


(b) Indirect specification

S-curve ratio is set by the contents of data registers. The usable data registers are shown below.

Word devices	Usable devices
D	0 to 8191
W	0 to 1FFF
#	0 to 7999
U⊟\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) (Note-1)

(Note-1): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for the each CPU.



POINT

Refer to Chapter 2 of the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area.

6.2 1 Axis Linear Positioning Control

Positioning control from the current stop position to the fixed position for specified axis is executed.

Positioning is controlled using ABS-1 (Absolute data method) or INC-1 (Incremental data method) servo instructions.

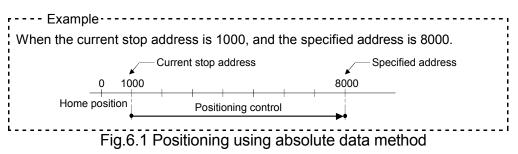
									lte	ems	set	usi	ng N	NT [Deve	elop	er							
					Со	mm	non				Arc				Pa	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	ers	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid Stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
ABS-1	Absolute)	0	_																		
INC-1	Incremental	1	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\triangle	\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			Valid
																						(): N	/lust be set

 \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

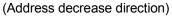
Control using ABS-1 (Absolute data method)

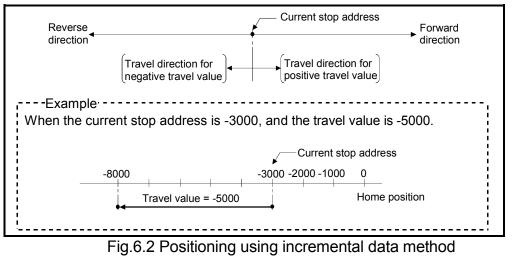
- (1) Positioning control from the current stop address (pre-positioning address) based on the home position to the specified address is executed.
- (2) The travel direction is set by the current stop address and the specified address.



Control using INC-1 (Incremental data method)

- Positioning control of the specified travel value from the current stop position address is executed.
- (2) The travel direction is set by the sign (+/ -) of the travel value, as follows:
 - Positive travel valuePositioning control to forward direction (Address Increase direction)
 Negative travel value.....Positioning control to reverse direction

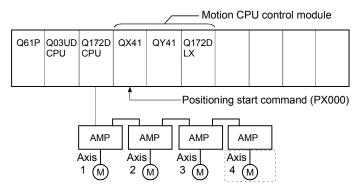




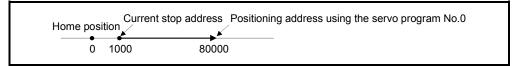
[Program]

Servo program No. 0 for positioning control is shown as the following conditions.

- (1) System configuration
 - 1 axis linear positioning control of Axis 4.

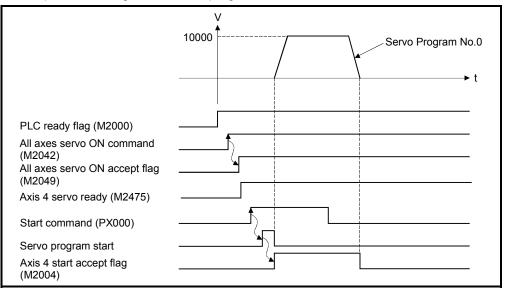


Positioning operation details
 Positioning using the servo program No.0 is shown below.
 In this example, Axis 4 is used in servo program No.0.



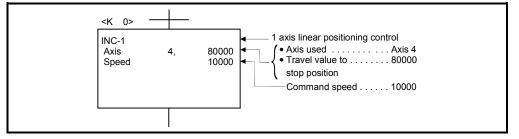
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for the servo program No.0 is shown below.



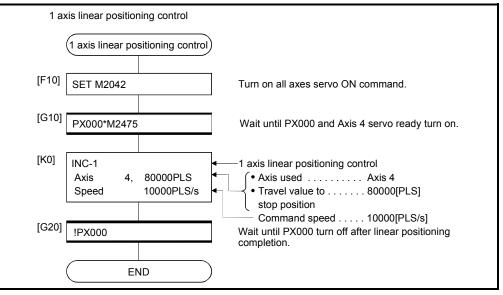
(4) Servo program

Servo program No.0 for positioning control is shown below.



(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.3 2 Axes Linear Interpolation Control

Linear interpolation control from the current stop position with the specified 2 axes is executed.

ABS-2 (Absolute data method) and INC-2 (Incremental data method) servo instructions are used in the 2 axes linear interpolation control.

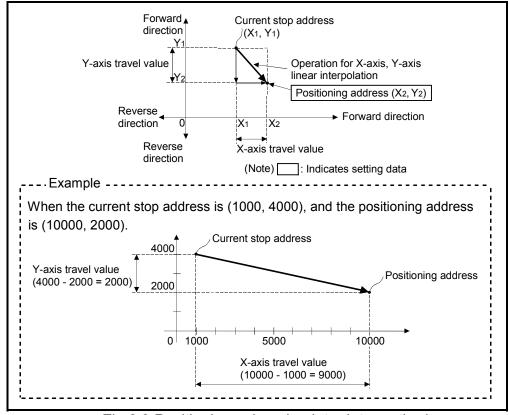
									lte	ems	set	usi	ng N	NT D	Deve	elop	er							
					Со	mm	ion				Arc				Pa	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	ers	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
ABS-2	Absolute	2		0	0	0																		Volid
INC-2	Incremental	2	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			Valid
																						(): N	lust be set

 \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

Control using ABS-2 (Absolute data method)

(1) 2 axes linear interpolation from the current stop address (X1 or Y1) based on the home position to the specified address (X2 or Y2) is executed.



(2) The travel direction is set by the stop address (starting address) and positioning address of each axis.

Fig.6.3 Positioning using absolute data method

Control using INC-2 (Incremental data method)

- (1) Positioning control from the current stop address to the position which combined travel direction and travel value specified with each axis is executed.
- (2) The travel direction for each axis is set by the sign (+/ -) of the travel value for each axis, as follows:
 - Positive travel valuePositioning control to forward direction
 - (Address increase direction)
 - Negative travel value.....Positioning control to reverse direction
 (Address decrease direction)

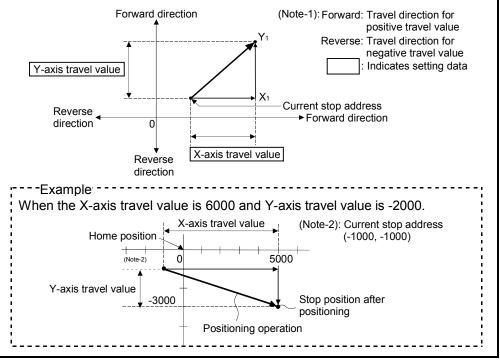
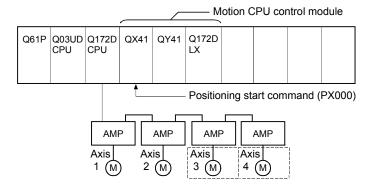


Fig.6.4 Positioning using incremental data method

[Program]

Program for 2 axes linear interpolation control is shown as the following conditions. (1) System configuration

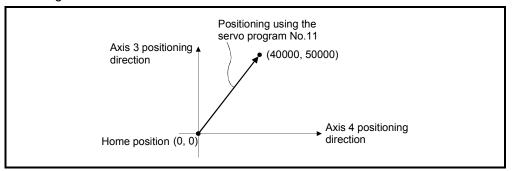
2 axes linear interpolation control of Axis 3 and Axis 4.



(2) Positioning operation details

The positioning is used the Axis 3 and Axis 4 servomotors.

The positioning operation by the Axis 3 and Axis 4 servomotors is shown in the diagram below.



(3) Positioning conditions

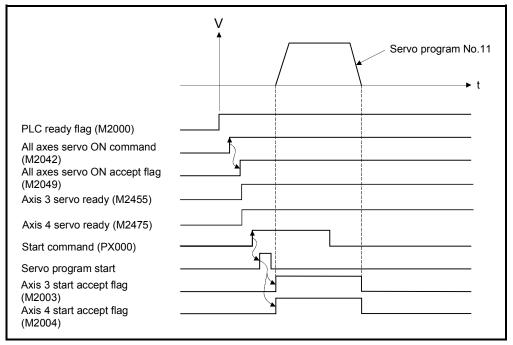
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

14	Servo Program No.
Item	No.11
Positioning speed	30000

(b) Positioning start command PX100 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

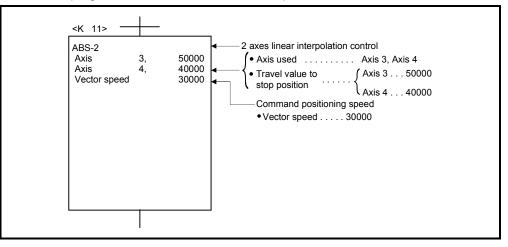
(4) Operation timing

Operation timing for 2 axes linear interpolation control is shown below.



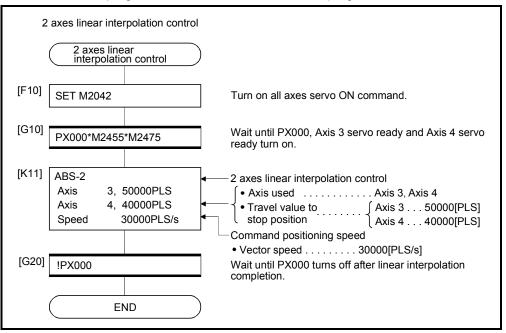
(5) Servo program

Servo program No.11 for 2 axes linear interpolation control is shown below.



(6) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.4 3 Axes Linear Interpolation Control

	exect	lieu.																						
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	block No.		Address/travel value	speed					Arc			t value	Pa	ram	eration time	it value	essing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation		Oth		Speed change
			Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/tr	Command	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop	Torque limit value	Deceleration	Allowable	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	
ABS-3	Absolute	- 3				0		~									^							Valid
INC-3	Incremental	3	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		valiu
																						(): N	/lust be set

Linear interpolation control from the current stop position with the specified 3 axes is executed.

 \bigcirc : Must be set \triangle : Set if required

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Control details]

Control using ABS-3 (Absolute data method)

- 3 axes linear interpolation from the current stop address (X1, Y1 or Z1) based on the home position to the specified positioning address (X2, Y2, Z2) is executed.
- (2) The travel direction is set by the stop address and specified address of each axis.

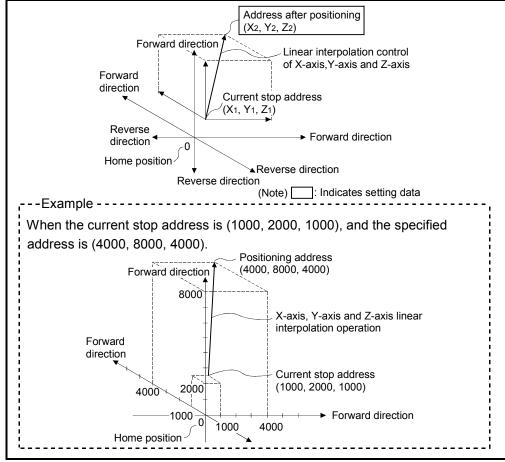


Fig.6.5 Positioning using absolute data method

Control using INC-3 (Incremental data method)

- (1) Positioning control from the current stop address to the position which combined travel direction and travel value specified with each axis is executed.
- (2) The travel direction for each axis is set by the sign (+/ -) of the travel value for each axis, as follows:
 - Positive travel valuePositioning control to forward direction
 - (Address increase direction)
 - Negative travel value.....Positioning control to reverse direction
 (Address decrease direction)

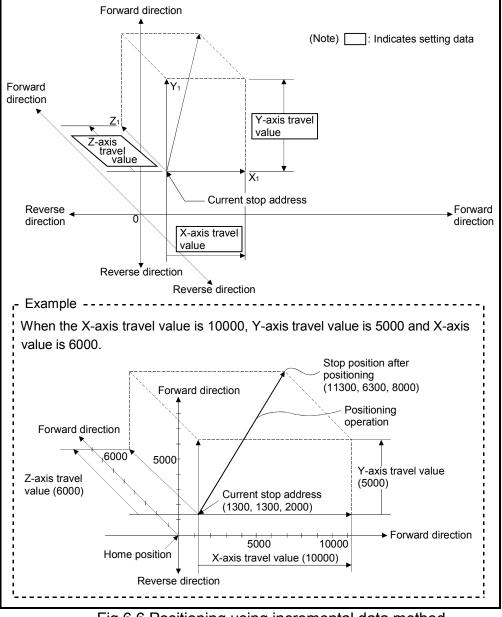


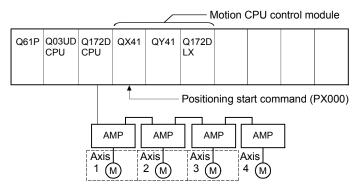
Fig.6.6 Positioning using incremental data method

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Program]

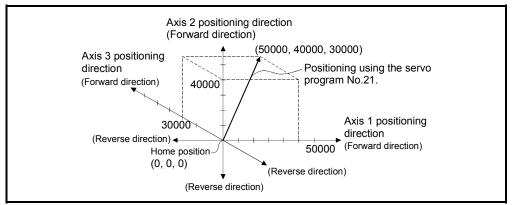
Program for 3 axes linear interpolation control is shown as the following conditions. (1) System configuration

3 axes linear interpolation control of Axis 1, Axis 2 and Axis 3.



(2) Positioning operation details

The positioning is used the Axis 1, Axis 2 and Axis 3 servomotors. The positioning operation by the Axis 1, Axis 2 and Axis 3 servomotors is shown in the diagram below.



(3) Positioning conditions

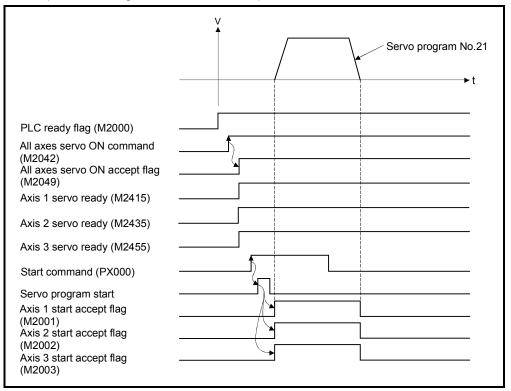
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

ltere	Servo Program No.
Item	No.21
Positioning method	Absolute data method
Positioning speed	1000

(b) Positioning start command PX100 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

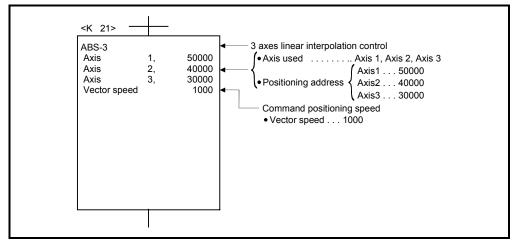
(4) Operation timing

Operation timing for 3 axes linear interpolation control is shown below.



(5) Servo program

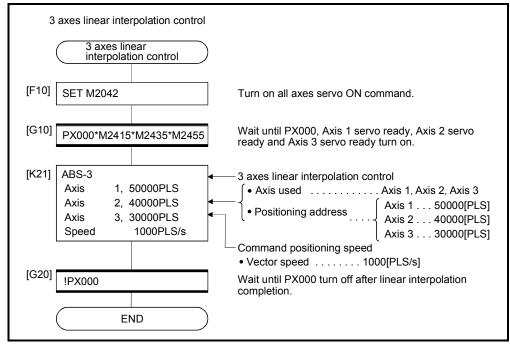
Servo program No.21 for 3 axes linear interpolation control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(6) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.5 4 Axes Linear Interpolation Control

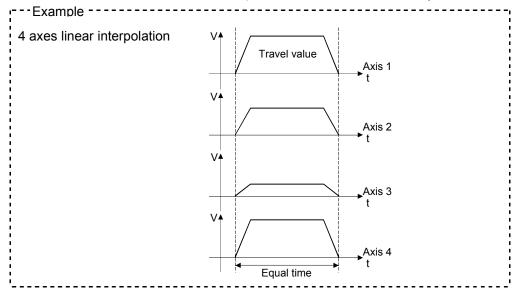
Servo instruction Positioning method Number of control axes Numer axes Number of control axes								-	1.	5	-	_													
Servo instruction Nomber of country and construction Number of country and construction AddressAftavel value Parameter block No. Monocole Nomber of country and construction Nomber of country and construction AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value Approx Nomber of country and construction Nomber of country and construction AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value Approx Securve ratio Deceleration time AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value Approx AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value AddressAftavel value						Со	mm	non		lte				ng N	AT E				. plo	ck			Oth	ers	
		•		Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value			M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Ы	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel		Speed change
	ABS-4	Absolute	4		~	0	0	~	~					~	~	~	~	^	^	~		^	~		Valid
	INC-4	Incremental	4		0	0	0																		valiu

Linear interpolation control from the current stop position with 4 axes specified with the positioning command of the PLC program is executed.

\triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

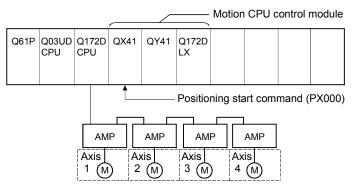
Positioning control which starts and completes the 4 axes simultaneously is executed.



[Program]

Program for 4 axes linear interpolation control is shown as the following conditions. (1) System configuration

4 axes linear interpolation control of Axis 1, Axis 2, Axis 3 and Axis 4.



(2) Positioning operation details

The positioning is used the Axis 1, Axis 2, Axis 3 and Axis 4 servomotors. The positioning by the Axis 1, Axis 2, Axis 3 and Axis 4 servomotors is shown in the diagram below.

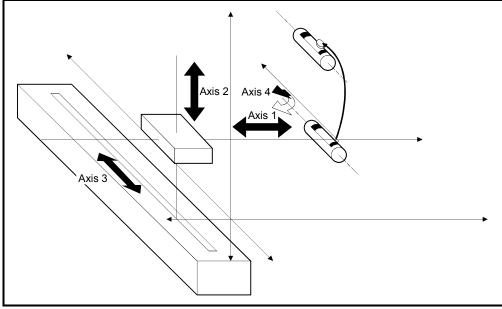


Fig.6.7 Axis configuration

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

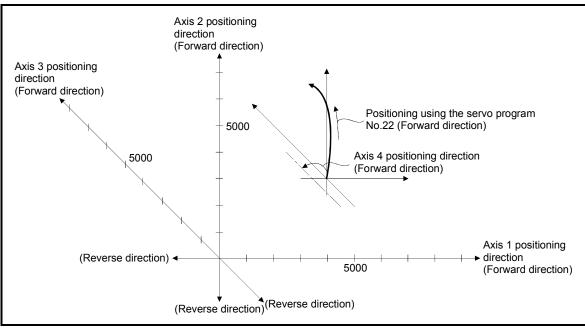


Fig.6.8 Positioning for 4 axes linear interpolation control

(3) Positioning conditions

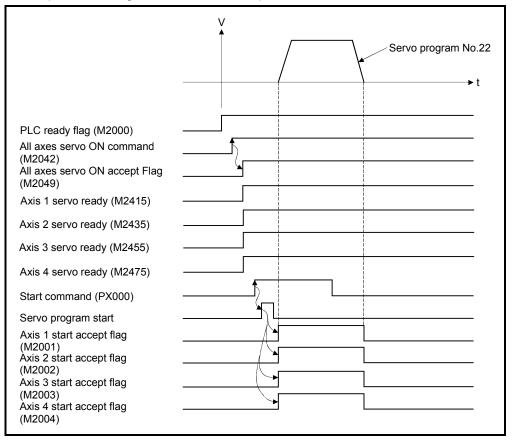
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

lto an	Servo Program No.
Item	No.22
Positioning method	Incremental data method
Positioning speed	10000

(b) Positioning start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

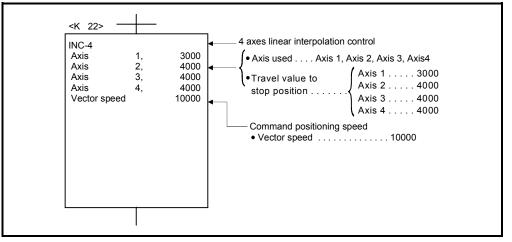
(4) Operation timing

Operation timing for 4 axes linear interpolation control is shown below.



(5) Servo program

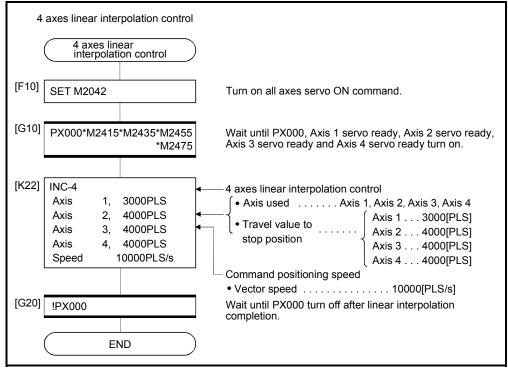
Servo program No.22 for 4 axes linear interpolation control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(6) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

6.6 Auxiliary Point-Specified Circular Interpolation Control

Circular interpolation control by specification of the end point address and auxiliary point address (a point on the arc) for circular interpolation is executed. Auxiliary point-specified circular uses $ABS \bot^{\sim}$ (Absolute data method) and $INC \bot^{\sim}$ (Incremental data method) servo instructions.

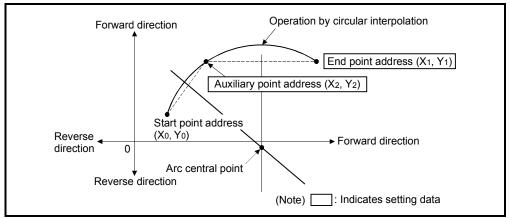
			Items set using MT Developer																					
			Common Arc Parameter block													Oth	ers							
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAT-ON/OFF	Speed change
ABS	Absolute	2		~	~	~				~														N 6 19 4
INC XY	Incremental		\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\triangle		0						\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			Valid

○: Must be set
 △: Set if required

[Control details]

Control using ABS (Absolute data method)

- (1) Circular interpolation from the current stop address (address before positioning) based on the home position through the specified auxiliary point address to the end point address is executed.
- (2) The center of the arc is the point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the start point address (current stop address) to the auxiliary point address, and the auxiliary point address to the end point address.





- (3) The setting range of the end point address and auxiliary point address is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (4) The maximum arc radius is 2^{32} -1.

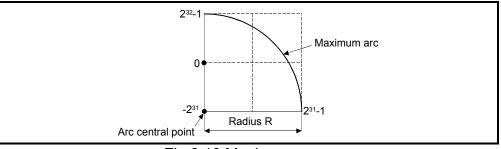
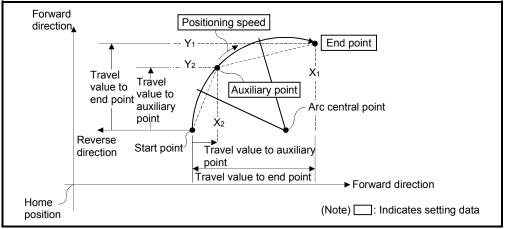


Fig.6.10 Maximum arc

Control using INC (Incremental data method)

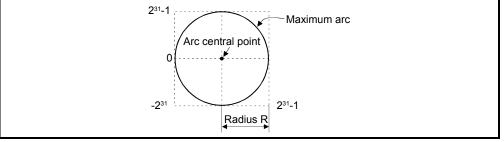
- (1) Circular interpolation from the current stop address through the specified auxiliary point address to the end point address is executed.
- (2) The center of the arc is the point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the start point address (current stop address) to the auxiliary point address, and the auxiliary point address to the end point address.

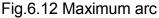




(3) The setting range for the travel value to the end point address and auxiliary point address is 0 to ± (2³¹-1).

(4) The maximum arc radius is 2³¹-1.
 If the end point and auxiliary point are set more than a radius of 2³¹-1, an error occurs at the start and error code [107] is stored in the data register.



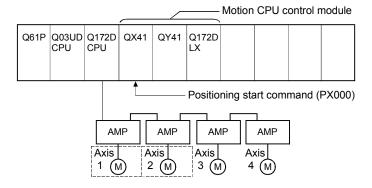


[Program]

Program for auxiliary point-specified circular interpolation control is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

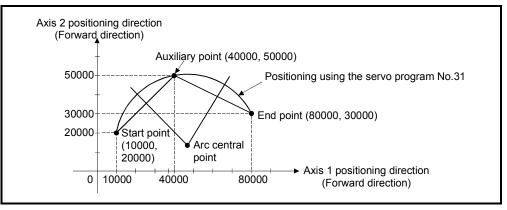
Auxiliary point-specified circular interpolation control of Axis 1 and Axis 2.



(2) Positioning details

The positioning uses the Axis 1 and Axis 2 servomotors.

The positioning by the Axis 1 and Axis 2 servomotors is shown in the diagram below.



(3) Positioning conditions

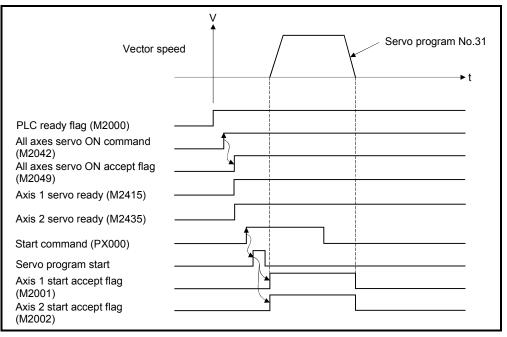
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

ltere	Servo program No.								
Item	No.31								
Positioning method	Absolute data method								
Positioning speed	1000								

(b) Positioning start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

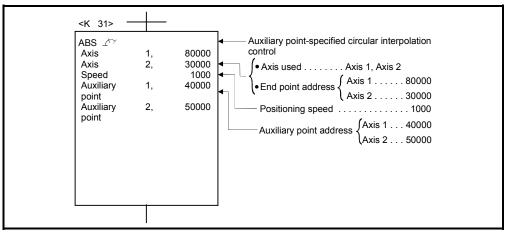
(4) Operation timing

Operation timing for auxiliary point-specified circular interpolation control is shown below.



(5) Servo program

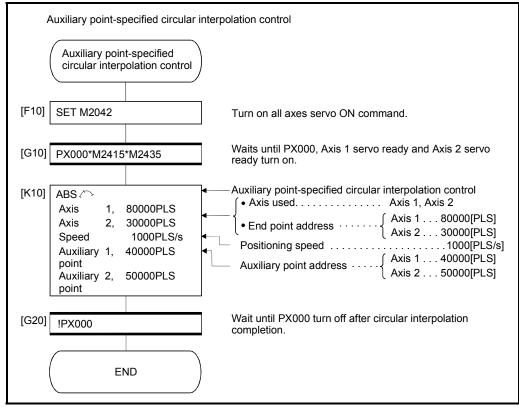
Servo program No.31 for auxiliary point-specified circular interpolation control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(6) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



6.7 Radius-Specified Circular Interpolation Control

Circular interpolation control by specification of the end point address and radius for circular interpolation is executed.

Radius-specified circular interpolation control uses ABS \frown , ABS \frown , ABS \bigcirc , ABS \bigcirc and ABS \bigcirc (Absolute data method) and INC \frown , INC \bigcirc , INC \bigcirc and INC \bigcirc (Incremental data method) servo instructions.

									lte	ems	set	usi	ng N	AT C	Deve	elop	er							
					Со	mm	on				Arc			1	Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
ABS ABS ABS ABS INC INC INC	Absolute	2			_					-	0										Δ			Valid

 \triangle : Set if required

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

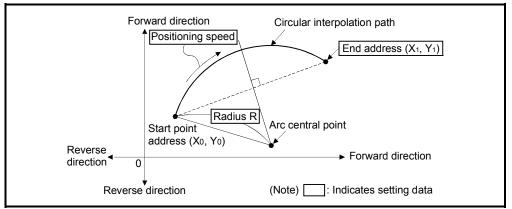
[Control details]

Details for the servo instructions are shown in the table below.

Instruction	Rotation direction of the servomotors	Maximum controllable angle of arc	Positioning path
ABS 🔍	Clockwise		Start Positioning path point $\theta < 180^{\circ}$ End point
	CIUCKWISE	0° < θ < 180°	Radius R Central point
ABS 🖼	Counter clockwise	0 < 0 < 180	Radius R
			Start $\theta < 180^{\circ}$ End point point Positioning path
ABS Դ	Clockwise		Positioning path $180^{\circ} \le \theta < 360^{\circ}$ Central point
			Radius R Start point End point
ABS 🕩	Counter clockwise	180° ≦	Start point Radius R End point Central point
			180°≤θ<360° Positioning path

Control using ABS (, ABS , ABS , ABS (, ABS) (Absolute data method)

- (1) Circular interpolation from the current stop address (address before positioning) based on the home position to the specified end address with the specified radius is executed.
- (2) The center of the arc is the point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the start point address (current stop address) to the end address.





(3) The setting range of end point address is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.

- (4) The setting range for the radius is 1 to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (5) The maximum arc radius is $(2^{32}-1)$.

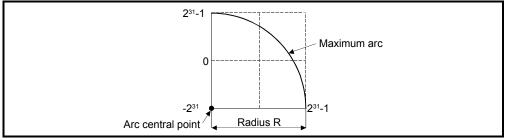
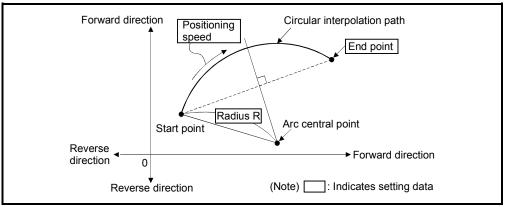


Fig.6.14 Maximum arc

Control using INC (, INC , INC , INC (, INC) (Incremental data method)

- (1) Circular interpolation from the current stop address (0, 0) to the specified end point with specified radius.
- (2) The center of the arc is the point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the start point address (current stop address) to the end address.





- (3) Setting range of end point address is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (4) Setting range of radius is 1 to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (5) Maximum arc radius is $(2^{31}-1)$.

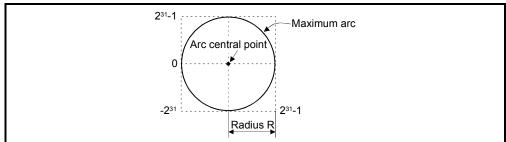


Fig.6.16 Maximum arc

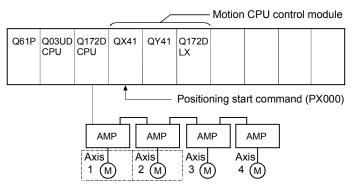
6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Program]

Program for radius-specified circular interpolation control is shown as the following conditions.

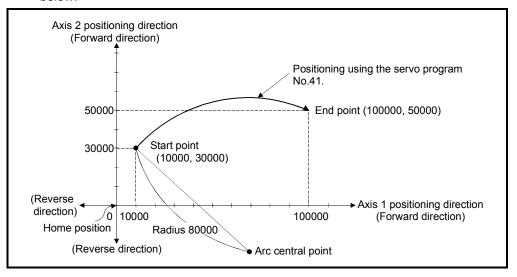
(1) System configuration

Radius-specified circular interpolation control of Axis 1 and Axis 2.



(2) Positioning operation details

The positioning uses the Axis 1 and Axis 2 servomotors. The positioning by the Axis 1 and Axis 2 servomotors is shown in the diagram below.



(3) Positioning conditions

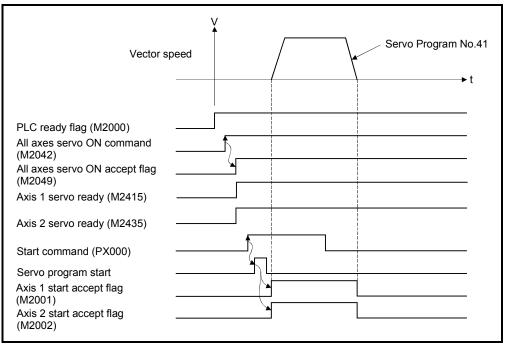
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

ltom	Servo Program No.
Item	No.41
Positioning method	Absolute data method
Positioning speed	1000

(b) Positioning start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

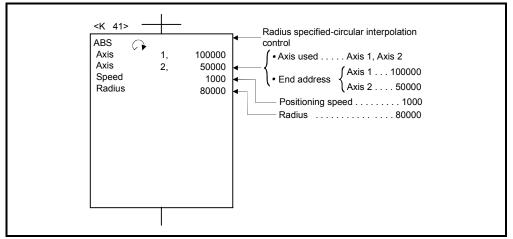
(4) Operation timing

Operation timing for radius-specified circular interpolation control is shown below.



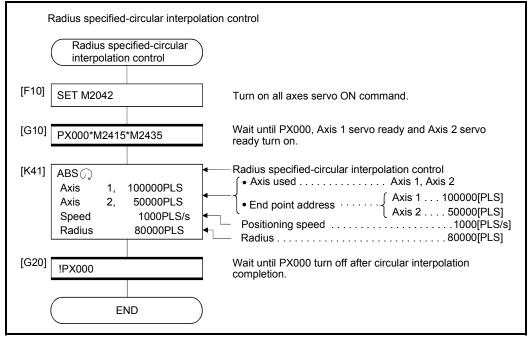
(5) Servo program

Servo program No.41 for radius-specified circular interpolation control is shown below.



(6) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



6 POSITIONING CONTROL

6.8 Central Point-Specified Circular Interpolation Control

Circular interpolation control by specification of the end point for circular interpolation and arc central point is executed.

Central point-specified circular interpolation control uses ABS (Interpolation ABS (Interpolation) (Absolute data method) and INC (Incremental data method) servo instructions.

									lte	ems	set	usir	ng N	ИТ С	Deve	elop	er							
					Co	mm	ion			Arc	/Hel	ical			Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control units	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
ABS (Absolute			~	~	~																		N.P.I
	Incremental	2		0	0	0	\triangle	\triangle				0			\bigtriangleup		\triangle				\triangle			Valid

○: Must be set
 △: Set if required

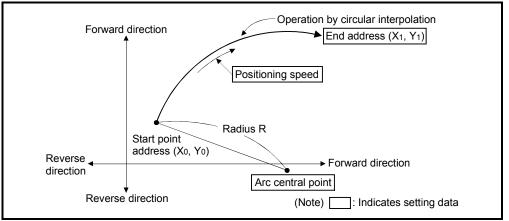
[Control details]

Details for the servo instructions are shown in the table below.

Instruction	Rotation direction of the servomotors	Maximum controllable angle of arc	Positioning path
ABS 🔿			Start point $0^{\circ} < \theta < 360^{\circ}$ End point
	Clockwise		Central point
ABS 🍽		0° < θ < 360°	Central point
	Counter clockwise		Start point • 0°< 0 ° End point Positioning path

Control using ABS (I, ABS (I, Absolute data method)

(1) Circular interpolation of an arc with a radius equivalent to the distance between the start point and central point, between the current stop address (address before positioning) based on the home position and the specified end point address.





(2) Positioning control of a complete round is possible in the central point-specified circular interpolation control.

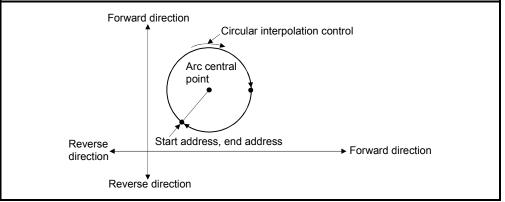
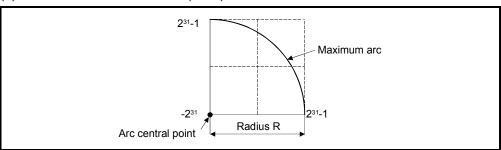


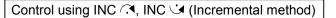
Fig.6.18 Positioning control of a complete round

(3) Setting range of end point address and arc central point is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.



(4) The maximum arc radius is $(2^{32}-1)$.

Fig.6.19 Maximum arc



(1) Circular interpolation from the current stop address (0, 0) with a radius equivalent to the distance between the start point (0, 0) and central point.

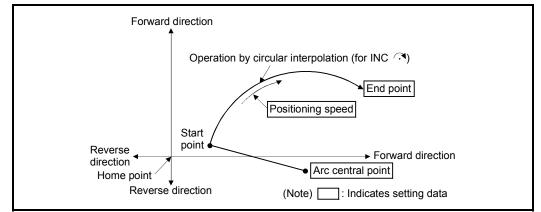


Fig.6.20 Circular interpolation control using incremental data method (INC <>>)

(2) Positioning control of a complete round is possible in the central point-specified circular interpolation control.

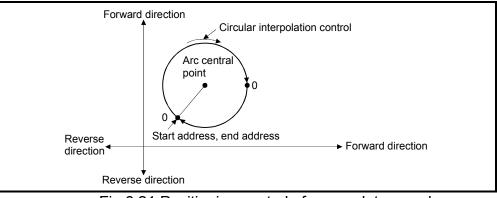


Fig.6.21 Positioning control of a complete round

- (3) Setting range of travel value to end point address and arc central point is 0 to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (4) The maximum arc radius is (2³¹-1).
 If the end point and central point are set more than a radius of (2³¹-1), an error occurs at the start and error code [109] is stored in the data register.

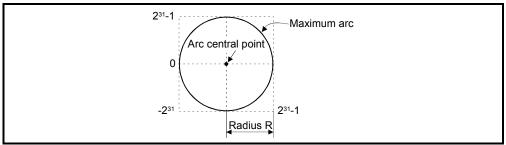


Fig.6.22 Maximum arc radius

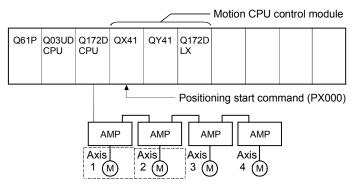
6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Program]

Program for central point-specified circular interpolation control is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

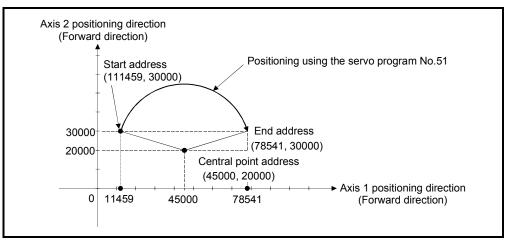
Central point-specified circular interpolation control of Axis 1 and Axis 2.



(2) Positioning operation details

The positioning uses the Axis 1 and Axis 2 servomotors.

The positioning by the Axis 1 and Axis 2 servomotors is shown in the diagram below.



(3) Positioning conditions

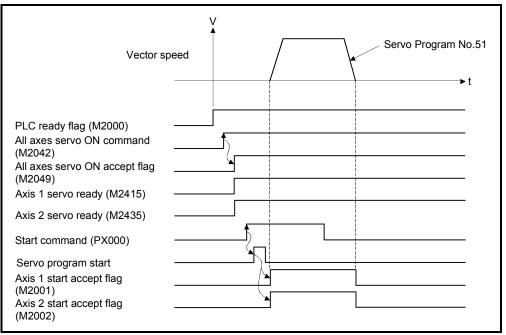
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

Itom	Servo Program No.								
Item	No.51								
Positioning method	Absolute data method								
Positioning speed	1000								

(b) Positioning start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

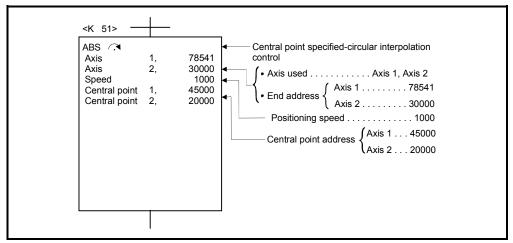
(4) Operation timing

Operation timing for central point-specified circular interpolation is shown below.



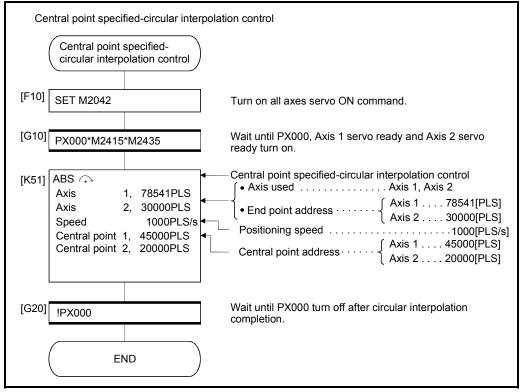
(5) Servo program

Servo program No.51 for central point-specified circular interpolation is shown below.



(6) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



6.9 Helical Interpolation Control

		circular inte pitches rota	-			•					-									-					er of															
				- 1-	-	j -	-	1	-							elop					1		-																	
					Сс	omm	on					elica			1			neter	bloo	ck			Oth	ners																
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch count	Control units	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change															
ABH <																																								
ABH	Absolute																																							
ABH																																								
ABH				0	0	0	\bigtriangleup				0		0																											
				0	0	0					0)																											
INH ()	Incremental																																							
		3																							Valid															
ABH	Absolute																																							
ABH				0	0	0		Δ				0	0			\bigtriangleup				\triangle																				
	Incremental																																							
ABH	Absolute	-	·								-	-			_	-	-		0	0	0		Δ		0			0						Δ						
	Incremental									0			0																											

The linear interpolation control with linear axis is executed simultaneously while the circular interpolation specified with any 2 axes is executed, the specified number of pitches rotates spirally and performs the locus control to command position.

○: Must be set

6.9.1 Circular interpolation specified method by helical interpolation

The following method of circular interpolation is possible for the helical interpolation. The specified method of circular interpolation connected start point and end point at the seeing on the plane for which performs circular interpolation are as follows.

Servo instruction	Positioning method	Circular interpolation specified method
ABH <	Absolute	Radius-specified method
	Incremental	less than CW180°
ABH 🖼	Absolute	Radius-specified method
INH 🖼	Incremental	less than CCW180°
ABH	Absolute	Radius-specified method
INH 🖓	Incremental	CW180° or more.
АВН 🕩	Absolute	Radius-specified method
INH 🕑	Incremental	CCW180° or more.
ABH 🔿	Absolute	
INH 🔿	Incremental	Central point-specified method CW
АВН 🍽	Absolute	
INH 🍽	Incremental	Central point- specified method CCW
ABH 🏠	Absolute	
INH 🎊	Incremental	Auxiliary point-specified method

[Cautions]

- (1) The helical interpolation instruction can be used at the both of real mode/virtual mode.
- (2) When the number of pitches is 0 and travel value of linear axis is not "0" is set, operation example is shown below.

Circular interpolation path Start point (X ₀ , Y ₀ , Z ₀) Linear axis operation Linear	
---	--

Condition	Operation
Number of pitches is 0	Control on the circular plane.
Number of pitches is not 0	Rotation spirally of the number of pitches to linear axis direction.

Condition	Operation
Number of pitches is 0	Same control as normal circular interpolation control. (Allowable error range for circular interpolation can be set.)
Number of pitches is not 0	Linear interpolation to linear axis does not executed, circle for the number of pitches is drawn on the circle plane. (Allowable error range for circular interpolation can be set.)

(3) When the travel value of linear axis is "0" is set, it can be controlled.

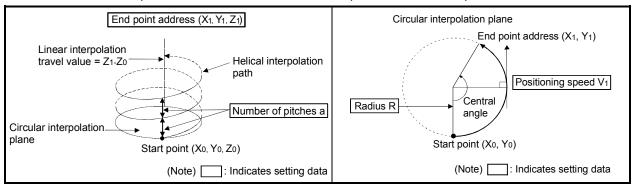
- (4) Units for linear axis have not restrictions.
- (5) Circular interpolation axis has the following restrictions.
 - When the unit of one axis is [degree] axis (with stroke range), set another axis also as [degree] axis (without stroke range).
 - The axis of [degree] unit as without stroke range cannot be set.
 - The axis as without stroke range cannot be set in the virtual mode.
- (6) Specified the speed which executes speed change by CHGV instruction during helical interpolation operation with the vector speed of circular interpolation axis 2. If speed change is requested by specifying negative speed by CHGV instruction during helical interpolation operation, deceleration starts from the time and it is possible to return to reverse direction at the deceleration completion.
- (7) If start point = end point, number of pitches = 1 and travel value of linear axis = 0, at the only central point-specified circular interpolation, full circle can be drawn. When the address of "start point = end point" is set at the radius-specified helical interpolation or auxiliary point-specified helical interpolation, a minor error (error code [108]) occurs at the start and cannot be start.
- (8) When the control unit is [degree] and the stroke limit is invalid, if the helical interpolation control is executed using absolute data method, positioning in near direction to specified address based on the current value.
- (9) Allowable error range for circular interpolation can be set.

ABH (, ABH , ABH), ABH () Absolute radius-specified helical interpolation control

[Control details]

The linear interpolation to other linear axis is executed performing 2 axes circular interpolation from current stop position (X0, Y0, Z0) to specified circular end address (X1, Y1) or linear axis end point address (Z1), and the absolute helical interpolation is executed so that it may become a spiral course.

It goes around on the specified circle for the specified number of pitches, the circular interpolation which had remainder specified is executed, and positioning to end address is executed. The radius-specified circle specifies circular interpolation method connected start point and end point at the seeing on the plane for which performs circular interpolation.

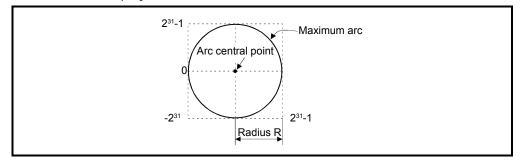


Operation details for absolute radius-specified helical interpolation are shown below.

Control details for the servo instructions are shown below.

Instruction	Rotation direction of servomotor	Controllable angle of arc	Positioning pass
ABH < Radius-specified helical interpolation less than CW 180°	Clockwise (CW)		Start point Radius R Central point
ABH Radius-specified helical interpolation less than CCW 180°	Counter clockwise (CCW)	0° < ⊖ < 180°	Radius R Start 0<180° End point point Positioning path
ABH Radius-specified helical interpolation CW 180° or more	Clockwise (CW)	180° ≦ θ ≦ 360°	Positioning path 180°≦θ≦360° Central point Radius R Start point End point
ABH Radius-specified helical interpolation CCW 180° or more	Counter clockwise (CCW)	100 = 0 = 300	Start point Radius R End point $180^\circ \le \theta \le 360^\circ$ Positioning path

- (1) The setting range of end point address for the both of circular interpolation axis and linear interpolation axis is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (2) The maximum arc radius on the circular interpolation plane is (2³¹-1). For example, the maximum arc radius for electronic gear 1:1 of unit [mm] is 214748364.7[µm].

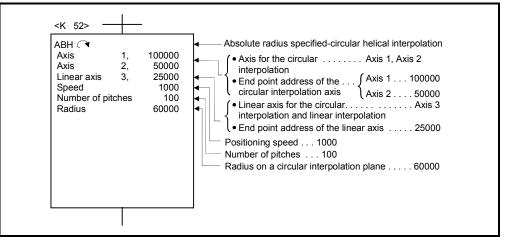


- (3) Set the command speed with the vector speed for 2 axes circular interpolation axis.
- (4) The command speed unit is specified in the parameter block.
- (5) Set the number of pitches within the range of 0 to 999. If it is set outside the setting range, the servo program error [28] occurs, and cannot be started.
- (6) All of the circular interpolation axis, linear axis and point address, command speed, radius (2 word data above) and number of pitches (1 word data) are set indirectly by the word devices.

[Program]

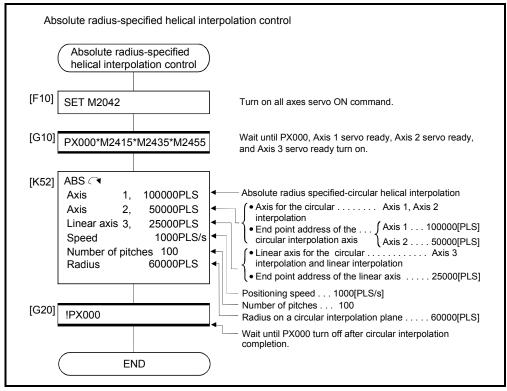
(1) Servo program

Servo program No.52 for absolute radius-specified helical interpolation control is shown below.



(2) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.

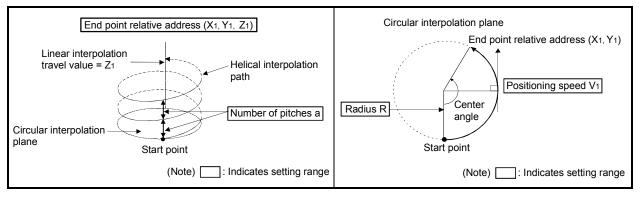


INH (1, I)))))))))))))))))))))))))))))

[Control details]

The linear interpolation to other linear axis is executed performing circular interpolation from current stop position (start point) to specified circular relative end address (X1, Y1) or linear axis end point relative address (Z1), and the incremental helical interpolation control is executed so that it may become a spiral course. It goes around on the specified circle for the specified number of pitches, the circular interpolation which had remainder specified is executed, and positioning to end address is executed. The radius-specified circle specifies circular interpolation method connected start point and end point at the seeing on the plane for which performs circular interpolation.

Operation details for incremental radius-specified helical interpolation are shown below.



Instruction	Rotation direction of servomotor	Controllable angle of arc	Positioning pass
INH Radius-specified helical interpolation less than CW 180°	dius-specified ical interpolationClockwise (CW)s than CW 180° $0^{\circ} < \theta < 180^{\circ}$		Start point Radius R Central point
INH Radius-specified helical interpolation less than CCW 180°	$ \begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ \hline & & \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline \\$	0° < θ < 180°	Radius R Start 0<180° End point point Positioning path
INH Radius-specified helical interpolation CW 180° or more	H \bigcirc Clockwise (CW) elical interpolation Clockwise (CW) N 180° or more 180° $\leq \Theta \leq 360^{\circ}$ H \bigcirc Counter adius-specified Counter elical interpolation Counter elical interpolation Counter	190° < A < 260°	Positioning path 180° ≦θ≦360° Central point Start point End point
INH Radius-specified helical interpolation CCW 180° or more		100 2 0 2 300	Start point Radius R End point $180^\circ \le \theta \le 360^\circ$ Central point Positioning path

Control details for the servo instructions are shown below.

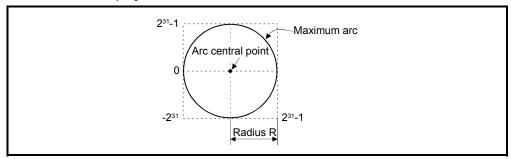
(1) The setting range of end point relative address for the both of circular interpolation axis and linear interpolation axis is 0 to $\pm (2^{31}-1)$.

The travel direction is set by the sign (+/ -) of the travel value, as follows:

 Positive travel valuePositioning control to forward direction (Address increase direction)
 Negative travel value.....Positioning control to reverse direction

(Address decrease direction)

(2) The maximum arc radius on the circular interpolation plane is 2³¹-1. For example, the maximum arc radius for electronic gear 1:1 of unit [mm] is 214748364.7[µm].

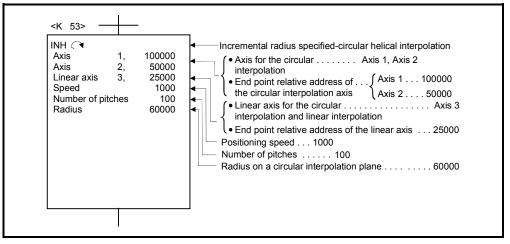


- (3) Set the command speed with the vector speed for 2 axes circular interpolation axis.
- (4) The command speed unit is specified in the parameter block.
- (5) Set the number of pitches within the range of 0 to 999. If it is set outside the setting range, the servo program error [28] occurs and operation does not start.
- (6) All of the circular interpolation axis, linear axis end point relative address, command speed, radius (2 word data above) and number of pitches (1 word data) are set indirectly by the word devices.

[Program]

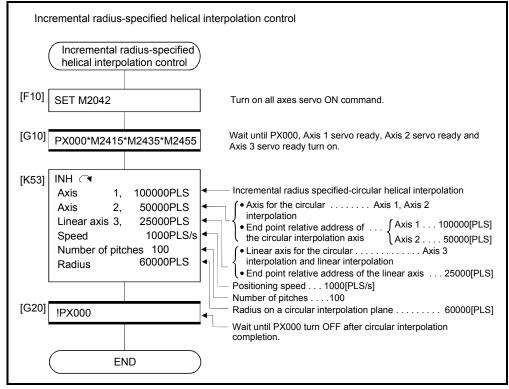
(1) Servo program

Servo program No.53 for incremental radius-specified helical interpolation control is shown below.



(2) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



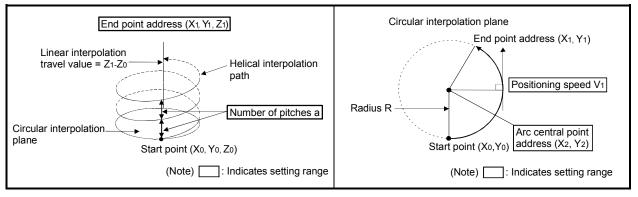
ABH A, ABH Absolute central point-specified helical interpolation control

[Control details]

The linear interpolation to other linear axis is executed performing 2 axes circular interpolation from current stop position (X0, Y0, Z0) to specified circular end address (X1, Y1) or linear axis end point address (Z1), and the absolute helical interpolation is executed so that it may become a spiral course.

It goes around on the specified circle for the specified number of pitches, the circular interpolation which had remainder specified is executed, and positioning to end address is executed. The central point-specified circle specifies circular interpolation method connected start point and end point at the seeing on the plane for which performs circular interpolation.

Operation details for absolute central point-specified helical interpolation are shown below.

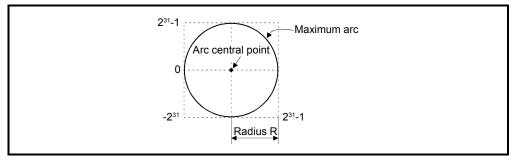


Control details for the servo instructions are shown below.

Instruction	Rotation direction of servomotor	Controllable angle of arc	Positioning pass
ABH (.) Central point- specified helical interpolation CW	helical Clockwise (CW)		Start point 0°<0≦360° End point Central point
ABH Central point- specified helical interpolation CCW	Counter clockwise (CCW)	0° < θ ≦ 360°	Central point Start point • 0°<0≤360° → End point Positioning path

- (1) The setting range of end point address for the both of circular interpolation axis and linear interpolation axis is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (2) The setting range of central point address is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.

(3) The maximum arc radius on the circular interpolation plane is 2³¹-1. For example, the maximum arc radius for electronic gear 1:1 of unit [mm] is 214748364.7[µm].

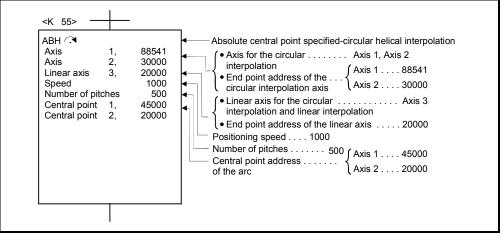


- (4) Set the command speed with the vector speed for 2 axes circular interpolation axis.
- (5) The command speed unit is specified in the parameter block.
- (6) Set the number of pitches within the range of 0 to 999. If it is set outside the setting range, the servo program error [28] occurs and operation does not start.
- (7) All of the circular interpolation axis, linear axis end point address, command speed, radius (2 word data above) and number of pitches (1 word data) are set indirectly by the word devices.
- (8) If start point = end point, number of pitches = 1 and travel value of linear axis = 0, at the only central point-specified circular interpolation, full circle can be drawn.

[Program]

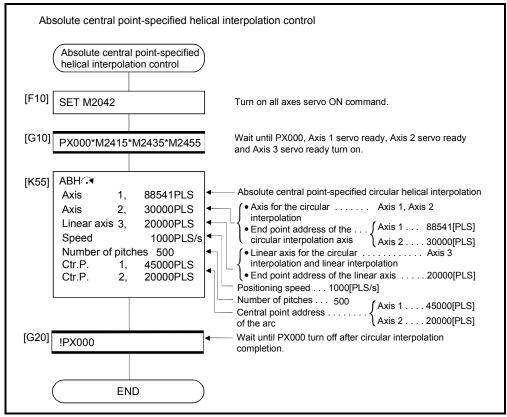
(1) Servo program

Servo program No.55 for absolute central point-specified helical interpolation control is shown below.



(2) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.

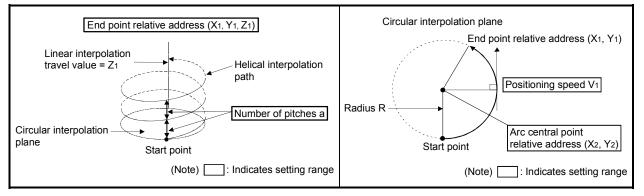


INH (I), INH (I) Incremental central point-specified helical interpolation control

[Control details]

The linear interpolation to other linear axis is executed performing circular interpolation from current stop position (start point) to specified circular relative end address (X1, Y1) or linear axis end point relative address (Z1), and the incremental helical interpolation control is executed so that it may become a spiral course. It goes around on the specified circle for the specified number of pitches, the circular interpolation which had remainder specified is executed, and positioning to end address is executed. The central point-specified circle specifies circular interpolation method connected start point and end point at the seeing on the plane for which performs circular interpolation.

Operation details for incremental central point -specified helical interpolation are shown below.

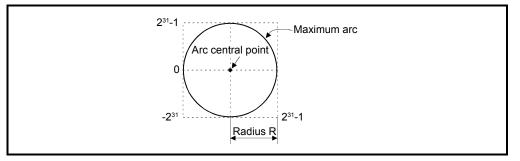


Control details for the servo instructions are shown below.

Instruction	Rotation direction of servomotor	Controllable angle of arc	Positioning pass
INH . Central point-specified helical interpolation CW	Clockwise (CW)	0, 40, 6000	Start point O°<θ≦360° End point Central point
INH Central point-specified helical interpolation CCW	Counter clockwise (CCW)	• 0° < θ ≦ 360°	Central point Start point • 0°<θ≦360° → End point • Positioning path

- (1) The setting range of end point relative address for the both of circular interpolation axis and linear interpolation axis is 0 to $\pm (2^{31}-1)$.
- (2) The setting range of central point relative is 0 to \pm (2³¹-1).

(3) The maximum arc radius on the circular interpolation plane is (2³¹-1). For example, the maximum arc radius for electronic gear 1:1 of unit [mm] is 214748364.7[µm].

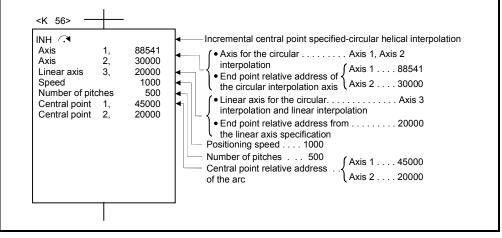


- (4) Set the command speed with the vector speed for 2 axes circular interpolation axis.
- (5) The command speed unit is specified in the parameter block.
- (6) Set the number of pitches within the range of 0 to 999. If it is set outside the setting range, the servo program error [28] occurs and operation does not start.
- (7) All of the circular interpolation axis, linear axis end relative address, command speed, radius (2 word data above) and number of pitches (1 word data) are set indirectly by the word devices.
- (8) If start point = end point, number of pitches = 1 and travel value of linear axis = 0, at the only central point-specified circular interpolation, full circle can be drawn.

[Program]

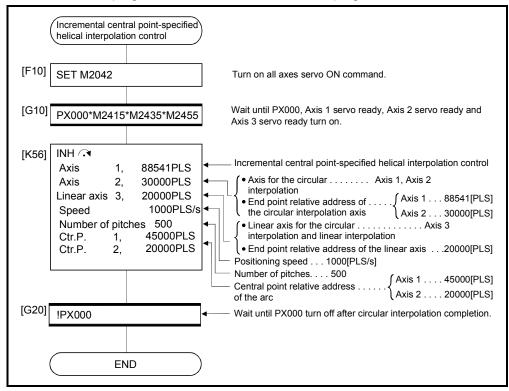
(1) Servo program

Servo program No.56 for incremental central point-specified helical interpolation control is shown below.



(2) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



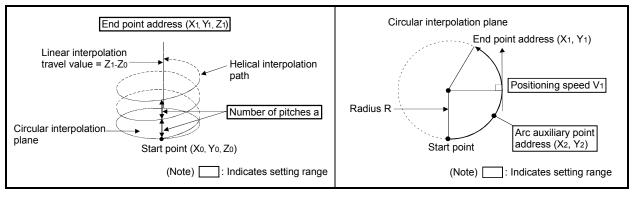
ABH A Absolute auxiliary point-specified helical interpolation control

[Control details]

The linear interpolation to other linear axis is executed performing 2 axes circular interpolation from current stop position (X0, Y0, Z0) to specified circular end address (X1, Y1) or linear axis end point address (Z1), and the absolute helical interpolation is executed so that it may become a spiral course.

It goes around on the specified circle for the specified number of pitches, the circular interpolation which had remainder specified is executed, and positioning to end address is executed. The auxiliary point-specified circle specifies circular interpolation method connected start point and end point at the seeing on the plane for which performs circular interpolation.

Operation details for absolute auxiliary point-specified helical interpolation are shown below.

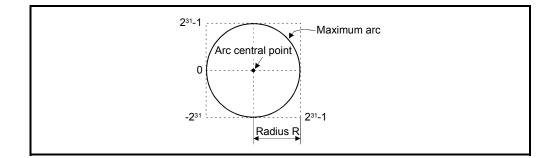


Control details for the servo instructions are shown below.

Instruction	Rotation direction of servomotor	Controllable angle of arc
ABH \dot{L}^{γ} Auxiliary point- specified helical interpolation	Clockwise (CW)/ Counter clockwise (CCW)	0° < θ ≦ 360°

- (1) The setting range of end point address for the both of circular interpolation axis and linear interpolation axis is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (2) The setting range of auxiliary point address is (-2^{31}) to $(2^{31}-1)$.
- (3) The maximum arc radius on the circular interpolation plane is 2³¹-1. For example, the maximum arc radius for electronic gear 1:1 of unit [mm] is 214748364.7[µm].

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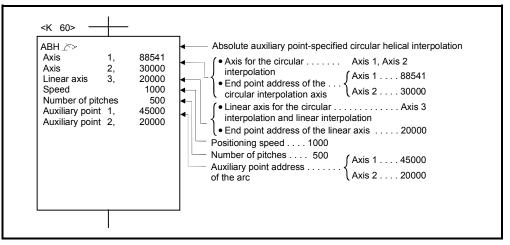


- (4) Set the command speed with the vector speed for 2 axes circular interpolation axis.
- (5) The command speed unit is specified in the parameter block.
- (6) Set the number of pitches within the range of 0 to 999. If it is set outside the setting range, the servo program error [28] occurs and operation does not start.
- (7) All of the circular interpolation axis, linear axis end relative address, command speed, radius (2 word data above) and number of pitches (1 word data) are set indirectly by the word devices.

[Program]

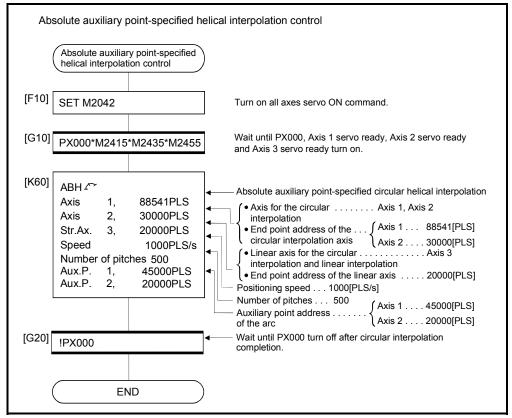
(1) Servo program

Servo program No.60 for absolute auxiliary point-specified helical interpolation control is shown below.



(2) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



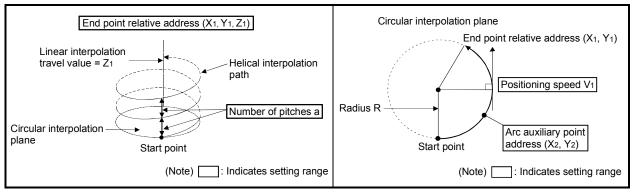
(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

INH M Incremental auxiliary point-specified helical interpolation control

[Control details]

The linear interpolation to other linear axis is executed performing circular interpolation from current stop position (start point) to specified circular relative end address (X1, Y1) or linear axis end point relative address (Z1), and the incremental helical interpolation control is executed so that it may become a spiral course. It goes around on the specified circle for the specified number of pitches, the circular interpolation which had remainder specified is executed, and positioning to end address is executed. The auxiliary point-specified circle specifies circular interpolation method connected start point and end point at the seeing on the plane for which performs circular interpolation.

Operation details for incremental auxiliary point-specified helical interpolation are shown below.

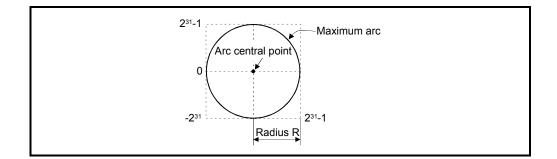


Control details for the servo instructions are shown below.

Instruction	Rotation direction of servomotor	Controllable angle of arc
INH \dot{I}^{γ} Auxiliary point- specified helical interpolation	Clockwise (CW)/ Counter clockwise (CCW)	0° < θ ≦ 360°

- (1) The setting range of end point relative address for the both of circular interpolation axis and linear interpolation axis is 0 to $\pm (2^{31}-1)$.
- (2) The setting range of auxiliary point relative is 0 to $\pm (2^{31}-1)$.
- (3) The maximum arc radius on the circular interpolation plane is (2³¹-1). For example, the maximum arc radius for electronic gear 1:1 of unit [mm] is 214748364.7[µm].

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

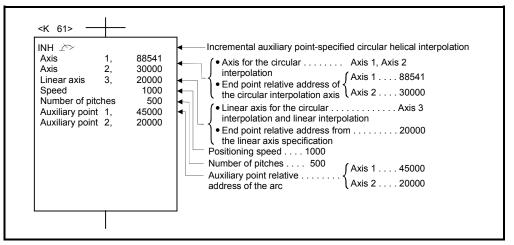


- (4) Set the command speed with the vector speed for 2 axes circular interpolation axis.
- (5) The command speed unit is specified in the parameter block.
- (6) Set the number of pitches within the range of 0 to 999. If it is set outside the setting range, the servo program error [28] occurs and operation does not start.
- (7) All of the circular interpolation axis, linear axis end point address, command speed, radius (2 word data above), and number of pitches (1 word data) are set indirectly by the word devices.

[Program]

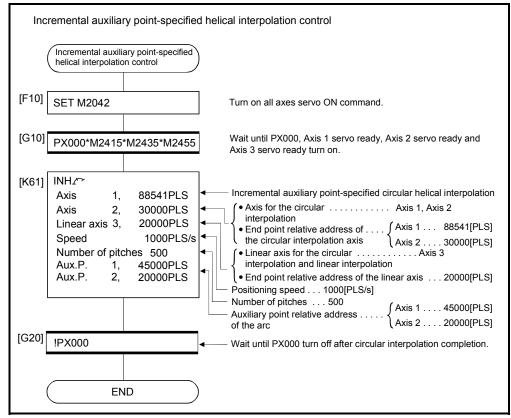
(1) Servo program

Servo program No.61 for incremental auxiliary point-specified helical interpolation control is shown below.



(2) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



6.10 1 Axis Fixed-Pitch Feed Control

Positioning control for specified axis of specified travel value from the current stop point.

		Items set using MT Developer																						
						Common Arc Parameter block									Oth	ers								
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control units	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	N/OFF	Speed change
FEED-1	Incremental	1	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup						\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\triangle	\bigtriangleup		Valid

Fixed-pitch feed control uses the FEED-1servo instruction.

 \bigcirc : Must be set \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

(1) Positioning control for the specified travel value from the current stop position "0" is executed.

- (2) The travel direction is set by the sign (+/ -) of the travel value, as follows:
 Positive travel valuePositioning control to forward direction
 - (Address increase direction)
 Negative travel value......Positioning control to reverse direction (Address decrease direction)

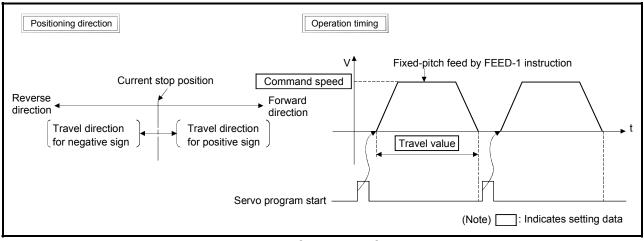


Fig.6.23 1 axis fixed-pitch feed control

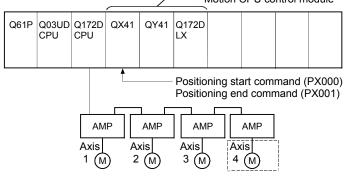
POINT

Do not set the travel value to "0" for fixed-pitch feed control. If the travel value is set to "0", fixed-pitch feed completion without fixed-pitch feed. [Program]

Program for repetition 1 axis fixed-pitch feed control is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration Fixed-pitch feed control of Axis 4.

----- Motion CPU control module



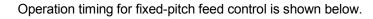
(2) Fixed-pitch feed control conditions

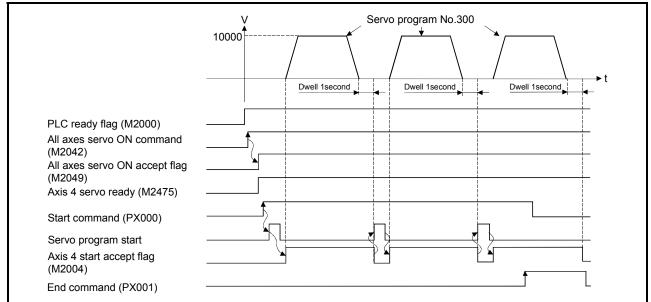
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

Item	Setting
Servo program No.	No.300
Control axis	Axis 4
Control speed	10000
Travel value	80000

- (b) Fixed-pitch feed control start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)
- (c) Fixed-pitch feed control end command PX001 Leading edg $(\text{OFF}\rightarrow\text{ON})$

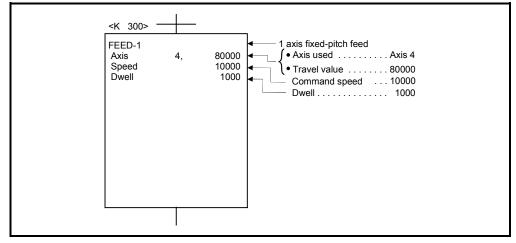
(3) Operation timing





(4) Servo program

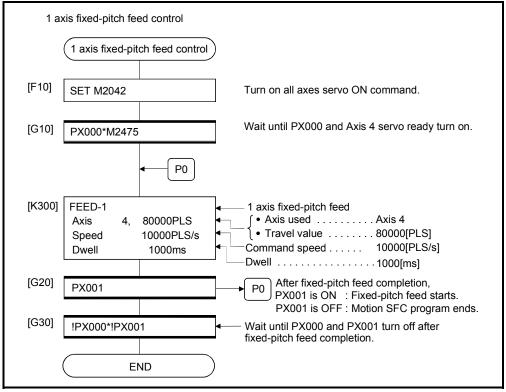
Servo program No.300 for fixed-pitch feed control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.11 Fixed-Pitch Feed Control Using 2 Axes Linear Interpolation

Fixed-pitch feed control using 2 axes linear interpolation from the current stop position with the specified 2 axes.

Fixed-pitch feed control using 2 axes linear interpolation uses the FEED-2 servo instruction.

								lte	ems	set	usir	ng N	NT C	Deve	elop	er							
				C	omm	ion				Arc				Ра	iram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	ers	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis Address/fravel value	Command speed	Dwell Time	M-Code	Torque Limit Value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation			WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
FEED-2	Incremental	2	ΔC	\circ	\circ	\triangle	\bigtriangleup					\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\triangle	\bigtriangleup		Valid

 $[\]bigcirc$: Must be set \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

- (1) Positioning control from the current stop position "0" to the position which combined travel direction and travel value specified with each axis is executed.
- (2) The travel direction for each axis is set by the sign (+/ -) of the travel value for each axis, as follows:
 - Positive travel valuePositioning control to forward direction
 (Address increase direction)
 - Negative travel value......Positioning control to reverse direction
 (Address decrease direction)

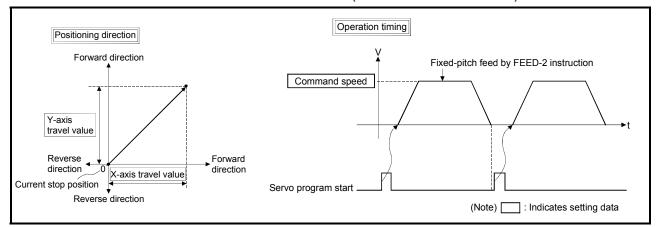


Fig.6.24 Fixed-pitch feed control using 2 axes linear interpolation

POINT

Do not set the travel value to "0" for fixed-pitch feed control.

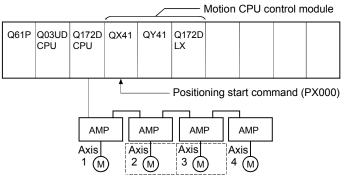
- The following results if the travel value is set to "0":
- (1) If the travel value of both is set to "0", fixed-pitch feed completion without fixed-pitch feed.

[Program]

Program for fixed-pitch feed control using 2 axes linear interpolation is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

Fixed-pitch feed control using 2 axes linear interpolation of Axis 2 and Axis 3.



(2) Fixed-pitch feed control

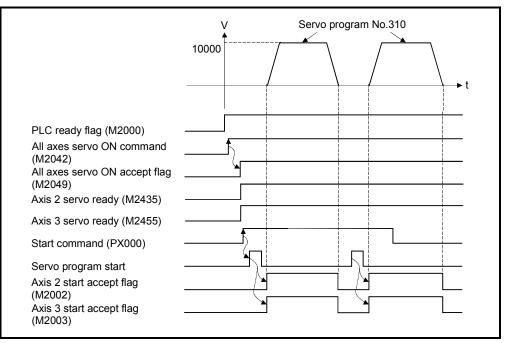
(a) Fixed-pitch feed control conditions are shown below.

Item	Set	ting
Servo program No.	No.	310
Positioning speed	100	000
Control axis	Axis 2	Axis 3
Travel value	500000	300000

(b) Fixed-pitch feed control start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

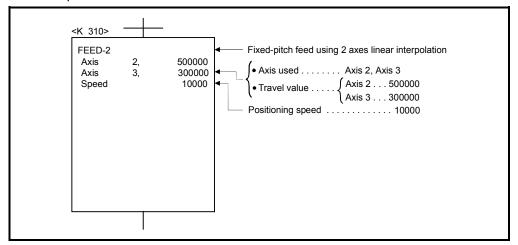
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for fixed-pitch feed control using 2 axes linear interpolation is shown below.



(4) Servo program

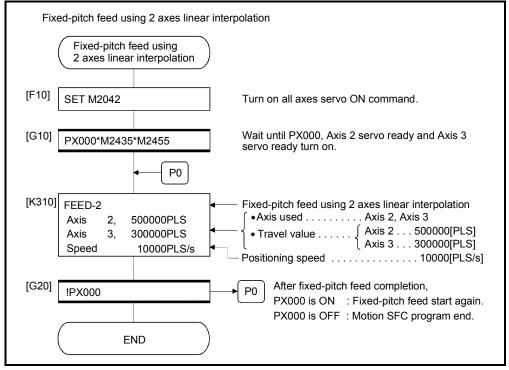
Servo program No.310 for fixed-pitch feed control using 2 axes linear interpolation is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the speed-switching control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.12 Fixed-Pitch Feed Control Using 3 Axes Linear Interpolation

Fixed-pitch feed control using 3 axes linear interpolation from the current stop position with the specified 3 axes.

Fixed-pitch feed control using 3 axes linear interpolation uses the FEED-3 servo instruction.

								lte	ems	set	usir	ng N	ИТ С	Deve	elop	er							
				С	omm	non				Arc				Ра	iram	eter	. plo	ck			Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Address/fravel value	Command speed		M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio		WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
FEED-3	Incremental	3	ΔC	\circ	$^{\circ}$	\triangle	\bigtriangleup					\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		Valid

 $[\]bigcirc$: Must be set \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

- (1) Positioning control from the current stop position "0" to the position which combined travel direction and travel value specified with each axis is executed.
- (2) The travel direction for each axis is set by the sign (+/ -) of the travel value for each axis, as follows:
 - Positive travel valuePositioning control to forward direction
 - (Address increase direction)
 - Negative travel value.....Positioning control to reverse direction
 (Address decrease direction)

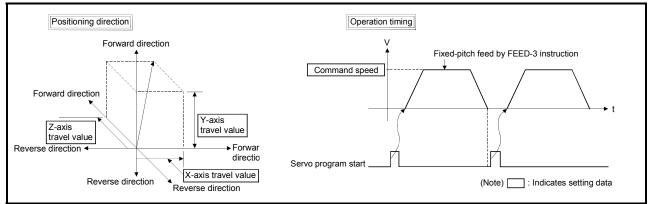


Fig. 6.25 Fixed-pitch feed control using 3 axes linear interpolation

POINT

Do not set the travel value to "0" for fixed-pitch feed control.

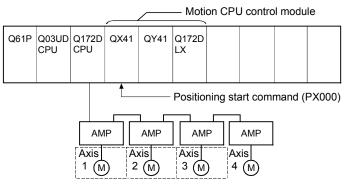
- The following results if the travel value is set to "0":
- (1) If the travel value of all axes are set to "0", fixed-pitch feed completion without fixed-pitch feed.

[Program]

Program for fixed-pitch feed control using 3 axes linear interpolation is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

Fixed-pitch feed control using 3 axes linear interpolation of Axis 1, Axis 2 and Axis 3.



(2) Fixed-pitch feed control

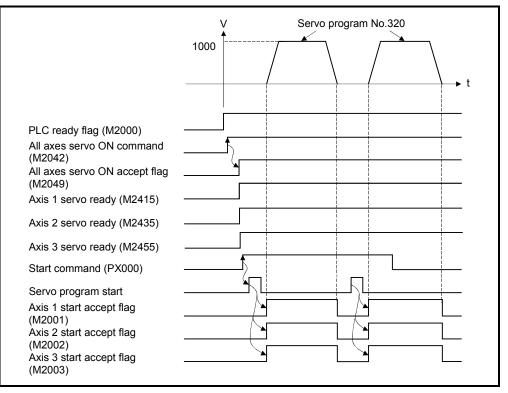
(a) Fixed-pitch feed control conditions are shown below.

Item		Setting	
Servo program No.		No.320	
Positioning speed		1000	
Control axes	Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3
Travel value	50000	40000	30000

(b) Fixed-pitch feed control start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

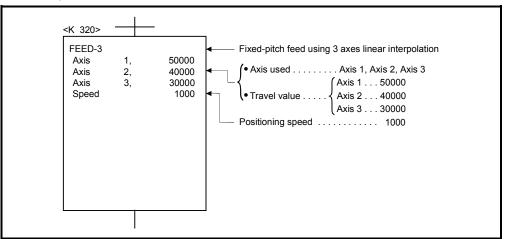
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for fixed-pitch feed control using 3 axes linear interpolation is shown below.



(4) Servo program

Servo program No.320 for fixed-pitch feed control using 3 axes linear interpolation is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.

Fixed-pitch feed using 3 axes linear inter	polation
Fixed-pitch feed using 3 axes linear interpolation	
[F10] SET M2042	Turn on all axes servo ON command.
[G10] PX000*M2415*M2435*M2455	Wait until PX000, Axis 1 servo ready, Axis 2 servo ready and Axis 3 servo ready turn on.
[K320] FEED-3 Axis 1, 50000PLS Axis 2, 40000PLS Axis 3, 30000PLS Speed 1000PLS/s	 Fixed-pitch feed using 3 axes linear interpolation Axis used Axis 1, Axis 2, Axis 3 Axis 1500000[PLS] Travel value Axis 2400000[PLS] Axis 3300000[PLS] Positioning speed
[G20] !PX000 END	▶ P0 After fixed-pitch feed completion, PX000 is ON : Fixed-pitch feed start again. PX000 is OFF : Motion SFC program end.

(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

6.13 Speed Control (I)

- (1) Speed control for the specified axis is executed.
- (2) Control includes positioning loops for control of servo amplifiers.

(3) S	peed control ((\mathbf{I})) uses the VF	Forward) and VR ((Reverse) servo instructions.
----	-----	----------------	----------------	---------------	---------	------------	----------	-----------------------

									lte	ems	set	usir	ng N	/IT C)eve	elop	er							
					Co	mm	on				Arc				Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	iers	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
VF VR	_	1	\bigtriangleup	0		0		\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		Valid

 \bigcirc : Must be set \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

- (1) Controls the axis at the specified speed until the input of the stop command after starting of the servomotors.
 - VF Forward direction start
 - VR Reverse direction start
- (2) Current value does not change at "0".

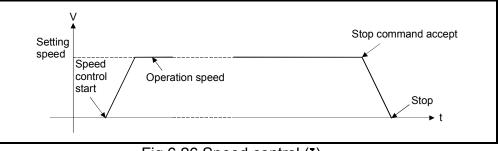


Fig.6.26 Speed control (I)

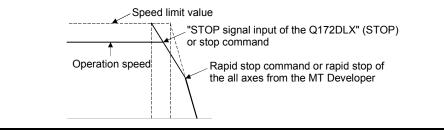
(3) Stop commands and stop processing The stop commands and stop processing for speed control are shown in the table.6.1.

Stop command	Stop condition	Stop axis	Stop processing
STOP signal input of the Q172DLX (STOP)			Deceleration stop based on the parameter block or the "deceleration time on STOP input" specified with the servo instruction.
Stop command (M3200+20n)	$OFF \to ON$	Specified axis	Deceleration stop based on the parameter block or the "deceleration time" specified with the servo instruction.
Rapid stop command ^(Note) (M3201+20n)			Deceleration stop based on the parameter block or the "rapid stop deceleration time" specified with the servo instruction.
Rapid stop of the all axes/ deceleration stop from MT Developer. ^(Note) (Test mode)	Click icon	All axes	Deceleration stop based on the parameter block or the "rapid stop deceleration time" specified with the servo instruction.
Speed change to speed "0"	Speed change request	Specified axis	Deceleration stop based on the parameter block or the "deceleration time" specified with the servo instruction.

Table.6.1 Stop commands and stop processing

POINT

(Note): The rapid stop command and the rapid stop of the all axes from MT Developer are also valid during deceleration by the "STOP signal input of the Q172DLX" (STOP) or stop command (M3200+20n), and processing based on the "rapid stop deceleration time" parameter starts at the time the stop condition occurs.



[Cautions]

(1) After executing of the speed control using the absolute position system, the feed current value cannot be set to "0" by the following operations:

Reset

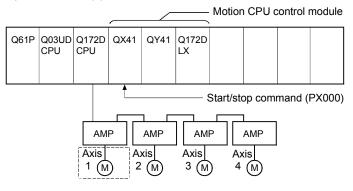
- Turning the servo power supply on (OFF \rightarrow ON)
- (2) The dwell time cannot be set.

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Program]

Program for speed control (I) is shown as the following conditions. (1) System configuration

Speed control (I) of Axis 1.



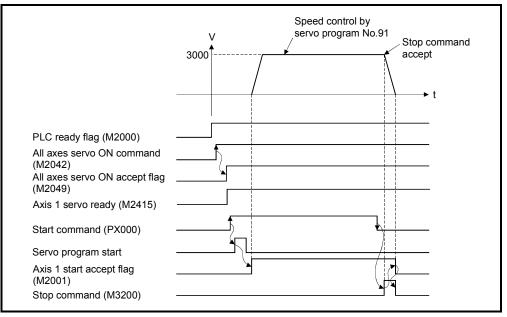
- (2) Speed control (I) conditions
 - (a) Speed control (I) conditions are shown below.

Item	Setting
Servo program No.	No.91
Control axis	Axis 1
Control speed	3000
Rotation direction	Forward

- (b) Speed control (I) start command...... PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)
- (c) Stop command..... PX000 Trailing edge (ON \rightarrow OFF)

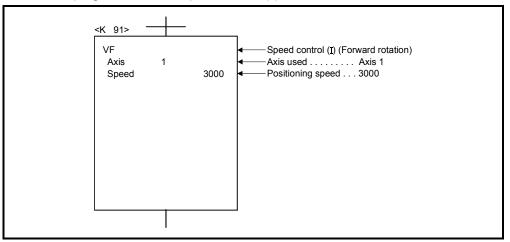
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for speed control (I) is shown below.



(4) Servo program

Servo program No.91 for speed control (I) is shown below.



(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.

Spe	eed control (I)		
	Speed control (I)	\supset	
[F10]	SET M2042		Turn on all axes servo ON command.
[G10]	PX000*M2415		Wait until PX000 and Axis 1 servo ready turn on.
[K91]	VF Axis 1 Speed 3000PLS/s	•	 Speed control (I) (Forward rotation) Axis used Axis 1 Positioning speed 3000[PLS/s]
[G20]	!PX000		Wait until PX000 turns off after speed control (I) start.
[F20]	SET M3200		Turn on Axis 1 stop command.
[G30]	!M2001		Wait until Axis 1 start accept flag turn off.
[F30]	RST M3200		Turn off Axis 1 stop command.
	END	\bigcirc	

(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.14 Speed Control (I)

- (1) Speed control for the specified axis is executed.
- (2) Speed control not includes positioning loops for control of servo amplifiers.It can be used for stopper control, etc. so that it may not become error excessive.
- (3) Speed control (\mathbf{I}) uses the VVF (Forward) and VVR (Reverse) servo instructions.

									lte	ems	set	usir	ng N	ИТ С)eve	elop	er					1		
					Co	mm	on				Arc				Pa	ram	eter	· blo	ck			Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
VVF VVR	_	1		0		0		\bigtriangleup						\square	\square	\supset	\supset	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			Valid
																						(): N	/lust be set

[Control details]

(1) Controls the axis at the specified speed until the input of the stop command after starting of the servomotors.

 \triangle : Set if required

- VVF Forward direction start
- VVR...... Reverse direction start
- (2) Current value or deviation counter do not change at "0".
- (3) When the setting for "torque" is set in the servo program and an indirect setting made, the torque limit value can be changed during operation by changing the value of the indirect device.
- (4) The stop command and stop processing are the same as for speed control (I).

[Cautions]

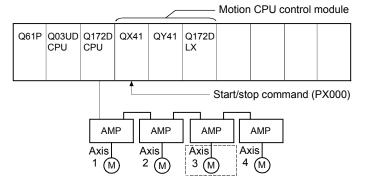
- (1) After executing of the speed control using the absolute position system, the feed current value cannot be set to "0" by the following operations:
 - Reset
 - Turning the servo power supply on (OFF \rightarrow ON)
- (2) The dwell time cannot be set.

(3) Even if the speed command is set as probe data by the digital oscilloscope function, the value on digital oscilloscope does not change with "0".

[Program]

Program for speed control (**I**) is shown as the following conditions. (1) System configuration

Speed control (**I**) of Axis 3.



(2) Speed control (**I**) conditions

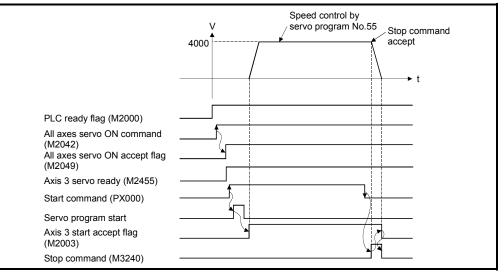
(a) Speed control (\mathbf{I}) conditions are shown below.

Item	Setting
Servo program No.	No.55
Control axis	Axis 3
Control speed	4000
Rotation direction	Forward

- (b) Speed control (II) start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)
- (c) Stop command PX000 Trailing edge (ON \rightarrow OFF)

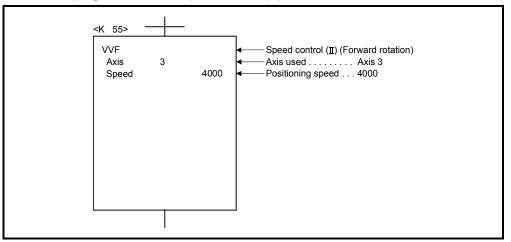
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for speed control (\mathbf{I}) is shown below.



(4) Servo program

Servo program No.55 for speed control (II) is shown below.



(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.

Speed control (II)	
Speed control (II)	
[F10] SET M2042	Turn on all axes servo ON command.
[G10] PX000*M2455	Wait until PX000 and Axis 3 servo ready turn on.
[K55] VVF Axis 3 Speed 4000PLS/s	 Speed control (II) (Forward rotation) Axis used Axis 3 Positioning speed 4000[PLS/s]
[G20] !PX000	Wait until PX000 turn off after speed control (${\rm I\!I}$) start.
[F20] SET M3240	Turn on Axis 3 stop command.
[G30] !M2003	Wait until Axis 3 start accept flag turn off.
[F30] RST M3240	Turn off Axis 3 stop command.
END	

(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

6.15 Speed/Position Switching Control

6.15.1 Speed/position switching control start

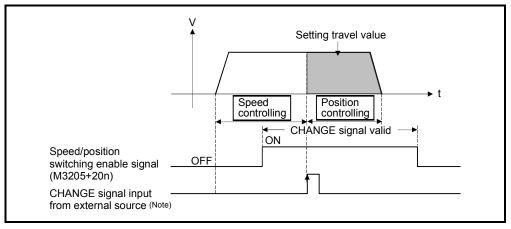
Speed/position switching control for specified axis is executed. Speed/position switching control uses the VPF (Forward rotation), VPR (Reverse rotation) and VPSTART (Re-start) servo instructions.

									lte	ems	set	usir	ng N	/IT C)eve	elop	er							
					Cor	nm	on				Arc				Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	iers	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
VPF VPR	Incremental	1	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup					\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		Valid

[Control details]

 \bigcirc : Must be set \triangle : Set if required

- (1) The speed control is executed after the start of the servomotor, and changes from speed control to position control with the CHANGE (Speed/position switching) signal from external source, and then the specified positioning travel value is executed.
 - · VPF..... Forward rotation direction (Address increase direction) start
 - · VPR..... Reverse rotation direction (Address decrease direction) start
- (2) The CHANGE signal from external source is effective during speed/position switching enable signal (M3205+20n) is on only. If M3205+20n turns on after the CHANGE signal turned on, it does not change from speed control to position control and speed control is continued.

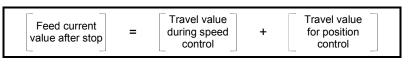


REMARK

- (Note): "The external CHANGE signal input from external source" is inputted to CHANGE of the Q172DLX from external source. When "normally open contact input" is set in the system settings, CHANGE input occurs at the CHANGE signal on, and when "normally closed contact input" is set, CHANGE input occurs at the CHANGE signal off. (Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller User's Manual".)
- (3) Feed current value processing

The feed current value is as follows by turning feed current value update request command (M3212+20n) on/off at the speed/position switching control start.

- (a) M3212+20n OFF...... The feed current value is cleared to "0" at the start.
 - The feed current value is updated from the start (speed control).
 - The feed current value after stop is as follows:

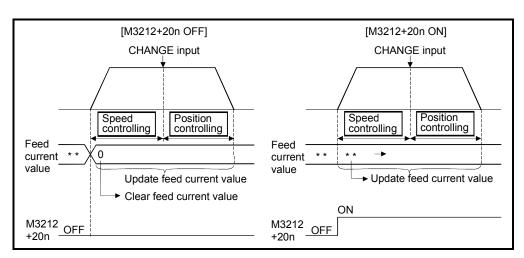


(b) M3212+20n ON...... • The feed current value is not cleared at the start.
 • The feed current value is updated from the start (speed control).

• If the feed current value exceeds the stroke limit, a deceleration stop is executed.

• The feed current value after stop is as follows:

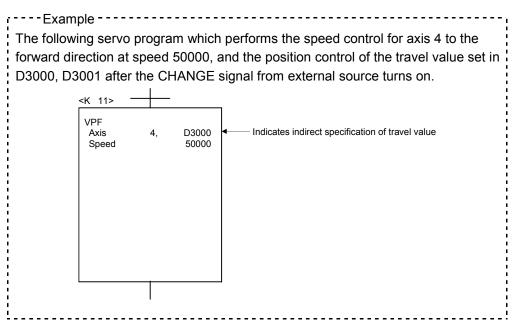
Feed current
value after stop=Address
before speed
control startTravel value
during speed
controlTravel value
for position
control



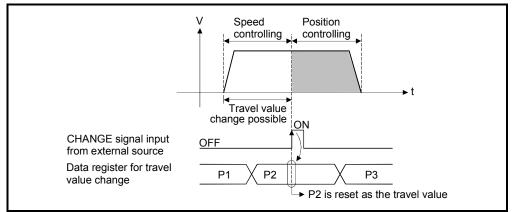
POINT

If it is started with M3212+20n on, leave M3212+20n on until positioning control is completed. If it is turns off during control, the feed current value cannot be guaranteed.

- (4) Change of the travel value during speed control The travel value for position control can be changed during speed control after speed/position control start.
 - (a) The travel value is set in indirect specification by optional device (2-word data) in the servo program.



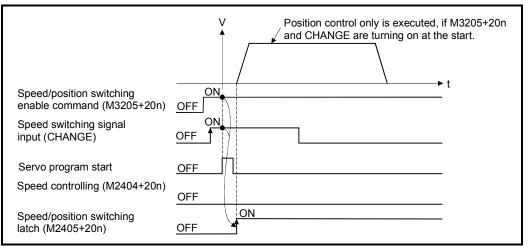
(b) The travel value is stored in the data register for travel value change during speed control in the Motion SFC program. When the CHANGE signal turns on, the contents of the data register for travel value change are set as the travel value.



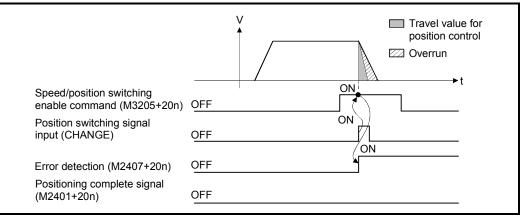
(5) Travel value area after proximity dog ON The travel value since the position mode was selected by the CHANGE signal input from external source is stored in the travel value storage register after proximity dog ON. (Refer to Section 3.2.1) [Cautions]

- Item check at the CHANGE signal ON from external source When the external CHANGE signal turns on, speed control switches to position control if the following conditions are met:
 - Start accept flag (M2001+n) is turning on.
 - Speed control is executing after starting of the speed/position switching control.
 - Speed/position switching enable command (M3205+20n) is turning on.
- (2) No speed control

Position control only is executed if M3205+20n and CHANGE signal are turning on at the start. The speed controlling signal (M2404+20n) does not turn on.



- (3) "Travel value for position control" is less than "deceleration distance"
 - (a) If the travel value for position control is less than the deceleration distance at controlling speed, deceleration processing starts immediately when CHANGE is input.
 - (b) The difference between travel value for the deceleration stop and position control is the overrun. At this time, the error detection signal (M2407+20n) turns on and error code [209] is stored in the data register.
 - (c) The positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) does not turn on.



(4) Stroke limit check

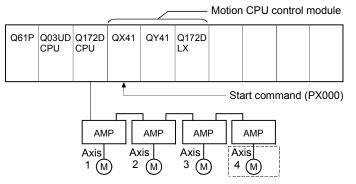
Stroke limit range is not checked during the speed mode. If the travel value exceeds the stroke limit range, a minor error (error code: 210) occurs when position mode is selected, and performs a deceleration stop.

[Program]

Program for speed/position switching control is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

Speed/position switching control of Axis 4.



(2) Positioning conditions

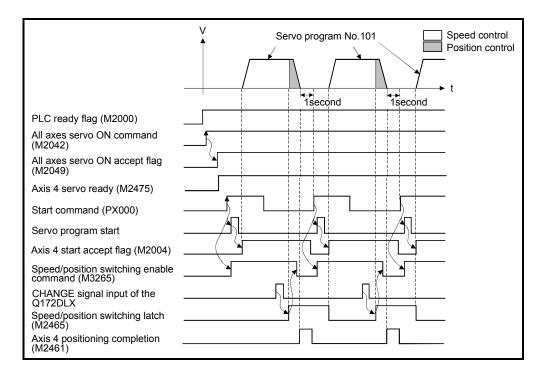
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

Item	Positioning conditions
Servo program No.	101
Control axis	Axis 4
Travel value for positioning control	40000
Command speed	1000

- (b) Positioning start command PX000 Leading edge
- (c) Speed/position switching enable command M3265

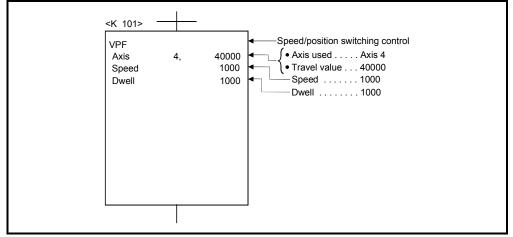
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for speed/position switching control is shown below.



(4) Servo program

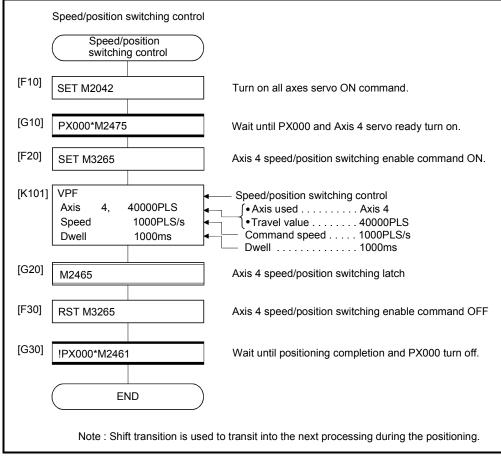
Servo program No.101 for speed/position switching control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

[Control details]

6.15.2 Re-starting after stop during control

Re-starting (continuing) after stop with stop command during speed/position switching control is executed.

Re-starting uses VPSTART servo instruction.

									lte	ems	set	usi	ng N	AT C	Deve	elop	er							
					Cor	nm	on				Arc				Ра	ram	eter	r blo	ck			Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	atio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
VPSTART	Incremental	1		0																		\bigtriangleup		Valid

 \bigcirc : Must be set \triangle : Set if required

- (1) The continuous control after stop during speed control is executed, after speed/ position switching control start.
- (2) Re-starting using the VPSTART is effective by stop during speed control or position control.
 - (a) Re-starts with the speed control at the stop during speed control, then switches to position control by turning on the CHANGE signal.
 - The control contents after re-starting are same as the speed/position switching control. Refer to Section "6.15.1 Speed/position switching control start".

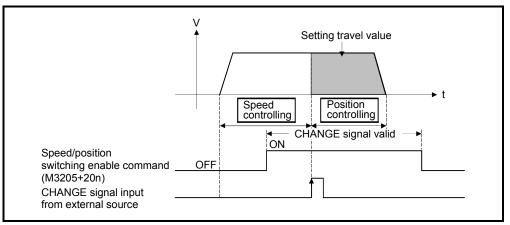
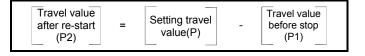


Fig. 6.27 Re-starting during speed control

(b) If the stop occurred during position control, re-start with position, and the positioning control of setting travel value.

The travel value after the re-start is calculated as follows:



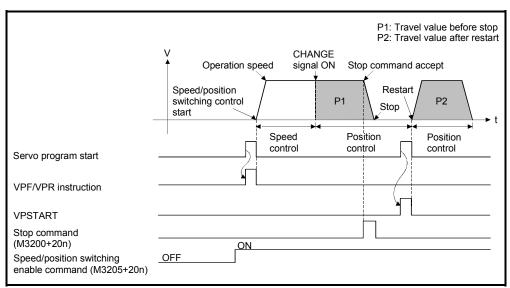


Fig.6.28 Re-starting during speed control

(3) It controls at the speed stored at the VPF/VPR instruction execution in the restarting.

Therefore, even if the speed change before stop during control, it becomes the speed at the VPF/VPR instruction execution.

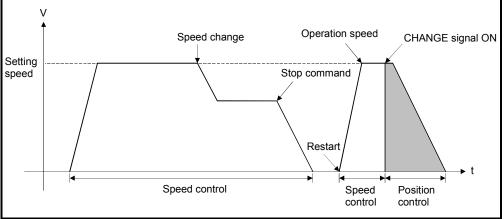


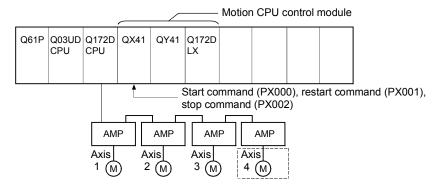
Fig.6.29 Re-starting after speed change

[Program]

Program for restarting after stop during control with the speed/position switching control is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

Speed/position switching control of Axis 4.



(2) Positioning conditions

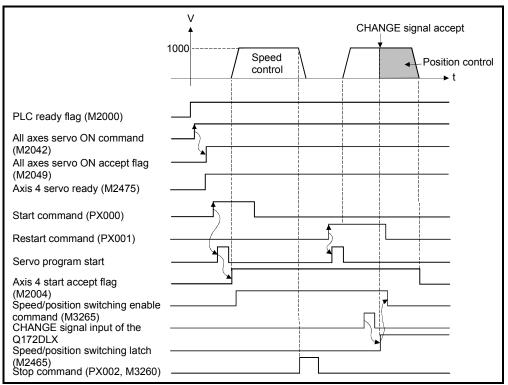
(a) Positioning conditions are shown below.

	Positioning	conditions
Item	Speed/position switching control	Restart
Servo program No.	101	102
Control axis	Axis 4	Axis 4
Travel value for positioning control	40000	_
Command speed	1000	_

- (b) Positioning start command PX000 Leading edge $(\text{OFF} \rightarrow \text{ON})$
- (c) Speed/position switching enable command M3265
- (d) Re-start command PX001 Leading edge $(\text{OFF} \rightarrow \text{ON})$
- (e) Stop command PX002 Leading edge $(\text{OFF} \rightarrow \text{ON})$

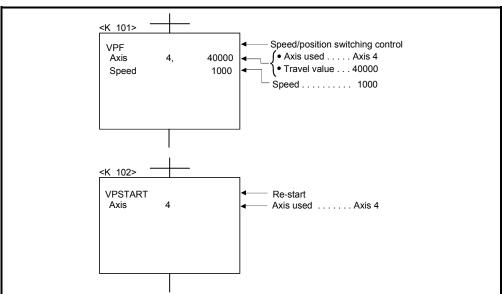
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for speed/position switching control and re-starting are shown below.



(4) Servo program

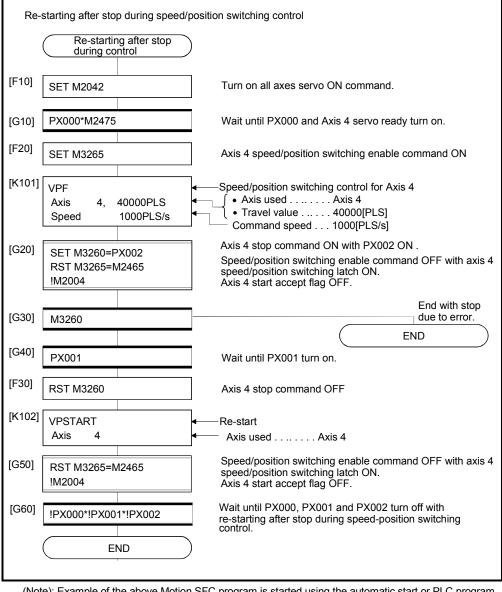
Servo program No.101 and No.2 for speed/position control and re-starting are shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.16 Speed-Switching Control

- (1) Positioning control performs changing the speed on the point beforehand set by one start.
- (2) The speed-switching points and speed are set using the servo program.
- (3) Repetition control between any speed-switching points can be performed by using repetition instructions.
- (4) M-codes and torque limit values can be changed at each speed-switching point.

6.16.1 Speed-switching control start, speed-switching points and end specification

										lte	ems	set	usi	ng N	AT C)eve	elop	er							
						Со	mm	on				Arc				Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	ers	
Sei	-	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
Start	VSTART			\triangle										\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle					
End	VEND	_	_																						_
	ABS-1		1																						
End point address	ABS-2	Absolute data	2																						
	ABS-3		3		0	0	0																		Valid
Travel	INC-1		1		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup													\triangle		valiu
value to	INC-2	Incremental	2																						
end point	INC-3		3																						
Speed-	VABS	Absolute data								_								Ī							
Switching point	VINC	Incremental	_			0	0		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup															_

 \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

Start and end of the speed-switching control

Speed-switching control is started and ended using the following instructions:

(1) VSTART

Starts the speed-switching control.

(2) VEND

Ends the speed-switching control.

Travel value setting to end address/end point

The travel value to end address/end point with the speed-switching control, positioning control method and positioning speed to the end point are set using the following instructions:

(1) ABS-1/INC-1

Set 1 axis linear positioning control. The control contents are same as Section 6.2 "1 Axis Linear Positioning Control".

(2) ABS-2/INC-2

Set 2 axes linear interpolation control.

The control contents are same as Section 6.3 "2 Axes Linear Interpolation Control".

(3) ABS-3/INC-3

Set 3 axes linear interpolation control. The control contents are same as Section 6.4 "3 Axes Linear Interpolation Control".

Speed-switching point setting

The address (travel value) of the speed-switching point and the positioning speed are set using the following instructions:

(1) VABS

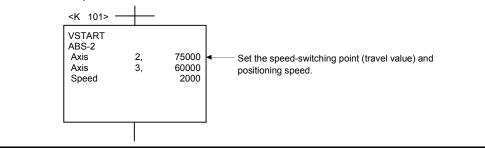
Set the speed-switching point using the absolute data method.

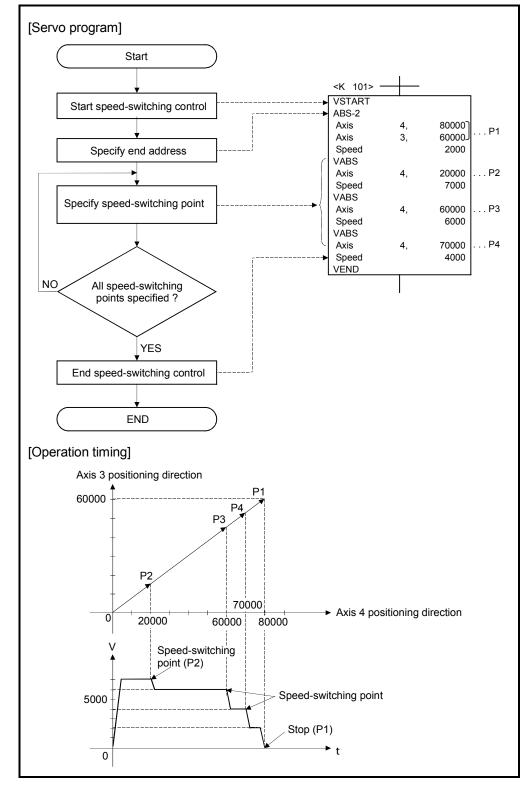
(2) VINC

Set the speed-switching point using the incremental data method.

POINT

The axis which set the speed-switching point (travel value) and positioning speed by 2 or 3 axes linear interpolation control is first set in the "travel value to end address/end point".





Procedure of the servo program and operation timing

Servo programs for speed-switching control and the operation timing are shown below.

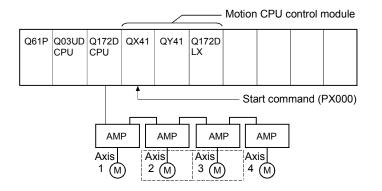
[Cautions]

- (1) The number of control axes cannot be changed during control.
- (2) The speed-switching point can be specified the absolute data method (VABS□) and incremental data method (VINC□) by mixed use.
- (3) The speed-switching point cannot be specified an address which change in travel direction. If the travel direction change, the error code [215] is stored in the minor error storage register for each axis and the deceleration stop is performed.
- (4) It checks whether to be the end address within the stroke limit range at the start. If it is positioning to outside the stroke limit range, the error code [106] is stored in the minor error storage register for each axis and operation does not start.
- (5) If the travel value between speed-switching points is so short and it shifts to the next speed-switching point during speed-switching control, the speed-switching does not perform.
- (6) The M-code from the previous point is retained in the point with which M-code is not specified.

[Program]

Program for speed-switching is shown as the following conditions.

 System configuration Speed-switching control of Axis 2 and Axis 3.

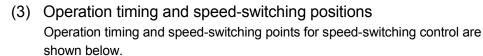


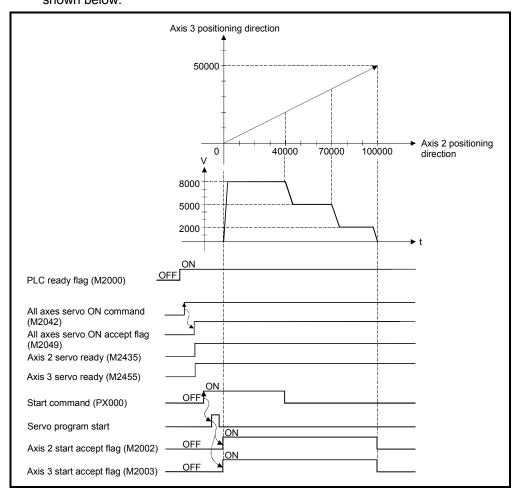
(2) Positioning conditions

(a) Speed-switching control conditions are shown below.

Item	Set	ting
Servo program No.	50	00
Control axis	Axis 2	Axis 3
End address	100000	50000

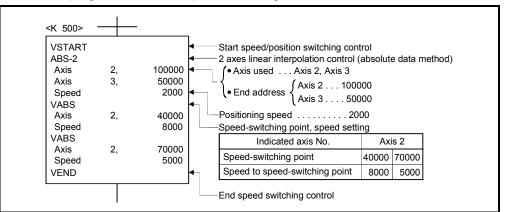
(b) Speed-switching control start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)





(4) Servo program

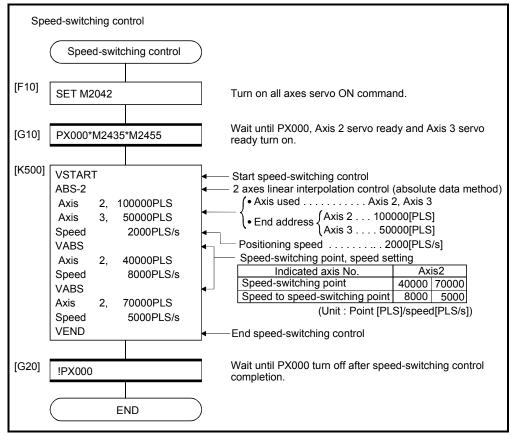
Servo program No.500 for speed-switching control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the speed-switching control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.16.2 Specification of speed-switching points using repetition instructions

	Кере							-																	1
					Co	mm	0.0				is se Arc	et us	sing	MT		velo ram			ook				Othe	ro	
					00					ĺ	AIC				гa	an	ele		JCK					:15	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Toraue limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	Source ratio	Repeated condition		WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
FOR-TIMES																									
FOR-ON	_	_																				0			
FOR-OFF																									
NEXT	_	_																							

Repetition execution between any speed-switching points.

○: Must be set
 △: Set if required

[Control details]

First repetition range setting

The first repetition range is set using the following instructions:

- (1) FOR-TIMES (number of loops setting)
 - (a) The repetition range set specified number of times is executed repeatedly.
 - (b) The setting range is 1 to 32767.
 - Outside the range of 32768 to 0 is controlled as a setting of "1".
 - (c) The following devices can be used as the repetition number of times:
 - 1) Data register (D)
 - 2) Link register (W)
 - 3) Motion register (#)
 - 4) Multiple CPU area device(U□\G)
 - 5) Decimal constant (K)
 - 6) Hexadecimal constant (H)

(2) FOR-ON (loop-out trigger condition setting)

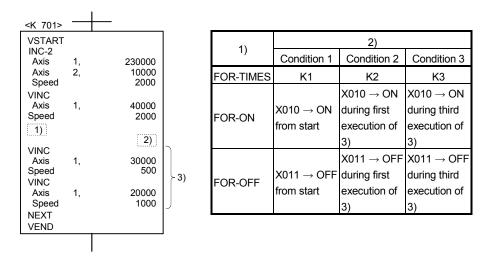
- (a) The repetition range set until the specified bit device turns on is executed repeatedly.
- (b) The following devices are used as the loop-out trigger condition:1) Input (X/PX)
 - 2) Output (Y/PY)
 - 3) Internal relay (M)
 - 4) Special relay (SM)
 - 5) Link relay (B)
 - 6) Annunciator (F)

- For indirect setting

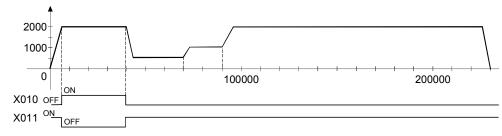
- (3) FOR-OFF (loop-out trigger condition setting)
 - (a) The repetition range set until the specified bit device turns off is executed repeatedly.
 - (b) The following devices are used as the loop-out trigger condition:
 1) Input (X/PX)
 2) Output (Y/PY)
 3) Internal relay (M)
 4) Special relay (SM)
 5) Link relay (B)
 6) Annunciator (F)

Operation of the repetition control using FOR-TIMES, FOR-ON, and FOR-OFF is shown below.

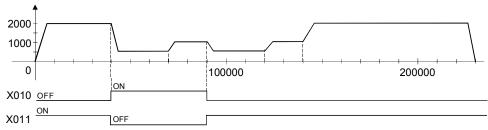
[Servo program]



(1) Operation in condition 1

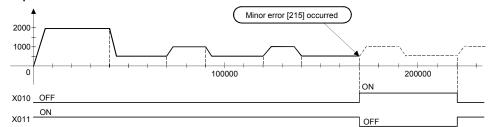


(2) Operation in condition 2



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(3) Operation in condition 3



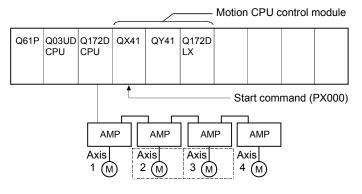
Error occurs because it exceeds the travel value to the stop position.

[Program]

Program for repetition speed-switching control is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration Speed switching control of Axis 2 and Axis

Speed-switching control of Axis 2 and Axis 3.

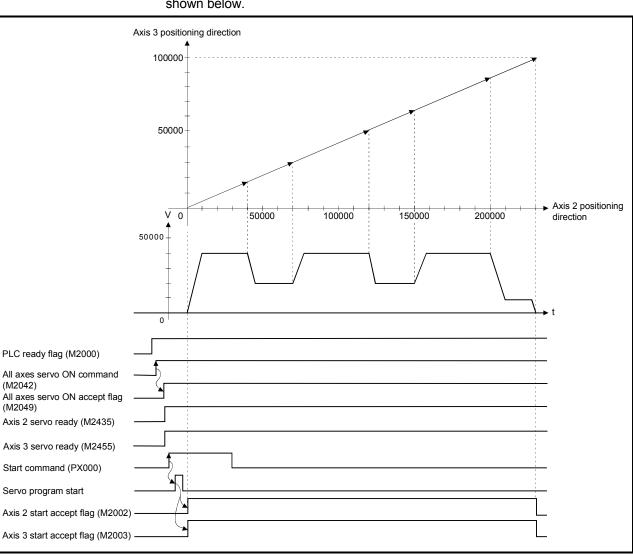


(2) Positioning conditions

(a) Speed-switching control conditions are shown below.

Item	Set	ting							
Servo program No.	501								
Control axes	Axis 2	Axis 3							
End address	230000	100000							

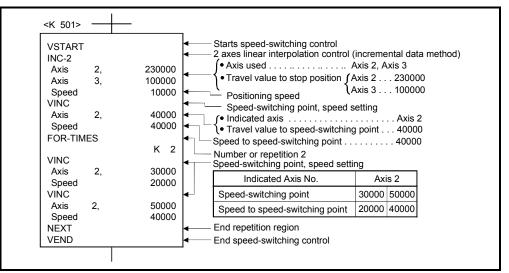
(b) Speed-switching control start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)



(3) Operation timing and speed-switching positions Operation timing and speed-switching points for speed-switching control are shown below.

(4) Servo program

Servo program No. 501 for speed-switching control by the repetition instruction is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes speed-switching control using repetition instructions is shown below.

Specification of speed-switching	points using repetition instructions
Speed-switching control using repetition instructions	
[F10] SET M2042	Turn on all axes servo ON command.
[G10] PX000*M2435*M2455	Wait until PX000, Axis 2 servo ready and Axis 3 servo ready turn on.
[K501] VSTART INC-2 Axis 2, 230000PLS Axis 3, 10000PLS Speed 10000PLS/S VINC Axis 2, 40000PLS Speed 40000PLS/S FOR-TIMES K 2 VINC Axis 2, 30000PLS Speed 20000PLS/S VINC Axis 2, 50000PLS Speed 40000PLS/S NEXT VEND	 Starts speed-switching control 2 axes linear interpolation control (incremental data method) Axis used
[G20] !PX000	Wait until PX000 turn off after speed switching control completion.
END	

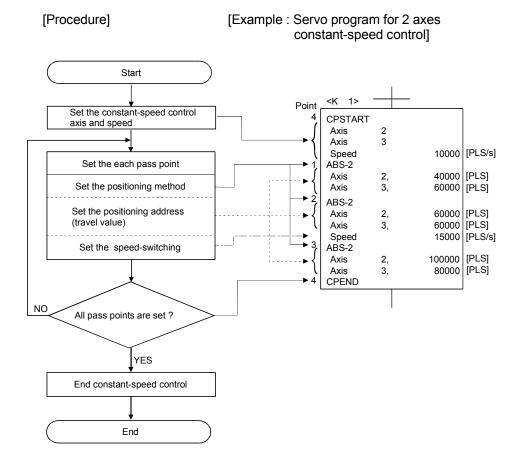
(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.17 Constant-Speed Control

- (1) Positioning to the pass point beforehand set by one starting is executed with the specified positioning method and positioning speed.
- (2) The positioning method and positioning speed can be changed for each pass point.
- (3) The following parameters is set in the servo program.
 - Pass point
 - · Positioning method from any pass point to the next pass point.
 - Positioning speed from any pass point to the next pass point.
- (4) Repetition control between any pass points can be performed by using repetition instructions.
- (5) M-codes and torque limit values can be changed at each speed-switching point.
- (6) 1 to 4 axes can be controlled.

[Procedure to write servo programs]

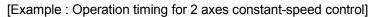
The method to write the servo programs for constant-speed control is shown below.

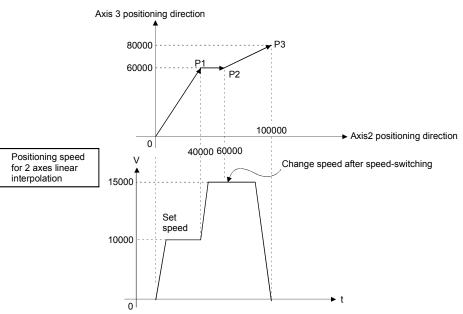


6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Operation timing]

Operation timing for constant-speed control is shown below.





[Caution]

- (1) The number of control axes cannot be changed during control.
- (2) The pass point can be specified the absolute data method (ABS□) and incremental method (INC□) by mixed use.
- (3) The pass point can also be specified an address which change in travel direction. The acceleration processing at a pass point is executed for 1 axis constant-speed. However, the acceleration/deceleration processing at a pass point is not executed for 2 to 4 axes constant-speed, so be careful of the servo error occurrence, etc.
- (4) Speed change is possible after the start.

Note the following points at the speed change.

(a) The central point-specified circular interpolation is included the constantspeed control.

When the arc path calculated from the start address and central-point address is differ (within the allowable error range for circular interpolation) from the setting end address, if the speed is changed, error compensation (Refer to Section 4.3.3) may not function normally.

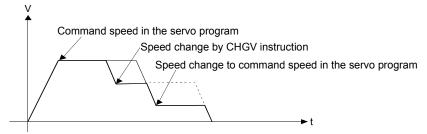
When the central point-specified circular interpolation as positioning method is used at the constant-speed control, set the start address, central point address and end address becomes arc correctly. (b) The speed switching and change speed by CHGV instruction are executed toward the same program in the servo program.

The lower of the speed change by CHGV instructions and the command speed in the servo program is selected.

The speed change by CHGV instructions are executed if the speed is lower than the speed set in the servo program; otherwise the CHGV instructions are not executed.

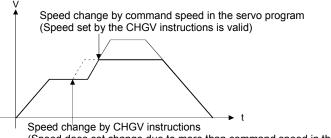
1) Change speed by CHGV instruction > command speed in the servo program

The command speed in the servo program is selected.



2) Change speed by CHGV instruction < command speed in the servo program

The change speed by CHGV instructions is effective.



(Speed does cot change due to more than command speed in the servo program.)

- (5) An overrun occurs if the distance remaining to the final positioning point when the final positioning point is detected is less than the deceleration distance at the positioning speed after the start (command speed).
 The error code [211] (overrun error) is stored in the minor error storage register for each axis.
- (6) If positioning to outside the stroke limit range is executed after the start, the error code [106] is stored in the minor error storage register for each axis and a deceleration stop is executed.
- (7) The minimum travel value between constant-speed control pass points is shown below:

Command speed per second (control unit/s) × Main cycle [s] < Travel distance [control unit]

Example) Main cycle: 20[ms], Command speed: 600[mm/min] If the command speed (600[mm/min]) is divided by 60, the command speed per second is 10[mm/s], and the main cycle is 0.02[s]. Therefore, the travel distance is as follow.

10[mm/s] × 0.02[s] = 0.2[mm]

Set the travel distance to more than 0.2[mm].

Positioning speed drops if the distance between pass points is short the minimum travel value.

6.17.1 Specification of pass points by repetition instructions

This section describes the method of the pass points for which executes between any pass points repeatedly.

										Item	ıs s	et us	sing	MT	De	velo	per									٦
					Co	mm	on				Arc				Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck			0	the	rs		
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter Block No.	Axis	Address/Travel Value	Command speed	Dwell Time	M Code	Torque Limit Value	Auxiliary Point	Radius	Central point	Control Unit	Speed Limit Value	Acceleration Time	Deceleration Time	Rapid Stop Deceleration Time	Torque Limit Value	Deceleration Processing on Stop Input	r C	S- Curve Ratio	Repeated Condition	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change	
FOR-TIMES						-	_	_			_	-	-			_	_		_			_	-	-		_
FOR-ON	_	_																				0				
FOR-OFF)			_	
NEXT	_	_																								
																						(D: I	Mus	t be set	

 \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

Setting the first of repetition range

The first of repetition range is set by the following instructions:

- (1) FOR-TIMES (number of loops setting)
 - (a) The repetition range set specified number of times is executed repeatedly.
 - (b) The setting range is 1 to 32767.

Outside the range of 32768 to 0 is controlled as a setting of "1".

- (c) The following devices can be used as the repetition number of times:
 - 1) Data register (D)
 - 2) Link register (W)
 - 3) Motion register (#)
 - 4) Multiple CPU area device (U□\G)
 - 5) Decimal constant (K)
 - 6) Hexadecimal constant (H)

(2) FOR-ON (Loop-out trigger condition setting)

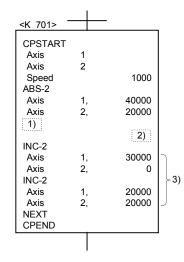
- (a) The repetition range set until the specified bit device turns on is executed repeatedly.
- (b) The following devices are used as the loop-out trigger condition:
 - 1) Input (X/PX)
 - 2) Output (Y/PY)
 - 3) Internal relay (M)
 - 4) Special relay (SM)
 - 5) Link relay (B)
 - 6) Annunciator (F)

- For indirect setting

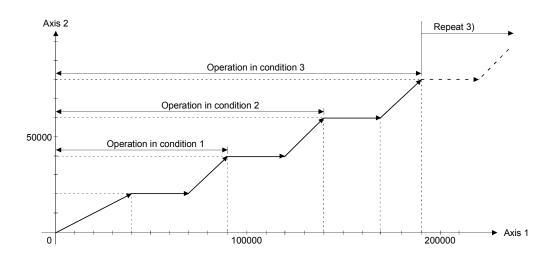
- (3) FOR-OFF (loop-out trigger condition setting)
 - (a) The repetition range set until the specified bit device turns off is executed repeatedly.
 - (b) The following devices are used as the loop-out trigger condition:
 1) Input (X/PX)
 2) Output (Y/PY)
 3) Internal relay (M)
 4) Special relay (SM)
 5) Link relay (B)
 - 6) Annunciator (F)

The repetition control operation using FOR-TIMES, FOR-ON and FOR-OFF is shown below.

[Servo program]



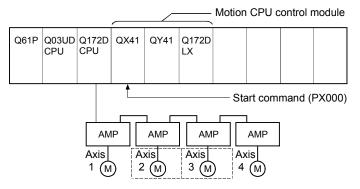
1)		2)	
1)	Condition 1	Condition 2	Condition 3
FOR-TIMES	K1	K2	КЗ
FOR-ON	$X010 \rightarrow ON$ during first positioning 3)	$X010 \rightarrow ON$ during second positioning 3)	$X010 \rightarrow ON$ during third positioning 3)
FOR-OFF	$X011 \rightarrow OFF$ during first positioning 3)	$X011 \rightarrow OFF$ during second positioning 3)	X011 \rightarrow OFF during third positioning 3)



[Program]

- Program for repetition constant-speed control is shown as the following conditions.
- (1) System configuration

Constant-speed control for Axis 2 and Axis 3.



(2) Positioning conditions

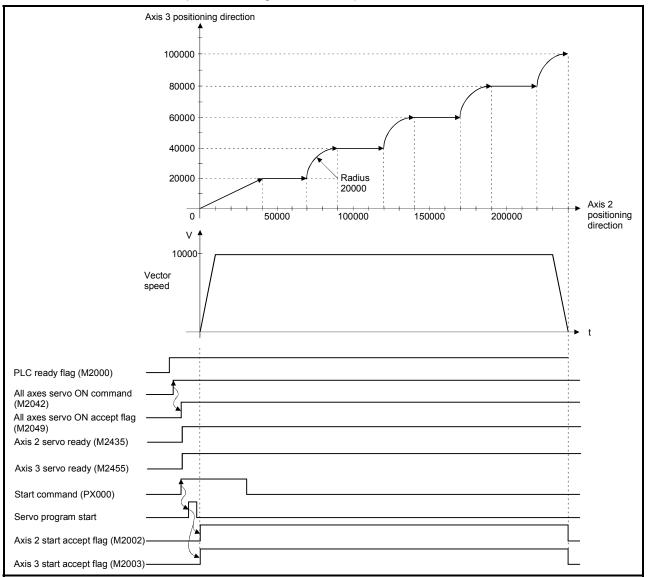
(a) Constant-speed control conditions are shown below.

Item	Setting
Servo program No.	510
Control axis	Axis 2, Axis 3
Positioning speed	10000

(b) Constant-speed control start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

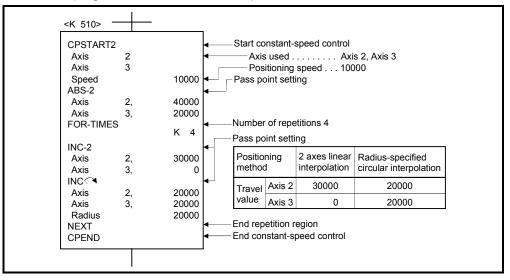
(3) Operation timing





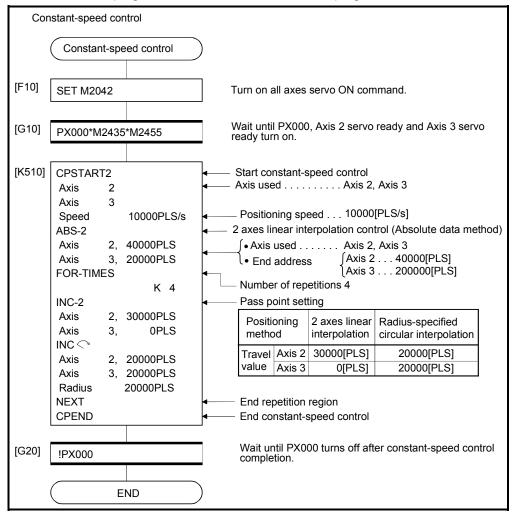
(4) Servo program

Servo program No.510 for constant-speed control is shown below.



(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.17.2 Speed-switching by instruction execution

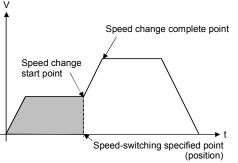
The speed can be specified for each pass point during the constant-speed control instruction.

The speed change from a point can be specified directly or indirectly in the servo program.

[Cautions]

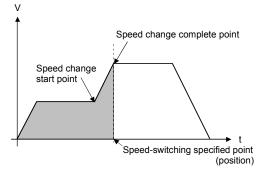
- (1) The speed switching during servo instruction is possible at the constant-speed control for 1 to 4 axes.
- (2) The speed command can be set for point.
- (3) By turning on the speed-switching point specified flag M2040 (Refer to Section 3.1.3) before the start, the point which completes speed change can be specified. The speed change timing at the flag ON/OFF.
 - (a) M2040 is OFF

The speed change starts with the specified speed-switching point.



(b) M2040 is ON

The speed change ends with the specified speed-switching point.

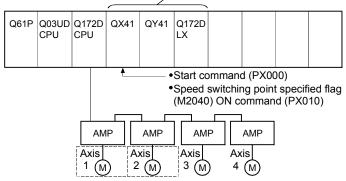


[Program]

Program for which executes the speed-switching control by turning on M2040 during constant-speed instruction is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration Switches speed for Axis 1 and Axis 2.

—— Motion CPU control module

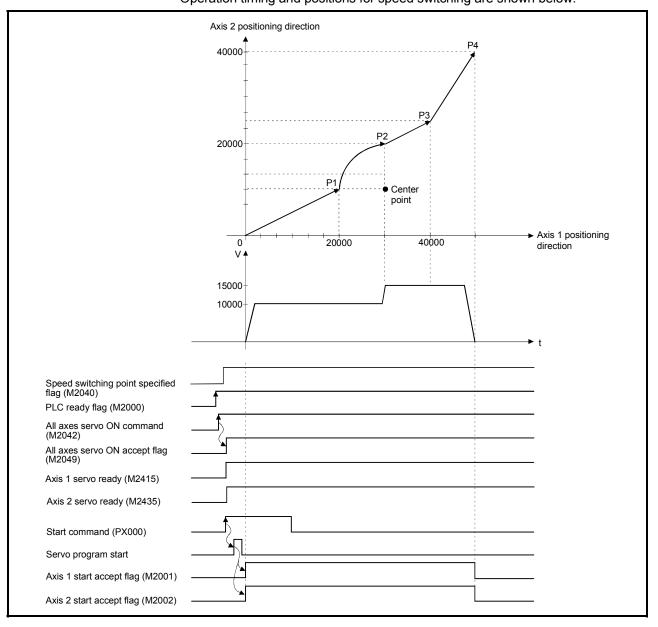


(2) Positioning conditions

(a) Speed switching conditions are shown below.

Item			Setti	ng							
Servo progran	n No.		310)							
Positioning sp	ning speed 10000 15000										
Positioning me	ethod	2 axes linear interpolation	Central point- specified circular interpolation	2 axes linear interpolation	2 axes linear interpolation						
Dess saint	Axis 1	20000	30000	40000	50000						
Pass point	Axis 2	10000	20000	25000	40000						

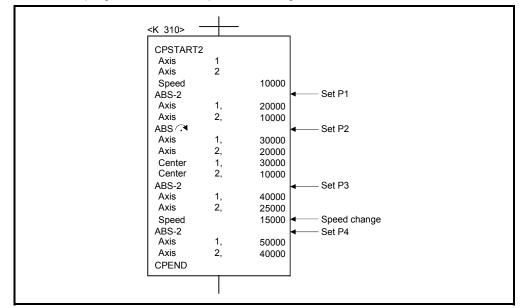
(b) The constant-speed start command for speed switchingPX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)



(3) Operation timing and speed-switching positions Operation timing and positions for speed switching are shown below.

(4) Servo program

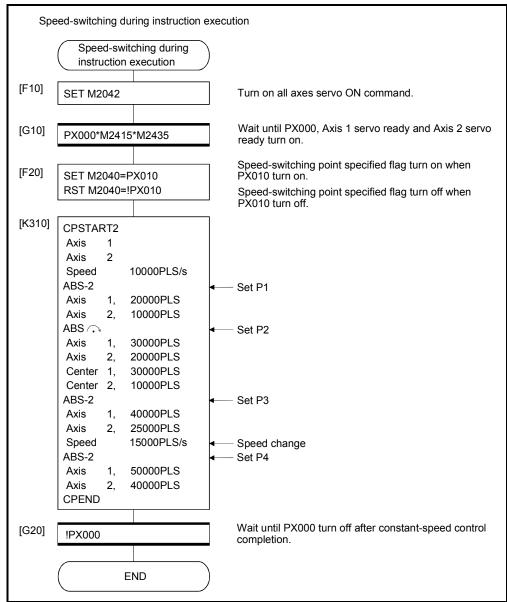
Servo program No.310 for speed-switching is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.17.3 1 axis constant-speed control

												Item	ns se	et us	sing	MT	De	velo	per									
					1	Со	mm	on	1			Arc				Ра	ram	leter	blc	ck				С	Othe	rs		
Se instru		Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Commanded speed (Constant)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
Start	CPSTART1	_	1	\bigtriangleup	0		$^{\circ}$								\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		
End	CPEND	_	_					\bigtriangleup																				Valid
	ABS-1	Absolute data	1		0	$^{\circ}$			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup													\bigtriangleup		\triangle		\bigtriangleup	Valid
Pass point	INC-1	Incremental	1		0	$^{\circ}$			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup													\bigtriangleup		\triangle		\bigtriangleup	

 \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

Start and end for 1 axis constant-speed control

1 axis constant-speed control is started and ended by the following instructions:

(1) CPSTART1

Starts the 1 axis constant-speed control. Sets the axis No. and command speed.

(2) CPEND

Ends the 1 axis constant-speed control for CPSTART1.

Positioning control method to the pass point

The positioning control to change control is specified by the following instructions:

(1) ABS-1/INC-1

Sets the 1 axis linear positioning control.

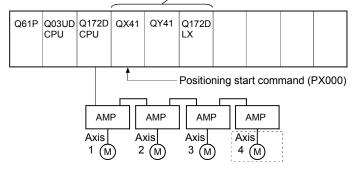
Refer to Section 6.2 "1 Axis Linear Positioning Control" for details.

[Program]

Program for repetition 1 axis constant-speed control is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration Axis 4 constant-speed control.

— Motion CPU control module



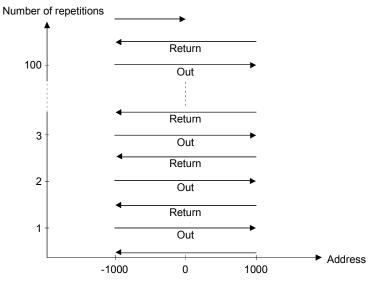
(2) Positioning conditions

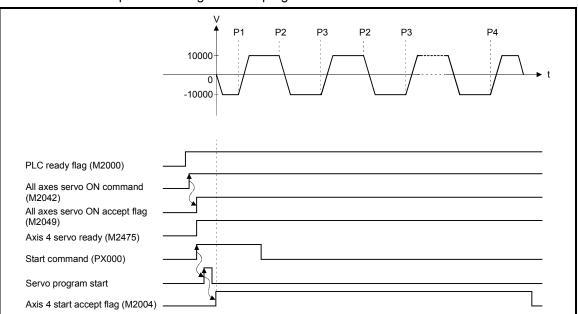
(a) Constant-speed control conditions are shown below.

Item		Setting							
Servo program No		500							
Control axis		Axis 4							
Positioning speed		10000							
Number of repetition	ons	100							
	P1	-1000							
Pass point	P2	2000							
travel value	P3	-2000							
	P4	1000							

(b) Constant-speed control start command PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

(3) Details of positioning operation



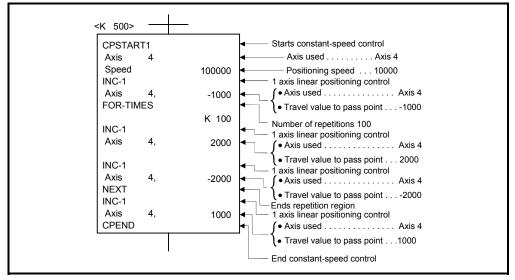


(4) Operation timing

Operation timing for servo program No.500 is shown below.

(5) Servo program

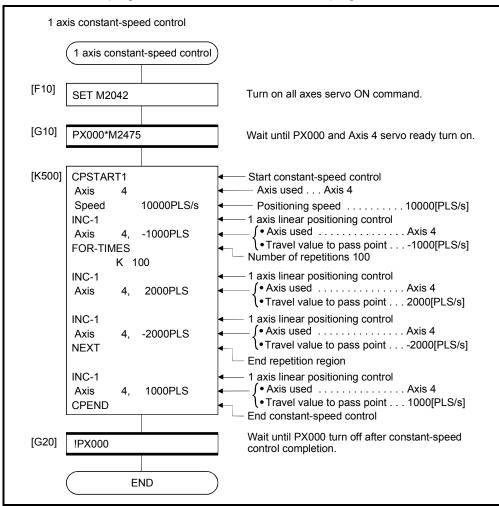
Servo program No.500 for constant-speed control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(6) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.17.4 2 to 4 axes constant-speed control

Γ			lant-speed										ns s	et u	sing	MT	De	velo	per											
						Сс	mm	ion		1		Arc					ram							0	the	s				
in	Servo Istruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Commanded speed (Constant)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change		
	CPSTART2		2	\bigtriangleup	0		0							\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				
Start	CPSTART3	_	3	\bigtriangleup	0		0							\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				
	CPSTART4		4	\bigtriangleup	0		0							\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				
End	CPEND		_					\bigtriangleup																						
	ABS-2		2		0	0			\triangle	\bigtriangleup													\bigtriangleup		Δ		\bigtriangleup			
	ABS-3	Absolute data		3		0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup													\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		
	ABS-4				4		0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup													\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	
	ABS					0	0			\triangle	\bigtriangleup	0												\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		
	ABS () ABS () ABS () ABS ()		2		0	0						0											\bigtriangleup							
Pass	ABS 🔿				0	0			Δ				0										\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	Valid		
point	INC-2		2		0	0			\triangle														\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			
	INC-3		3		0	0			\square														\square		\square		\square			
	INC-4		4		0	0			\bigtriangleup	\triangle													\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			
	INC XY				0	0			\triangle		0												\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			
		Incremental data																												
				_		0	0			\triangle	\triangle		0											\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		
			2																											
					0	0				\triangle			0										\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			

Constant-speed control for 2 to 4 axes.

○: Must be set

[Control details]

Start and end for 2 to 4 axes constant-speed control

2 to 4 axes constant-speed control is started and ended using the following instructions:

- CPSTART2 Starts the 2 axes constant-speed control. Sets the axis No. and command speed.
- (2) CPSTART3

Starts the 3 axes constant-speed control. Sets the axis No. and command speed.

(3) CPSTART4

Starts the 4 axes constant-speed control. Sets the axis No. and command speed.

(4) CPEND

Ends the 2, 3, or 4 axes constant-speed control for CPSTART2, CPSTART3, or CPSTART4.

Positioning control method to the pass point

Positioning control to change control is specified using the following instructions:

- ABS-2/INC-2 Sets 2 axes linear interpolation control. Refer to Section 6.3 "2 Axes Linear Interpolation Control" for details.
- (2) ABS-3/INC-3

Sets 3 axes linear interpolation control. Refer to Section 6.4 "3 Axes Linear Interpolation Control" for details.

(3) ABS-4/INC-4

Sets 4 axes linear interpolation control. Refer to Section 6.5 "4 Axes Linear Interpolation Control" for details.

(4) ABS/INC

Sets circular interpolation control using auxiliary point specification. Refer to Section 6.6 "Auxiliary Point-Specified Circular Interpolation Control" for details.

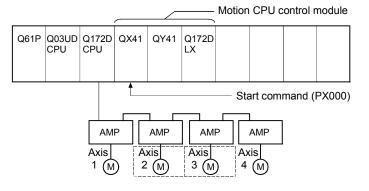
(5) ABS/INC →, ABS/INC →, ABS/INC →, ABS/INC → Sets circular interpolation control using radius specification. Refer to Section 6.7 "Radius-Specified Circular Interpolation Control" for details.

(6) ABS/INC (3, ABS/INC 😉

Sets circular interpolation control using center point specification. Refer to Section 6.8 "Central Point-Specified Circular Interpolation Control" for details.

[Program]

- (1) Program for 2 axes constant-speed control is shown as the following conditions.(a) System configuration
 - Constant-speed control for Axis 2 and Axis 3.



(b) Positioning operation details
 Axis 2 and axis 3 servomotors is used for positioning operation.
 Positioning details for Axis 2 and Axis 3 servomotors are shown below.

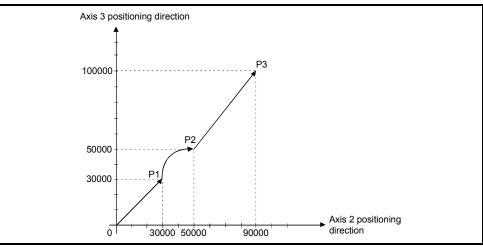


Fig.6.30 Positioning for Axis 2 and Axis 3

(c) Positioning conditions

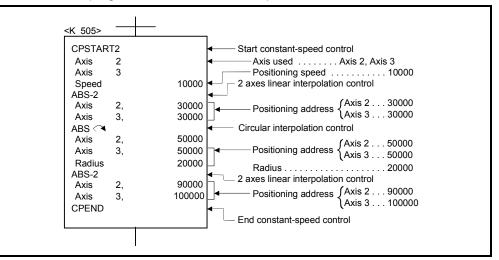
1) Constant-speed control conditions are shown below.

Iter	n	Setting										
Servo program	n No.	505										
Positioning sp	eed	10000										
Positioning me	ethod	2 axes linear interpolation	Radius-specified circular interpolation	2 axes linear interpolation								
Dees a sint	Axis 2	30000	50000	90000								
Pass point	Axis 3	30000	50000	100000								

2) Constant-speed control start command ... PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

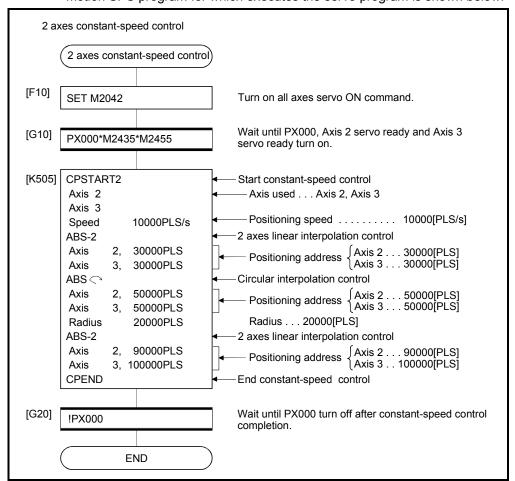
(d) Servo program

Servo program No.505 for constant-speed control is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(e) Motion SFC program Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

- (2) Program for 4 axes constant-speed control is shown as the following conditions.
 - (a) System configuration

Constant-speed control for Axis 1, Axis 2, Axis 3, and Axis 4.

Q03UD Q172D Q61P QX41 QY41 Q172D CPU CPU LX Start command (PX000) AMP AMP AMP AMP Axis Axis Axis Axis 2 (M) 1 3 (M) 4 (M) (M)

— Motion CPU control module

(b) Positioning conditions

1) Constant-speed control conditions are shown below.

Iter	n		Setting	
Servo program	n No.		506	
Positioning sp	eed		10000	
Desitioning me	thed	4 axes linear	4 axes linear	4 axes linear
Positioning me		interpolation	interpolation	interpolation
	Axis 1	3000	5000	5000
Dece naint	Axis 2	4000	3500	3500
Pass point	Axis 3	4000	-4000	3000
	Axis 4	4000	-6000	6000

2) Constant-speed control start command... PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)

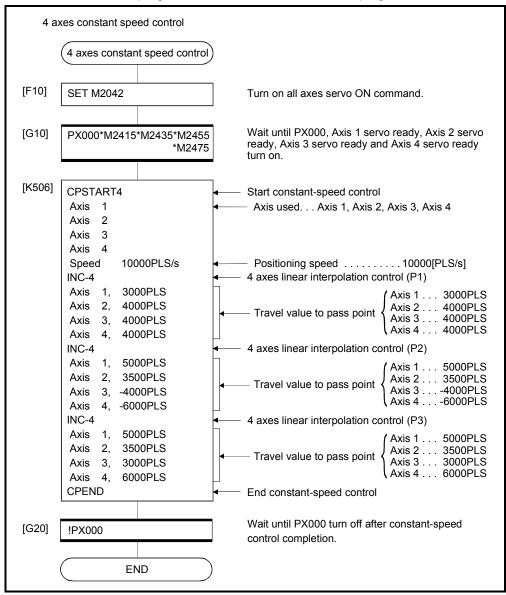
(c) Servo program

Servo program No.506 for constant-speed control is shown below.

CPSTAR	Τ4		Constant-speed control
Axis	1		Axis used Axis 1, Axis 2, Axis 3, Axis 4
Axis	2		
Axis	3		
Axis	4		
Speed		10000	Positioning speed 10000
INC-4			 4 axes linear interpolation control (P1)
Axis	1,	3000	Axis 1 300
Axis	2,	4000	Axis 2 400
Axis	3,	4000	Travel value to pass point Axis 2 400
Axis	4,	4000	Axis 4 400
INC-4			 4 axes linear interpolation control (P2)
Axis	1,	5000	Axis 1 500
Axis	2,	3500	Axis 2 350
Axis	3,	-4000	Travel value to pass point Axis 2
Axis	4,	-6000	Axis 4600
INC-4			 4 axes linear interpolation control (P3)
Axis	1,	5000	Axis 1 500
Axis	2,	3500	Axis 2 350
Axis	3,	3000	Axis 3 300
Axis	4,	6000	Axis 4 600
CPEND			End constant-speed control

(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(d) Motion SFC program
 Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.17.5 Constant speed control for helical interpolation

The helical interpolation can be specified as the positioning control method to pass point for 3 or 4 axes constant-speed control.

Starting or ending instruction for constant-speed control uses the same CPSTART3, CPSTART4 or CPEND as 3 or 4 axes constant-speed control instruction.

			Items set using MT Developer																									
				(Com	mo	n		Ai	rc/H	elic	al			Ра	ram	eter	blo	ock				С	the	rs			
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Commanded speed (Constant)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change	
ABH		2		0	0		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigcirc			0										\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		
ABH <																												
ABH	Absolute				0	0		\bigtriangleup	\square		0		0										\square		\triangle		\bigtriangleup	
ABH				-	-					0)										_				_		
ABH																												
ABH 🔍					0	0		\triangle	\bigtriangleup			0	0										\bigtriangleup		\triangle		\bigtriangleup	
ABH ∵∢											Ú)															Valid	
INH 🖉				0	0		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	0		-	0										\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	Valia	
INH 🗨																												
INH 🎧										_																		
				0	0		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		0		0										\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		
INH 🕑																												
INH 🔍				0	0		\triangle	\bigtriangleup			0	0										\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\triangle		
INH 😉											-																	

○: Must be set

 \bigtriangleup : Set if required

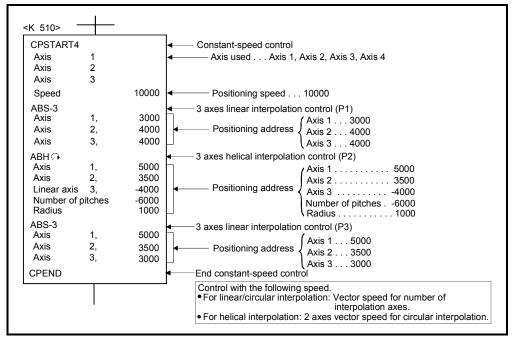
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Circular interpolation specified method						
ABH 🔍	Absolute	Radius-specified method						
INH <	Incremental	less than CW180°						
АВН 🖼	Absolute	Radius-specified method						
INH 🖼	Incremental	less than CCW180°						
АВН 🖓	Absolute	Radius-specified method						
	Incremental	CW180° or more.						
АВН 🕑	Absolute	Radius-specified method						
	Incremental	CCW180° or more.						
ABH 🖪	Absolute							
INH 🔿	Incremental	Central point-specified method CW						
АВН 🍽	Absolute							
	Incremental	Central point-specified method CCW						
ABH 🎊	Absolute							
INH 🏹	Incremental	Auxiliary point-specified method						

Helical interpolation specified methods for constant-speed control are shown below.

[Program]

(1) Servo program

Servo program for which helical interpolation specified pass point for constantspeed control is shown below.



[Cautions]

- (1) The helical interpolation specification at pass point for constant-speed control can be used in the both of real mode/virtual mode.
- (2) Specify any 3 axes among 4 controlled axes in the helical interpolation control at the pass point for 4 axes constant-speed control (CPSTART4).
- (3) Command speed at the helical interpolation specified point is controlled with the speed of circumference.
 Control is the same as before at the point except for the helical interpolation specification.
 (Both of the linear interpolation-specified point and circular interpolation-specified point are the vector speed for number of interpolation axes.)
- (4) Skip function toward the helical interpolation-specified each point for constantspeed control is possible. If the absolute-specified helical interpolation is specified to point since the skip signal specified point, set the absolute linear interpolation between them. If it does not set, it may occur an error and stop.
- (5) FIN signal wait function toward the helical interpolation specified each pass point for constant-speed control is possible. M-code outputting signal is outputted to all circular interpolation axes and linear axes. Fin signal can be operated with the both of circular interpolation axes and linear axes.
- (6) If negative speed change toward the helical interpolation-specified each pass point for constant-speed control is executed, it can be returned before 1 point during positioning control.
- (7) Speed-switching point-specified flag is effective toward the helical interpolationspecified each pass point for constant-speed control.

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

6.17.6 Pass point skip function

This function stops positioning to executing point and executes positioning to next point, by setting a skip signal toward each pass point for constant-speed control.

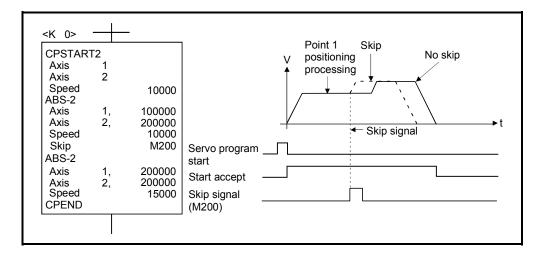
[Data setting]

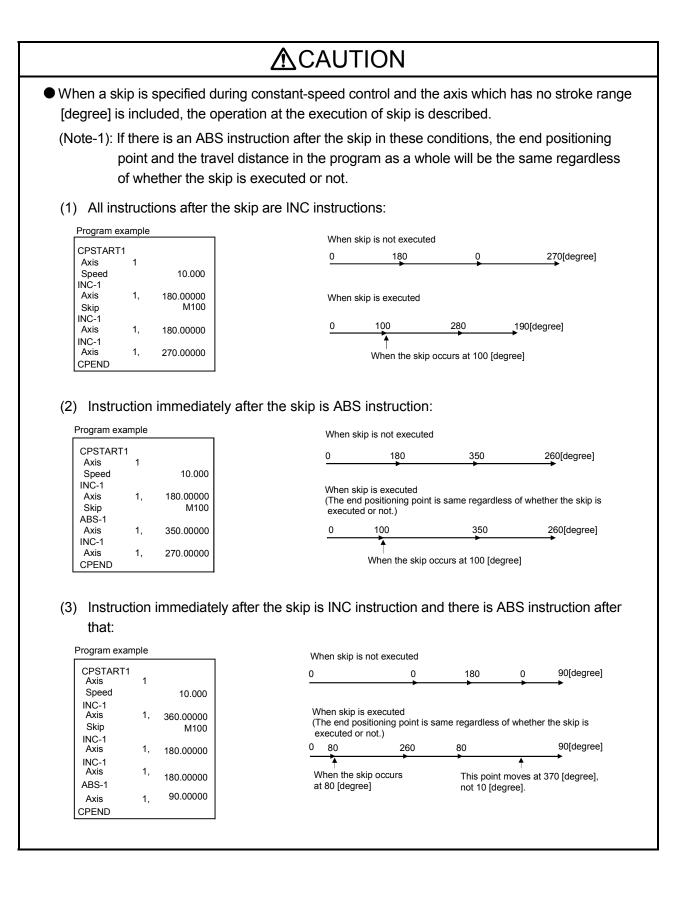
(1) Skip signal devices
 The following devices can be specified as skip signal devices.
 X, Y, M, B, F, U□\G

[Cautions]

- When an absolute circular interpolation or absolute helical interpolation is specified to since point since the skip signal specified point, set the absolute linear interpolation between them.
 If it does not set, it may occur an error and stop.
- (2) If a skip signal is inputted at the end point, a deceleration stop occurs at that point and the program is ended.

[Program]





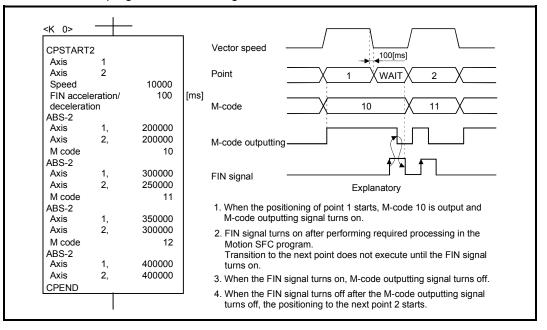
6.17.7 FIN signal wait function

	By selecting the FIN signal wait function and setting a M-code at each executing point, a process end of each executing point is synchronized with the FIN signal, the FIN signal turns ON to OFF and then the next positioning is executed. Turn the FIN signal on/off using the Motion SFC program or PLC program.
[Data setting]	
	 When the FIN signal wait function is selected, the fixed acceleration/deceleration time method is used. Set the acceleration/deceleration time within the range of 1 to 5000 [ms] by "FIN acceleration/deceleration" (selecting item) in the servo program. Indirect setting is also possible by the word devices (1 word).

[Cautions]

- (1) If the acceleration/deceleration time is specified outside the setting range, the servo program setting error [13] will occur at the start and it is controlled with the acceleration/deceleration time of 1000[ms].
- (2) M-code outputting signal is output to all interpolation axes at the interpolation control. In this case, turn on the signal for one of the interpolation axes.
- (3) When M-code is set at the end point, positioning ends after the FIN signal has turn OFF to ON to OFF.

[Operation]



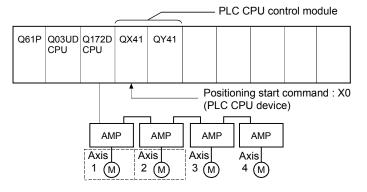
Servo program K0 for FIN signal wait function is shown below.

[Program example]

(1) FIN signal wait function by the PLC program

(a) System configuration

FIN signal wait function toward constant-speed control for Axis 1 and Axis 2.



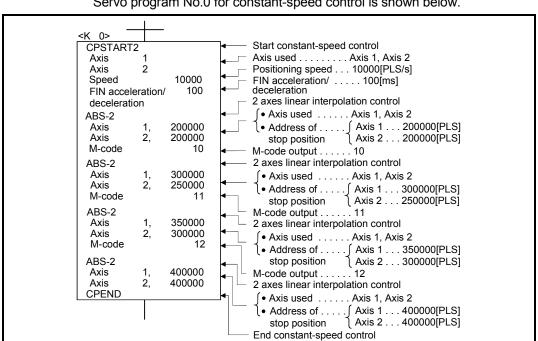
(b) Positioning conditions

1) Constant-speed control conditions are shown below.

lt	em		Setting											
Servo program	n No.		0											
Positioning spo	Positioning speed 10000													
FIN 100[ms]														
Positioning me	ethod	2 a	axes linear inte	erpolation cont	rol									
Dees a sint	Axis 1	200000	200000 300000 350000 4											
Pass point	Axis 2	200000	250000	300000	400000									
M-code		10	10 11 12 –											

2) Constant-speed control start command

.....X0 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON) (PLC CPU device)



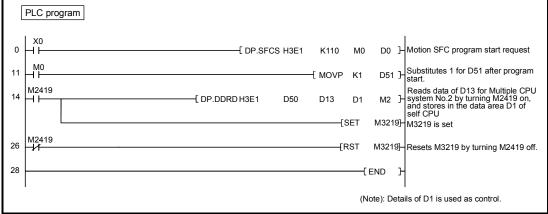
(c) Servo program
 Servo program No.0 for constant-speed control is shown below.

(d) Motion SFC program
 Motion SFC program for constant-speed control is shown below.

	Constant-spe	ed control)
[F10]	SET M2042		Turn on all axes servo ON command.
[G10]	M2415*M2435		Wait until Axis 1 servo ready and Axis 2 servo ready turn on.
[K0]	CPSTART2 Axis 1 Axis 2 Speed FIN acceleration deceleration ABS-2 Axis 1, Axis 2, M-code ABS-2 Axis 1, Axis 2, M-code ABS-2 Axis 1, Axis 2, M-code ABS-2 Axis 1, Axis 2, M-code ABS-2 Axis 1, Axis 2, M-code	200000 200000 10 300000 250000 11 350000	Start constant-speed control Axis usedAxis 1, Axis 2 Positioning speed 1000[PLS/s] FIN acceleration/ 100[ms] deceleration 2 axes linear interpolation control { Axis usedAxis 1, Axis 2 • Address of Axis 1 200000[PLS] stop position Axis 2 200000[PLS] M-code output 10 2 axes linear interpolation control { Axis usedAxis 1, Axis 2 • Address of Axis 1, Axis 2 • Address of Axis 1 300000[PLS] stop position Axis 2 250000[PLS] M-code output 11 2 axes linear interpolation control { Axis usedAxis 1, Axis 2 • Address of Axis 1, Axis 2 • Address
	ENI	D	

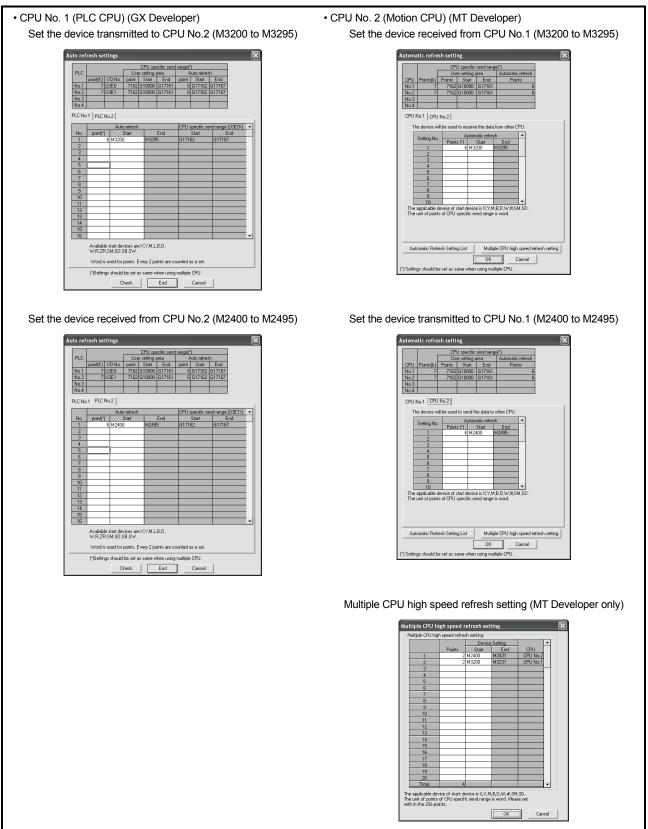
(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

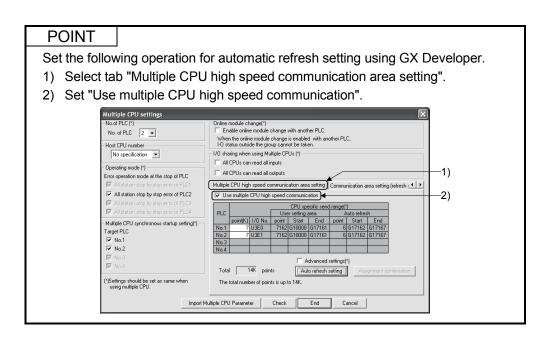
(e) PLC program
 PLC program for FIN signal wait function is shown below.



(Note): The automatic refresh setting example for FIN signal wait function is shown next page.

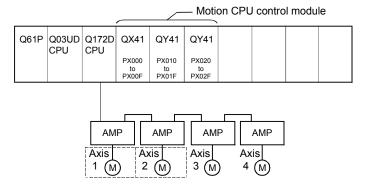
 (f) Parameter setting The automatic refresh setting example for FIN signal wait function is shown below.





- (2) FIN signal wait function using the Motion SFC program
 - (a) System configuration

FIN signal wait function toward constant-speed control for Axis 1 and Axis 2.

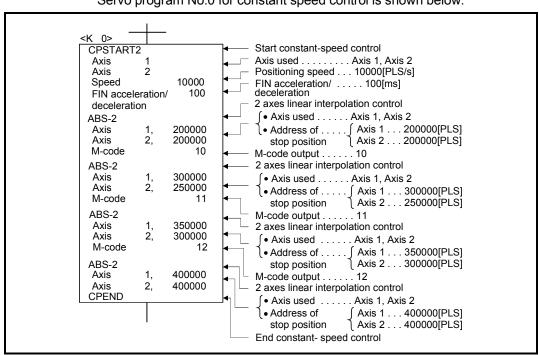


(b) Positioning conditions

1) Constant-speed control conditions are shown below.

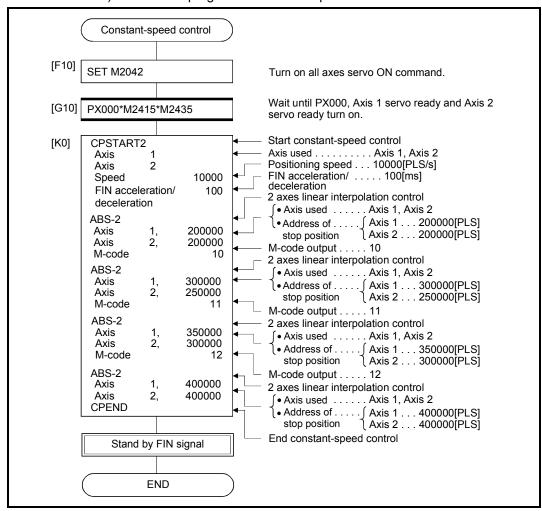
lt	em	Setting												
Servo program	n No.		0											
Positioning spo	eed		100	000										
FIN acceleration/de	eceleration time	[ms]												
Positioning me	ethod	2 a	2 axes linear interpolation control											
Deee naint	Axis 1	200000	300000	400000										
Pass point	Axis 2	200000	250000	300000	400000									
M-code		10	10 11 12 —											

2) Constant-speed control start command ... PX000 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON)



(c) Servo program
 Servo program No.0 for constant speed control is shown below.

(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

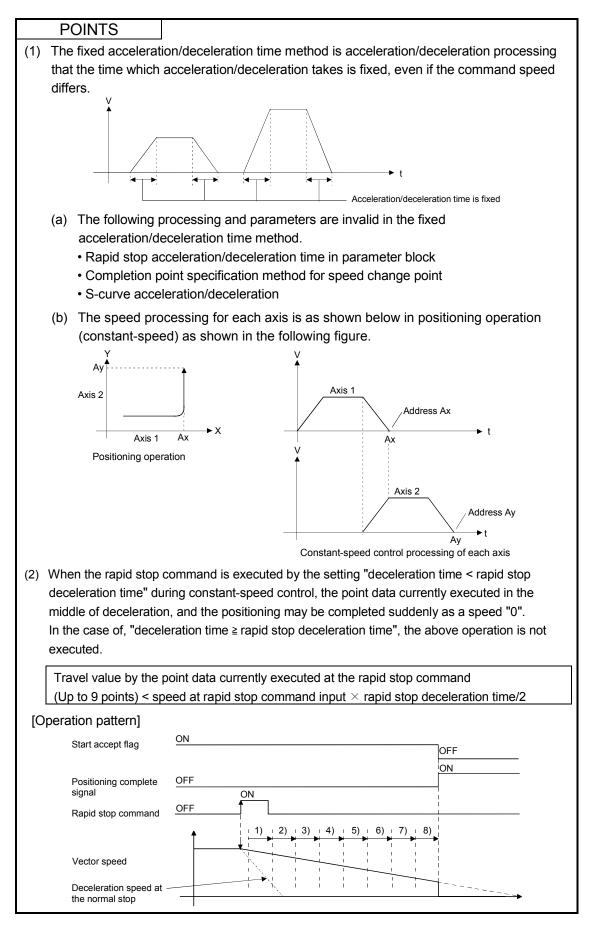


(d) Motion SFC program1) Motion SFC program for constant-speed control is shown below.

(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

FIN signal wait	(Note): Details of #0 is used as control.
FIN signal wait	
← _ P0	
[G10] M2419*M2439	Turn on Axis 1, Axis 2 M-code outputting signal.
[F10] #0=BCD(D13) DOUT Y20,#0 SET M3219	Output Axis 1 M-code. Turn on FIN signal.
[G20] <u>IM2419*IM2439*M2403*M2423</u>	Turn off Axis 1, Axis 2 M-code outputting signal and turn on Axis 1, Axis 2 command in-position signal.
[F20] RST M3219	Turn off FIN signal.
[G30]	P0 Repeat until M-code value become 12.
END	

2) Motion SFC program which outputs M-code of each point for constantspeed control to PY20 to PY2F by BCD code is shown below.



6.18 Position Follow-Up Control

Positioning to the address set in the word device of the Motion CPU specified with the servo program at one start is executed.

Position follow-up control is started using the PFSTART servo program instruction.

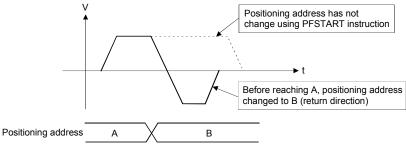
									lte	ems	set	usir	ng N	/T C)eve	elop	er							
					Cor	nm	on				Arc				Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	ers	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	cir	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
PFSTART	Absolute	1	\bigtriangleup	0	0	$^{\circ}$		\bigtriangleup						\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\square		\square	\triangle		Valid

 \bigcirc : Must be set \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

Control using PFSTART instruction

- (1) Positioning to the address set in the word device of the Motion CPU specified with the servo program is executed.
- (2) Position follow-up control is executed until the stop instruction is input. If the word device value changes during operation, positioning is executed to the changed address.



6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Cautions]

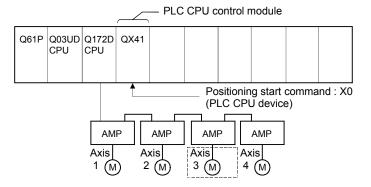
- (1) Number of control axes is 1 axis.
- (2) Only the absolute data method (ABS□) is used for positioning control to the pass points.
- (3) The speed can be changed during the start. The changed speed is effective until the stop command is input.
- (4) Set the positioning address in the servo program using indirect setting with the word devices.
- Use only even-numbered devices for indirect setting of positioning address in the servo program.
 If odd-numbered devices are used, an error [141] occurs at the start and control does not start.
- (6) Positioning speeds can be set in the servo program using indirect setting with the word devices.However, this data is effective only at the position follow-up control start (servo

program start) and the speed does not change if the indirect setting are changed during the start.

[Program]

(1) System configuration

Axis 3 position follow-up control for PLC CPU (CPU No.1) to Motion CPU (CPU No.2).



(2) Positioning conditions

(a) Position follow-up conditions are shown below.

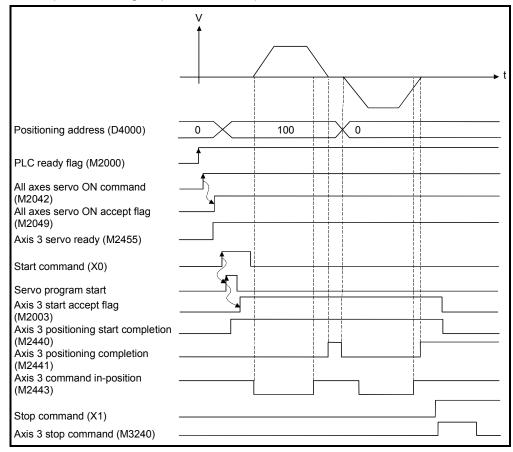
Item	Setting
Servo program No.	100
Control axis	Axis 3
Positioning address	D4000
Positioning speed	20000

(b) Position follow-up control start command

..... X0 Leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON) (PLC CPU device)

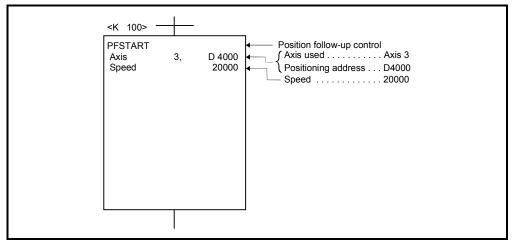
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for position follow-up control is shown below.



(4) Servo program

Servo program No.100 for position follow-up control is shown below.



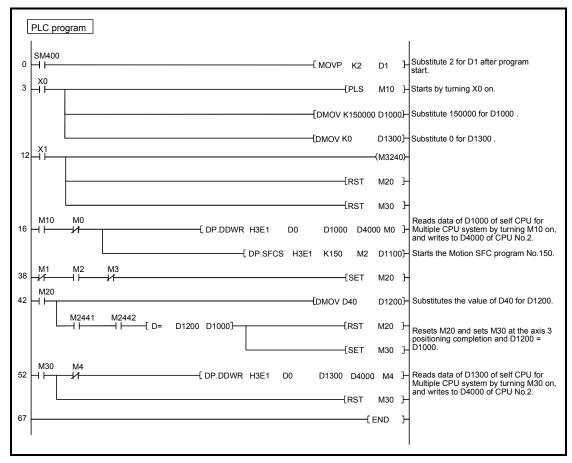
(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program, PLC program and parameter setting for position follow-up control is shown below.

Motion SFC program
 Motion SFC program example for position follow-up control is shown below.
 This program is started using D(P).SFCS instruction from PLC CPU (CPU No.1).

Pos	ition follow-up co	ontrol	
	Position follo	w-up control	
[F10]	SET M2042		Turn on all axes servo ON command.
[G10]	M2049*M2455		Wait until all axes servo ON accept flag and Axis 3 servo ready turn on.
[K100]	PFSTART Axis 3, Speed	D4000 20000PLS/s	 Position follow-up control Axis used Axis 3 Positioning address D4000 Positioning speed 2000[PLS/s]
[G20]	!M2003		Wait until Axis 3 start accept flag turn off after position follow-up control completion.
	E	ND)

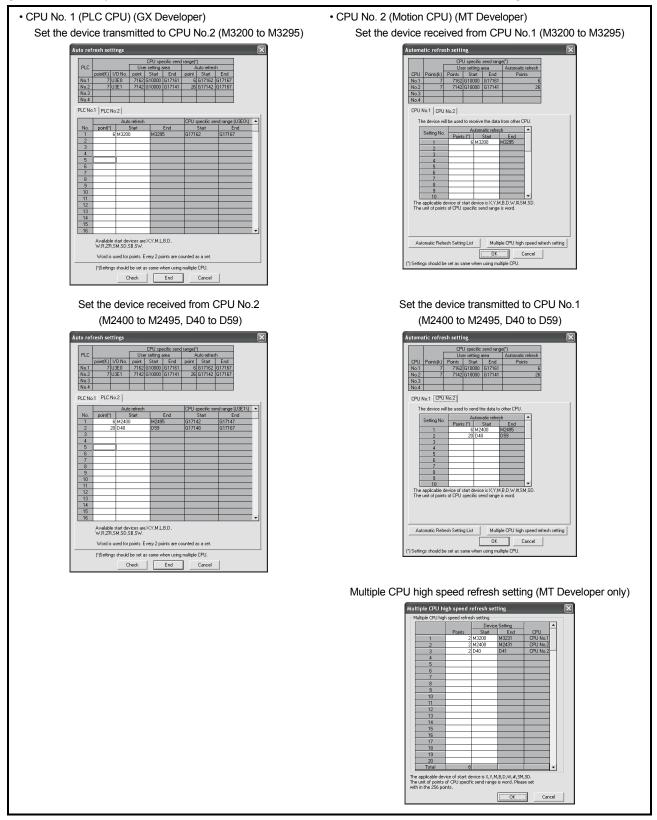


(b) PLC program
 PLC program example for position follow-up control is shown below.

(Note): The automatic refresh setting example for position follow-up control is shown next page.

 (c) Parameter setting The automatic refresh setting example for position follow-up control is shown below.

[Allocation example of devices allocated in the Motion dedicated device to the PLC CPU]



POINT	
1) Select ta	wing operation for automatic refresh setting using GX Developer. b "Multiple CPU high speed communication area setting". multiple CPU high speed communication".
	iple CPU settings
No. Hoat Error 당 당 지 고 대 고 도 다 도 다 (See	a PLC 2 ■ Constant of the color module change with another PLC. When the color module change is another WLC. No specification ■ Color of the color module change is another WLC. I/O sharing when using Multiple CPUs (1) Color of the color module change is another WLC. I/O sharing when using Multiple CPUs (1) Color of the color module change is another WLC. I/O sharing when using Multiple CPUs (1) Color of the color module change is another WLC. I/O sharing when using Multiple CPUs (1) Color of the color module change is another WLC. I/O sharing when using Multiple CPUs (1) Color of the color module change is another WLC. I/O sharing when using Multiple CPU high speed communication area setting Communication area setting (refresh i 1) (Color Use multiple CPU high speed communication I/O I I/O I/O I/O I/O I/O I/O I/O I/O I/
	Import Multiple CPU Parameter Check End Cancel
1	

6.19 Speed control with fixed position stop

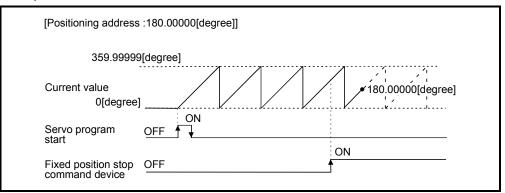
Speed control with fixed position stop of the specified axis is executed. Speed control with fixed position stop is started using the PVF (forward rotation) or PVR (reverse rotation) of servo program instruction.

										lte	ems	set	usi	ng N	1T C	Deve	elop	er								
					Co	mm	on			Arc	/Hel	ical			Ра	ram	ete	r blo	ock				Oth	ers		
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop accel./decel.time	Fixed position stop	Speed change
PVF	Absolute	1	\bigtriangleup	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\triangle	\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup		\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	Valid
PVR	Absolute	1	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		0	0	Valid



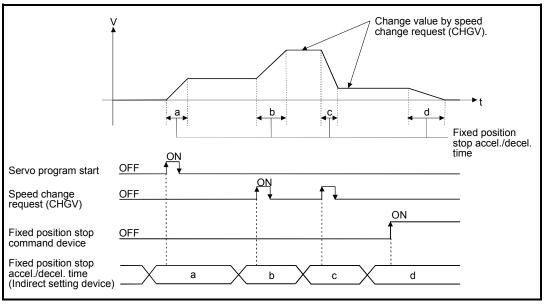
[Control details]

- (1) After starting of servomotor, control at the specified speed is executed until the fixed position stop command turns on.
 - PVF..... Forward rotation direction (Address increase direction) start
 - PVR..... Reverse rotation direction (Address decrease direction) start
- (2) When the fixed position stop command turns on, a positioning control to the specified address is executed.

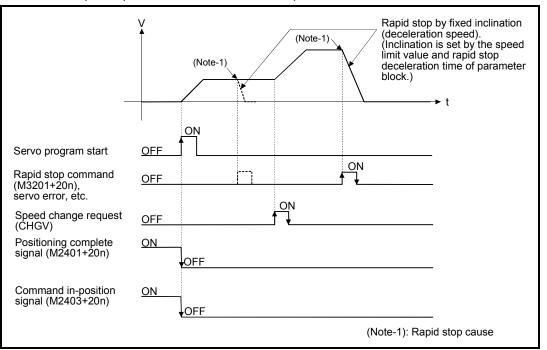


(3) It can be controlled in the real mode only for axis which "control unit is [degree] and stroke limit is invalid ("upper stroke limit value" equal to "lower stroke limit value")". If it is started for axis which "control unit is except [degree] or stroke limit is not invalid", a minor error [130] occurs and it does not start. And, if it is started for the virtual servomotor axis in the virtual mode, a servo program setting error [905] occurs and it does not start. (It can be started for real mode axis.)

- (4) Address setting range is 0 to 35999999 (0 to 359.99999[degree]) in the indirect setting of positioning address. If it is set outside the setting range, a servo program setting error [n03] occurs and it does not start. Positioning address is input at the program start.
- (5) It is controlled in the fixed position stop acceleration/deceleration time set in the servo program at the time of positioning start, speed change request (CHGV) and fixed position stop command ON. The fixed acceleration/deceleration time method is used as an acceleration/deceleration processing in this case.
- (6) The setting range of fixed position stop acceleration/deceleration time is 1 to 65536[ms].
- (7) In the case of indirect setting, the fixed position stop acceleration/deceleration time is input in the following timing.
 - Positioning start
 - Speed change request (CHGV)
 - Fixed position stop command ON
- (8) When the positioning to specified address completes, the positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) turns on. It does not turn on at the time of stop by the stop command (M3200+20n)/rapid stop command (M3201+20n). The positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) turns off at leading edge of complete signal OFF command (M3204+20n) or positioning start.
- (9) Speed change can be executed any number of times by the speed change request (CHGV) instruction during operation.



 (10) Deceleration speed by the stop command (M3200+20n)/rapid stop command (M3201+20n) is controlled with fixed inclination (deceleration speed).
 Deceleration processing is executed using the speed limit value or deceleration/ rapid stop deceleration time set in the parameter block.

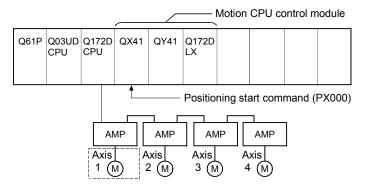


- (11) When the fixed position stop command turns on, the command in-position check starts. When the absolute value of difference between the setting address and feed current value below the "command in-position range" set in the fixed parameter, the command in-position signal (M2403+20n) turns on. The command in-position signal (M2403+20n) turns on by a positioning start.
- (12) A positioning control to address specified with the speed limit value is executed when the fixed position stop command turns on with speed "0" (before PVF instruction execution/at speed change to speed "0" during PVF instruction execution).

[Program]

Program for speed control with fixed position stop is shown as the following conditions. (1) System configuration

Speed control with fixed position stop for "Axis 1".



(2) Positioning conditions

(a) Speed control with fixed position stop conditions are shown below.

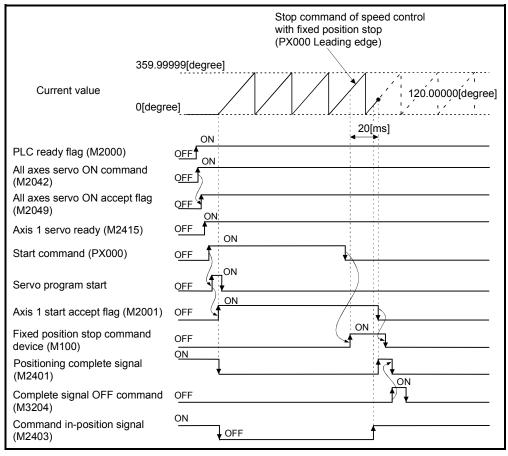
Item	Setting
Servo program No.	55
Start direction	Forward
Control axis	Axis 1
Positioning address	120.00000[degree]
Control speed	30000[degree/min]
Acceleration/deceleration time	20ms
Fixed position stop command device	M100

(c) Speed control with fixed position stop command

..... PX000 Trailing edge (ON \rightarrow OFF)

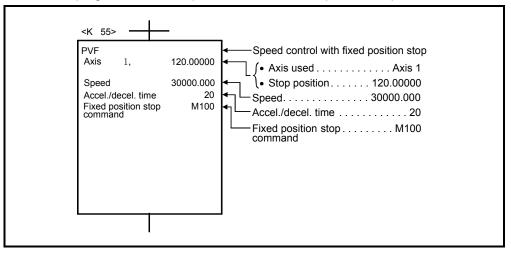
(3) Operation timing

Operation timing for speed control with fixed position stop is shown below.



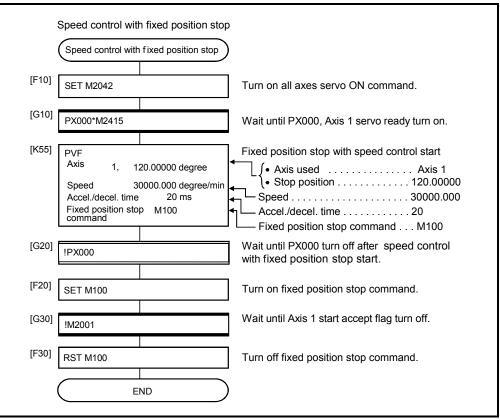
(4) Servo program

Servo program No.55 for speed control with fixed position stop is shown below.



(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

6.20 Simultaneous Start

	Items set using MT Developer																							
					Со	nme	on		lte		set Arc	usir	ng N					blo	ck			Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Others	n No.	Speed change
START	*	*																					0	*

Simultaneous start of the specified servo program at one start is executed. Simultaneous start is started using the START servo program instruction.

 \bigcirc : Must be set

 \ast : It changes by the servo program for simultaneous start.

[Control details]

Control using START instruction

- (1) Simultaneous start of the specified servo programs is executed.
- (2) The servo program except for the simultaneous start (START instruction) can be specified.
- (3) Up to 3 servo programs can be specified.
- (4) Each axis is controlled using the specified servo program after the simultaneous start.

[Cautions]

(1) A check is made at the start. An error occurs and operation does not start in the following cases.

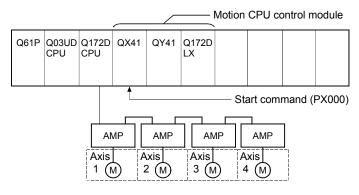
Error		Stored codes				
Elloi	Error processing	SD516	SD517			
Specified servo program does not exist.	0					
START instruction is set as the specified servo program. The specified servo program start axis is already used.	(SM516): ON	Erroneous program No. of simultaneous start.	19			
A servo program cannot start by an error.	Start accept flag (M2001+n): OFF	Erroneous program No. of program specified with simultaneous start.	Error Item data (Refer to Section 3.5)			

(2) The servo program No. specified using START instruction cannot be set indirectly.

[Program]

Program for simultaneous start is shown as the following conditions. (1) System configuration

Simultaneous start for "Axis 1 and Axis 2", Axis 3 and Axis 4.



- (2) Number of specified servo programs and program No.
 - (a) Number of specified servo programs : 3
 - (b) Specified servo program No. are shown below.

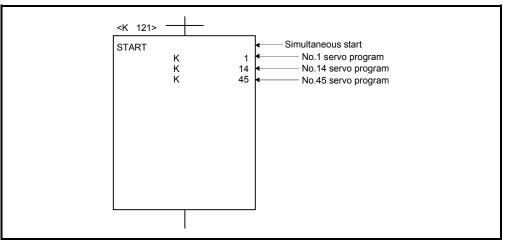
Servo Program No.	Used axis	Control Details
No.1	Axis 1, Axis 2	Circular interpolation control
No.14	Axis 3	Speed control
No.45	Axis 4	Home position return control

- (3) Start conditions
 - (a) Simultaneous start servo program No. No.121
 - (b) Simultaneous start execute command PX000 Leading edge

 $(OFF \rightarrow ON)$

(4) Servo program

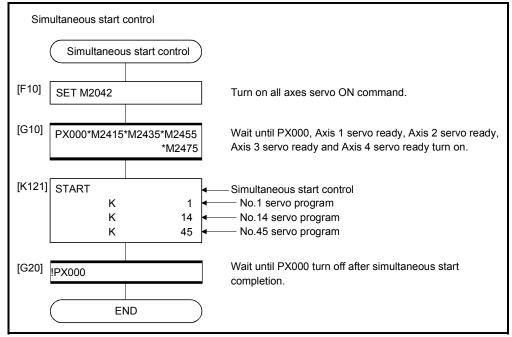
Servo program No.121 for simultaneous start is shown below.



(Note): Example of the Motion SFC program for positioning control is shown next page.

(5) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.21 JOG Operation

The setting JOG operation is executed. Individual start or simultaneous start can be used in the JOG operation. JOG operation can be executed using the Motion SFC program or test mode of MT Developer. (Refer to the help of MT Developer for JOG operation method in the test mode of MT Developer.)

JOG operation data must be set for each axis for JOG operation. (Refer to Section 6.21.1.)

6.21.1 JOG operation data

JOG operation data is the data required to execute JOG operation. Set the JOG operation data using MT Developer.

		Setting range											
No.	Item	mm		inch		degree	9	PLS		Initial	Units	Remarks	Explanatory
NO.	item	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	value	Units	Remarks	section
1	JOG speed limit value	0.01 to 6000000.00	mm /min	0.001 to 600000.000	inch /min	0.001 to 2147483.647 (Note-1)	degree /min	1 to 2147483647	PLS/ s	2000 0	PLS/s	 Sets the maximum speed at the JOG operation. If JOG speed setting exceeds the JOG speed limit value, it is controlled with JOG speed limit value. 	_
	Parameter block setting		1 to 64						1	_	• Sets the parameter block No. to be used at the JOG operation.	4.3	

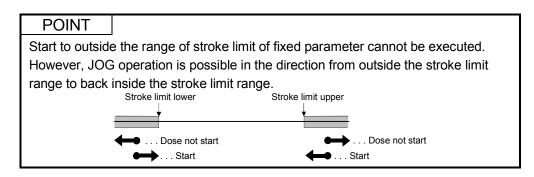
Table 6.2 JOG operation data list

(Note-1): When the "speed control 10×multiplier speed setting for degree axis" is set to "valid", the setting range is 0.01 to 21474836.47[degree/min].

(1) JOG operation data check

A relative check of the JOG operation data is executed at the following timing:

- JOG operation Individual start
- JOG operation simultaneous start
- JOG operation request
- (2) Data error processing
 - · Only data for which detected errors is controlled as default value.
 - The error code corresponding to each data for erroneous axis is stored in the data register.



6.21.2 Individual start

JOG operation for the specified axes is started.

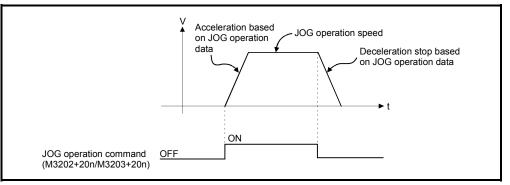
JOG operation is executed by the following JOG operation commands:

- Forward JOG start command M3202+20n
- Reverse JOG start command M3203+20n

[Control details]

 JOG operation continues at the JOG speed setting register value while the JOG operation command turns on, and a deceleration stop is made by the JOG operation command OFF.

Control of acceleration/deceleration is based on the data set in JOG operation data.



JOG operation for axis for which JOG operation command is turning on is executed.

	10.0		100					Setti	ng range			
No.	JOG op	peration	JOG speed setting register		mm		inch		degree	e	PLS	
(Note)	Forward JOG	Reverse JOG	Most significant	Least significant	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units
1	M3202	M3203	D641	D640								
2	M3222	M3223	D643	D642								
3	M3242	M3243	D645	D644								
4	M3262	M3263	D647	D646								
5	M3282	M3283	D649	D648								
6	M3302	M3303	D651	D650								
7	M3322	M3323	D653	D652								
8	M3342	M3343	D655	D654								
9	M3362	M3363	D657	D656								
10	M3382	M3383	D659	D658								
11	M3402	M3403	D661	D660					h 2147483647	× 10 ⁻³ degree /min (Note-1)	e 1 to 2147483647	. PLS/s
12	M3422	M3423	D663	D662								
13	M3442	M3443	D665	D664								
14	M3462	M3463	D667	D666		mm						
15	M3482	M3483	D669	D668			1 to 600000000 × 10 inct /mir	× 40-3				
16	M3502	M3503	D671	D670	1 to			inch				
17	M3522	M3523	D673	D672	60000000							
18	M3542	M3543	D675	D674				/111111				
19	M3562	M3563	D677	D676								
20	M3582	M3583	D679	D678								
21	M3602	M3603	D681	D680								
22	M3622	M3623	D683	D682								
23	M3642	M3643	D685	D684								
24	M3662	M3663	D687	D686								
25	M3682	M3683	D689	D688								
26	M3702	M3703	D691	D690								
27	M3722	M3723	D693	D692								
28	M3742	M3743	D695	D694								
29	M3762	M3763	D697	D696								
30	M3782	M3783	D699	D698								
31	M3802	M3803	D701	D700								
32	M3822	M3823	D703	D702								

(2) The setting range for JOG speed setting registers are shown below.

(Note-1) : When the "speed control 10 \times multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" in the fixed parameter, the unit is " \times 10²[degree/min]". (Note-2): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

POINT

When the JOG operation speed is set in the Motion SFC program, stores a value which is 100 times the real speed in units of [mm] or 1000 times the speed in units of [inch] or [degree] in the JOG speed setting register.

_---- Example

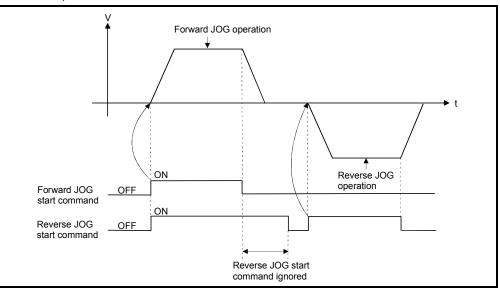
If JOG operation speed of 6000.00[mm/min] is set, stores the value "600000" in the JOG speed setting register.

(Note): Store a value which is 100 times the real speed in the JOG speed setting register for the "degree axis control 10× multiplier speed setting valid".

[Cautions]

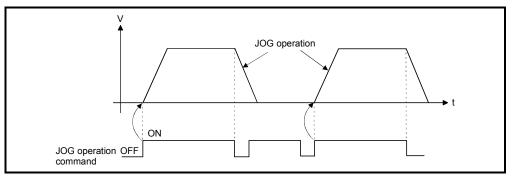
 If the forward JOG start command (M3202+20n) and reverse JOG start command (M3203+20n) turn on simultaneously for a single axis, the forward JOG operation is executed.

When a deceleration stop is made by the forward JOG start command OFF the reverse JOG operation is not executed even if the reverse JOG start command is ON. After that, when the reverse JOG start command turns off to on, the reverse JOG operation is executed.

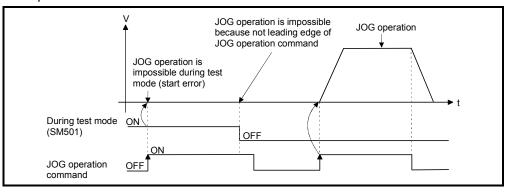


(2) If the JOG operation command (M3202+20n/M3203+20n) turns on during deceleration by the JOG operation command OFF, after deceleration stop, JOG operation is not executed.

After that, the JOG operation is executed by the JOG operation command OFF to ON.



(3) JOG operation by the JOG operation command (M3202+20n/M3203+20n) is not executed during the test mode using a peripheral devices.
 After release of test mode, the JOG operation is executed by turning the JOG operation command off to on.



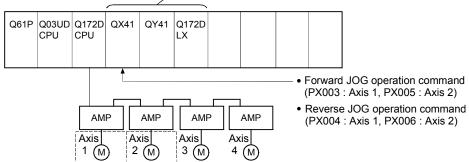
[Program]

Program for JOG operation is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

JOG operation for Axis 1 and Axis 2.

— Motion CPU control module

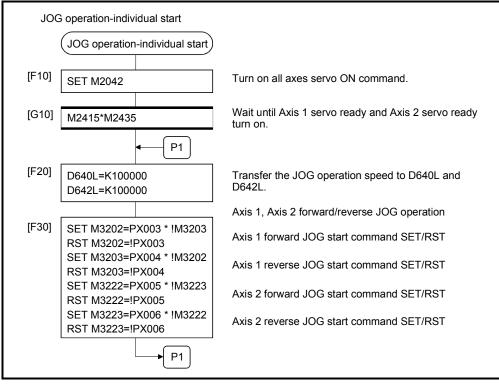


(2) JOG operation conditions

- (a) Axis No. Axis 1, Axis 2
- (b) JOG operation speed 100000
- (c) JOG operation commands
 - Forward JOG operation Axis 1: PX003 ON, Axis 2: PX005 ON
 Reverse JOG operation Axis 1: PX004 ON, Axis 2: PX006 ON

(3) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes JOG operation is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

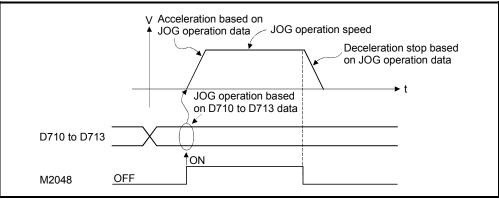
6.21.3 Simultaneous start

[Control details]

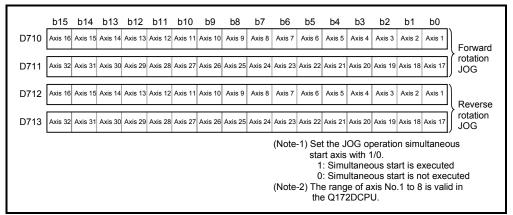
Simultaneous start JOG operation for specified multiple axes.

 JOG operation continues at the JOG speed setting register value for each axis while the JOG operation simultaneous start command (M2048) turns on, and a deceleration stop is made by the M2048 OFF.
 Control of acceleration/deceleration is based on the data set in the JOG operation





(2) JOG operation axis is set in the JOG operation simultaneous start axis setting register (D710 to D713).



	100 or	peration		otting register				Settin	g range													
No.	100.04	Deration	JOG speed setting register				mm		inch		degre	е	PLS									
(Note)	Forward JOG	Reverse JOG	Most significant	Least significant	Setting	Units	Setting	Units	Setting	Units	Setting	Units										
				_	range		range		range		range											
1	M3202	M3203	D641	D640																		
2	M3222	M3223	D643	D642																		
3	M3242	M3243	D645	D644																		
4	M3262	M3263	D647	D646																		
5	M3282	M3283	D649	D648																		
6	M3302	M3303	D651	D650																		
7	M3322	M3323	D653	D652																		
8	M3342	M3343	D655	D654																		
9	M3362	M3363	D657	D656																		
10	M3382	M3383	D659	D658																		
11	M3402	M3403	D661	D660																		
12	M3422	M3423	D663	D662																		
13	M3442	M3443	D665	D664						× 10 ⁻³												
14	M3462	M3463	D667	D666		× 10 ⁻²																
15	M3482	M3483	D669	D668				× 10 ⁻³														
16	M3502	M3503	D671	D670	1 to	1 to	1 to	1 to	1 to	1 to	1 to	1 to	1 to	1 to	1 to		1 to	inch	1 to	degree	1 to	PLS/s
17	M3522	M3523	D673	D672	60000000	/min 60000000	600000000	/min	2147483647	/min	2147483647	PLO/S										
18	M3542	M3543	D675	D674			//////		///////		(Note-1)											
19	M3562	M3563	D677	D676																		
20	M3582	M3583	D679	D678																		
21	M3602	M3603	D681	D680																		
22	M3622	M3623	D683	D682																		
23	M3642	M3643	D685	D684																		
24	M3662	M3663	D687	D686																		
25	M3682	M3683	D689	D688																		
26	M3702	M3703	D691	D690																		
27	M3722	M3723	D693	D692																		
28	M3742	M3743	D695	D694																		
29	M3762	M3763	D697	D696																		
30	M3782	M3783	D699	D698																		
31	M3802	M3803	D701	D700																		
32	M3822	M3823	D703	D702																		

(3) The setting range for JOG speed setting registers are shown below.

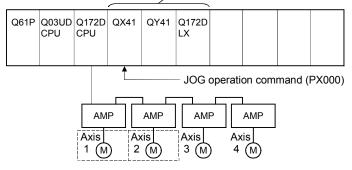
(Note-1): When the "speed control 10 \times multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" in the fixed parameter, the unit is " \times 10²[degree/min]". (Note-2): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

[Program]

Program for simultaneous start of JOG operations are shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

JOG operation for Axis 1 and Axis 2.



(2) JOG operation conditions

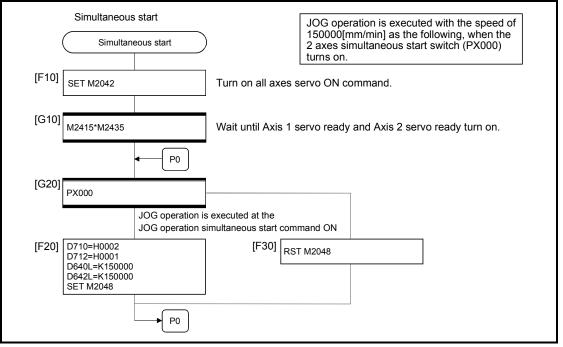
(a) JOG operation conditions are shown below.

Item	JOG operation conditions				
Axis No.	Axis 1	Axis 2			
JOG operation speed	150000	150000			

(b) JOG operation command During PX000 ON

(3) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the simultaneous start of JOG operation is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

6.22 Manual Pulse Generator Operation

Positioning control based on the number of pulses inputted from the manual pulse generator is executed.

Simultaneous operation for 1 to 3 axes is possible with one manual pulse generator, the number of connectable modules are shown below.

Number of connectable to the manual pulse generator
3

POINT

• When two or more Q173DPXs are installed, connect the manual pulse generator to first (It counts from 0 slot of the main base) Q173DPX.

(When the manual pulse generator is used, only first Q173DPX is valid.)

[Control details]

 Positioning of the axis set in the manual pulse generator axis setting register based on the pulse input from the manual pulse generator. Manual pulse generator operation is only valid while the manual pulse generator enable flag turn ON.

Manual pulse generator connecting position	Manual pulse generator axis No. setting register	Manual pulse generator enable flag
P1	D714, D715	M2051
P2	D716, D717	M2052
P3	D718, D719	M2053

- (2) The travel value and output speed for positioning control based on the pulse input from manual pulse generator are shown below.
 - (a) Travel value

The travel value based on the pulse input from a manual pulse generator is calculated using the following formula.

[Travel value] = [Travel value per pulse] \times [Number of input pulses] \times [Manual pulse generator 1- pulse input magnification setting]

The travel value per pulse for manual pulse generator operation is shown below.

Unit	Travel value			
mm	0.1 [µm]			
inch	0.00001 [inch]			
degree	0.00001 [degree]			
PLS	1 [PLS]			

If units is [mm], the command travel value for input of one pulse is: $(0.1[\mu m]) \times (1[PLS]) \times (Manual pulse generator 1- pulse input magnification setting)$

(b) Output speed

The output speed is the positioning speed corresponding to the number of pulses input from a manual pulse generator in unit time.

[Output speed] = [Number of input pulses per 1[ms]] × [Manual pulse generator 1- pulse input magnification setting]

- (3) Setting of the axis operated by the manual pulse generator The axis operated by the manual pulse generator is set in the manual pulse generator axis setting register (D714 to D719). The bit corresponding to the axis controlled (1 to 32) is set.
- (4) Manual pulse generator 1- pulse input magnification setting Make magnification setting for 1- pulse input from the manual pulse generator for each axis.

1- pulse input magnification setting register	Applicable axis No. (Note-1)	Setting range		
D720	Axis 1			
D721	Axis 2			
D722	Axis 3			
D723	Axis 4			
D724	Axis 5			
D725	Axis 6			
D726	Axis 7			
D727	Axis 8			
D728	Axis 9			
D729	Axis 10			
D730	Axis 11			
D731	Axis 12			
D732	Axis 13			
D733	Axis 14			
D734	Axis 15			
D735	D735 Axis 16 D736 Axis 17			
D736				
D737	D737 Axis 18			
D738	D738 Axis 19			
D739	Axis 20			
D740	Axis 21			
D741	Axis 22			
D742	Axis 23			
D743	Axis 24			
D744	Axis 25			
D745	Axis 26			
D746	Axis 27			
D747	Axis 28			
D748	Axis 29			
D749	Axis 30			
D750	Axis 31			
D751	Axis 32			

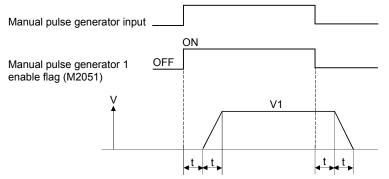
(Note-1): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

(Note): The manual pulse generator does not have the speed limit value, so they set the magnification setting within the related speed of servomotor.

- (5) The setting manual pulse generator 1- pulse input magnification checks the "1pulse input magnification setting registers of the manual pulse generator" of the applicable axis at leading edge of manual pulse generator enable flag. If the value is outside of range, the manual pulse generator axis setting error register (SD513 to SD515) and manual pulse generator axis setting error flag (SM513) are set and a value of "1" is used for the magnification.
- (6) Manual pulse generator smoothing magnification setting A magnification to smooth leading edge/trailing edge of manual pulse generator operation is set.

Manual pulse generator smoothing magnification setting register	Setting range
Manual pulse generator 1 (P1): D752	
Manual pulse generator 2 (P2): D753	0 to 59
Manual pulse generator 3 (P3): D754	

(a) Operation



Output speed (V1) = [Number of input pulses/ms] × [Manual pulse generator 1- pulse input magnification setting]

 $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Travel value (L) = [Travel value per pulse]} \times \mbox{[Number of input pulses]} \times \\ \mbox{[Manual pulse generator 1-pulse input magnification} \\ \mbox{setting]} \end{array}$

(b) When the smoothing magnification is set, the smoothing time constant is as following formula.

Smoothing time constant (t) = (Smoothing magnification + 1) \times 56.8 [ms]

REMARK

The smoothing time constant is within the range of 56.8 to 3408 [ms].

(7) Errors details at the data setting for manual pulse generator operation are shown below.

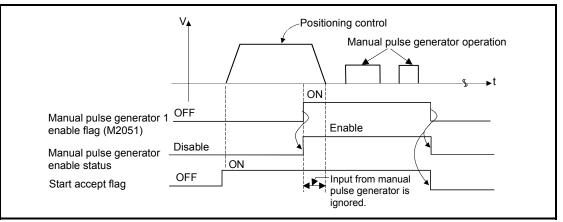
Error details	Error processing
Axis set to manual pulse generator operation is specified.	 Duplicated specified axis is ignored. First setting manual pulse generator operation is executed.
Axis setting is 4 axes or more	 Manual pulse generator operation is executed according to valid for 3 axes from the lowest manual pulse generator axis setting register.
All of bit is "0" for the effective axis No. of manual pulse generator axis No. setting register.	 Manual pulse generator operation is not executed.

[Cautions]

 The start accept flag turns on for axis during manual pulse generator operation. Positioning control or home position return cannot be started using the Motion CPU or MT Developer.

Turn off the manual pulse generator enable flag after the manual pulse generator operation end.

- (2) The torque limit value is fixed at 300[%] during manual pulse generator operation.
- (3) If the manual pulse generator enable flag turns on for the starting axis by positioning control or JOG operation, an error [214] is set to the applicable axis and manual pulse generator input is not enabled. After the axis has been stopped, the leading edge of manual pulse generator enable flag becomes valid, the start accept flag turns on by the manual pulse generator input enabled status, and input from the manual pulse generator is input.

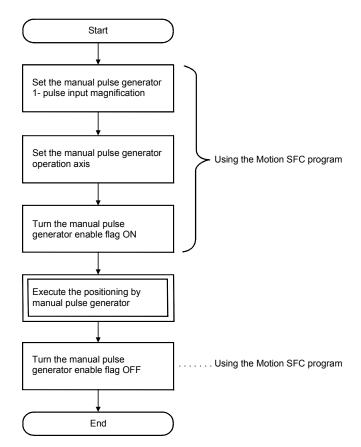


(4) If the manual pulse generator enable flag of another manual pulse generator No. turns on for axis during manual pulse generator operation, an error [214] is set to the applicable axis and the input of that manual pulse generator is not enabled. Turn the manual pulse generator enable flag on again after stopping the manual pulse generator operation which had become input enable previously.

- (5) If the manual pulse generator enable flag turns on again for axis during smoothing deceleration after manual pulse generator enable flag turns off, an error [214] is set and manual pulse generator input is not enabled. Turn the manual pulse generator enable flag on after smoothing deceleration stop (after the start accept flag OFF).
- (6) If another axis is set and the same manual pulse generator enable flag turns on again during smoothing deceleration after manual pulse generator enable flag turns off, the manual pulse generator input is not enabled. At this time, the manual pulse generator axis setting error bit of the manual pulse generator axis setting error storage register (SD513 to SD515) turns on, and the manual pulse generator axis setting error flag (SM513) turns on. Include the start accept flag OFF for specified axis in interlocks as the conditions which turn on the manual pulse generator enable flag.

[Procedure for manual pulse generator operation]

Procedure for manual pulse generator operation is shown below.

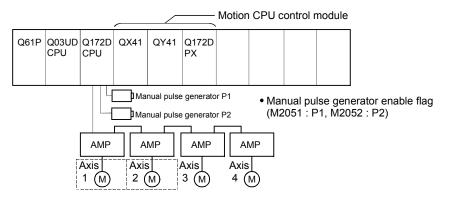


[Program]

Program executes manual pulse generator operation is shown as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

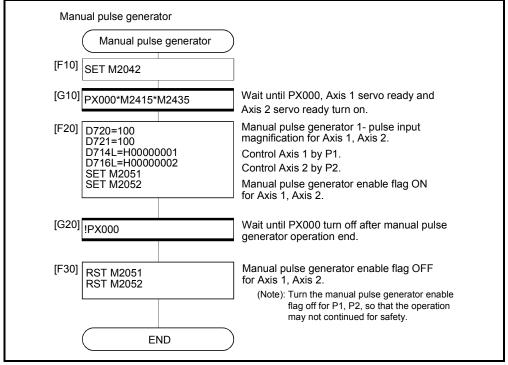
Manual pulse generator operation of Axis 1 and Axis 2.



- (2) Manual pulse generator operation conditions
 - (a) Manual pulse generator operation axis.....Axis 1, Axis 2
 - (b) Manual pulse generator 1- pulse input magnification...... 100
 - (c) Manual pulse generator operation enableM2051 (Axis 1)/
 - M2052 (Axis 2) ON
 - (d) Manual pulse generator operation endM2051 (Axis 1)/ M2052 (Axis 2) OFF

(3) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for manual pulse generator operation is shown below.



(Note): Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

MEMO

6.23 Home Position Return

- (1) Use the home position return at the power supply ON and other times where confirmation of axis is at the machine home position is required.
- (2) The following six methods for home position return are shown below.
 - Proximity dog type
 - Count type
 - Data set type
 - Dog cradle type
 - Stopper type
 - Limit switch combined type
- (3) The home position return data must be set for each axis to execute the home position return.
- (4) Select the optimal home position return method for the system configuration and applications with reference to the following.

Home positior	n return methods	Contents	Applications					
Proximity dog type	Proximity dog type 1	 Home position is zero point of servomotor. When the proximity dog is ON, it cannot be started. 	• It is used in the system which can surely pass a zero point from the home position return start to proximity dog ON \rightarrow OFF.					
	Proximity dog type 2	 Home position is zero point of servomotor. When the proximity dog is ON, it can be started. 	• This method is valid when the stroke range is short and "proximity dog type 1" cannot be used.					
	Count type 1	Home position is zero point of servomotor.	• It is used in the system which can surely pass a zero point from the home position return start to point of travel distance set as "travel value after proximity dog ON".					
Count type ^(Note)	Count type 2	Zero point is not used in the home position return.	 This method is used when the proximity dog is near the stroke end and the stroke range is narrow. 					
	Count type 3	Home position is zero point of servomotor.	 This method is valid when the stroke range is short and "count type 1" cannot be used. 					
Data set type	Data set type 1	Home position is command position of Motion CPU.	 External input signals such as dog signal are not set in the absolute position system. This method is valid for the data set independent of a deviation counter value. 					
	Data set type 2	 Home position is real position of servomotor. 	• External input signals such as dog signal are not set in the absolute position system.					
Dog cradle type		 Home position is zero point of servomotor immediately after the proximity dog signal ON. 	 It is easy to set the position of proximity dog, because the proximity dog is set near the position made to the home position. 					
Stopper type	Stopper type 1	 Home position is position which stopped the machine by the stopper. Proximity dog is used. 	• This method is valid to improve home position accuracy in order to make the home position for the position which stopped the machine by the					
orohher rikhe	Stopper type 2	 Home position is position which stopped the machine by the stopper. Proximity dog is not used. 	stopper.					
Limit switch combir	ned type	 Home position is zero point of servomotor. Proximity dog is not used. External limit switch is surely used. 	 It is used in the system that the proximity dog signal cannot be used and only external limit switch can be used. 					

(Note): If the proximity dog signal of servo amplifier is used, the count type home position return cannot be execute.

6.23.1 Home position return data

This data is used to execute the home position return. Set this data using MT Developer.

Table 6.3 Home position return data list	

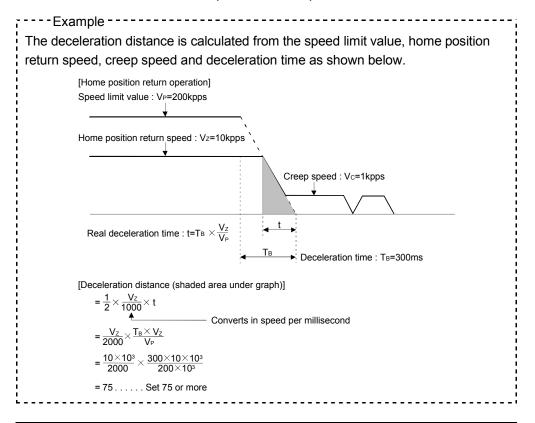
					Settin	g range						Indiro	ct setting	
No.	Item	mm		inch		degre	e	PLS		Initial	Units	indire	ct setting	
110.	lon	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range	Units	Setting range Units		value		Valid/ invalid	Number of words	
1	Home position return direction					ess decrease dir ess increase dire				0	-	_	_	
2	Home position return method	0: Proximity dog type 1 7: Dog cradle type 4: Proximity dog type 2 8: Stopper type 1 1: Count type 1 9: Stopper type 2 5: Count type 2 10: Limit switch combined type 6: Count type 3 2: Data set type 1 3: Data set type 2 10: Limit switch combined type						0	_	_	_			
3	Home position address	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7	μm	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647	inch	0 to 359.99999	degree	-2147483648 to 2147483647	PLS	0	PLS	0	2	
4	Home position return speed	0.01 to 6000000.00	mm/min	0.001 to 600000.000	inch/min	0.001 to 2147483.647 (Note-1)	degree/min	1 to 10000000	PLS/s	1	PLS/s	0	2	
5	Creep speed	0.01 to 6000000.00	mm/min	0.001 to 600000.000	inch/min	0.001 to 2147483.647 (Note-1)	degree/min	1 to 10000000	PLS/s	1	PLS/s	0	2	
6	Travel value after proximity dog ON	0.0 to 214748364.7	μm	0.00000 to 21474.83647	inch	0.00000 to 21474.83647	degree	0 to 2147483647	PLS	0	PLS	0	2	
7	Parameter Block setting				11	o 64				1	-	_	_	
8	Home position return retry function					ne position retur on return retry by	, ,	,		0	_	_	_	
9	Dwell time at the home position return retry				0 to 5	000 [ms]				0	ms	0	1	
10	Home position shift amount	-214748364.8 to 214748364.7	μm	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647	inch	-21474.83648 to 21474.83647	degree	-2147483648 to 2147483647	PLS	0	PLS	0	2	
11	Speed set at the home position shift	0: Home position return speed 1: Creep speed						0	_	_	—			
12	Torque limit value at the creep speed	1 to 1000 [%]						300	%	0	1			
13	Operation setting for incompletion of home position return					/o program servo program				1	_	_	_	

- Remarks	Explanatory section
The home position return direction is set.	
 The home position return method is set. The proximity dog type or count type are recommended for the servo amplifier which does not support absolute value. 	_
The current value of home position after the home position return is set.	_
The home position return speed is set.	_
• The creep speed (low speed immediately before stopping after deceleration from home position return speed) after the proximity dog ON is set.	_
 The travel value after the proximity dog ON for the count type is set. More than the deceleration distance at the home position return speed is set. 	6.23.1 (1)
The parameter block (Refer to Section 4.3) No. to use for home position return is set.	_
Valid/invalid of home position return retry is set.	
The stop time at the deceleration stop during the home position return retry is set.	6.23.1 (2)
The shift amount at the home position shift is set.	
The operation speed which set the home position shift amount except "0" is set.	6.23.1 (3)
The torque limit value with creep speed at the stopper type home position return is set.	6.23.1 (4)
• When the home position return request signal is ON, it set whether a servo program can be executed or not.	6.23.1 (5)

(Note-1): When the "speed control 10×multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" in the fixed parameter, the setting range is "0.01 to 21474836.47[degree/min] ".

(1) Travel value after proximity dog ON

- (a) The travel value after proximity dog ON is set to execute the count type home position return.
- (b) After the proximity dog ON, the home position is the first zero-point after travel by the setting travel value.
- (c) Set the travel value after proximity dog ON more than the deceleration distance from the home position return speed.



POINT

A home position return must be made after the servomotor has been rotated more than one revolution to pass the axis through the Z-phase (motor reference position signal).

For a proximity dog type or count type home position return, the distance between the point where the home position return program is started and the deceleration stop point before re-travel must be such that the servomotor is rotated more than one revolution to pass the axis through the Z-phase.

When a data set type home position return is made in an ABS (absolute position) system, the servomotor must also have been rotated more than one revolution by JOG operation or the like to pass the axis through the Z-phase.

(Note) : When "1 : No servomotor Z-phase pass after power ON" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), even if it does not pass zero point, the home position return can be executed and restrictions are lost.

- (2) Home position return retry function/dwell time at the home position return retry
 - (a) Valid/invalid of home position return retry is set.
 - (b) When the valid of home position return retry function is set, the time to stop at return of travel direction is set with dwell time at the home position return retry.
 - (c) Operation for the proximity dog type home position return by setting "valid" for home position return retry function is shown below.

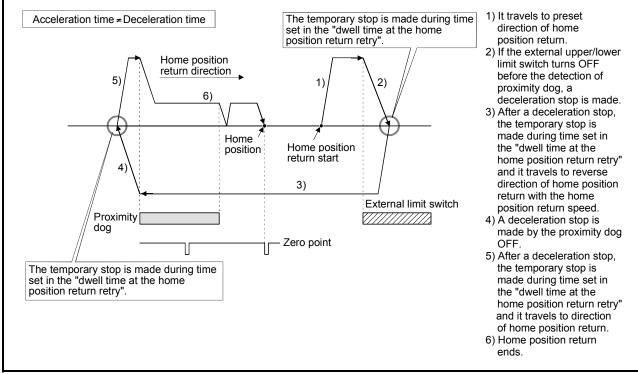


Fig. 6.31 Operation for home position return retry function

(d) Possible/not possible of home position return retry function by the home position return method is shown below.

Home position return methods	Possible/not possible of home position return retry function
Proximity dog type	0
Count type	0
Data set type	×
Dog cradle type	0
Stopper type	×
Limit switch combined type	×

 \odot : Possible, \times : Not possible

- (3) Home position shift amount/speed set at the home position shift
 - (a) The shift (travel) amount from position stopped by home position return is set.
 - (b) If the home position shift amount is positive value, it shifts from detected zero point signal to address increase direction. If it is negative value, it shifts from detected zero point signal to address decrease direction.
 - (c) Operation speed which set the home position shift amount except "0" is set in the speed set at the home position shift. Select one of the "home position return speed" or "creep speed".

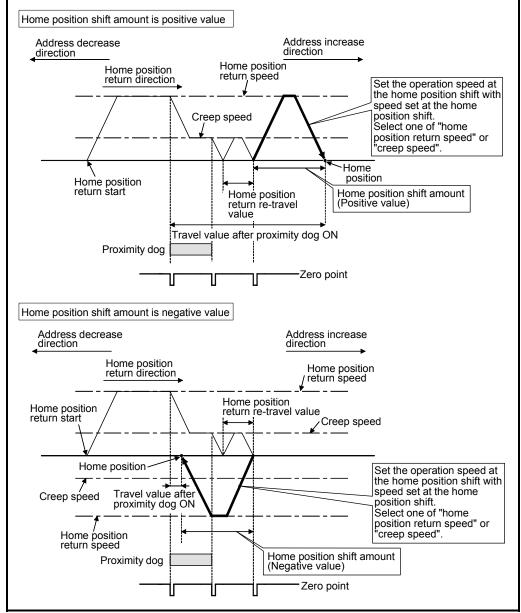


Fig. 6.32 Home position shift amount/speed set at the home position shift

(d) Valid/invalid of the setting value for home position shift amount by the home position return method is shown below.

Home position return methods	Valid/invalid of home position shift amount
Proximity dog type	0
Count type	0
Data set type	×
Dog cradle type	0
Stopper type	×
Limit switch combined type	0

 \odot : Valid, \times : Invalid

POINT

- (1) Home position shift function is used to rectify a home position stopped by the home position return. When there are physical restrictions in the home position by the relation of a proximity dog setting position, the home position is rectified to the optimal position. Also, by using the home position shift function, it is not necessary to care the zero point for mounting of servomotor.
- (2) After proximity dog ON, if the travel value including home position shift amount exceeds the range of "-2147483648 to 2147483647" [$\times 10^{-1}$ µm, $\times 10^{-5}$ inch, $\times 10^{-5}$ degree, PLS], "travel value after proximity dog ON" of monitor register is not set correctly.
- (4) Torque limit value at the creep speed
 - (a) Torque limit value at the creep speed (on press) is set in the case of using the pressed position as the home position by the home position return of stopper type 1, 2.
 - (b) Valid/invalid of the torque limit value at the creep speed by the home position return method is shown below.

Home position return methods	Valid/invalid of torque limit value at the creep speed
Proximity dog type	×
Count type	×
Data set type	×
Dog cradle type	×
Stopper type	0
Limit switch combined type	×

 \odot : Valid, \times : Invalid

- (5) Operation setting for incompletion of home position return
 - (a) Operation in selecting "0: Execute servo program"
 - 1) Servo program can be executed even if the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) is ON.
 - (b) Operation in selecting "1: Not execute servo program"
 - Servo program cannot be executed if the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) is ON. However, the servo program can be executed even if the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) is ON in the case of only servo program of home position return instruction (ZERO).
 - At the time of servo program start, when "1: Not execute servo program" is selected in the operation setting for incompletion of home position return and the axis which the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) is ON exists also with one axis, a minor error [121] occurs and the servo program does not start.
 - JOG operation and manual pulse generator operation can be executed regardless of the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) ON/OFF.
 - 4) Same operation is executed regardless of absolute position system or not. When "1: Not execute servo program" is selected in the case of not absolute position system, the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) turns ON at power supply ON or reset of Multiple CPU system and power supply ON of servo amplifier. Therefore, it must be executed home position return before a servo program start.
 - 5) Same operation is executed in also TEST mode.
 - 6) This setting is valid in the real mode only. Servo program can be executed for a virtual axis connected to the output axis which the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) is ON.

(6) Indirect setting of home position return data

A part of home position return data can be executed the indirect setting by the word devices of Motion CPU.

(a) Data devices for indirect setting

There are data registers (D), link registers (W), Motion registers (#) and Multiple CPU area device ($U\Box$ \G) as data devices for indirect setting. (Word devices except the above registers cannot be used.)

Usable devices are shown below. (Set the number of words for 2 words as even number.)

Word devices	Usable devices					
D	800 to 8191					
W	0 to 1FFF					
#	0 to 7999					
U⊟\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) (Note-1)					

Note-1: "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for the each CPU.

(b) Input of home position return
 In the indirect setting by the word devices, the specified word device data are read at servo program execution by Motion CPU.

 Set data to devices for indirect setting and then execute the start request of servo program at home position return.

POINT

- (1) Indirect setting of axis cannot be executed using word devices in the servo program.
- (2) Take an interlock with start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) not to change until the device data specified for indirect setting.
 If the device data is changed before starting accept, it may not execute the home position return at the normal value.
- (3) Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area.

(7) Setting items for home position return data

		Home position return methods													
	Items	Proximity dog type 1	Proximity dog type 2	Count type 1	Count type 2	Count type 3	Data set type 1	Data set type 2	Dog cradle type	Stopper type 1	Stopper type 2	Limit switch combined type			
	Home position return direction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Home position address	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\odot			
	Home position return speed	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	\odot	_	\odot			
	Creep speed	\odot	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	\odot	0	\odot			
	Travel value after proximity dog ON	_	_	0	0	0	_	_	_	—	_	_			
Home position	Parameter block setting	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	0			
return data	Home position return retry function	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	—	_	_			
	Dwell time at the home position return retry	\odot	\odot	\odot	\odot	\odot	_	_	\odot	—	_				
	Home position shift amount	\odot	\odot	\odot	\odot	\odot	-	-	\odot	—	-	\odot			
	Speed set at the home position shift	0	0	0	0	0	I	I	0		I	0			
	Torque limit value at the creep speed	-								\odot	0	-			
	Operation setting for incompletion of home position return	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Interpolation control unit	-								-		-			
	Speed limit value	-										-			
	Acceleration time	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	0			
	Deceleration time	0	0	0	0	0		_	0	0	0	0			
Parameter blocks	Rapid stop deceleration time	0	0	0	0	0		_	0	0	0	0			
	S-curve ratio	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	0			
	Torque limit value	0	0	0	0	0	_	—	0	0	0	0			
	Deceleration processing at the stop time	0	0	0	0	0		—	0	0	0	0			
	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			

©: Must be set (Indirect setting)

O: Must be set

—: Must be not set

6.23.2 Home position return by the proximity dog type 1

(1) Proximity dog type 1

Zero point position after proximity dog ON to OFF is home position in this method.

When it does not pass (zero pass signal: M2406+20n OFF) the zero point from home position return start to deceleration stop by proximity dog ON to OFF, an error will occur and home position return is not executed. However, when "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), if it does not pass zero point from home position return start to deceleration stop by proximity dog ON to OFF, the home position return can be executed.

(2) Home position return by the proximity dog type 1

Operation of home position return by proximity dog type 1 for passing (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) the zero point from home position return start to deceleration stop by proximity dog ON to OFF is shown below.

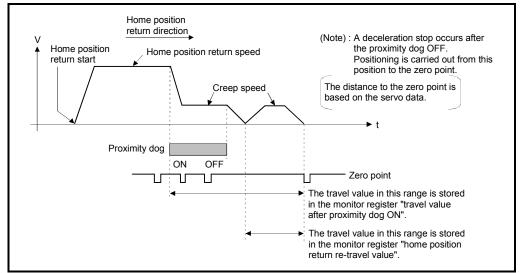


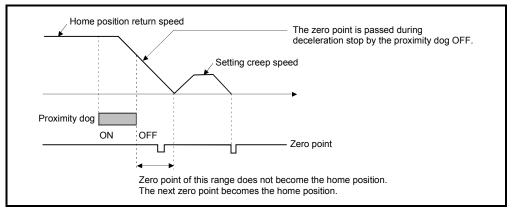
Fig. 6.33 Home position return operation by the proximity dog type 1

(3) Home position return execution Home position return by the proximity dog type 1 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

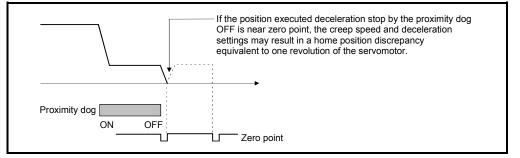
(4) Cautions

(a) Keep the proximity dog ON during deceleration from the home position return speed to the creep speed.

If the proximity dog turns OFF before deceleration to the creep speed, a deceleration stop is made and the next zero point is set as the home position.



(b) The position executed deceleration stop by the proximity dog OFF is near zero point, a home position discrepancy equivalent to one revolution of the servomotor may occur. Adjust the position of proximity dog OFF, such that the home position return re-travel value becomes half the travel value for one revolution of the servomotor.



POINT

When the home position return retry function is not set in the following cases, execute the home position return, after return the axis once to position before the proximity dog ON by the JOG operation, etc.

Home position return cannot be executed without returning to position before the proximity dog ON.

- (1) Home position return with a position after the proximity dog ON to OFF.
- (2) When the power supply turned OFF to ON after home position return end.

- (c) When it does not pass (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) the zero point from home position return start to deceleration stop by proximity dog ON to OFF, a minor error "ZCT not set" (error code: 120) will occur, a deceleration stop is made and home position return does not end normally. When a distance between home position return start position and home position is near and a zero point is not passed, select the proximity dog type 2.
- (d) If home position return is executed in the proximity dog ON, a major error "proximity dog signal is turning ON at the home position return start" (error code: 1003) will occur, the home position return is not executed. Use the proximity dog type 2 in this case.
- (e) When home position return retry function is not set, if home position return is executed again after home position return end, a minor error "home position return completion signal is turning ON at the proximity dog type home position return start" (error code: 115) will occur, the home position return is not executed.
- (f) If in-position signal (M2402+20n) does not turn ON, home position return is not ended.

6.23.3 Home position return by the proximity dog type 2

(1) Proximity dog type 2

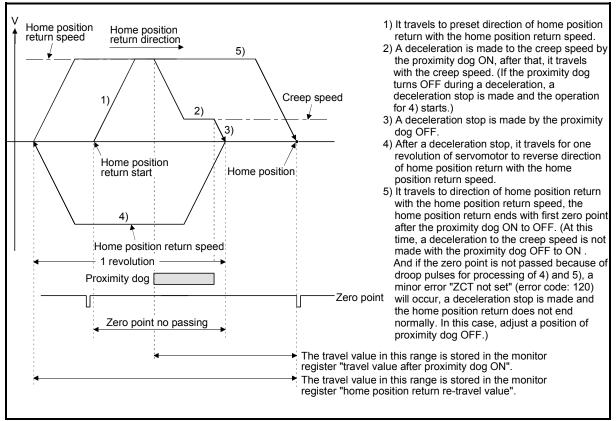
Zero point position after proximity dog ON to OFF is home position in this method.

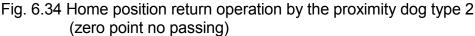
When it passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) the zero point from home position return start to deceleration stop by proximity dog ON to OFF, operation for "proximity dog type 2" is the same as "proximity dog type 1". (Refer to Section 6.23.2)

When it does not pass (zero pass signal: M2406+20n OFF) the zero point from home position return start to deceleration stop by proximity dog ON to OFF, it moves to home position return direction after the servomotor is rotated one revolution to reverse direction and it passed the zero point, and the first zero point position is set as home position after proximity dog ON to OFF.

(2) Home position return by the proximity dog type 2

Operation of home position return by proximity dog type 2 for not passing the zero point from home position return start to deceleration stop by proximity dog ON to OFF is shown below.





(3) Home position return execution Home position return by the proximity dog type 2 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

(4) Cautions

- (a) A system which the servomotor can rotate one time or more is required.
- (b) When a servomotor stops with specified condition enables and rotates to reverse direction one time after proximity dog ON, make a system for which does not turn OFF the external upper/lower stroke limit.
- (c) Keep the proximity dog ON during deceleration from the home position return speed to the creep speed.If the proximity dog turns OFF before deceleration to the creep speed, a deceleration stop is made and the next zero point is set as the home position.
- (d) If home position return is executed in the proximity dog ON, it starts with the creep speed.
- (e) When home position return retry function is not set, if home position return is executed again after home position return completion, a minor error "home position return completion signal is turning ON at the proximity dog type home position return start" (error code: 115) will occur, the home position return is not executed.
- (f) When "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), even if it does not pass zero point at the servo amplifier power ON, the zero pass signal (M2406+20n) turns ON. This operation is the same as proximity dog type 1.
- (g) If in-position signal (M2402+20n) does not turn ON, home position return is not ended.

6.23.4 Home position return by the count type 1

(1) Count type 1

After the proximity dog ON, the zero point after the specified distance (travel value after proximity dog ON) is home position in this method. (If the proximity dog signal of servo amplifier is used, the count type 1 home position return cannot be executed.)

When the zero point is not passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n OFF) until it travels the distance set in the "travel value after proximity dog ON" from home position return start, an error will occur and home position return is not executed. However, when "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), if the zero point is not passed until it travels the distance set in the "travel value after proximity dog ON" from home position return start, the home position return can be executed.

The travel value after proximity dog ON is set in the home position return data (Refer to Section 6.23.1).

(2) Home position return by the count type 1

Operation of home position return by count type 1 for passing the zero point during travel of specified distance set in the "travel value after proximity dog ON" from the home position return start is shown below.

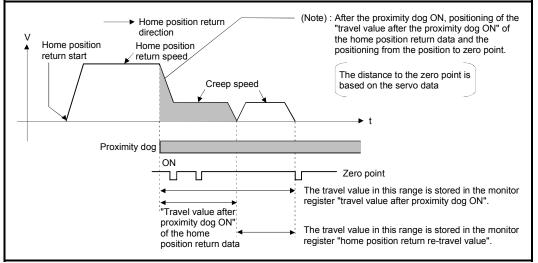


Fig. 6.35 Home position return operation by the count type 1

(3) Home position return execution

Home position return by the count type 1 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

- (4) Cautions
 - (a) Home position return and continuously start of home position return are also possible in the proximity dog ON in the count type 1.
 When the home position return or continuously start of home position return are executed in the proximity dog ON, the home position return is executed after return the axis once to position of the proximity dog OFF.
 - (b) When the zero point is not passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) until it travels the distance set in the "travel value after proximity dog ON" from home position return start, a minor error "ZCT not set" (error code: 120) will occur, a deceleration stop is made and home position return does not end normally. When a distance between home position return start position and home position is near and a zero point is not passed, select the count type 3.
 - (c) When the "travel value after proximity dog ON" is less than the deceleration distance from "home position return speed" to "creep speed", a minor error "an overrun occurred because the setting travel value is less than the deceleration distance at the proximity dog signal input during home position return of count type" (error code: 209) will occur and deceleration stop is made.
 - (d) If in-position signal (M2402+20n) does not turn ON, home position return is not ended.

6.23.5 Home position return by the count type 2

(1) Count type 2

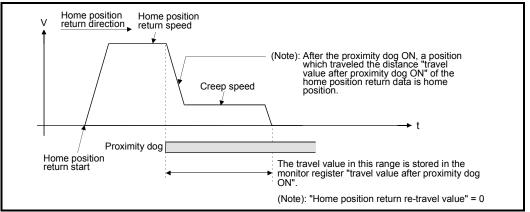
After the proximity dog ON, the position which traveled the specified distance (travel value after proximity dog ON) is home position in this method. It is not related for zero point pass or not pass. (If the proximity dog signal of servo amplifier is used, the count type 2 home position return cannot be executed.)

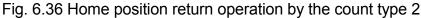
A count type 2 is effective method when a zero point signal cannot be taken. (However, dispersions will occur to the stop position at the home position return compared with the count type 1.)

The travel value after proximity dog ON is set in the home position return data (Refer to Section 6.23.1).

(2) Home position return by the count type 2

Operation of home position return by count type 2 is shown below.





(3) Home position return execution

Home position return by the count type 2 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

- (4) Cautions
 - (a) Home position return and continuously start of home position return are also possible in the proximity dog ON in the count type 2.
 When the home position return and continuously start of home position return are executed in the proximity dog ON, the home position return is executed after return the axis once to position of the proximity dog OFF.
 - (b) When the "travel value after proximity dog ON" is less than the deceleration distance from "home position return speed" to "creep speed", a minor error "an overrun occurred because the setting travel value is less than the deceleration distance at the proximity dog signal input during home position return of count type." (error code: 209) will occur and deceleration stop is made.
 - (c) Command position is the home position.
 - (d) If in-position signal (M2402+20n) does not turn ON, home position return is not ended.

6.23.6 Home position return by the count type 3

(1) Count type 3

After the proximity dog ON, the zero point after the specified distance (travel value after proximity dog ON) is home position in this method. (If the proximity dog signal of servo amplifier is used, the count type 3 home position return cannot be executed.)

When the zero point is passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) during travel of specified distance set in the "travel value after proximity dog ON" from the home position return start, home position return operation is the same as "count type 1". (Refer to Section 6.23.4)

When a zero point is not passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n OFF) during travel of specified distance set in the "travel value after proximity dog ON" from the home position return start, it rotates one time to reverse direction and passes the zero point, re-travels to home position return direction, and then the first zero point after the specified distance (travel value after proximity dog ON) after proximity dog ON is set as home position.

The travel value after proximity dog ON is set in the home position return data (Refer to Section 6.23.1).

(2) Home position return by the count type 3

Operation of home position return by count type 3 for not passing the zero point during travel of specified distance set in the "travel value after proximity dog ON" from the home position return start is shown below.

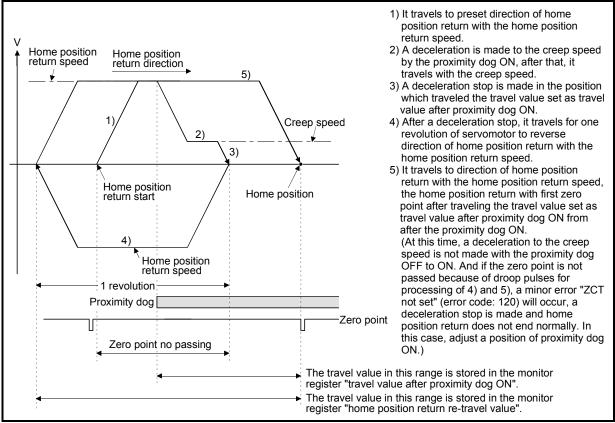


Fig. 6.37 Home position return operation by the count type 3 (zero point no passing)

(3) Home position return execution

Home position return by the count type 3 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

- (4) Cautions
 - (a) A system which the servomotor can rotate one time or more is required.
 - (b) After the proximity dog ON, when a servomotor rotates one time to reverse direction after stop with travel value set in the "travel value after proximity dog ON", make a system which does not turn OFF the external upper/lower stroke limit.
 - (c) Home position return and continuously start of home position return are also possible in the proximity dog ON in the count type 3.
 When the home position return and continuously start of home position return are executed in the proximity dog ON, the home position return is executed after return the axis once to position of the proximity dog OFF.
 - (d) When the "travel value after proximity dog ON" is less than the deceleration distance from "home position return speed" to "creep speed", a minor error "an overrun occurred because the setting travel value is less than the deceleration distance at the proximity dog signal input during home position return of count type." (error code: 209) will occur and deceleration stop is made.
 - (e) When "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), even if it does not pass zero point at the servo amplifier power ON, the zero pass signal (M2406+20n) turns ON. This operation is the same as count type 1.
 - (f) If in-position signal (M2402+20n) does not turn ON, home position return is not ended.

6.23.7 Home position return by the data set type 1

- (1) Data set type 1 The proximity dog is not used in this method for the absolute position system.
- (2) Home position return by the data set type 1 Home position is the command position at the home position return operation.

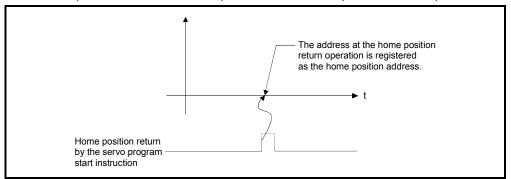


Fig. 6.38 Home position return operation by the date set type 1

(3) Home position return execution

Home position return by the data set type 1 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

- (4) Cautions
 - (a) A zero point must be passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) between turning ON the power supply and executing home position return. If home position return is executed without passing a zero point once, "no zero point passed error" occurs. If "no zero point passed error" occurred, perform the home position return again, after reset the error and turn the servomotor at least one revolution by the JOG operation. The zero point passing can be confirmed with the zero pass signal (M2406+20n). However, when "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), even if it does not pass zero point at the servo amplifier power ON, the home position return is possible because the zero pass signal (M2406+20n) turns ON.
 - (b) Home position return is started by the data set type 1 when the absolute position system does not support, it becomes same function as the current value change command.
 - (c) The home position return data required for the data set type 1 are the home position return direction and home position address.
 - (d) If in-position signal (M2402+20n) does not turn ON, home position return is not ended.

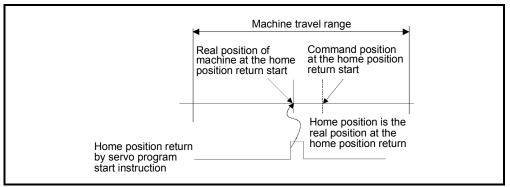
6.23.8 Home position return by the data set type 2

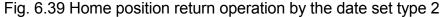
(1) Data set type 2

The proximity dog is not used in this method for the absolute position system.

(2) Home position return by the data set type 2

Home position is the real position of servomotor at the home position return operation.





(3) Home position return execution

Home position return by the data set type 2 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

- (4) Cautions
 - (a) A zero point must be passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) between turning on the power supply and executing home position return. If home position return is executed without passing a zero point once, "no zero point passed error" occurs. If "no zero point passed error" occurred, perform the home position return again, after reset the error and turn the servomotor at least one revolution by the JOG operation. The zero point passing can be confirmed with the zero pass signal (M2406+20n). However, when "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), even if it does not pass zero point at the servo amplifier power ON, the home position return is possible because the zero pass signal (M2406+20n) turns ON.
 - (b) The home position return data required for the data set type 2 are the home position return direction and home position address.

6.23.9 Home position return by the dog cradle type

(1) Dog cradle type

After deceleration stop by the proximity dog ON, if the zero point is passed after traveling to reverse direction and turning the proximity dog OFF, the deceleration stop is made. And it moves to direction of home position return again with creep speed and the first zero point after proximity dog ON is home position in this method.

(2) Home position return by the dog cradle type Operation of home position return by the dog cradle type for setting the proximity dog in the home position return direction is shown below.

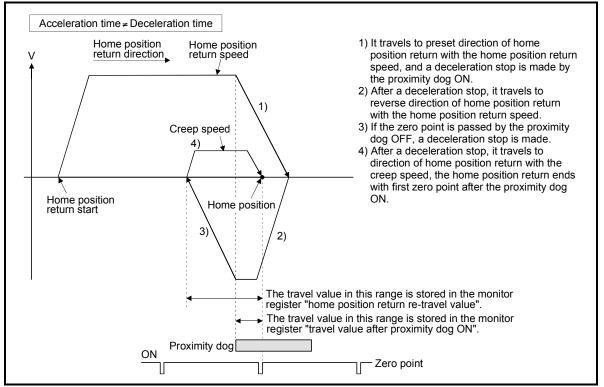


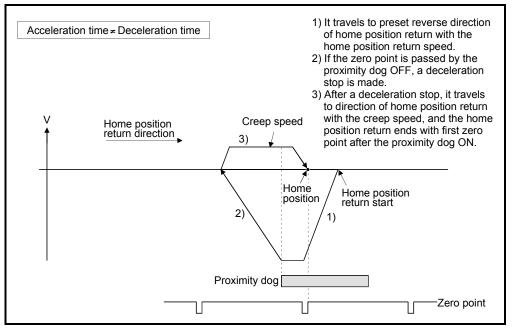
Fig. 6.40 Home position return operation by the dog cradle type

(3) Home position return execution

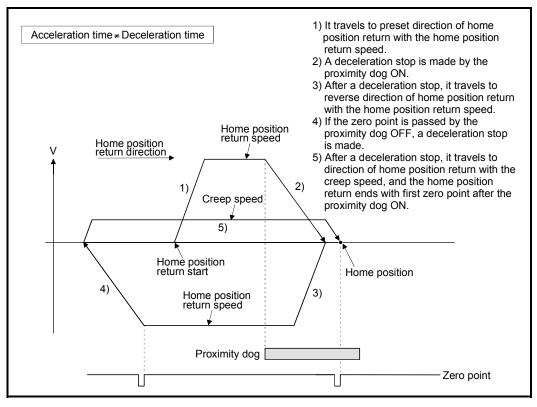
Home position return by the dog cradle type is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

- (4) Cautions
 - (a) When home position return retry function is not set, if home position return is executed again after home position return end, a minor error "home position return completion signal is turning ON at the dog cradle type home position return start" (error code: 115) will occur, the home position return is not executed.

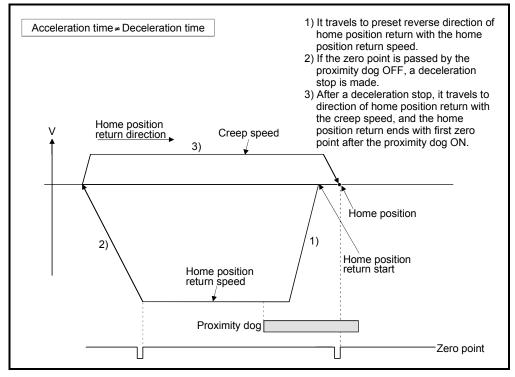
(b) If the home position return is executed in the proximity dog, it travels to reverse direction of home position return. If proximity dog turns OFF, a deceleration stop is made, it travels to direction of home position return again with the creep speed and the first zero point after proximity dog ON is home position.

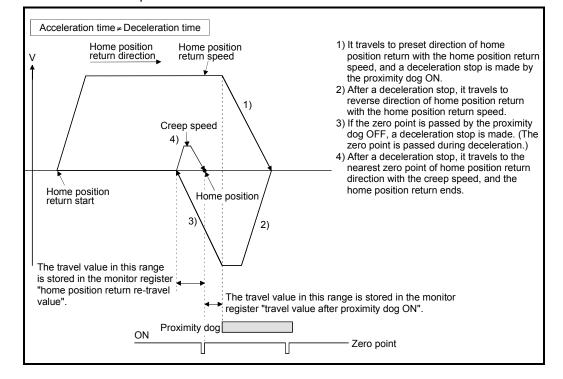


(c) When the proximity dog is set in the home position return direction, the proximity dog is turned OFF during travel to reverse direction of home position return, and the zero point is not passed, it continues to travel in the reverse direction of home position return with home position return speed until the zero point is passed. The zero point is passed again during deceleration by zero point pass, the home position becomes this side compared with the case to pass zero point at the time of the proximity dog OFF.



(d) When it starts in the proximity dog, the zero point is not passed at the time of the proximity dog is turned OFF during travel to reverse direction of home position return, it continues to travel with home position return speed until the zero point is passed. The zero point is passed again during deceleration by zero point pass, the home position becomes this side compared with the case to pass zero point at the time of the proximity dog OFF.





(e) If the zero point is passed during deceleration, the nearest zero point from deceleration stop position to home position return direction is set as the home position.

6.23.10 Home position return by the stopper type 1

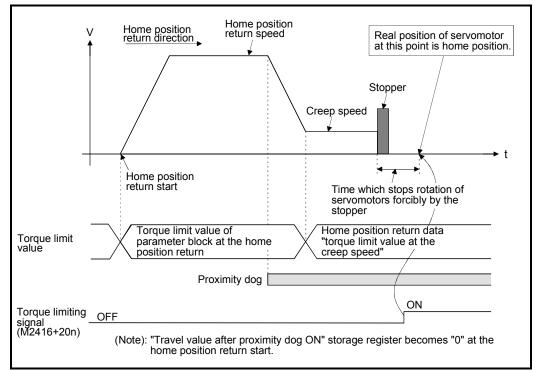
(1) Stopper type 1

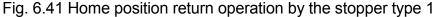
Position of stopper is home position in this method.

It travels to the direction set in the "home position return direction" with the "home position return speed", after a deceleration starts by proximity dog OFF to ON and it presses against the stopper and makes to stop with the torque limit value set in the "torque limit value at the creep speed" and "creep speed" of home position return data. Real position of servomotor at the time of detection for turning the torque limiting signal OFF to ON is home position. Torque limit value after reaching creep speed is set in the "torque limit value at the creep speed" of home position.

(2) Home position return by the stopper type 1

Operation of home position return by the stopper type 1 is shown below.





(3) Home position return execution

Home position return by the stopper type 1 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

- (4) Cautions
 - (a) A zero point does not must be passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) between turning on the power supply and executing home position return.
 - (b) Home position return retry function cannot be used in the stopper type 1.
 - (c) Set the torque limit value after reaching the creep speed for system. When the torque limit value is too large, servomotors or machines may be damaged after pressing the stopper. Also, when the torque limit value is too small, it becomes the torque limiting before pressing the stopper and ends the home position return.
 - (d) If the home position return is executed again after home position return completion, a minor error "home position return completion signal is turning ON at the stopper type home position return start" (error code: 115) will occur, the home position return is not executed.
 - (e) Home position return is started during the proximity dog ON, it is started from the "creep speed".

6.23.11 Home position return by the stopper type 2

(1) Stopper type 2

Position of stopper is home position in this method.

It travels the direction set in the "home position return direction" with the "creep speed", and it presses against the stopper and makes to stop with the "creep speed". (The torque limit value is valid set in the "torque limit value at the creep speed" of the home position return data from the home position return start.) Real position of servomotor at the time of detection for turning the torque limiting signal OFF to ON is home position.

Torque limit value after reaching creep speed is set in the "torque limit value at the creep speed" of home position return data.

(2) Home position return by the stopper type 2

Operation of home position return by the stopper type 2 is shown below.

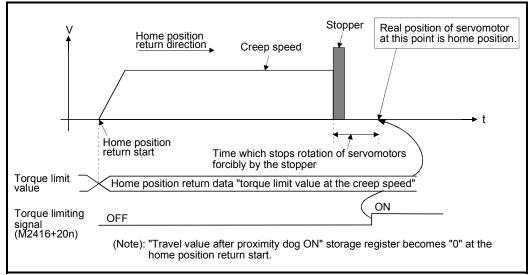


Fig. 6.42 Home position return operation by the stopper type 2

(3) Home position return execution

Home position return by the stopper type 2 is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

(4) Cautions

- (a) A zero point does not must be passed (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) between turning on the power supply and executing home position return.
- (b) Home position return retry function cannot be used in the stopper type 2.

- (c) Set the torque limit value at the reaching creep speed for system. When the torque limit value is too large, servomotors or machines may be damaged after pressing the stopper. Also, when the torque limit value is too small, it becomes the torque limiting before pressing the stopper and ends the home position return.
- (d) If the home position return is executed again after home position return completion, a minor error "home position return completion signal is turning ON at the stopper type home position return start" (error code: 115) will occur, the home position return is not executed.

6.23.12 Home position return by the limit switch combined type

(1) Limit switch combined type

The proximity dog is not used in this method. Home position return can be executed by using the external upper/lower limit switch. When the home position return is started, it travels to direction of home position return with "home position return speed". Deceleration is made by turning the limit switch of home position return direction ON to OFF, it travels to reverse direction of home position return with creep speed, and the zero point just before limit switch is home position.

(2) Home position return by the limit switch combined type Operation of home position return by limit switch combined type for setting the limit switch in the home position return direction is shown below.

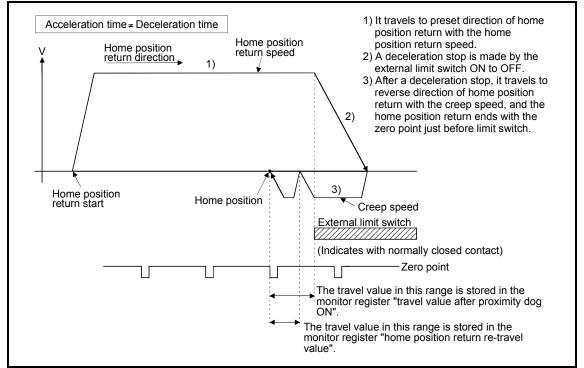


Fig. 6.43 Home position return operation by the limit switch combined type

(3) Home position return execution

Home position return by the limit switch combined type is executed using the servo program in Section 6.23.16.

- (4) Cautions
 - (a) For the axis which executes the home position return by the limit switch combined type, if the external input signal has not set in the system settings, a minor error "the positioning control which use the external input signal was executed for the axis which has not set the external input signal in the system settings" (error code: 142) will occur and home position return is not executed.
 - (b) When the limit switch reverse to home position return direction is turned ON to OFF, deceleration stop is made, home position return is not completed and a major error "external limit switch detection error" (error code : 1101, 1102) will occur.
 - (c) Home position return retry function cannot be used in the limit switch combined type.
 - (d) If the home position return is executed with the limit switch OFF, it is started to reverse direction of home position return with creep speed.
 - (e) When it does not pass (zero pass signal: M2406+20n ON) the zero point from home position return start to deceleration stop by limit switch OFF, a minor error "ZCT not set" (error code: 120) will occur, a deceleration stop is made and home position return does not end normally. However, when "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), if the zero point is not passed until from home position return start to deceleration stop by limit switch OFF, the home position return can be executed.
 - (f) Deceleration stop is executed after the limit switch OFF. Set the limit switch in expectation of deceleration distance.
 - (g) If the in-position signal (M2402+20n) is turned ON, home position return is not ended.
 - (h) When the width is in a zero point, the home position differs from the home position return by the proximity dog type 1, proximity dog type 2, count type 1, count type 3 and dog cradle type.

6.23.13 Home position return retry function

When a work has been exceeded home position during positioning control, etc., even if it executes the home position return, depending on the position of work, a work may not travel to home position direction. In this case, a work is normally travelled before the proximity dog by the JOG operation, etc, and the home position return is started again. However, by using the home position return retry function, even if a work is where, the home position return can be executed.

Refer to Section 6.23.1(7) for home position return method by using the home position return retry function.

[Data Setting]

When the "home position return retry function" is used, set the following "home position return data" using MT Developer.

Set the "dwell time at the home position return retry" as required. Set the parameters for every axis.

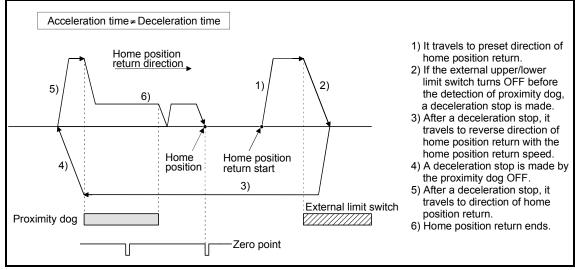
Items	Setting details	Setting value	Initial value
Home position return retry function	 0 : Invalid (Do not execute the home position return retry by limit switch.) 1 : Valid (Execute the home position return retry by limit switch.) 	0, 1	0
Dwell time at the home position return retry	The stop time at the deceleration stop during the home position return retry is set	0 to 5000 [ms]	0

Table 6.4 Home position return data

[Control details]

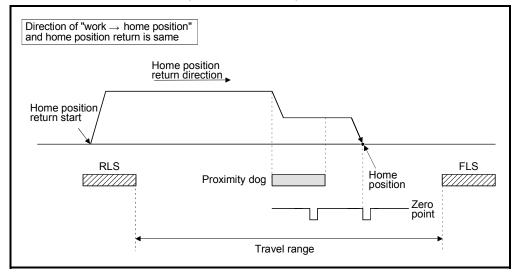
Operation for the home position return retry function is shown below.

(1) Home position return retry operation setting a work within the range of external limit switch

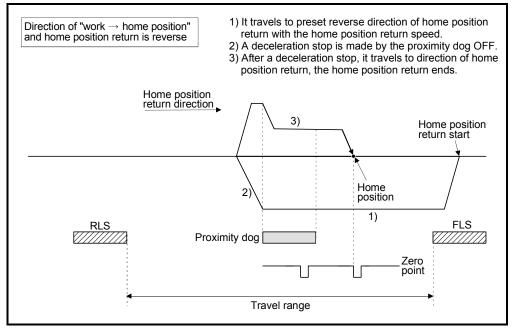




- (2) Home position return retry operation setting a work outside the range of external limit switch
 - (a) When the direction of "work → home position" and home position return is same, normal home position return is operated.



(b) When the direction of "work → home position" and home position return is reverse, deceleration stop is made with the proximity dog OFF and home position return is operated to preset direction of home position return.



(3) Dwell time setting at the home position return retry

Reverse operation by detection of the external upper/lower limit switch and dwell time function at the home position return start after stop by proximity dog OFF are possible with the dwell time at the home position return retry in the home position return retry function.

Dwell time at the home position return retry becomes valid at the time of deceleration stop of the following 2) and 4). (Dwell time operates with the same value.)

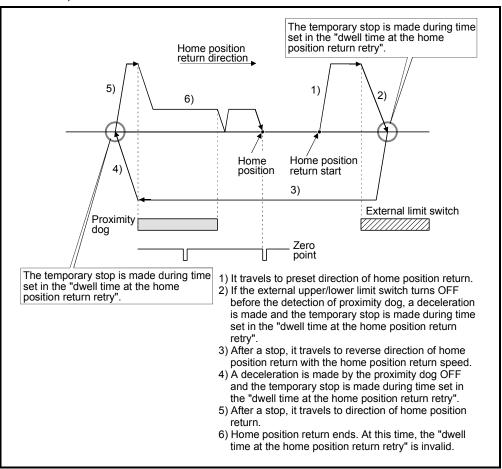


Fig. 6.45 Dwell time setting at the home position return retry

[Cautions]

(1) Possible/not possible of home position return retry function by the home position return method is shown below.

Home position return methods	Possible/not possible of home position return retry function
Proximity dog type	0
Count type	0
Data set type	×
Dog cradle type	0
Stopper type	×
Limit switch combined type	×

 \odot : Possible, \times : Not possible

- (2) Make a system for which does not execute the servo amplifier power off or servo OFF by the external upper/lower limit switch. Home position return retry cannot be executed only in the state of servo ON.
- (3) Deceleration is made by detection of the external limit switch and travel to reverse direction of home position return is started. In this case, a major error "external limit switch detection error" (error codes: 1001, 1002, 1101, 1102) will not occur.

≜CAUTION

Be sure to set the external limit switch (FLS, RLS) in the upper/lower position of machines. If the home position return retry function is used without external limit switch, servomotors continue rotating.

6.23.14 Home position shift function

Normally, when the machine home position return is executed, a position of home position is set by using the proximity dog or zero point signal. However, by using the home position shift function, the position to which only the specified travel value was travelled from the position which detected the zero point signal can be regarded as home position.

Refer to Section 6.23.1(7) for home position return method by using the home position shift function.

[Data Setting]

Set the following "home position return data" using MT Developer to use the "home position shift function".

Set the parameters for every axis.

Items	Setting details	Setting value	Initial value
Home position shift amount	The shift amount at the home position shift is set.	-2147483648 to 2147483647 [\times 10 $^{-1}$ µm, \times 10 $^{-5}$ inch, 10 $^{-5}$ degree, PLS]	0
Speed set at the home position shift	The speed at the home position shift is set.	0 : Home position return speed 1: Creep speed	0

Table 6.5 Home position return data

6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Control details]

(1) Home position shift operation

Operation for the home position shift function is shown below.

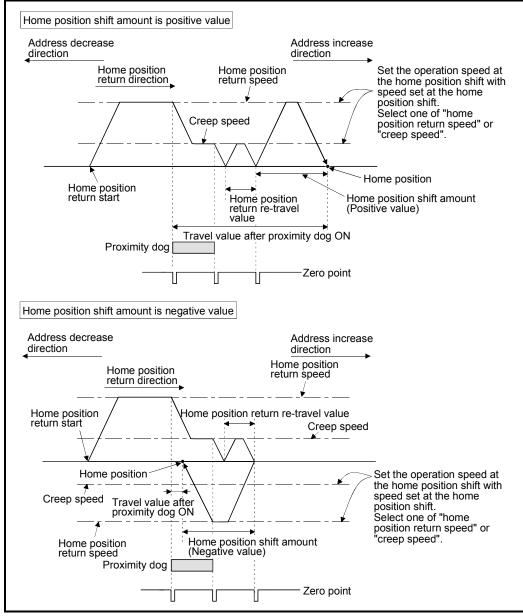


Fig. 6.46 Operation for home position shift

(2) Setting range of home position shift amount

Set the home position shift amount within the range of from the detected zero signal to external upper/lower limit switch (FLS/RLS). If the range of external upper/lower limit switch is exceeded, a major error "external limit switch detection error" (error codes: 1102, 1103) will occur at that time and the home position return is not ended.

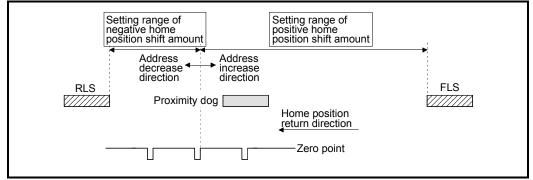


Fig. 6.47 Setting range of home position shift amount

(3) Travel speed at the home position shift

When the home position shift function is used, set the travel speed at the home position shift as the speed set at the home position shift. Either the home position return speed or creep speed is selected as the travel speed at the home position shift.

The travel speed at the home position shift for the home position return by proximity dog type is shown below.

(a) Home position shift operation with the "home position return speed"

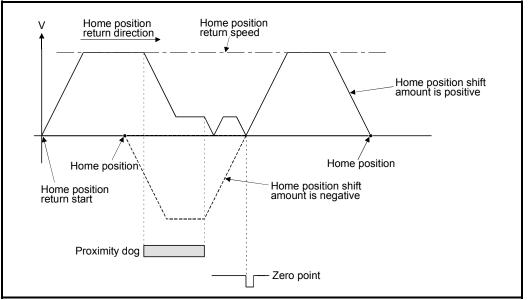
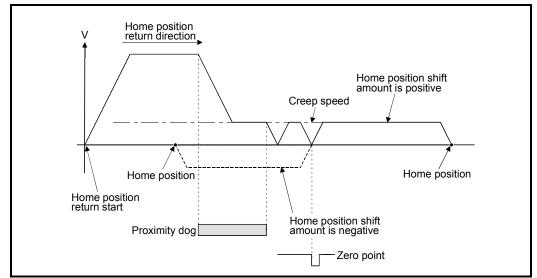


Fig. 6.48 Operation for home position shift with the home position return speed



(b) Home position shift operation with the "creep speed"

Fig. 6.49 Operation for home position shift with the creep speed

[Cautions]

(1) Valid/invalid of home position shift amount setting value by the home position return method.

Home position return methods	Valid/invalid of home position shift amount
Proximity dog type	0
Count type	0
Data set type	×
Dog cradle type	0
Stopper type	×
Limit switch combined type	0

 \bigcirc : Valid, \times : Invalid

- (2) Axis monitor devices and axis statuses are set after completion of home position shift.
- (3) When the home position return by proximity dog type set the travel value after proximity dog ON and home position shift amount within the range of "-2147483648 to 2147483647" [$\times 10^{-1} \mu m$, $\times 10^{-5}$ inch, 10^{-5} degree, PLS].

6.23.15 Condition selection of home position set

A home position return must be made after the servomotor has been rotated more than one revolution to pass the axis through the Z-phase (motor reference position signal) and the zero pass signal (M2406+20n) has been turned ON.

When "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4, (PC17) Condition selection of home position set" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), if it does not pass zero point with the motor rotation after turning the servo amplifier power ON, the zero pass signal (M2406+20n) can be turned ON.

[Data Setting]

Set the following "servo parameter" using MT Developer to select the "function selection C-4".

Set the servo parameters for every axis.

Items	Setting details	Setting value	Initial value
(PC17) Condition	Set the condition selection of home position set in the absolute position system.	0: Need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on1: Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on	0

Table 6.6 Servo parameter (expansion setting parameter)

[Cautions]

- (1) When "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is set as the above servo parameter, a restrictions such as "make the home position return after the servomotor is rotated more than one revolution to pass the axis through the Z-phase (motor reference position signal) " is lost.
- (2) When "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" is selected in the "function selection C-4" of servo parameter (expansion setting parameter), if it does not pass zero point at the servo amplifier power ON, the zero pass signal (M2406+20n) turns ON.
- (3) When the above parameter is changed, turn the servo amplifier power OFF to ON after resetting or turning power OFF to ON of Multiple CPU system.

Do not set the "1 : Not need to pass motor Z phase after the power supply is switched on" for axis which executes the home position return again after it continues traveling the same direction infinitely.

6.23.16 Servo program for home position return

									lte	ems	set	usir	ng N	ИТ С	Deve	elop	er						
					Coi	nm	on				Arc				Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck		Oth	ers	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of controllable axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	Others	Program No.	Speed change
ZERO	_	1		0																			_

The home position return executed using the ZERO servo instruction.

○: Must be set

[Control details]

 Home position return is executed by the home position return method specified with the home position return data (Refer to Section 6.23.1).
 Befer to the following sections for details of the home position return methods :

Refer to the following sections for details of the home position return methods :

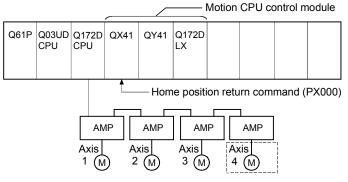
- Proximity dog type 1 Section 6.23.2
- Proximity dog type 2 Section 6.23.3
- Count type 1 Section 6.23.4
- Count type 2..... Section 6.23.5
- Count type 3 Section 6.23.6
- Data set type 1 Section 6.23.7
- Data set type 2 Section 6.23.8
- Dog cradle type Section 6.23.9
- Stopper type 1..... Section 6.23.10
- Stopper type 2..... Section 6.23.11
- Limit switch combined type..... Section 6.23.12

[Program]

Servo program No. 0 for home position return is shown as the following conditions.

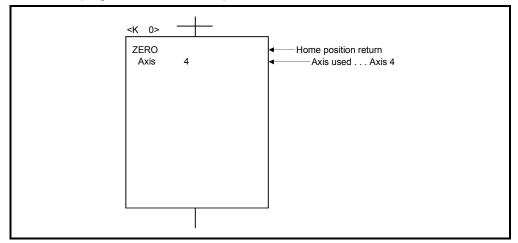
(1) System configuration

Home position return of Axis 4.



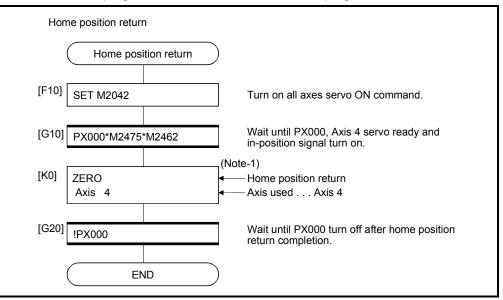
(2) Servo program example

Servo program No. 0 for home position return is shown below.



(3) Motion SFC program

Motion SFC program for which executes the servo program is shown below.



(Note-1): It is necessary to turn on the zero pass signal before execution of the home position return instruction for data set type home position return.

(Note-2) : Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or PLC program.

[Cautions]

If the home position is not within the in-position range of servo parameter, it does not mean having reached the home position data and the home position return does not end in the proximity dog type, count type, data set type 1, dog cradle type, or limit switch combined type home position return. In this case, adjusts the in-position range of servo parameter or position control gain.

6.24 High-Speed Oscillation

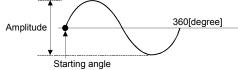
									Ite	ems	set	usir	ng N	IT C)eve	elop	er							
					Cor	nm	on			C	SC				Ра	ram	eter	blo	ck			Oth	ers	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of controllable axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	Control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing on stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Cancel	WAIT-ON/OFF	Speed change
OSC	_	1	\bigtriangleup	0				\bigtriangleup		0	0	0						\bigtriangleup				Δ		Invalid

Positioning of a specified axis is caused to oscillate on a sine wave.

 \bigcirc : Must be set \triangle : Set if required

[Control details]

The designated axis caused to oscillate on a specified sine wave. Acceleration/deceleration processing is not performed.



(1) Amplitude

Set the amplitude of the oscillation in the setting units. The amplitude can be set within the range of 1 to 2147483647.

(2) Starting angle

Set the angle on the sine curve at which oscillation is to start. The setting range is 0 to 359.9 [degree]

(3) Frequency

Set how many sine curve cycles occur in one minute. The setting range is 1 to 5000 [CPM].

POINT

Since acceleration/deceleration processing is not performed, you should set the starting angle to 90 or 270 [degree] in order to avoid an abrupt start.

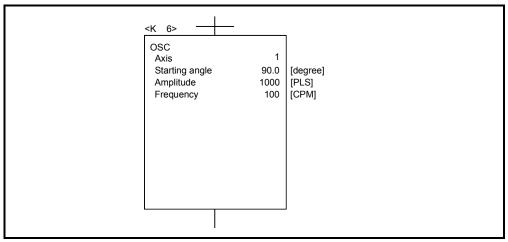
6 POSITIONING CONTROL

[Cautions]

- (1) If the amplitude setting is outside the range, the servo program setting error [25] occurs and operation does not start.
- (2) If the starting angle setting is outside the range, the servo program setting error [26] occurs and operation does not start.
- (3) If the frequency setting is outside the range, the servo program setting error [27] occurs and operation does not start.
- (4) Operation is continually repeated until a stop signal is input after the start.
- (5) Speed changes during operation are not possible. Attempted speed changes will cause minor error [310].

[Program]

An example of a program for high-speed oscillation is shown below.



MEMO

7. AUXILIARY AND APPLIED FUNCTIONS

This section describes the auxiliary and applied functions for positioning control in the Multiple CPU system.

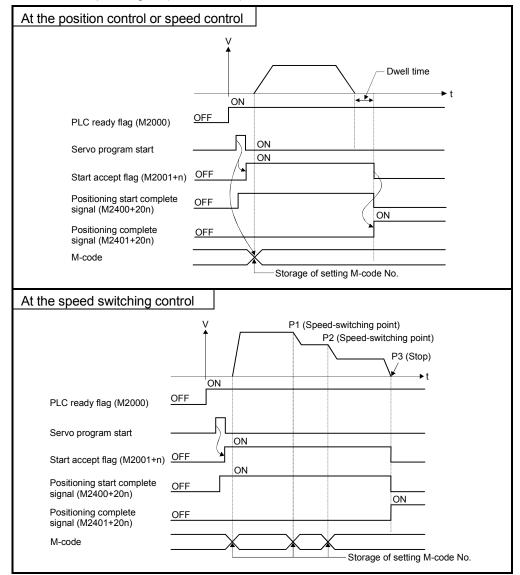
7.1 M-code Output Function

M-code is a code No. between 0 and 32767 which can be set for every positioning control. During positioning control, these M-codes are read using the Motion SFC program to check the servo program during operation and to command auxiliary operations, such as clamping, drill rotation and tool replacement.

Setting of M-codes
 M-code can be set using MT Developer at the creation and correction of the servo program.

(2) Storage of M-code and read timing

- M-codes are stored in the M-code storage register of the axis specified with the positioning start completion and specified points (at the speed switching control or constant-speed control).
 During interpolation control, the M-codes are stored in all axes which
- perform interpolation control.(b) When the M-code is read at the positioning start completion, use the positioning start complete signal (M2400+20n) as the reading command.



(c) When the M-code is read at positioning completion, use the positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) as the read command.

(3) Resetting of M-codes

M-codes can be reset by setting of the M-code output devices to zero. Use this method during positioning control to perform operations unrelated to the servo program, such as when it has been difficult to output the M-code during the previous positioning control.

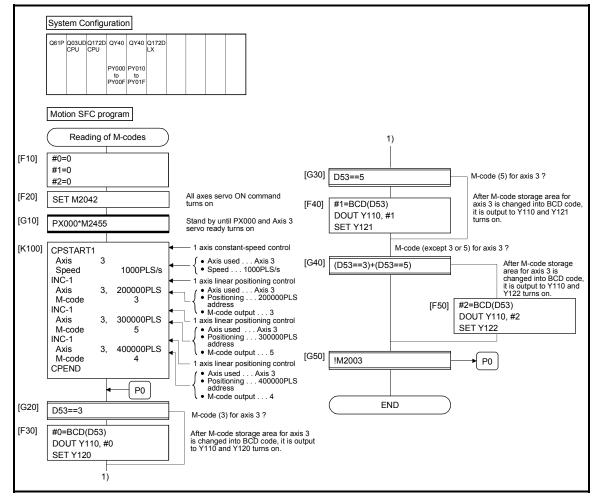
However, M-code is set55 during the speed switching control or constant-speed control, the M-code output of the servo program takes priority.

(4) Program example

- (a) The Motion SFC program to read M-codes is shown as the following conditions.
 - 1) Axis used No. Axis 3
 - 2) Processing at the positioning start by M-code
 - M-code No. is output as BCD

code to Y110 to Y11F

- 3) Processing at the positioning completion by M-code
 - a) M-code = 3..... Y120 turns on
 - b) M-code = 5..... Y121 turns on
 - c) M-code is except for (3 or 5) Y122 turns on
- (b) Motion SFC program with the above conditions are shown below.



7.2 Backlash Compensation Function

This function compensates for the backlash amount in the machine system. When the backlash compensation amount is set, extra feed pulses equivalent to the backlash compensation amount set up whenever the travel direction is generated at the positioning control, JOG operation or manual pulse generator operation.

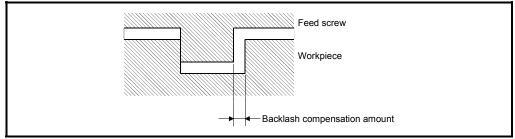


Fig.7.1 Backlash compensation amount

 Setting of the backlash compensation amount The backlash compensation amount is one of the fixed parameters, and is set for each axis using MT Developer.

The setting range differs according to whether [mm], [inch], [degree] or [PLS] units are used as shown below.

(a) [mm] units
• 0 to 6553.5
•
$$0 \leq \frac{(Backlash \ compensation \ amount)}{(Travel \ value \ per \ PLS)} \leq 65535[PLS]$$

(Decimal fraction rounded down)
(b) [inch] or [degree] units
• 0 to 0.65535
• $0 \leq \frac{(Backlash \ compensation \ amount)}{(Travel \ value \ per \ PLS)} \leq 65535[PLS]$
(Decimal fraction rounded down)
(c) [PLS] units
• 0 to 65535
• $0 \leq \frac{(Backlash \ compensation \ amount) \times (PLS \ per \ rotation)}{(Travel \ value \ per \ rotation)} \leq 65535[PLS]$
(Decimal fraction rounded down)

(2) Backlash compensation processing

Details of backlash compensation processing are shown below.

T	
Condition	Processing
First start after power on	 If travel direction is equal to home position return direction, the backlash compensation is not executed. If travel direction is not equal to home position return direction, the backlash compensation is executed.
JOG operation start	 If travel direction is changed at the JOG operation start, the backlash compensation is executed.
Positioning start	 If travel direction is changed, the backlash compensation is executed.
Manual pulse generator operation	 If travel direction is changed, the backlash compensation is executed.
Home position return completion	The backlash compensation is executed after home position return completion.
Absolute position system	Status stored at power off and applied to absolute position system.

Table 7.1 Details of backlash compensation processing

POINTS

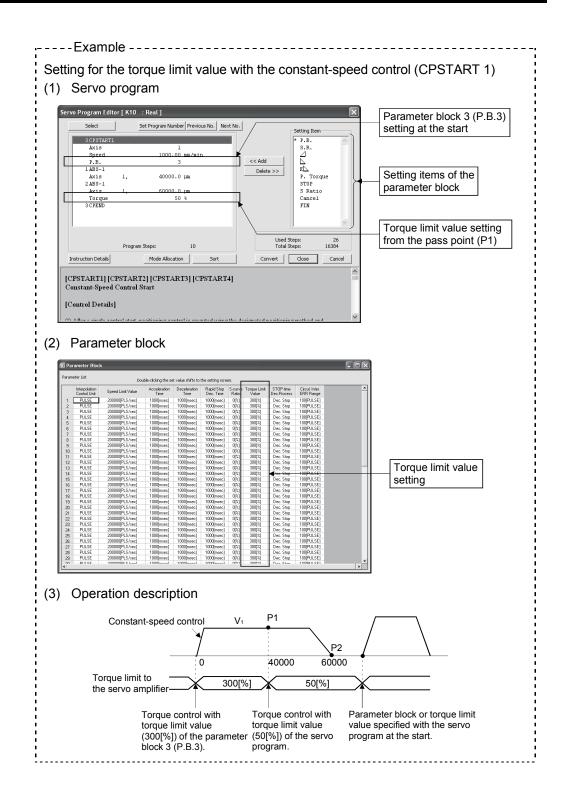
- (1) The feed pulses of backlash compensation amount are added to the feed current value.
- (2) When the backlash compensation amount is changed, the home position return is required.

When the home position return is not executed, the original backlash compensation amount is not changed.

7.3 Torque Limit Function

This function restricts the generating torque of the servomotor within the setting range. If the torque required for control exceeds the torque limit value during positioning control, it restricts with the setting torque limit value.

- (1) Setting range of the torque limit value It can be set within the range of 1 to 1000[%] of the rated torque.
- (2) Setting method of torque limit value Set the torque limit value is shown below.
 - (a) Setting in the parameter block (Refer to Section 4.3).
 Set the torque limit value in the parameter block.
 By setting the parameter block No. used in the servo program, it can be restricted the generating torque of the servomotor within the specified torque limit value for every positioning control.
 - (b) Setting in the servo program By setting the torque limit value in the servo program, it can be restricted the generating torque of the servomotor within the specified torque limit value at the execution of the servo program.
 - (c) Setting in the Motion SFC program By executing the torque limit value change request (CHGT) in the Motion SFC program or operating control step, it can be set the generating torque of the servomotor within the specified torque control value.
 (Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)" for details.

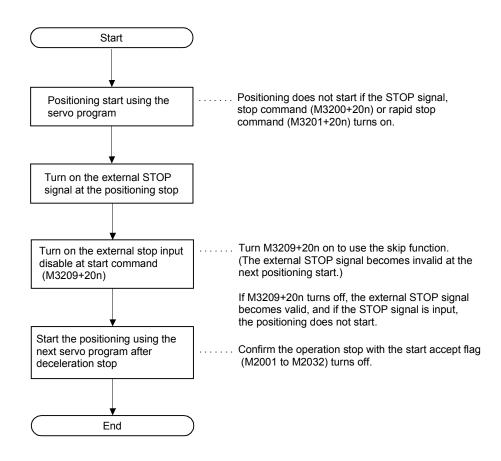


7.4 Skip Function in which Disregards Stop Command

When the current positioning is stopped by input from external source and the next positioning control is performed, it enables starting of the next positioning control even if the input from external source is on (continuation).

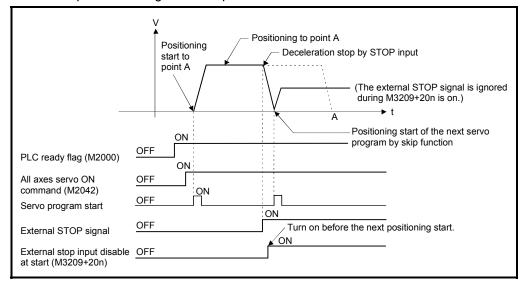
There are following tow functions in the function called "Skip".

- Skip during CP command (Refer to Section "6.17.6 Pass point skip function".)
- Skip in which disregards stop command Usually, although an error [***] occurs with the servo program start during the STOP signal on, if M3209+20n turns on and the servo program starts, the next servo program starts even if during the STOP signal on.
- (1) The procedure for the skip function by the external STOP signal and Motion SFC program is shown below.



(2) Operation timing

The operation timing for the skip function is shown below.



7.5 Cancel of the Servo Program

	This function performs a deceleration stop of executing servo program during execution by turning on the cancel signal.
[Control details]	(1) When the cancel signal is turned on during execution of a program for which the cancel has been specified, the positioning processing is suspended, and a deceleration stop is executed.
[Data setting]	
	 Cancel signal device The usable cancel signal devices are shown below. X, Y, M, B, F, U□\G
[Note]	
	 This function cannot be used in the home position return instruction (ZERO) or simultaneous start instruction (START). For details on whether other instructions can be used or not, refer to the servo instruction list (5.2(2)).
[Operation timing]	
	The operation timing for deceleration stop is shown below.
	V Positioning start to point A A V Execution of servo program No. K0 Deceleration stop by turning the cancel signal on A

ON

0<u>N</u>

OFF

OFF

OFF

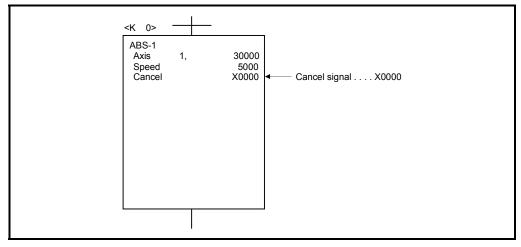
[Program example]

Motion SFC program is shown bellow.

PLC ready flag (M2000)

All axes servo ON command (M2042)

Cancel signal

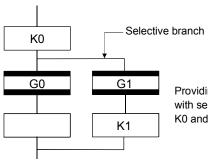


ON

7.5.1 Cancel/start

When a cancel/start has been set in the setting items of the servo program which was started at the motion control step of the Motion SFC program, the cancel of the running servo program is valid but the servo program specified to start after a cancel is ignored, without being started.

Example of the Motion SFC program which executed control equivalent to a cancel start is shown below.



Providing transition G1 with cancel device condition specified with servo program K0 will cancel to execute of servo program K0 and allow servo program K1 to start.

MEMO

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APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 Error Codes Stored Using The Motion CPU

The servo program setting errors and positioning errors are detected in the Motion CPU side.

(1) Servo program setting errors

These are positioning data errors set in the servo program, and it checks at the start of the each servo program.

They are errors that occur when the positioning data is specified indirectly. The operations at the error occurrence are shown below.

- The servo program setting error flag (SM516) turns on.
- The erroneous servo program is stored in the error program No. storage register (SD516).
- The error code is stored in the error item information register (SD517).

(2) Positioning error

(a) Positioning errors occurs at the positioning start or during positioning control. There are minor errors, major errors and servo errors.

1) Minor errors	These errors occur in the Motion SFC program or servo
	program, and the error codes 1 to 999 are used.
	Check the error code, and remove the error cause by
	correcting the Motion SFC program or servo program.
2) Major errors	These errors occur in the external input signals or
	control commands from the Motion SFC program, and
	the error codes 1000 to 1999 are used.
	Check the error code, and remove the error cause of
	the external input signal state or Motion SFC program.
3) Servo errors	These errors detected in the servo amplifier, and the
	error codes 2000 to 2999 are used.
	Check the error code, and remove the error cause of

Check the error code, and remove the error cause the servo amplifier side.

APP.

(b) The error detection signal of the erroneous axis turns on at the error occurrence, and the error codes are stored in the minor error code, major error code or servo error code storage register.

Table 1.1 Error code storage registers, error detection signals

Device		Error code storage register								Error							
	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	detection
Error class	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	signal
Minor error	D6	D26	D46	D66	D86	D106	D126	D146	D166	D186	D206	D226	D246	D266	D286	D306	M2407+20n
Major error	D7	D27	D47	D67	D87	D107	D127	D147	D167	D187	D207	D227	D247	D267	D287		WZ407+Z0N
Servo error	D8	D28	D48	D68	D88	D108	D128	D148	D168	D188	D208	D228	D248	D268	D288	D308	M2408+20n

Device						E	Error c	ode ste	orage i	registe	r						Error
	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	Axis	detection						
Error class	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	signal
Minor error	D326	D346	D366	D386	D406	D426	D446	D466	D486	D506	D526	D546	D566	D586	D606	D626	M2407.200
Major error	D327	D347	D367	D387	D407	D427	D447	D467	D487	D507	D527	D547	D567	D587	D607		M2407+20n
Servo error	D328	D348	D368	D388	D408	D428	D448	D468	D488	D508	D528	D548	D568	D588	D608	D628	M2408+20n

(Note): The range of axis No. 1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

- (c) If another error occurs after an error code has been stored, the existing error code is overwritten, deleting it.
 However, the error history can be checked using MT Developer.
- (d) Error detection signals and error codes are held until the error code reset
 - command (M3207+20n) or servo error reset command (M3208+20n) turns on.

POINTS

- (1) Even if the servo error reset (M3208+20n) turns on at the servo error occurrence, the same error code might be stored again.
- (2) Reset the servo error after removing the error cause of the servo amplifier side at the servo error occurrence.

APPENDIX 1.1 Servo program setting errors (Stored in SD517)

The error codes, error contents and corrective actions for servo program setting errors are shown in Table 1.2.

In the error codes marked with "Note" indicates the axis No. (1 to 32).

- ·				
Error code stored in SD517	Error name	Error contents	Error processing	Corrective action
1	Parameter block No. setting error	The parameter block No. is outside the range of 1 to 64.	Execute the servo program with the default value "1" of parameter block.	Set the parameter block No. within the range of 1 to 64.
n03 ^(Note)	Address (travel value) setting error (Except the speed control and speed/position control.) (Setting error for linear axis at the helical-interpolation.)	 (1) The address is outside the setting range at the positioning start for absolute data method. Unit Address setting range 0 to × 10⁻⁵ (degree 35999999) [degree] (2) The travel value is set to -2147483648 (H80000000) at the positioning start for incremental data method. 	 Positioning control does not start. (All interpolation control at the interpolation control.) If the error is detected during the speed- switching control or constant-speed control, a deceleration stop is made. If an error occurs in one servo program, all servo programs do not execute during the simultaneous et at 	 (1) If the control unit is [degree], set the address within the range of 0 to 35999999. (2) Set the travel value within the range of "0 to ± (2³¹-1)".
4	Command speed error	 (1) The command speed is outside the range of 1 to the speed limit value. (2) The command speed is outside the setting range. Unit Speed setting range mm 1 to × 10⁻² 600000000 [mm/min] inch 1 to × 10⁻³ 600000000 [inch/min] inch 1 to [degree 2147483647 /min] (Note-1) PLS 1 to 2147483647 [PLS/s] 	not start if the command speed is "0" or less.	Set the command speed within the range of 1 to the speed limit value.
5	Dwell time setting error	The dwell time is outside the range of 0 to 5000.	Control with the default value "0".	Set the dwell time within the range of 0 to 5000.
6	M-code setting error	The M-code is outside the range of 0 to 32767.		Set the M-code within the range of 0 to 32767.
7	Torque limit value setting error	The torque limit value is outside the range of 1 to 1000.	Control with the torque limit value of the specified parameter block.	Set the torque limit value within the range of 1 to 1000.

Table 1.2 Servo program setting error list

(Note-1): When the "speed control 10 \times multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid", the setting range is 0.01 to 21474836.47 [degree/min].

Error code stored in SD517	Error name	Error contents	Error processing	Corrective action
n08 ^(Note)	Auxiliary point setting error (At the auxiliary point-specified circular interpolation.) (At the auxiliary point-specified helical	$(1) The auxiliary point address is outside the setting range at the positioning start for absolute data method. \\\hline Unit Address setting range degree 0 to \times 10^{-5} [degree]$	Positioning control does not start.	(1) If the control unit is [degree], set the auxiliary point address within the range of 0 to 35999999.
	interpolation.)	(2) The auxiliary point address is set to -2147483648 (H80000000) at the positioning start for incremental data method.		 (2) Set the auxiliary point address within the range of 0 to ± (2³¹-1).
n09 ^(Note)	Radius setting error (At the radius- specified circular interpolation.) (At the radius- specified helical interpolation.)	(1) The radius is outside the setting range at the positioning control for absolute data method. Unit Address setting range degree 0 to $\times 10^{-5}$		(1) If the control unit is [degree], set the radius within the range of 0 to 35999999.
		(2) The radius is set to "0" or negative setting at the positioning start for incremental data method.		(2) Set the radius within the range of 1 to (2 ³¹ -1).
n10 ^(Note)	Central point setting error (At the central point- specified circular interpolation.) (At the central point- specified helical interpolation.)	(1) The central point address is outside the setting range at the positioning start for absolute data method. Unit Address setting range degree 0 to $\times 10^{-5}$ (degree] (degree]		 If the control unit is [degree], set the central point address within the range of 0 to 35999999.
		(2) The central point is set to -2147483648 (H80000000) at the positioning start for incremental data method.		 (2) Set the central point address within the range of 0 to ± (2³¹-1).
11	Interpolation control unit setting error	The interpolation control unit is set outside the range of 0 to 3.	Control with the default value "3".	Set the interpolation control unit within the range of 0 to 3.
12	Speed limit value setting error	The speed limit value is set outside the setting range.	Control with the default value 200000[PLS/s].	Set the speed limit value withi the setting range. [For PLS] 1 to 2147483647[PLS/s]
13	Acceleration time setting error FIN acceleration/ deceleration setting error Fixed position stop acceleration/ deceleration time setting error	The acceleration time is set to "0". The FIN acceleration/deceleration time is set except 1 to 5000. The fixed position stop acceleration/ deceleration time is set to "0".	Control with the default value "1000".	Set the acceleration time within the range of 1 to 65535 The FIN acceleration/ deceleration time within the range of 1 to 5000. Set the fixed position stop acceleration/deceleration time within the range of 1 to 65535
14	Deceleration time setting error	The deceleration time is set to "0".		Set the deceleration time within the range of 1 to 65535

Table 1.2 Servo program setting error list (Continued)

	1			
Error code stored in SD517	Error name	Error contents	Error processing	Corrective action
15	Rapid stop deceleration time setting error	The rapid stop deceleration time is set to "0".	Control with the default value "1000".	Set the rapid stop deceleration time within the range of 1 to 65535.
16	Torque limit value setting error	The torque limit value is outside the range of 1 to 1000.	Control with the default value "300[%]".	Set the torque limit value within the range of 1 to 1000.
	Allowable error range for circular interpolation setting error	The allowable error range for circular interpolation is outside the setting range.	Control with the default value "100[PLS]".	Set the allowable error range for circular interpolation within the setting range.
17		$\begin{array}{c c} mm & [\mu m] \\ \hline inch & 0 to \\ degree & 100000 \\ PLS & [PLS] \end{array}$		
18	Repeat count error	The repeat count is outside the range of 1 to 32767.	Control the repeat count with "1".	Set the repeat count within the range of 1 to 32767.
	START instruction setting error	 The servo program specified with the START instruction does not exist. 	Positioning control does not start.	 Create the servo program specified with the START instruction.
19		(2) There is a START instruction in the specified servo program.		(2) Delete the servo program specified with the START instruction.
		(3) The starting axis of the specified servo program overlap.		(3) Do not overlap the starting axis.
20	Point setting error	Point is not specified in the instruction at the constant-speed control.		Set a point between CPSTART and CPEND.
21	Reference axis speed setting error	The axis except interpolation axis is set as the reference axis at the linear interpolation of the reference axis speed-specified method.		Set one of the interpolation axes as the reference axis.
22	S-curve ratio setting error	S-curve ratio is set outside the range of 0 to 100[%] at the S-curve acceleration/deceleration.		Set the S-curve ratio within the range of 0 to 100[%].
23	VSTART setting error	Not even one speed-switching point has been set between a VSTART and VEND instruction, or between FOR and NEXT instruction.	Positioning control does not start.	Set the speed switching point between the VSTART and VEND instructions or the FOR and NEXT instructions.
24	Cancel function start program No. error	The start program No. for the cancel function is set outside the range 0 to 4095.		Start after set the start program No. within the range of 0 to 4095.
25	High-Speed oscillation command amplitude error	Operation cannot be started because the amplitude specified with the high-speed oscillation function is outside the range 1 to 2147483647.		Start after set the command amplitude within the range of 1 to 214783647.

Table 1.2 Servo program setting error list (Continued)

Table 1.2 Servo program setting error list (Continued)

_ ·					
Error code stored in D517	Error name	Error contents	Error processing	Corrective action	
26	High-Speed oscillation command starting angle error	Operation cannot be started because the starting angle specified with the high-speed oscillation function is outside the range of 0 to 3599 $(\times 0.1[degrees]).$	Positioning control does not start.	Start after set the starting angle within the range of 0 to $3599 (\times 0.1 \text{ [degree]}).$	
27	High-Speed oscillation command frequency error	Operation cannot be started		Start after set the frequency within the range of 1 to 5000[CPM].	
28	Number of helical interpolation pitches error	The specified number of pitches of helical interpolation is outside the range of 0 to 999.		Set the specified number of pitches within the range of 0 to 999.	
41		Any unauthorized devices are set in the home position return data for indirect setting.		Review the devices of home position return data for indirect setting.	
900	START instruction setting error	The servo program specified with the servo program start does not exist.		Set the correct servo program No	
901	START instruction setting error	The axis No. set in the servo program start is different from the axis No. set in the servo program.		Set the correct axis No.	
902	Servo program instruction code error	The instruction code cannot be decoded. (A non-existent instruction code has been specified.)		Set the correct instruction code.	
903	Start error	A virtual mode program was started in the real mode.		Check the program mode allocation.	
904	Start error	A real mode program was started in the virtual mode.			
905	Start error	 Operation disable instructions (VPF, VPR, VPSTART, PVF, PVR, ZERO, VVF, VVR, OSC) was started in virtual mode. Operation disable instructions (ZERO, OSC, CHGA-C, CHGA-E) was started in real mode axis. Operation disable instructions 		Correct the servo program.	
		(CHGA-C, CHGA-E) from the D(P).SVST instruction of Motion dedicated instruction was started.		of Motion dedicated instruction.	

Error code stored in SD517	Error name	Error contents	Error processing	Corrective action
906	Axis No. setting error	 Unused axis of the system setting is set in the Motion SFC program set in the servo program start. It was started by setting the real mode axis in the virtual servo program. It was started in the condition that the real mode axis had been mixed with virtual axis in the interpolation axis. It was started by setting the virtual axis in the real mode program in virtual mode. 	Positioning control does not start.	Set the axis No. set in the system setting or mechanical system program.
907	Start error	It was started during processing for switching from real mode to virtual mode.		Use M2043 (real mode/virtual mode switching request), M2044 (real mode/virtual
908	Start error	It was stated during processing for switching from virtual mode to real mode.		mode switching status) as interlocks for start.

Table 1.2 Servo program setting error list (Continued)

APPENDIX 1.2 Minor errors

These errors are detected in the PLC program or servo program, and the error codes of 1 to 999 are used.

Minor errors include the setting data errors, starting errors, positioning control errors and current value/speed change errors and system errors.

(1) Setting data errors (1 to 99)

These errors occur when the data set in the parameters for positioning control is not correct.

The error codes, causes, processing, and corrective actions are shown in Table 1.3.

Error code	Erroneous data	Check timing	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
21		of the count, proximity dog, data set, dog cradle,	The home position address is outside the range of 0 to $359999999 (\times 10^{-5} [degree])$ with degree axis.		Set the home position address within the setting range using MT Developer.
22		Home position return start of the count, proximity dog, dog cradle, stopper	The home position return speed is outside the range of 1 to speed limit value.		Set the home position return speed or less to the speed limit value using MT Developer.
23		and limit switch combined type	The creep speed is outside the range of 1 to home position return speed.		Set the creep speed below to the home position return speed or less using MT Developer.
24	Home position return data	Home position return start of the count type	The travel value after the proximity dog ON is outside the range of 0 to $(2^{31}-1)$ (\times unit).	Home position return is not started.	Set the travel value after the proximity dog ON within the setting range using MT Developer.
25			The parameter block No. is outside the range of 1 to 64.		Set the parameter block No. within the setting range using MT Developer.
26		Home position return start of the stopper type	Torque limit value at the creep speed is outside the range of 1 to 1000[%].		Set the torque limit value at the creep speed within the setting range using MT Developer.
27		Home position return start of the usable retry function	Dwell time at the home position return is outside the range of 0 to 5000[ms].		Set the dwell time at the home position return retry within the setting range using MT Developer.
40	Parameter block	Interpolation control start	the parameter block is different	Control with the control unit of the fixed parameters.	Set the same control unit of the fixed parameters and servo parameters.

Table 1.3 Setting data error (1 to 99) list

POINT

When the interpolation control unit of parameter block is different from the control unit of fixed parameters, an error code may not be stored with the combination of units.

Refer to Section 6.1.4 for details.

Positioning control start errors (100 to 199) These errors are detected at the positioning control start. The error codes, causes, processing, and corrective actions are shown in Table 1.4.

					Сс	ontro	l mo	de				1			
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	DOC	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	• The PLC ready flag (M2000) or PCPU ready flag (SM500) is OFF.		 Set the Motion CPU to RUN. Turn the PLC ready flag (M2000) on.
101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	The start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) for applicable axis is ON.	*	• Take an interlock in the program not to start the starting axis. (Use the start accept flag OFF of the applicable axis as the starting condition).
103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	• The stop command (M3200+20n) for applicable axis is ON.		• Turn the stop command (M3200+20n) off and start.
104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	• The rapid stop command (M3201+20n) for applicable axis is ON.		• Turn the rapid stop command (M3201+20n) off and start.
105 (Note)	0				0	0				0			The feed current value is outside the range of stroke limit at the start.	Positioning control	 Set within the stroke limit range by the JOG operation. Set within the stroke limit range by the home position return or current value change.
106 (Note)	0	0			0	0				0	0		 Positioning is outside the range of stroke limit. 	does not start.	 Perform the positioning within the range of stroke limit.
107	0					0							The address that does not generate an arc is set at the auxiliary point-specified circular interpolation or auxiliary point-specified helical interpolation. Relationship between the start point, auxiliary point and end point.	*	Correct the addresses of the servo program.
108 (Note)	0					0							 The address that does not generate an arc is set at the R (radius) specified circular interpolation R (radius) specified helical interpolation. Relationship between the start point, radius and end point. 		

(Note): These errors are stored the error codes of the all applicable interpolation axes at the interpolation operation.

					Со	ontro	l mo	de					-		
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	OSC	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
109	0					0							The address that does not generate an arc is set at the central point-specified circular interpolation or central point-specified helical interpolation. Relationship between the start point, central point and end point.		Correct the addresses of the servo program.
110 (Note)	0					0							 The difference between the end point address and ideal end point is outside the allowable error range for circular interpolation at the circular interpolation. 	Positioning control	
111				0									 The speed/position control restarting was performed, although it was not after stop during operation of the speed/position switching control. 	does not start.	Do not re-start except the stop during speed/position switching control.
115									0				• The home position return complete signal (M2410+20n) turned on at the home position return of proximity dog, dog cradle and stopper type.		 Do not start continuously for the home position return. Return to a point before the proximity dog signal ON by JOG operation or positioning operation, etc., and perform the home position return.
116							0						 The setting JOG speed is "0". The setting JOG speed exceeded the JOG speed limit value. The setting JOG speed limit value exceeded the setting range. 	Control with the JOG speed limit value. Control with the maximum setting range of each control unit.	 Set the correct speed (within the setting range). Set the correct JOG speed limit value (within the setting range).

Table 1.4 Positioning control start error (100 to 199) list (Continued)

(Note): These errors are stored the error codes of the all applicable interpolation axes at the interpolation operation.

					Со	ontro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
117							0						• Both of forward and reverse rotation were set at the simultaneous start for the JOG operation.	Only the applicable axis set to the forward direction starts.	• Set a correct data.
118					0								 The speed-switching point exceeded the end address. The address of the positioning in the reverse direction is not set. 	Positioning control does not start.	 Set the speed-switching point before the end address. Set the forward direction address.
120									0				• ZCT not set The zero pass signal (M2406+20n) turned off at the re-travel at the home position return for proximity dog, count and limit switch combined type or start in the home position return for data set type.	Home position return is not completed correctly.	• Execute the home position return after the zero point passed.
121									0				• When "Not execute servo program" is selected in the operation setting for incompletion of home position return, the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) turns on.	Positioning control	 Execute servo program after home position return. In the system which enables execution of servo program even if the home position return request signal (M2409+20n) turns on, set "Execute servo program" as "operation setting for incompletion of home position return".
130												0	 Speed control with fixed position stop with was started for the axis set in except unit [degree]. Speed control with fixed position stop was started in the axis which is not "stroke limit invalid". 	does not start.	 Set the unit [degree] in the axis which starts speed control with fixed position stop. Set the stroke limit invalid "(Upper stroke limit value) equal to (lower stroke limit value)" in the axis which starts speed control with fixed position stop.

Table 1.4 Positioning control start error (100 to 199) list (Continued)

					Со	ontro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
140	0												• The travel value of the reference axis is set at "0" in the linear interpolation for reference axis specification.		Do not set axis of travel value "0" as the reference axis.
141										0			• The position command device of position follow-up control is set the odd number.		 Set the even number for the position command device of position follow-up control.
142				0					0				• The positioning control which use the external input signal was executed for the axis which has not set the external input signal in the system settings.	Positioning	 Set the external input signal in the system setting.
145									0				Unusable instructions were started in the external input signal setting via servo amplifier.	control does not start.	 Do not start the speed/position switching control and count type home position return in the external input signal setting via servo amplifier.
151	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0			 Not allowed axis started in the virtual mode. (It cannot be started with error at real mode/virtual mode switching. 		 Start in the virtual mode again after correct the error cause in the real mode.
152	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0			 It started at the virtual mode and during deceleration by all axes servo OFF (M2042 OFF). 		
153	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0			• It started at the virtual mode and during deceleration by occurrence of the output module servo error.		

Table 1.4 Positioning control start error (100 to 199) list (Continued)

(3) Positioning control errors (200 to 299)

These are errors detected during the positioning control. The error codes, causes, processing and corrective actions are shown in Table 1.5.

Table 1.5 Positioning	control error	(200 to 29	9) list
	•••••••••••••	(

					Сс	ontro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0		 The PLC ready flag (M2000) turned off during the control by the servo program. 		• Turn the PLC ready flag (M2000) on after all axes have stopped.
201									0				The PLC ready flag (M2000) turned off during the home position return.	Decelera- tion stop	Perform the home position return again after turning the PLC ready flag (M2000) on or turning the stop command (M3200+20n) or rapid stop command (M3201+20n) off.
202									0				• The stop command (M3200+20n) turned on during the home position return.		Return to a point before the proximity dog signal ON using JOG operation or positioning operation, and
203									0				 The rapid stop command (M3201+20n) turned on during the home position return. 	Rapid stop	perform the home position return again in the proximity dog type.
204	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 The PLC ready flag (M2000) turned off to on again during deceleration by turning off the PLC ready flag (M2000). 	No operation	Turn the PLC ready flag (M2000) off to on after all axes have stopped. Turn the PLC ready flag (M2000) off to on during deceleration is "no operation".
206									0				All axes rapid stop is executed using the test mode of MT Developer during the home position return.	Rapid stop	 Return to a point before the proximity dog signal ON using JOG operation or positioning operation, and perform the home position return again in the proximity dog type. Return to a point before the proximity dog signal ON using JOG operation or positioning operation, and perform the home position return again, when the proximity dog signal turns off in the count type. Perform the home position return operation again, when the proximity dog signal turns on in the count type.

					С	ontro	ol mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
207	0				0	0	0			0			• The feed current value exceeded the stroke limit range during positioning control. Only the axis exceed the stroke limit range is stored at the circular/helical interpolation. All interpolation axes are stored in the linear interpolation.		• Correct the stroke limit range or travel value setting so that positioning control is within the range of the stroke limit.
208	0				0	0		0					• The feed current value of another axis exceeded the stroke limit value during the circular/helical interpolation control or simultaneous manual pulse generator operation. (For detection of other axis errors).		
209				0					0				 An overrun occurred because the setting travel value is less than the deceleration distance at the speed/position switching (CHANGE) signal input during speed/position switching control, or at the proximity dog signal input during home position return of count type. 	Decelera- tion stop	 Set the speed setting so that overrun does not occur. Set the travel value so that overrun does not occur.
210				0									 The setting travel value exceeded the stroke limit range at the speed/position switching (CHANGE) signal input during the speed/ position switching control. 		• Correct the stroke limit range or setting travel value so that positioning control is within the range of stroke limit.
211						0							• During positioning control, an overrun occurred because the deceleration distance for the output speed is not attained at the point where the final positioning address was detected.		 Set the speed setting so that overrun does not occur. Set the travel value so that overrun does not occur.
214								0					The manual pulse generator	Manual pulse generator input is ignored until the axis stops.	Execute the manual pulse generator operation after the applicable axis stopped.

 Table 1.5 Positioning control error (200 to 299) list (Continued)

					Сс	ontro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
215					0								 The speed switching point address exceed the end point address. The positioning address in the reverse direction was set during the speed switching control. 	Rapid stop	Set the speed-switching point between the previous speed switching point address and the end point address.
													 The same servo program was executed again. 		 Correct the Motion SFC program.
220					-		-			0	-	-	When the control unit is "degrees" during the position follow-up control, the command address exceeded the range of 0 to 35999999.		• When the control unit is "degree", set the command address within the range of 0 to 35999999.
													The command address for the position follow-up control exceeded the stroke limit range.	Decelera- tion stop (M2001+n OFF)	Set the address within the stroke limit range.
221												0	 During the speed control with fixed position stop, the setting address exceeded the range of 0 to 35999999 at the fixed position stop command device ON. 		Set the command address within the range of 0 to 359999999.
222												0	• During the speed control with fixed position stop, the fixed position acceleration/deceleration time is "0" at the fixed position acceleration/deceleration time input.	Control with the default value "1000".	• Set the acceleration/deceleration time within the range of 1 to 65535.
225						0							• The speed at the pass point exceeded the speed limit value during the constant- speed control.	Control with the speed limit value.	• Set the speed command value within the range of 1 to speed limit value.
230						0							When the skip is executed in the constant-speed control, the next interpolation instruction is an absolute circular interpolation or absolute helical interpolation.	Immediate stop	• Execute the absolute linear interpolation after a point which make a skip.

Table 1.5 Positioning control error (200 to 299) list (Continued)

(4) Current value/speed change errors (300 to 399)
 These are errors detected at current value change or speed change.
 The error codes, causes, processing and corrective actions are shown in Table 1.6.

Table 1.6 Current value/speed change error (300 to 399) list

					Сс	ontro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 The current value was changed during positioning control of the applicable axis. The current value was changed for the axis that had not been started. The current value was changed for the servo OFF axis. 	Current value is not changed.	 Use the following devices as interlocks not to change the current value for the applicable axis. (1) The start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) OFF for applicable axis. (2) The servo READY signal (M2415+20n) ON.
301									0				• The speed was changed for the axis during home position return.	Speed is	Do not change speed during home position return.
302	0					0							 The speed was changed for the axis during circular interpolation. 	not changed.	Do not change speed during circular interpolation.
305				0	0		0			0		0	 The speed after speed change is set outside the range of 0 to speed limit value. 	Control with the	• Set the speed after speed change within the range of 0 to speed limit value.
303	0	0	0			0							• The absolute value of speed after speed change is set outside the range of 0 to speed limit value.	speed limit value.	• Set the absolute value of speed after speed change within the range of 0 to speed limit value.
309													• The current value was changed outside the range of 0 to 35999999 (\times 10 5 [degrees]) for the degree axis.	Current value is not changed.	• Set the current value within the range of 0 to 35999999 $(\times 10^{-5} [degree]).$
310											0		 The speed was changed during high-speed oscillation. The speed change to "0" was requested during high- speed oscillation. 	Speed is not changed.	 Do not change speed during high-speed oscillation.
311													• The value outside the range of 1 to 1000[%] was set in the torque limit value change request (CHGT).	Torque limit value	 Set the change request within the range of 1 to 1000[%].
312													The torque limit value change request (CHGT) was made for the axis that had not been started.	is not changed.	Request the change for the starting axis.

(5) System errors (900 to 999)

Table 1.7 System error (900 to 999) list

					Со	ontro	mo	de			0				
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	OSC	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
901													allowable travel value during	Further operation is possible.	 Check the position. Check the battery of encoder.

APPENDIX 1.3 Major errors

These errors occur by control command from the external input signal or Motion SFC program, and the error codes 1000 to 1999 are used.

Major errors include the positioning control start errors, positioning control errors, absolute position system errors and system errors.

(1) Positioning control start errors (1000 to 1099)

These errors are detected at the positioning control start. The error codes, causes, processing and corrective actions are shown in Table

1.8.

					Сс	ontro	l mo	de			1	1			
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 The external STOP signal of the applicable axis turned on. 		Turn the STOP signal off.
1001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	• The external signal FLS (upper limit LS) turned off at the forward direction (address increase direction) start.		 Move in the reverse direction by the JOG operation, etc. and set within the external limit range.
1002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	• The external signal RLS (lower limit LS) turned off at the reverse direction (address decrease direction) start.		• Move in the forward direction by the JOG operation, etc. and set within the external limit range.
1003									0				• The external DOG (proximity dog) signal turned on at the home position return start of the proximity dog type.	Positioning	 Perform the home position return after move to the proximity dog ON by the JOG operation, etc. at the home position return of the proximity dog type.
1004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 The applicable axis is not servo READY state. (M2415+20n: OFF). (1) The power supply of the servo amplifier is OFF. (2) During initial processing after turning on the servo amplifier. (3) The servo amplifier is not mounted. (4) A servo error is occurred. (5) Cable fault. (6) Servo OFF command (M3215+20n) is ON. 	control does not start.	• Wait until the servo READY state (M2415+20n: ON).
1005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	The servo error detection signal of the applicable axis (M2408+20n) turned on.		• Eliminate the servo error, reset the servo error detection signal (M2408+20n) by the servo error reset command (M3208+20n), then start operation.

Table 1.8 Positioning control start error (1000 to 1099) list

(2) Positioning control errors (1100 to 1199)

These errors are detected at the positioning control. The error codes, causes, processing and corrective actions are shown in Table 1.9.

Table 1.9 Positioning control error (1100 to 1199) list

					Сс	ontro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
1101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	• The external signal FLS (upper limit LS) turned off during the forward direction (address increase direction).	Decelera-	 Travel in the reverse direction by the JOG operation, etc. and set within the external limit range.
1102	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	• The external signal RLS (lower limit LS) turned off during the reverse direction (address decrease direction).	tion stop by "Stop processing on STOP input" of the parameter	 Travel in the forward direction by the JOG operation, etc. and set within the external limit range.
1103									0				The external stop signal (stop signal) turned on during home position return.	block.	• Execute the home position return so that the external stop signal (stop signal) may not turn on.
1104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	The servo error detection signal turned on during positioning control.	Immediate stop without decelera- ting.	Start after disposal at the servo error.
1105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 The power supply of the servo amplifier turned off during positioning control. (Servo not mounted status detection, cable fault, etc.) Home position return did not complete normally without stop within the in-position range of home position at the home position return. 	Turn the servo READY (M2415+ 20n) off.	 Turn on the power supply of the servo amplifier. Check the connecting cable to the servo amplifier. Make the gain adjustment.
1151	0						0	0		0	0	0	A synchronous encoder set in the system setting differs from a synchronous encoder actually connected.	Input from synchro- nous encoder does not accept.	Set a synchronous encoder actually connected in the system setting.
													 Q172DEX or encoder hardware error. Disconnected encoder cable. 	Immediate input stop	 Check (replace) the Q172DEX or encoder. Check the encoder cable.

(3) Absolute position system errors (1200 to 1299) These errors are detected at the absolute position system. The error codes, causes, processing and corrective actions are shown in Table 1.10.

Table 1.10 Absolute	position system	error (1200 to 1299) list
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					Сс	ontro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	DOC	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
1201													 A sum check error occurred with the backup data in the controller at the turning on servo amplifier power supply. Home position return was not performed. CPU module battery error. Home position return started but did not complete normally. 	Home position return request ON	• Check the battery and execute a home position return.
1202													 A communication error 	Home position return request ON, servo error [2016] set. (Fully closed loop control servo amplifier use: Servo error [2070] is set.)	• Check the motor and encoder cables and execute a home position return again.
1203													The amount of change in encoder current value is excessive during operation. A continual check is performed (both of servo ON and OFF states) after the servo amplifier power has been turned ON.	Home	Check the motor and encoder cables.
1204													 The following expression holds: "Encoder current value [PLS] ≠ feedback current value [PLS] (encoder effective bit number)" during operation. A continual check is performed (both of servo ON and OFF states) after the servo amplifier power has been turned on. 	position return request ON	

(4) System errors (1300 to 1399)

These errors are detected at the power-on. The error codes, causes, processing and corrective actions are shown in Table 1.11.

					Сс	ontro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	JOG	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	osc	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
1310													 Initial communication with the Multiple CPU system did not complete normally. Motion CPU fault. 	Positioning control does not start.	Replace the Motion CPU.

Table 1.11 System error (1300 to 1399) list

APPENDIX 1.4 Servo errors

Servo amplifier errors (2000 to 2899)
 These errors are detected by the servo amplifier, and the error codes are [2000] to [2899].

The servo error detection signal (M2408+20n) turns on at the servo amplifier error occurrence. Eliminate the error cause, reset the servo amplifier error by turning on the servo error reset command (M3208+20n) and perform re-start. (The servo error detection signal does not turn on because the codes [2100] to [2599] are for warnings.)

- (Note-1): As for the regenerative alarm (error code [2030]) or overload 1 or 2 (error codes [2050], [2051]), the state at the operation is held also for after the protection circuit operation in the servo amplifier. The memory contents are cleared with the external power supply off, but are not cleared by the reset signal.
- (Note-2): If resetting by turning off the external power supply is repeated at the occurrence of error code [2030], [2050] or [2051], it may cause devices to be destroyed by overheating. Re-start operation after eliminating the cause of the error certainly.

Details of servo errors are shown in Table 1.12.

≜CAUTION

If a controller, servo amplifier self-diagnosis error occurs, check the points stated in this manual and clear the error.

Error		Error cause	-	Error	
code	Name	Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
2010	Undervoltage	 Power supply voltage is low. MR-J3-□B: 160VAC or less MR-J3-□B1: 83 VAC or less MR-J3-□B4: 280 VAC or less There was an instantaneous control power failure of 60[ms] or longer. Shortage of power supply capacity caused the power supply voltage to drop at start, etc. The bus voltage dropped to the following value or less. MR-J3-□B1: 158VDC MR-J3-□B4: 380VDC Faulty parts in the servo amplifier [Checking method] Servo error [2010] occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables. 	Any time during operation		 Review the power supply. Replace the servo amplifier.
2012	Memory error 1 (RAM)	 Faulty parts in the servo amplifier (RAM memory error) [Checking method] Servo error [2012] occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables. 	 Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 	Immediate stop	 Replace the servo amplifier.
	Clock error	 Faulty parts in the servo amplifier (Printed board fault) [Checking method] Servo error [2013] occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables. Faulty the controller (Clock error transmitted from the controller) [Checking method] Servo error [2013] occurs if Motion CPU is used in the Multiple CPU system. Faulty hardware of servo amplifier 	Any time during operation		Replace the servo amplifier. Replace the Motion CPU. Replace the servo amplifier.
2014	CPU Watchdog			ł	 Replace the servo amplifier.
2015	Memory error 2 (EEP-ROM)	 Faulty parts in the servo amplifier (EEP-ROM fault) [Checking method] Servo error [2015] occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables. The number of write times to EEP-ROM exceeded 100,000. 	 Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 		

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list

Error		Error cause	Erren ek !-	Error	Corrective estimat
code	Name	Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
2016	Encoder error 1 (At power on)	 Encoder connector (CN2) disconnected. Encoder fault Encoder cable faulty (Wire breakage or shorted) Encoder cable type (2-wire, 4-wire) selection was wrong in parameter setting. 	-		Connect correctly. Replace the servomotor. Repair or replace the cable. Set the correct encoder type of servo parameter.
2017	Board error	 Faulty parts in the servo amplifier (CPU/parts fault) [Checking method] Servo error [2017] occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables. 	 Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 		Replace the servo amplifier.
2019	Memory error 3 (Flash ROM)	 Faulty parts in the servo amplifier (ROM memory fault) [Checking method] Servo error [2019] occurs if power is switched on after disconnection of all cables but the control circuit power supply cables. 	Any time during operation	Immediate stop	
2020	Encoder error 2	Encoder connector (CN2) disconnected. Encoder fault Encoder cable faulty (Wire breakage or shorted)			Connect correctly. Replace the servomotor. Repair or replace the cable.
2024	Main circuit error	 Power input wires and servomotor power wires are in contact. [Checking method] Servo error [2024] occurs if servo is switched on after disconnecting the U, V and W power cables from the servo amplifier. Sheathes of servomotor power cables deteriorated, resulting in ground fault. Main circuit of servo amplifier failed. 			Correct the wiring. Replace the cable. Replace the servo amplifier.
2025	Absolute position erase	 Voltage drop in encoder (Battery of servo amplifier disconnected.) Battery voltage low Battery cable or battery is faulty. Home position return not set. (Power was switched on for the first time in the absolute position detection system.) 	 Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 	Immediate stop Home position return request ON	 After leaving the servo error [2025] occurring for a few minutes, switch power off, then on again. Always make home position return again. Replace the battery. Always make home position return again. After leaving the servo error [2025] occurring for a few minutes, switch power off, then on again. Always make home position return again.

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error		Error cause	Error check	Error	Corrective action
code	Name	Description	EITOI CHECK	processing	Corrective action
2027	Initial magnetic pole detection error	 Machine struck. Accuracy at initial magnetic pole detection is bad. Wrong wiring of the servomotor wires (U, V, and W). Linear encoder resolution differs from the setting value. Mismatch of the linear encoder mounting direction. Magnetic pole detection limit switch is not on. 	 Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 	Immediate stop	 Check the machine. Review the parameter No.PS09 setting (magnetic pole detection voltage level). Correct the wiring. Review the parameter No.PS02 and PS03 setting (linear encoder resolution). Check the mounting of linear encoder. Check the mounting direction of linear encoder. Connect the magnetic detection limit switch correctly. Set the limit switch to forced ON by the parameter No.PD02 setting. (When the amplifier input is used in the Motion CPU, do not set to forced ON since it is shared with the input signal.)
2028	Linear encoder error 2	 The temperature of linear encoder is high. The signal level of linear encoder has dropped. 	Any time during operation		 Check the temperature of linear encoder and contact with the linear encoder manufacturer. Check the mounting of linear encoder.

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error		Error cause	Error obook	Error	Corrective action
code	Name	Description	Error check	processing	
2030	Regenerative	 Wrong setting of system setting (regenerative brake) Built-in regenerative brake option is not connected. High-duty operation or continuous regenerative operation caused the permissible regenerative power of the regenerative brake option to be exceeded. [Checking method] Call the servo monitor and check the regenerative level. Power supply voltage is abnormal. MR-J3-IB: 260VAC or more MR-J3-IB: 260VAC or more Built-in regenerative brake resistor or regenerative transistor faulty. Regenerative transistor faulty. Checking method] The regenerative brake option has overheated abnormally. Servo error [2030] occurs even after removal of the built-in regenerative brake 	Any time during operation	Immediate	 Check the regenerative brake of system setting and set correctly. Connect correctly. Reduce the frequency of positioning. (Call the regenerative level [%] of servo monitor and reduce the frequency of acceleration/deceleration or feed speed.) Use the regenerative brake option of larger capacity. Reduce the load. Review the power supply Replace the servo amplifier or regenerative brake option Replace the servo amplifier.
2031	Overspeed	 option. Command speed is too high. (Motor speed has exceeded the instantaneous permissible speed.) Small acceleration/deceleration time constant caused overshoot to be large. Servo system is instable to cause overshoot. Electronic gear ratio is high. Encoder faulty. 			 Check the servo program or mechanical system program, and set correctly. If an overshoot occurs during acceleration/deceleration, check the acceleration/deceleration time in the fixed parameters. Re-set servo gain to proper value. If servo gain cannot be set to proper value: Reduce load inertia moment ratio; or Reexamine acceleration/ deceleration/ deceleration/ deceleration/ deceleration/ deceleration time constant. Set correctly.(Check if the number of pulses per revolution and travel value per revolution in the fixed parameters match the machine system. Replace the servomotor.

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error		Error cause		Error	O anna a th
code	Name	Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
		• Short occurred in servomotor power (U, V, W).			Correct the wiring.
2032	Overcurrent	 Transistor (IPM) of the servo amplifier faulty. [Checking method] Servo error [2032] occurs if power is switched on after U, V and W are 			 Replace the servo amplifier.
		 disconnected. Ground fault occurred in servomotor power (U, V, W). External noise caused the overcurrent detection circuit to micenante. 			Correct the wiring. Take noise suppression
		detection circuit to misoperate.			measures.
		 Lead of built-in regenerative brake resistor or regenerative brake option is open or disconnected. 			Replace the lead.Connect correctly.
		 Regenerative transistor faulty. Wire breakage of built-in regenerative brake resistor or regenerative brake option. 			 Replace the servo amplifier. For wire breakage of built-in regenerative brake resistor, replace the servo amplifier.
2033	Overvoltage				 For wire breakage of regenerative brake option, replace the regenerative brake
		 Capacity of built-in regenerative brake resistor or regenerative brake option is insufficient. Power supply voltage is high. 	Any time during operation	Immediate stop	option. Add regenerative brake option or increase capacity. Review the power supply.
		Ground fault occurred in servomotor power (U, V, W).			Correct the wiring.
2034	Communica- tions error	Data received from the Motion CPU faulty.			 Check the connection of SSCNETI cable. Check if there is a disconnection in the SSCNETI cable.
		• There is excessive variation in the position commands and command speed is too high from the Motion CPU.			Check the command speed and the number of pulses per revolution/travel value per revolution of the fixed
2035	Command frequency error	Noise entered the commands from the Motion CPU.			 parameters. Check the connection of SSCNETI cable. Check if there is a disconnection in the SSCNETI cable. Check if any relays or solenoids
		Motion CPU failure			are operating in the vicinity. • Replace the Motion CPU.
2036	Transmission error	• Fault in communication with the Motion CPU.			 Check the connection of SSCNETI cable. Check if there is a disconnection in the SSCNETI cable.

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error		Error cause	Error abaak	Error	Corrective estion
code	Name	Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
2042	Linear servo control error (Linear servo amplifier)	 Linear encoder signal resolution differs from the setting value. Initial magnetic pole detection has not been performed. Mismatch of the linear encoder mounting direction. Wrong wiring of the servomotor wires (U, V, and W). The position deviation exceeded the detection level. The speed deviation exceeded the detection level. The thrust deviation exceeded the detection level. 	 Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 	Immediate	 Review the settings of parameter No.PS02 and PS03 setting (linear encoder resolution). Check the mounting of linear encoder. Perform initial magnetic pole detection. Check the mounting direction of linear encoder. Review the setting of parameter No. PC27 (encoder pulse count polarity). Correct the wiring. Review the operation condition. Review the setting of parameter No.PS05 (Linear servo control position deviation error detection level) as required. Review the operation condition. Review the setting of parameter No.PS06 (Linear servo control speed deviation error detection level) as required. Review the operation condition. Review the setting of parameter No.PS06 (Linear servo control speed deviation error detection level) as required. Review the operation condition. Review the setting of parameter No.PS06 (Linear servo control speed deviation error detection level) as required. Review the setting of parameter No.PS07 (Linear servo control thrust deviation error detection level) as required.
2042	Fully closed control error (Fully closed loop control servo amplifier)	 Load side encoder resolution differs from the setting value. Mismatch of the load side encoder mounting direction. The position deviation exceeded the detection level. The speed deviation exceeded the detection level. 			 level) as required. Review the settings of parameter No.PE04 and PE05 (Fully closed loop control feedback pulse electronic gear). Check the mounting of load side encoder. Check the mounting direction of load side encoder. Review the setting of parameter No. PC27 (encoder pulse count polarity). Review the operation condition. Review the setting of parameter No.PE07 (Fully closed loop control position deviation error detection level) as required. Review the setting of parameter No. PE06 (Fully closed loop control speed deviation error detection level) as required.

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error		Error cause	Error check	Error	Corrective action
code	Name	Description	EITOI CHECK	processing	
		 Servo amplifier failure The power supply was turned on and off continuously by overloaded status. 			Replace the servo amplifier. The drive method is reviewed.
2045	Main circuit device overheat	 Ambient temperature of servo amplifier is over 55[°C] (131[°F]). 			 Review environment so that ambient temperature is 0 to 55[°C] (32 to 131[°F]).
		Used beyond the specifications of close mounting of servo amplifier.			Use within the range of specifications.
2046	Servomotor overheat	 Ambient temperature of servomotor is over 40[°C] (104[°F]). Servomotor is overloaded. 			 Review environment so that ambient temperature is 0 to <u>40[°C] (32 to 104[°F]).</u> Reduce load. Review operation pattern. Use servomotor that provides larger output.
		Thermal sensor in encoder is faulty.			Replace the servomotor.
2047	Cooling fan alarm	Cooling fan life expiration Foreign matter caught in the fan stopped			 Replace the cooling fan of the servo amplifier. Remove the foreign matter.
		rotation. • The power supply of the cooling fan failed.			• Replace the servo amplifier.
		 Servo amplifier is used in excess of its continuous output current. 	Any time during operation	Immediate stop	 Reduce load. Review operation pattern. Use servomotor that provides larger output.
		 Servo system is instable and hunting. 			 Repeat acceleration/ deceleration to execute auto tuning. Change auto tuning response setting. Set auto tuning to OFF and make gain adjustment menually.
2050	Overload 1	Machine struck something.			gain adjustment manually. • Review operation pattern. • Install limit switches.
		 Wrong connection of servo motor. (Servo amplifier's output terminals U, V, W do not match servo motor's input terminals U, V, W.) 			Connect correctly.
		• Encoder faulty. [Checking method] When the servomotor shaft is rotated with the servo off, the cumulative feedback pulses do not vary in proportion to the rotary angle of the shaft but the indication skips or returns midway.			Replace the servomotor.

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error		Error cause	Error obook	Error	Corrective extien
code	Name	Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
		 Machine struck something. Wrong connection of servomotor. (Servo amplifier's output terminals U, V, W do not match servo motor's input terminals 			 Review operation pattern. Install limit switches. Connect correctly.
2051	Overload 2	 U, V, W.) Servo system is instable and hunting. Servo system is instable and hunting. Encoder faulty. [Checking method] When the servomotor shaft is rotated with the servo off, the cumulative feedback pulses do not vary in proportion to the rotary angle of the shaft but the indication skips or returns midway. 	Any time during		 Repeat acceleration/ deceleration to execute auto tuning. Change auto tuning response setting. Set auto tuning to OFF and make gain adjustment manually. Replace the servomotor.
2052	Error excessive	 Acceleration/deceleration time constant is too small. Torque limit value is too small. Motor cannot be started due to torque shortage caused by power supply voltage drop. Model loop gain value of servo parameter is small. Servomotor shaft was rotated by external force. Machine struck something. Encoder faulty Wrong connection of servomotor. (Servo amplifier's output terminals U, V, W do not match servomotor's input terminals U, V, W.) 	operation	Immediate stop	 Increase the acceleration/deceleration time. Increase the torque limit value. Review the power supply capacity. Use servomotor which provides larger output. Increase set value and adjust to ensure proper operation. When torque is limited, increase the limit value. Reduce load. Use servomotor that provides larger output. Review operation pattern. Install limit switches. Replace the servomotor. Connect correctly.
2060 (AL.1A)	Motor combination error	Fault in combination with the servo amplifier and servomotor.	 Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 		 Use the correct combination with the servo amplifier and servomotor.

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error		Error cause	Emer alteral	Error	O arms at live a set live
code	Name	Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
2061 (AL.2A)	Linear encoder error 1	 The speed of linear encoder has exceeded the range of use. Noise entered. Alarm of the linear encoder. Defective installation positions of the scale and head. 	Any time during operation		 Change the speed of linear encoder within the range of use. Take the noise reduction measures. Contact with the linear encoder manufacturer. Adjust the positions of the scale and head.
2070	Load side encoder error 1	 The connector CN2L is disconnected. Faulty of the load side encoder cable Wrong wiring of the load side encoder cable The load side encoder cable type (2-wire, 4-wire) selection was wrong in the parameter setting. The startup timing is slow. (For the load side encoder with the external power supply input) 	 Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 	Immediate stop	 Connect correctly. Repair or change the cable. Review the wiring connection. Correct the setting in the fourth digit of parameter No. PC26 encoder cable communication system selection). Make the startup timing of the external power supply fast.
2071	Load side encoder error 2	 Faulty of the load side encoder cable Wrong wiring of the load side encoder cable The power supply voltage dropped. (For the load side encoder with the external power supply input) 			 Repair or change the cable. Review the wiring connection. Check the power supply capacity and voltage.
2088 (88)	Watchdog	• CPU, parts faulty			 Replace the servo amplifier.
	Open battery cable warning	 Battery cable for absolute position detection system is open. Voltage of battery for absolute position detection system supplied fell to about 3V or less. (Detected with the encoder.) 			 Repair the cable or replace the battery. Replace the battery.
	Home position setting warning	 After home position return, droop pulses remaining are greater than the in- position range setting. Creep speed is high. 	Any time during operation		Re-try the home position return. Reduce the creep speed.
2116 (AL.9F)	Battery warning	 Voltage of battery for absolute position detection system installed to servo amplifier fell to 3.2V or less. (Detected with the servo amplifier.) 		Operation continues	Replace the battery.
2140 (AL.E0)	Excessive regenerative warning	 There is a possibility that regenerative alarm [2030] may occur. (Detected 85[%] regenerative level of the maximum load capacity for the regenerative register.) 			Refer to the details on the regenerative alarm [2030].
	Overload warning 1	• There is a possibility that overload alarm [2050], [2051] may occur. (Detected 85[%] overload level.)			Refer to the details on the overload alarm [2050], [2051].

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error		Error cause		Error	Corrective action	
code	Name	Description	Error check	processing		
2142 (AL.E2)	Servo motor overheat warning	 Ambient temperature of servomotor is over 40[°C] (104[°F]). Servomotor is overloaded. Thermistor in encoder is faulty. 			 Review environment so that ambient temperature is 0 to 49[°C] (32 to 104[°F]). Reduce load. Review operation pattern. Use servomotor that provides larger output. Replace the servomotor. 	
2143 (AL.E3)	Absolute position counter warning	Absolute position encoder pulses faulty.		Operation continues Home position return request ON	 Take noise suppression measures. Replace the servomotor. Execute the home position return after measures. 	
	Servo forced stop warning	 Servo amplifier are forced stop state. (Servo amplifier input signal EM1 is OFF.) 		Immediate	 Ensure safety and deactivate forced stop. 	
2147 (AL.E7)	Controller forced stop warning	 A forced stop signal is input from the Motion CPU 	Any time during operation	stop	 Ensure safety and deactivate forced stop. 	
2148 (AL.E8)	Cooling fan speed reduction warning	 Cooling fan life expiration The power supply of the cooling fan is broken. 			 Replace the cooling fan of servo amplifier. Replace the servo amplifier. Replace the cooling fan of servo amplifier. 	
	Main circuit off warning	 Servo-on signal was turned on with main circuit power off. 			• Switch on the main circuit power.	
-	Overload warning 2	 During a stop, the status in which a current flew intensively in any of the U, V and W phases of the servomotor occurred repeatedly, exceeding the warning level. 		Operation continues	 Reduce the positioning frequency at the specific positioning address. Reduce the load. Replace the servo amplifier/ servomotor with the one of larger capacity. 	
	Output watt excess warning	• Continuous operation was performed with the output wattage (speed × torque) of the servomotor exceeding 150[%] of the rated output.			Reduce the servomotor speed.Reduce the load.	

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error			Error c	ause		Error			
code	Name			Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action		
		range.	rvo paramet (Any unauth	er value is outside the setting orized parameter is ignored and tting is held.)					
		code	No.	Name					
		2301	PA01	For manufacturer setting					
		2302	PA02	Regenerative brake option					
		2303	PA03	Absolute position detection system					
		2304	PA04	Function selection A-1					
		2305	PA05	For manufacturer setting					
		2306	PA06	For manufacturer setting					
		2307	PA07	For manufacturer setting					
		2308	PA08	Auto tuning mode					
		2309	PA09	Auto tuning response					
		2310	PA10	In-position range					
		2311	PA11	For manufacturer setting					
		2312	PA12	For manufacturer setting					
		2313	PA13	For manufacturer setting	Any time		Charle the option reason of		
		2314	PA14	Rotation direction selection					
		2315	PA15	Encoder output pulse					
2301		2316	PA16	For manufacturer setting					
to	Parameter	2317	PA17	For manufacturer setting		Operation	Check the setting ranges of		
2599	error	2318	PA18	For manufacturer setting	during operation	continues	the servo parameters.		
		2319	PA19	Parameter write inhibit					
		2320	PB01	Adaptive tuning mode					
		2321	PB02	Vibration suppression control filter tuning mode					
		2322	PB03	For manufacturer setting					
		2323	PB04	Feed forward gain					
		2324	PB05	For manufacturer setting					
		2325	PB06	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment					
		2326	PB07	Model loop gain					
		2327	PB08	Position loop gain					
		2328	PB09	Speed loop gain					
		2329	PB10	Speed integral compensation					
		2330	PB11	Speed differential compensation					
		2331	PB12	For manufacturer setting					
		2332	PB13	Machine resonance suppression filter 1					
		2333	PB14	Notch form selection 1					
		2334	PB15	Machine resonance suppression filter 2					
		2335	PB16	Notch form selection 2					

Table 1.12 Servo error (2000 to 2899) list (Continued)

Error			Error	cause		Error	0
code	Name			Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
		Error code	Parameter No.	Name			
		2336	PB17	Automatic setting parameter			
		2337	PB18	Low-pass filter			
		2338	PB19	Vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting			
		2339	PB20	Vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting			
		2340	PB21	For manufacturer setting			
		2341	PB22	For manufacturer setting			
		2342	PB23	Low-pass filter selection			
		2343	PB24	Slight vibration suppression control selection			
		2344	PB25	For manufacturer setting			
		2345	PB26	Gain changing selection			
		2346	PB27	Gain changing condition			
		2347	PB28	Gain changing time constant			
				Gain changing ratio of load			
		2348	PB29	inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment			
		2349	PB30	Gain changing position loop gain			
2301 to	Parameter error	2350	PB31	Gain changing speed loop gain	Any time during operation	Operation continues	 Check the setting ranges of the servo parameters.
2599		2351	PB32	Gain changing speed integral compensation			
		2352	PB33	Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting			
		2353	PB34	Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting			
		2354	PB35	For manufacturer setting			
		2355	PB36	For manufacturer setting			
		2356	PB37	For manufacturer setting			
		2357	PB38	For manufacturer setting			
		2358	PB39	For manufacturer setting			
		2359	PB40	For manufacturer setting			
		2360	PB41	For manufacturer setting			
		2361	PB42	For manufacturer setting			
		2362	PB43	For manufacturer setting			
		2363	PB44	For manufacturer setting			
		2364	PB45	For manufacturer setting			
		2365	PC01	Error excessive alarm level			
		2366	PC02	Electromagnetic brake sequence output			
		L	1				

Error			Error c	ause		Error	0
code	Name			Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
	Name	Error code 2367 2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378 2377 2378 2377 2378 2377 2378 2381 2381 2382 2383 2384 2385 2386 2387 2388 2389 2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2398	Parameter No. PC03 PC04 PC05 PC06 PC07 PC08 PC09 PC10 PC11 PC12 PC13 PC14 PC13 PC14 PC15 PC16 PC16 PC16 PC17 PC18 PC19 PC20 PC21 PC21 PC23 PC23 PC24 PC25 PC26 PC27 PC28 PC29	Name Encoder output pulses selection Function selection C-1 Function selection C-2 Function selection C-3 Zero speed For manufacturer setting Analog monitor output 1 Analog monitor output 2 Analog monitor 2 offset For manufacturer setting For manufacturer setting <t< th=""><th>Any time during operation</th><th></th><th>Corrective action</th></t<>	Any time during operation		Corrective action
		2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397	PC26 PC27 PC28 PC29 PC30 PC31 PC32 PD01	For manufacturer setting For manufacturer setting			
		2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2406	PD03 PD06 PD07 PD08 PD09 PD10	For manufacturer setting Output signal device selection 1 Output signal device selection 2 Output signal device selection 3 For manufacturer setting			

Frror			Error o	ause		Frror	
code	Name				Error check	processing	Corrective action
2301 to	Name	Error code 2407 2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413 2414 2415 2416 2417 2418 2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425 2426 2427 2428	Error of Parameter No. PD11 PD12 PD13 PD14 PD15 PD16 PD17 PD18 PD19 PD20 PD21 PD22 PD23 PD23 PD24 PD23 PD24 PD25 PD26 PD25 PD26 PD27 PD28 PD29 PD28 PD29 PD29 PD30 PD31 PD32	ause Description Name Input filter setting For manufacturer setting	Error check	Operation	Corrective action

Error			Error c	ause	Case a star	Error	
code	Name			Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
	Name	The participation	rameter error rameter sett	Description	Error check		Corrective action
		2606	PA06	For manufacturer setting			
		2607	PA07	For manufacturer setting			
		2608	PA08	Auto tuning mode			
		2609	PA09	Auto tuning response			
		2610	PA10	In-position range			
		2611	PA11	For manufacturer setting			
		2612	PA12	For manufacturer setting			
		2613	PA13	For manufacturer setting			
		2614	PA14	Rotation direction selection	• Servo amplifier		After checking and
		2615	PA15	Encoder output pulse			
		2616	PA16	For manufacturer setting			
2601	Initial	2617	PA17	For manufacturer setting	power on.	Immediate	correcting of the parameter
to	parameter	2618	PA18	For manufacturer setting	 Multiple CPU 	stop	setting, turn off to on or
2899	error	2619	PA19	Parameter write inhibit	system power	otop	reset the power of Multiple
		2620	PB01	Adaptive tuning mode	on.		CPU system.
		2621	PB02	Vibration suppression control filter tuning mode			
		2622	PB03	For manufacturer setting			
		2623	PB04	Feed forward gain			
		2624	PB05	For manufacturer setting			
		2625	PB06	Ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment			
		2626	PB07	Model loop gain			
		2627	PB08	Position loop gain			
		2628	PB09	Speed loop gain			
		2629	PB10	Speed integral compensation			
		2630	PB11	Speed differential compensation			
		2631	PB12	For manufacturer setting			
		2632	PB13	Machine resonance suppression filter 1			
		2633	PB14	Notch form selection 1			
		2634	PB15	Machine resonance suppression filter 2			
		2635	PB16	Notch form selection 2			

code Name Description processing Error Parameter Name 2636 PB17 Automatic setting parameter 2636 PB17 Automatic setting parameter 2637 PB18 Low-pass filter 2638 PB19 Vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting 2639 PB20 2639 PB20 Vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting 2640 2640 PB21 For manufacturer setting 2641 PB22 For manufacturer setting 2642 PB23 Low-pass filter selection 2643 PB24 Slight vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting 2644 PB25 For manufacturer setting 2645 PB26 Gain changing selection 2646 PB27 Gain changing time constant 2648 PB29 inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment 2649 PB30 Gain changing position loop gain vibrain 2649 PB31 2650 PB31 Gain changing speed loop gain	Error			Error	cause	_		Error	0
2601Initial parameter 2638PB17Automatic setting parameter parameter 2638PB17Automatic setting parameter parameter 2638PB19Vibration suppression control wibration suppression control resonance frequency setting 2640PB20For manufacturer setting 2641PB22For manufacturer setting 2642PB23Low-pass filter resonance frequency setting 2642PB23Low-pass filter selection2641PB22For manufacturer setting 2643PB24Cour pass filter selectionImmediate selection2643PB24Gain changing condition gainCain changing position loop gain- Servo amplifier power on.2644PB25Gain changing position loop gain- Servo amplifier power on.2645PB26Gain changing speed loop gain- Servo amplifier power on.2651PB32Gain changing speed integral on Multipic CPU system power on.2651PB32Gain changing speed integral gain- Servo amplifier power on.2652PB33Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting 2655- PB332655PB36For manufacturer setting 2656PB33For manufacturer setting 26562656PB36For manufacturer setting 2656PB36For manufacturer setting 26562656PB36For manufacturer setting 2656PB36For manufacturer setting 26562656PB36For manufacturer setting 2656PB36For manufacturer setting 2656 <td>code</td> <td>Name</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Description</td> <td>Error c</td> <td>heck</td> <td>processing</td> <td>Corrective action</td>	code	Name			Description	Error c	heck	processing	Corrective action
2601Initial 2633PB18Low-pass filter vibration suppression control vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting 2641PB20Vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting 2641PB22For manufacture setting 2641PB22For manufacture setting 2643PB24Slight vibration suppression control selection* Servo amplifier power on.* After checking and resonance frequency setting 2644* Servo amplifier power on.* After checking and resonance frequency setting2601Initial parameter 2649PB23Gain changing speed loop gain* Servo amplifier power on.* Multiple CPU system power on.2641PB22Gain changing speed loop gain* Servo amplifier power on.* Multiple CPU system power on.2651PB32Gain changing speed loop gain* Servo amplifier power on.* Servo amplifier power on.2652PB33Gain changing speed loop gain* Multiple CPU system power on.* Servo amplifier power on.2651PB32Gain changing vibration gain* Servo amplifier power on.* Servo amplifier power on.2653PB33Gain changing vibration gain* Servo amplifier power on.* Servo amplifier power on.2652PB33Gain changing vibration gain* Servo amplifier power on.* Servo amplifier power on.2654PB34Suppression control vibration frequency setting 2653PB34Suppression control vibration frequency setting 26542654<					Name				
2801 to parameter 2899Initial 2651PB32 PB32Vibration suppression control vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting 2642PB221 PC22For manufacturer setting to parameter 2648PB222 PB226For manufacturer setting gain gain gainServo amplifier power on system power on.• After checking and correcting of the system power on.2601 to parameter 2899Initial PB32Cain changing speed integral compensation• Servo amplifier power on inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment to servo motor <b< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2636</td><td>PB17</td><td>Automatic setting parameter</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></b<>			2636	PB17	Automatic setting parameter				
2001PB19vibration frequency setting vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting 2640PB20Vibration suppression resonance frequency setting 2641PB22For manufacturer setting 2642PB23Low-pass filter selection softer selection2641PB22PB23Low-pass filter selection Softer Vibration selectionSelectionSelection2643PB24For manufacturer setting 2645PB26Gain changing selectionSelection2644PB25Gain changing selection inertia momentServo amplifier power on.Servo amplifier power on.2646PB27Gain changing speed loop gainServo amplifier power on.Multiple CPU system power on.2649PB30Gain changing speed loop gainServo amplifier power on.Multiple CPU system power on.2651PB32Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency settingServo amplifier power on.2652PB33Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency settingServo amplifier on.2653PB34suppression control resonance frequency setting 2655For manufacturer setting 26562654PB37For manufacturer setting 2656For manufacturer setting 26562654PB36For manufacturer setting 26562655PB36For manufacturer setting 26562656PB36For manufacturer setting 26562657PB36For manufacturer setting 26562658PB			2637	PB18	Low-pass filter				
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2601 to 2899Initial 2642PB22 2642For manufacturer setting 2643PB24Silght vibration suppression control selection2644PB25For manufacturer setting 2645PB26Gain changing selection2645PB26Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment• Servo amplifier power on.2646PB27Gain changing position loop gain• Servo amplifier power on.2647PB28Gain changing speed loop gain• Multiple CPU system power on.2648PB30Gain changing vibration compensation• Servo amplifier power on.2650PB31Gain changing vibration reguency setting• Servo amplifier power on.2651PB32Gain changing vibration reguency setting• Servo amplifier power on.2652PB33Gain changing vibration reguency setting• Servo amplifier power on.2653PB34Gain changing vibration reguency setting• Servo amplifier power on.2654PB35For manufacturer setting 2655PB36For manufacturer setting 26562656PB37For manufacturer setting 2656PB36For manufacturer setting 26562650PB34For manufacturer setting 2656PB35For manufacturer setting 26562650PB34For manufacturer setting 2656PB34For manufacturer setting 26562650PB41For manufacturer setting 2656PB44For manufacturer setting 26562650 <td></td> <td></td> <td>2639</td> <td>PB20</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			2639	PB20					
2801 to 0Initial 2644PB22 PB24Slight vibration suppression control selection control selection			2640	PB21	For manufacturer setting				
2601 to 2899Initial 2643PB24Slight vibration suppression control selection2644PB25For manufacturer setting 2645PB26Gain changing selection2646PB27Gain changing ime constant2647PB28Gain changing inter constant2648PB29Gain changing position loop gain2649PB30Gain changing speed loop gain2650PB31Gain changing speed loop gain2651PB32Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting2652PB33Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting2653PB36For manufacturer setting 26552654PB37For manufacturer setting 26552655PB36For manufacturer setting 26562650PB37For manufacturer setting 26562651PB36For manufacturer setting 26562652PB37For manufacturer setting 26562653PB36For manufacturer setting 26562654PB37For manufacturer setting 26562659PB40For manufacturer setting 26562650PB42For manufacturer setting 26562651PB42For manufacturer setting 26562652PB33For manufacturer setting 26562654PB42For manufacturer setting 26562655PB36For manufacturer setting 26562656PB42For manufacturer setting 2656			2641	PB22	For manufacturer setting				
2601 to 2899Initial 2644PB26 PB26For manufacturer setting 2646PB26 PB27Gain changing selection 2646PB27 PB28Gain changing selection 2647PB26 PB28Gain changing selection 2647Servo amplifier power on.• After checking and correcting of the power on.2601 to parameter errorInitial parameter errorCain changing speed loop gain• Servo amplifier power on.• Mutiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting.2699PB30 Cain changing speed loop gain• Servo amplifier power on.• Mutiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting.2651PB32 Cain changing vibration ge52PB33Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting 2655• Servo amplifier power on.2652PB33Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting 2655• PB36For manufacturer setting 26562651PB37 Cor manufacturer setting 2655PB37 For manufacturer setting 2656PB37 For manufacturer setting 2656PB37 For manufacturer setting 2656PB37 For manufacturer setting 2656PB37 For manufacturer setting 2656PB37 For manufacturer setting 2656PB34 For manufacturer setting 2656PB34 For manufacturer setting 2656PB34 For manufacturer setting 2656PB34 For manufacturer setting 2656PB34 For manufacturer setting 2656PB34 For manufacturer setting 2656PB34 F			2642	PB23	Low-pass filter selection				
2601 to 0Initial 2648PB26 2647Gain changing selection 2647Servo amplifier power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of CPU system.2601 to 0Initial parameter error2649PB30Gain changing position loop gain• Servo amplifier power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of CPU system.2601 bInitial parameter error2650PB31Gain changing speed loop gain• Servo amplifier power on.2651 2652PB32Gain changing speed integral compensation• Multiple CPU system power on.• Multiple CPU system power on.2652 2653PB33Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting• Servo amplifier power on.2654 2653PB34Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting• Servo amplifier power on.2654 2654PB35 PB34For manufacturer setting 2655PB36 For manufacturer setting 2656PB37 For manufacturer setting 26562654 2659PB39 PB30For manufacturer setting 2656PB41 For manufacturer setting 26622661 2662PB42 For manufacturer setting 2662PB44 For manufacturer setting 2662PB45 For manufacturer setting 26622664 2664PB45For manufacturer setting 2662PB46 For manufacturer setting2664 2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2643</td><td>PB24</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			2643	PB24					
2601 to 2899Initial parameter error2646PB27Gain changing condition Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment (2649PB28Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment inertia moment• Servo amplifier power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of on.2601 bPB30 (2651Gain changing speed loop gain• Servo amplifier power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Servo amplifier power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Servo amplifier power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Servo amplifier power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Servo amplifier power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on. • Mutiple CPU system.• After checking and correcting of the p setting. • CPU system. • CPU system. • CPU system.2651PB32Gain changing vibration frequency setting 2653• Servo amplifier power on. • Servo amplifier power on. • Mutiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting. • Servo amplifier • Servo amplifier<			2644	PB25	For manufacturer setting				
2601 to 2899Initial parameter error2647PB28Gain changing time constant Gain changing ratio of load inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on. • Multiple CPU system.• After checking and correcting of the power on. • Multiple CPU system on. • Multiple CPU system.2651PB32Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting 2653• FB33For manufacturer setting 2656• FB37For manufacturer setting 2656• FB37For manufacturer setting 26562652PB43For manufacturer setting 2660PB41For manufacturer setting 2661FB42For manufacturer setting 2663FB44For manufacturer setting 2664FB45For manufacturer setting 2664FB45For			2645	PB26	Gain changing selection				
2601 to 2899Initial parameter error2649 2650PB30 gainGain changing position loop gain• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of • Multiple CPU system power on.• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of CPU system.2601 b compensationPB32 Gain changing speed integral compensation• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• Multiple CPU system power on.2652 compensationPB33 Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting 2653• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.2654 2655 2656 2657 2656 2657 2656 2659PB34 For manufacturer setting 2656 2659 2659• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.2655 2656 2657 2656 2659 2660 2661 2661 2660 2661 2661 2662 2661 2662 2661 2662 2663 2664 2663 2664 <b< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2646</td><td>PB27</td><td>Gain changing condition</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></b<>			2646	PB27	Gain changing condition				
2601 to 2899Initial parameter error2648PB29Gain changing position loop gain• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of compensation2601 2899PB30 gainGain changing speed loop gain• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• Multiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of CPU system.2651 2652PB32 Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• Multiple CPU system.2653 2655PB34 Suppression control vibration frequency setting• Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting2654 2655PB36 PB36For manufacturer setting 2656PB37 PB382655 2660PB41 PB41For manufacturer setting 26632661 2662PB42 PB43For manufacturer setting 26632661 2662PB44 PB42For manufacturer setting 26632664 2664PB45For manufacturer setting 26642664 2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664 2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664 2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664PB45For manufacturer			2647	PB28	Gain changing time constant				
2601 to 2899Initial parameter error2649PB30Gain changing position loop gain• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on. • Multiple CPU •					Gain changing ratio of load				
2601 to 2899Initial parameter error2650PB31Gain changing speed loop gain• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of on.28992651PB32Gain changing speed integral compensation• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• After checking and correcting of the p setting, turn off to reset the power of CPU system.2651PB32Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting• Servo amplifier power on. • Multiple CPU system power on.• Multiple CPU system power on.2652PB33Suppression control vibration frequency setting• Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting• CPU system.2654PB35For manufacturer setting 2655PB36For manufacturer setting 2656• CPU system2656PB37For manufacturer setting 2659PB40For manufacturer setting 2661• CPU system2651PB42For manufacturer setting 2662PB43For manufacturer setting 2663• CPU system2661PB42For manufacturer setting 2663PB44For manufacturer setting 2663• CPU system2664PB45For manufacturer setting 2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664PB45For manufacturer setting2664PB45For manufacturer setting			2648	PB29					
102650PB31Contenting operationMultiple CPU system powersetting, turn off to reset the power of CPU system.28992651PB32Gain changing speed integral compensation• Multiple CPU system powersetting, turn off to reset the power of CPU system.2651PB32Gain changing vibration suppression control vibration frequency setting• Multiple CPU system power on.setting, turn off to reset the power of CPU system.2652PB33Suppression control vibration frequency setting• Gain changing vibration suppression control resonance frequency setting• Multiple CPU system power on.2654PB35For manufacturer setting 2655PB36For manufacturer setting2655PB36For manufacturer setting 2657PB38For manufacturer setting2659PB40For manufacturer setting 2660PB41For manufacturer setting2661PB42For manufacturer setting 2663PB44For manufacturer setting 26632664PB45For manufacturer setting 2664PB45For manufacturer setting			2649	PB30		• Servo a	mplifier		After checking and
2899 error 2651 PB32 Gain changing speed integral compensation system power of CPU system. 2652 PB33 Suppression control vibration frequency setting Gain changing vibration on. 2652 PB33 Suppression control vibration frequency setting Gain changing vibration on. 2653 PB34 Suppression control vibration frequency setting Gain changing vibration on. 2653 PB34 Suppression control resonance frequency setting Gain changing vibration on. 2654 PB35 For manufacturer setting 2656 PB37 2656 PB37 For manufacturer setting 2657 PB38 2657 PB38 For manufacturer setting 2659 PB40 2659 PB40 For manufacturer setting 2660 PB41 For manufacturer setting 2661 PB42 For manufacturer setting 2661 PB42 For manufacturer setting 2662 PB43 For manufacturer setting 2663 PB44 For manufacturer setting 2664 PB45 For manufacturer setting 2664 PB45 For manufacturer sett	2001	parameter	2650	PB31	· · ·	• Multiple	CPU		correcting of the parameter setting, turn off to on or
2652PB33suppression control vibration frequency setting2653PB34Gain changing vibration2653PB34suppression control resonance frequency setting2654PB35For manufacturer setting2655PB36For manufacturer setting2656PB37For manufacturer setting2657PB38For manufacturer setting2658PB39For manufacturer setting2659PB40For manufacturer setting2661PB42For manufacturer setting2662PB43For manufacturer setting2663PB44For manufacturer setting2664PB45For manufacturer setting	2899	error	2651	PB32				reset the power of Multiple CPU system.	
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2662PB43For manufacturer setting2663PB44For manufacturer setting2664PB45For manufacturer setting									
2663 PB44 For manufacturer setting 2664 PB45 For manufacturer setting									
2664 PB45 For manufacturer setting									
2666 PC02 Electromagnetic brake sequence output					Electromagnetic brake				

Error			Error o	ause		Error	0
code	Name			Description	Error check	processing	Corrective action
	Name Name	Error code 2667 2668 2669 2670 2671 2672 2673 2674 2675 2676 2677 2678 2677 2678 2679 2680 2681 2682 2683 2684 2685 2684 2685 2686 2687 2688	Parameter No. PC03 PC04 PC05 PC06 PC07 PC08 PC09 PC10 PC11 PC12 PC13 PC14 PC15 PC14 PC15 PC16 PC16 PC17 PC18 PC19 PC18 PC19 PC20 PC21 PC21 PC22 PC23 PC24 PC25	Name Encoder output pulses selection Function selection C-1 Function selection C-2 Function selection C-3 Zero speed For manufacturer setting Analog monitor output 1 Analog monitor output 2 Analog monitor 2 offset For manufacturer setting For manufacturer setting <t< th=""><th> Error check Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. </th><th></th><th>Corrective action</th></t<>	 Error check Servo amplifier power on. Multiple CPU system power on. 		Corrective action
to	parameter	2685 2686 2687 2688	PC21 PC22 PC23 PC24 PC25 PC26 PC27 PC28 PC29	Alarm history clear For manufacturer setting For manufacturer setting For manufacturer setting	power on. • Multiple CPU system power		correcting of the parameter setting, turn off to on or reset the power of Multiple
		2705	PD09	3			

APPENDIX 2 Example Programs

APPENDIX 2.1 Reading M-code

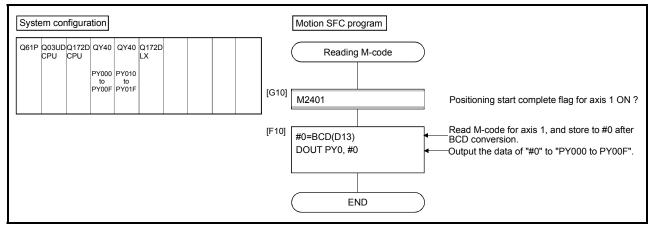
The program example for reading M-code at the completion of positioning start or positioning is shown below.

The judgement of the positioning start completion and positioning completion is made with the following signals.

- Positioning start completionM2400+20n (positioning start complete signal)
- Positioning completionM2401+20n (positioning complete signal)

[Program Example]

 A program that outputs the M-code from PY000 to PY00F to external destination after conversion into BCD code at the positioning start completion is shown below.



APPENDIX 2.2 Reading error code

The program example for reading error code at the error occurrence is shown below. The following signals are used to determine whether or not an error has occurred:

- Minor errors, major errors Error detection signal (M2407+20n)
- Servo errorsServo error detection signal (M2408+20n)

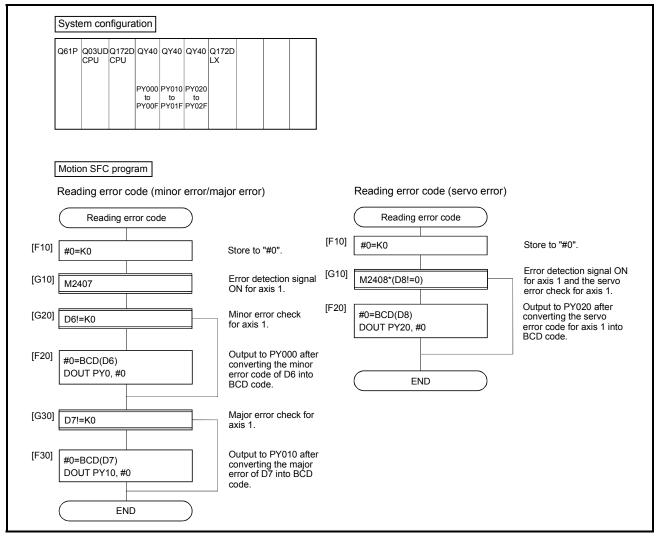
POINT

- (1) The following delay occurs for leading edge of M2407+20n/M2408+20n and storage of the error code.
 - (a) If the PLC program scan time is 80[ms] or less, there will be a delay of up to 80[ms].
 - (b) If the PLC program scan time is 80[ms] or more, there will be a delay of up to one scan time.

The error code is stored to each error code storage area after turning on M2407+20n/M2408+20n, and then read the error code.

[Program Example]

A program that outputs each error code to PY000 to PY00F (minor error), PY010 to PY01F (major error) and PY020 to PY02F (servo error) after conversion into BCD code at the error occurrence with axis 1 is shown below.



APPENDIX 3 Setting Range for Indirect Setting Devices

Positioning address, command speed or M-code, etc. (excluding the axis No.) set in the servo program can be set indirectly by the word.

(1) Device range

The number of device words and device range at indirect setting are shown below.

\setminus	Item	Number of device words			Device setting range	Remarks
$ \rightarrow$	Parameter block No.	1				
	Address (travel value)	2				
Common	Command speed	2		Device	Range	
omr	Dwell time	1		D	0 to 8191 ^(Note-1)	
Õ	M-code	1		W	0000 to 1FFF	
	Torque limit value	1		#	0000 to 7999	
	Auxiliary point	2		U□\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) ^(Note-2)	
ų	Radius	2			· · · /	
Arc	Central point	2				
	Pitch	1	1			
	Control unit	1	1			
	Speed limit value	2	1			
ð	Acceleration time	1	1			
r blo	Deceleration time	1				
Parameter block	Rapid stop deceleration time	1				
ran	S-curve ratio	1				
Ра	Torque limit value	1				
	STOP input deceleration processing	1				
	Circular interpolation error allowance range	2	ļ			
	Command speed (Constant speed)	2				
	FIN acceleration/deceleration	1				
	Fixed position stop acceleration/deceleration time	1				
	Repetition condition (Number of repetitions)	1				
	Repetition condition (ON/OFF)					
	Cancel				_	
Others	Skip			Device	Range	
đ	WAIT ON/OFF			Х	0000 to 1FFF	
	Fixed position stop	Dit		Y	0000 to 1FFF	
		Bit		М	0 to 8191 ^(Note-1)	
				В	0000 to 1FFF	
			L	F	0 to 2047	
1			L	U□\G	10000.0 to (10000+p-1).F (Note-2)	
1						

(Note-1): Synchronous encoder axis area cannot be set.

(Note-2): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for the each CPU.

POINT

(1) Be sure to set even-numbered devices for 2-word setting items.Be sure to set as 32-bit integer type when the data is set in these devices using the Motion SFC programs. (Example : #0L, D0L)

(2) Refer to Chapter 2 of the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area..

(2) Inputting device data

Indirect setting device data is inputted by the Motion CPU at the servo program start.

Do not change the applicable device before setting to device and start completion.

The procedures by start method for setting data to devices and cautions are shown below.

Start method	Setting method	Notes
Start by the servo program	↓ Start the servo program.	Do not change the indirect setting device before the "positioning start complete signal" of the starting axis turns on.
Set the loop (FOR - NEXT) point data for CPSTART instruction indirectly	Set initial command data in the indirect setting device. Start using the servo program (or turn the cancel command device on). Read the value of "data set pointer for constant-speed control" of the start axis, and update the data input by Motion CPU.	Refer to the positioning signal data register "Monitoring data area" for details.

APPENDIX 4 Processing Times of the Motion CPU

The processing time of each signal and each instruction for positioning control in the Multiple CPU system is shown below.

(1) Motion operation cycle [ms] (Default)

		Q173	Q172DCPU			
Number of setting axes (SV22)	1 to 4	5 to 12	13 to 28	29 to 32	1 to 4	5 to 8
Number of setting axes (SV13)	1 to 6	7 to 18	19 to 32	_	1 to 6	7 to 8
Operation cycle [ms]	0.44	0.88	1.77	3.55	0.44	0.88

(2) CPU processing time [ms]

The instruction processing time means the time until the content is reflected to servo amplifier side after each instruction is executed.

(Including the transmission time between Motion controller and servo amplifier.)

				Q173DCP	U/ Q172D0	CPU	
Operatio	on cycle [ms]	0.44	0.88	1.77	3.55	7.11	14.2
	"WAIT ON/OFF" + Motion control step	0.88	1.77	2.66	4.44	7.99	15.11
Servo program start	Only Motion control step	1.0 to 1.4	1.9 to 2.8	2.8 to 4.6	4.6 to 8.2	8.1 to 15.2	15.2 to 29.4
processing time (Note-1)	Dedicated instruction (D(P).SVST) from the PLC CPU	2.2 to 3.1	3.5 to 4.4	5.3 to 6.2	8.8 to 9.7	16.0 to 16.9	30.2 to 31.1
Cread abanga	Instruction (CHGV) from the Motion SFC	0.8 to 1.3	1.7 to 2.6	2.6 to 4.4	4.4 to 8.0	8.0 to 15.1	15.1 to 29.3
Speed change response time	Dedicated instruction (D(P).CHGV) from the PLC CPU	1.7 to 2.6	2.6 to 3.5	3.5 to 4.4	5.3 to 6.2	8.9 to 9.8	16.0 to 16.9
Torque limit volue	Instruction (CHGT) from the Motion SFC	0.8 to 1.3	1.7 to 2.6	2.6 to 4.4	4.4 to 8.0	4.4 to 11.5	4.4 to 18.6
Torque limit value change response time	Dedicated instruction (D(P).CHGT) from the PLC CPU	1.7 to 2.6	2.6 to 3.5	3.5 to 4.4	5.3 to 6.2	5.3 to 9.7	5.3 to 16.0
	me from PLC ready flag (M2000) ON to CPU ready flag (SM500) ON			22	2 to 28		

(Note-1): FEED instruction varies greatly depending on the condition (whether other axes are operating or being stopped).

APPENDIX 5 Device List

Axis No.	Device No.				Signal name		
1	M2400 to M2419						
2	M2420 to M2439	\setminus					
3	M2440 to M2459	\backslash		Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction
4	M2460 to M2479	0	Positionin	g start complete			
5	M2480 to M2499	1	Positionin	g complete		/	
6	M2500 to M2519	2	In-position	า			
7	M2520 to M2539	3	Comman	d in-position	Operation cycle		
8	M2540 to M2559	4	Speed co	ntrolling			
9	M2560 to M2579	5	Speed/po	sition switching latch			
10	M2580 to M2599	6	Zero pass	3			
11	M2600 to M2619	7	Error dete	ection	Immediate		
12	M2620 to M2639	8	Servo erro	or detection	Operation cycle		Status signal
13	M2640 to M2659	9	Home pos	sition return request	Main cycle		
14	M2660 to M2679	10	Home pos	sition return complete	Operation cycle		
15	M2680 to M2699	11		FLS			
16	M2700 to M2719	12	External	RLS	Main cycle		
17	M2720 to M2739	13	signals	STOP	Wall Cycle		
18	M2740 to M2759	14		DOG/CHANGE			
19	M2760 to M2779	15	Servo rea	dy	Operation cycle	/	
20	M2780 to M2799	16	Torque lin	niting	Operation cycle	/	
21	M2800 to M2819	17	Unusable		—	—	—
22	M2820 to M2839		Virtual mo	ode continuation	At virtual mode		
23	M2840 to M2859	18	operation	disable warning	transition		Status signal
24	M2860 to M2879		signal (S\	/22) ^(Note-1)			Status siyi lal
25	M2880 to M2899	19	M-code o	utputting signal	Operation cycle		
26	M2900 to M2919	 					
27	M2920 to M2939						
28	M2940 to M2959						
29	M2960 to M2979						
30	M2980 to M2999						
31	M3000 to M3019						
32	M3020 to M3039						

(1) Axis status list

(Note-1): It is unusable in the SV13/SV22 real mode.

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes as an user device in the Q172DCPU.

However, when the project of Q172DCPU is replaced with Q173DCPU, this area cannot be used.

Axis No.	Device No.			Signal name		
1	M3200 to M3219					
2	M3220 to M3239				F ()	Signal
3	M3240 to M3259		Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	direction
4	M3260 to M3279	0	Stop command		Operation system	
5	M3280 to M3299	1	Rapid stop command		Operation cycle	
6	M3300 to M3319	2	Forward rotation JOG start command			
7	M3320 to M3339	3	Reverse rotation JOG start command		Main cycle	Command
8	M3340 to M3359	4	Complete signal OFF command			signal
9	M3360 to M3379	5	Speed/position switching enable		Operation avala	
10	M3380 to M3399	5	command		Operation cycle	
11	M3400 to M3419	6	Unusable	_	_	
12	M3420 to M3439	7	Error reset command		Main avala	
13	M3440 to M3459	8	Servo error reset command		Main cycle	Command
14	M3460 to M3479	9	External stop input disable at start		At start	signal
15	M3480 to M3499	9	command		At start	
16	M3500 to M3519	10	Unusable			
17	M3520 to M3539	11		_		_
18	M3540 to M3559	12	Feed current value update request		At start	
19	M3560 to M3579	12	command			
20	M3580 to M3599	13	Address clutch reference setting			
21	M3600 to M3619		command (SV22 only) (Note-1)		At virtual mode	Command
22	M3620 to M3639	14	Cam reference position setting		transition	signal
23	M3640 to M3659		command (SV22 only) (Note-1)			
24	M3660 to M3679	15	Servo OFF command		Operation cycle	4
25	M3680 to M3699	16	Gain changing command	/	Operation cycle (Note-2)	
26	M3700 to M3719	17	Unusable			
27	M3720 to M3739	18	Control loop changing command			Command
28	M3740 to M3759	19	FIN signal		Operation cycle	signal
29	M3760 to M3779					5.3.1
30	M3780 to M3799					
31	M3800 to M3819					
32	M3820 to M3839					

(2) Axis command signal list

(Note-1): It is unusable in the SV13/SV22 real mode. (Note-2): Operation cycle 7.1[ms] or more: Every 3.5[ms]

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes as an user device in the Q172DCPU. However, when the project of Q172DCPU is replaced with Q173DCPU, this area cannot be used.

í		(0) 0			-	1					1
Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-4)	Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-4)
M2000	PLC ready flag		Main cycle	Command signal	M3072	M2053	Manual pulse generator 3 enable flag		Main cycle	Command signal	M3079
M2001	Axis 1	r				M2054	Operation cycle over flag	Operation cycle		Status	
M2002 M2003 M2004 M2005 M2006 M2007 M2008	Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 6 Axis 7 Axis 8					M2055 M2056 M2057 M2058 M2059 M2059	Unusable (6 points)	_	_	signal	_
M2011 M2012 M2013 M2014 M2015 M2016 M2016 M2016 M2017 M2018 M2020 M2021 M2022 M2022 M2022 M2022 M2028 M2008	Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 16 Axis 17 Axis 18 Axis 19 Axis 20 Axis 21 Axis 22 Axis 23 Axis 24 Axis 25 Axis 26 Axis 27 Axis 28 Axis 29 Axis 30 Axis 31	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)		M2061 M2062 M2063 M2066 M2066 M2067 M2068 M2069 M2070 M2071 M2072 M2075 M2076 M2077 M2076 M2077 M2076 M2077 M2078 M2079 M2080 M2082 M2083 M2084	Axis 1 Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 5 Axis 7 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 7 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 12 Axis 15 Axis 16 Speed changing Axis 17 Axis 17 Axis 18 Axis 19 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 12 Axis 21 Axis 22 Axis 23 Axis 24	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)	
M2033 M2034	Unusable (2 points)		_	_	_	M2085 M2086	Axis 25 Axis 26				
M2035	Motion error history clear request flag		Main cycle	Command signal	M3080	M2087 M2088	Axis 27 Axis 28				
M2036 M2037	Unusable (2 points)	—	—	-	—	M2089 M2090	Axis 29 Axis 30		/		
M2038	Motion SFC debugging flag	At debugging mode transition		Status		M2091 M2092	Axis 31 Axis 32		/		
M2039	Motion error detection flag		Immediate	signal		M2093					
M2040	Speed switching point specified flag		At start	Command signal	M3073	M2094 M2095 M2096	Unusable	_	_	_	_
	System setting error flag	Operation cycle		Status signal		M2098	(8 points)				
	All axes servo ON command Real mode/virtual mode		Operation cycle At virtual mode	Command	M3074	M2099 M2100					
M2043	switching request (SV22)		transition	signal	M3075	M2101			/		
M2044	Real mode/virtual mode switching status (SV22)					M2102 M2103	Axis 2 Axis 3		/		
M2045	Real mode/virtual mode switching error detection signal (SV22)	At virtual mode transition		Status signal		M2104 M2105 M2106	Axis 4 Synchronous Axis 5 encoder current Axis 6 value changing flag			Status signal	
M2046	Out-of-sync warning (SV22)			<u> </u>		M2107	Axis 7 (Note-3)	Operation cycle		(Note-1),	
M2047	Motion slot fault detection flag	Operation cycle				M2108 M2109	Axis 8 Axis 9 (12 axes)			(Note-2)	
M2048	JOG operation simultaneous start command		Main cycle	Command signal	M3076	M2110 M2111					
M2049	All axes servo ON accept flag	Operation cycle		Status signal		M2113					
M2050	Unusable	_			_	M2114	Linusable				
M2051	Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag			Command	M3077	M2115 M2116	Unusable (6 points)	—	-	—	-
M2052	Manual pulse generator 2 enable flag		Main cycle	signal	M3078	M2117 M2118					
L		r		1					1		

(3) Common device list

Device				Cinnel	Remark	Device				Cienel	Remark
No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	(Note-4)	No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	(Note-4)
M2119 M2120 M2121 M2122 M2123 M2124 M2125	Unusable (9 points)	_	_	_	_	M2188 M2189 M2190 M2191 M2192 M2192 M2193 M2194					
M2126 M2127 M2128 M2129 M2130 M2131 M2132 M2133 M2134 M2135 M2136 M2136 M2136 M2139 M2140 M2141 M2142 M2143 M2144 M2145 M2146 M2147 M2148 M2149 M2150 M2151 M2153 M2154	Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 16 Axis 17 Axis 18 Axis 19 Axis 20 Axis 21 Axis 22 Axis 23 Axis 24 Axis 25 Axis 26 Axis 27	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)		M2195 M2196 M2197 M2198 M2199 M2202 M2203 M2204 M2205 M2206 M2206 M2206 M2206 M2208 M2208 M2208 M2208 M2210 M2211 M2212 M2213 M2211 M2215 M2216 M2217 M2218 M2217 M2218 M2217 M2218 M2211 M2212 M2212 M2212	Unusable (36 points) (Note-5)	_	_	_	_
M2155 M2156 M2157 M2158 M2160 M2161 M2162 M2163 M2164 M2165 M2166 M2166 M2167 M2168 M2169 M2170	Axis 28 Axis 29 Axis 30 Axis 31 Axis 32					M2224 M2225 M2226 M227 M228 M229 M2230 M2231 M2232 M2235 M2236 M2238 M2238 M2238 M2238 M2238 M2239	Unusable (16 points)	_	_	_	_
M2171 M2172 M2173 M2174 M2175 M2176 M2176 M2177 M2178 M2179 M2180 M2181 M2182 M2183 M2184 M2185 M2186 M2187	Unusable (28 points) (Note-5)	_	_	_	_	M2241 M2242 M2243 M2244 M2245 M2246 M2247 M2248 M2249 M2250 M2251 M2252 M2253 M2254	Axis 1 Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 6 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 10 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 13 Axis 14 Axis 15 Axis 16 Axis 17	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)	

Common device list (Continued)

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-4)	Device No.	Si	gnal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-4)
M2258 M2259 M2260 M2261 M2262 M2263 M2264 M2265 M2266 M2266 M2267 M2268 M2269 M2270	Axis 24 Axis 25 Axis 26 Axis 26 Axis 27 Axis 28 Axis 27 Axis 28 Axis 29 Axis 30 Axis 31					M2290 M2291 M2292 M2293 M2294 M2295 M2296 M2297 M2298 M2299 M2290 M2291 M2295 M2296 M2297 M2298 M2299 M2300 M2301	Axis 25 Axis 26 Axis 27 Axis 28 Axis 29 Axis 30 Axis 31	control loop nonitor status	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)	
M2272 M2273 M2274 M2275 M2276 M2277 M2278 M2279 M2280 M2281 M2282 M2283 M2283 M2284 M2285 M2285	Axis 2 Axis 3 Axis 4 Axis 5 Axis 5 Axis 5 Axis 7 Axis 7 Axis 8 Axis 9 Axis 10 Axis 11 Axis 12 Axis 12 Axis 15 Axis 16 Axis 16	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1), (Note-2)		M2303 M2304 M2305 M2306 M2307 M2308 M2309 M23010 M2311 M2312 M2313 M2314 M2315 M2316 M2317 M2318 M2319	Axis 32 Unusable (16 points)		_	_	_	_

Common device list (Continued)

(Note-1): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.

(Note-2): Device area of 9 axes or more is unusable in the Q172DCPU.

(Note-3): This signal is unusable in the SV13/SV22 real mode.

(Note-4): It can also be ordered the device of a remark column.

(Note-5): These devices can be used as the clutch statuses.

The clutch status can also be set as the optional device at the clutch parameter. Refer to Chapter 7 of the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)" for details.

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-1), (Note-2)
M3072	PLC ready flag	/	Main cycle		M2000
M3073	Speed switching point specified flag		At start		M2040
M3074	All axes servo ON command		Operation cycle		M2042
M3075	Real mode/virtual mode switching request (SV22)		At virtual mode transition		M2043
M3076	JOG operation simultaneous start command			Command signal	M2048
M3077	Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag				M2051
M3078	Manual pulse generator 2 enable flag		Main cycle		M2052
M3079	Manual pulse generator 3 enable flag				M2053
M3080	Motion error history clear request flag	\vee			M2035
M3081	(Note 3)				
to	Unusable ^(Note-3) (55 points)	_	—	—	—
M3135	(

(4) Common device list (Command signal)

(Note-1): The state of a device is not in agreement when the device of a remark column is turned ON/OFF directly. In addition, when the request from a data register and the request from the above device are performed simultaneously, the request from the above device becomes effective.

(Note-2): It can also be ordered the device of a remark column.

(Note-3): Do not use it as an user device. It is possible to use it as a device which does automatic refresh because it becomes a reserve aria for command signal.

POINT

The device of a remark column turns ON by OFF to ON of the above device, and turns OFF by ON to OFF of the above device.

The command signal cannot be turned ON/OFF by the PLC CPU in the automatic refresh because the statuses and commands are mixed together in M2000 to M2053. Use the above devices in the case.

And, it can also be turned ON/OFF by the data register. (Refer to Section 3.2.3)

Axis No.	Device No.			Signal nam	ne		
1	D0 to D19	_					
2	D20 to D39		Signal name	Defrech evelo	Eatab avala	Unit	Signal
3	D40 to D59		Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Unit	direction
4	D60 to D79	0	Food ourrent value			1	
5	D80 to D99	1	Feed current value			Command	
6	D100 to D119	2	Deal ourrant value	Operation avala		unit	
7	D120 to D139	3	Real current value	Operation cycle			
8	D140 to D159	4	Deviation counter value			PLS	
9	D160 to D179	5	Deviation counter value			PLS	
10	D180 to D199	6	Minor error code	Immediate			
11	D200 to D219	7	Major error code	Immediale		_	
12	D220 to D239	8	Servo error code	Main cycle			Monitor
13	D240 to D259	9	Home position return			DI O	device
14	D260 to D279	9	re-travel value	On another south		PLS	
15	D280 to D299	10	Travel value after	Operation cycle		Command	
16	D300 to D319	11		unit			
17	D320 to D339	12	Execute program No.	At start	\neg /		
18	D340 to D359	13			\neg /	-	
19	D360 to D379	14	Torque limit value	Operation cycle		%	
20	D380 to D399		Data set pointer for		$\exists /$		
21	D400 to D419	15	constant-speed control	At start/during start		-	
22	D420 to D439	16					
23	D440 to D459	17	Unusable	—	—	-	-
24	D460 to D479	18	Real current value at			Command	Monitor
25	D480 to D499	19	stop input	Operation cycle		unit	device
26	D500 to D519						
27	D520 to D539						
28	D540 to D559						
29	D560 to D579						
30	D580 to D599						
31	D600 to D619						
32	D620 to D639						

(5) Axis monitor device list

(Note-1): It can be used as the travel value change register. The travel value change register can be set to the device optionally in the servo program.

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes as an user device in the Q172DCPU.
 - However, when the project of Q172DCPU is replaced with Q173DCPU, this area cannot be used.

Axis No.	Device No.			Signal name			
1	D640, D641						
2	D642, D643						Signal
3	D644, D645		Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Unit	direction
4	D646, D647	0				Command	Command
5	D648, D649	1	JOG speed setting		At start	unit	device
6	D650, D651						·
7	D652, D653						
8	D654, D655						
9	D656, D657						
10	D658, D659						
11	D660, D661						
12	D662, D663						
13	D664, D665						
14	D666, D667						
15	D668, D669						
16	D670, D671						
17	D672, D673						
18	D674, D675						
19	D676, D677						
20	D678, D679						
21	D680, D681						
22	D682, D683						
23	D684, D685						
24	D686, D687						
25	D688, D689						
26	D690, D691						
27	D692, D693						
28	D694, D695						
29	D696, D697						
30	D698, D699						
31	D700, D701						
32	D702, D703						

(6) Control change register list

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes as an user device in the Q172DCPU. However, when the project of Q172DCPU is replaced with Q173DCPU, this area cannot be used.

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction
D704	PLC ready flag request				D752	Manual pulse generator 1 smoothing magnification setting register	/		
D705	Speed switching point specified flag request			Command	D753	Manual pulse generator 2 smoothing magnification setting register		At the manual pulse generator enable flag	
D706	All axes servo ON command request		Main cycle	device	D754	Manual pulse generator 3 smoothing magnification setting register			Command device
D707	Real mode/virtual mode switching request (SV22)				D755	Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag request			
D708	JOG operation simultaneous start command request	/			D756	Manual pulse generator 2 enable flag request Manual pulse generator 3		Main cycle	
D709 D710	Unusable	_	_	_	D757	enable flag request	/		
D710 D711 D712 D713	JOG operation simultaneous start axis setting register		At start		D758 D759 D760 D761				
D714 D715	Manual pulse generator axis 1 No. setting register				D762 D763				
D716 D717	Manual pulse generator axis 2 No. setting register				D764 D765				
D718 D719	Manual pulse generator axis 3 No. setting register				D766 D767				
D720 D721 D722	Axis 1 Axis 2 Axis 3				D768 D769 D770				
D723 D724	Axis 4 Axis 5				D771 D772				
D725 D726	Axis 6 Axis 7				D773 D774				
D727 D728	Axis 8 Axis 9				D775 D776				
D729 D730	Axis 10 Axis 11			Command	D777	Unusable			
D731 D732	Axis 12 Axis 13		At the manual pulse	device	D779 D780	(42 points)	_	_	_
D733 D734	Axis 14 Axis 15 Manual pulse		generator enable flag		D781 D782				
D735 D736	Axis 16 generators 1 pulse input magnification				D783 D784				
D737 D738	Axis 17 setting register Axis 18 (Note-1), (Note-2) Axis 19				D785 D786				
D739 D740	Axis 20 Axis 21				D787 D788				
D741	Axis 22 Axis 23				D789 D790				
D743 D744	Axis 24 Axis 25				D791 D792				
D745 D746	Axis 26 Axis 27				D792 D793 D794				
D746 D747 D748	Axis 28 Axis 29				D794 D795 D796				
D749	Axis 30				D797				
D750 D751	Axis 31 Axis 32				D798 D799				

(7) Common device list

(Note-1): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU. (Note-2): Device area of 9 axes or more is unusable in the Q172DCPU.

Axis No.	Device No.			Signal name	
1	#8000 to #8019				
2	#8020 to #8039		Circul name	Defreek evele	Cierral direction
3	#8040 to #8059		Signal name	Refresh cycle	Signal direction
4	#8060 to #8079	0	Servo amplifier type	When the servo amplifier power-on	
5	#8080 to #8099	1	Motor current	Operation cycle 1 7[ma] or least Operation cycle	
6	#8100 to #8119	2	Motor speed	Operation cycle 1.7[ms] or less: Operation cycle Operation cycle 3.5[ms] or more: 3.5[ms]	
7	#8120 to #8139	3			Monitor device
8	#8140 to #8159	4	Command speed	Operation cycle	
9	#8160 to #8179	5			_
10	#8180 to #8199	6	Home position return re-travel	At home position return re-travel	
11	#8200 to #8219	7	value		ļ
12	#8220 to #8239	8			
13	#8240 to #8259	9	-		
14	#8260 to #8279	10	-		
15	#8280 to #8299	11	-		
16	#8300 to #8319	12	-		
17	#8320 to #8339	13	Unusable	_	_
18	#8340 to #8359	14	•		
19	#8360 to #8379	15	-		
20	#8380 to #8399	16	-		
21	#8400 to #8419	17	-		
22	#8420 to #8439	18	-		
23	#8440 to #8459	19			
24	#8460 to #8479				
25	#8480 to #8499				
26	#8500 to #8519				
27	#8520 to #8539				
28 29	#8540 to #8559 #8560 to #8579				
29 30	#8580 to #8579 #8580 to #8599				
31	#8600 to #8619				
32	#8620 to #8639				

(8) Motion register list (#)

(9) Special relay list

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal type
SM500	PCPU REDAY complete flag			
SM501	TEST mode ON flag			
SM502	External forced stop input flag			
SM503	Digital oscilloscope executing flag	Main avala		Ctatus signal
SM510	TEST mode request error flag	Main cycle		Status signal
SM512	Motion CPU WDT error flag			
SM513	Manual pulse generator axis setting error flag	-		
SM516	Servo program setting error flag			

(10) Special register list

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction
SD200	State of switch		/	
SD500		Main cycle		
SD501	Real mode axis information register (SV22)			
SD502		At power supply on/		
SD503	Servo amplifier loading information	operation cycle		
SD504		At virtual mode transition		
SD505	Real mode/virtual mode switching error information (SV22)			
SD506				
SD508	Connect/disconnect (status)	Main cycle] /	
SD510		At test mode request		Monitor device
SD511	Test mode request error information			
SD512	Motion CPU WDT error cause	At Motion CPU WDT error occurrence		
SD513	Manual pulse generator axis setting error	At the manual pulse generator enable flag		
SD514				
SD515	- information			
SD516	Error program No. Error item information	At start		
SD517				
SD522	Motion operation cycle	Operation cycle]/	
SD523	Operation cycle of the Motion CPU setting	At power supply on	/	
SD803	Connect/disconnect (command)		Main cycle	Command device

WARRANTY

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the sales representative or Mitsubishi Service Company.

However, if repairs are required onsite at domestic or overseas location, expenses to send an engineer will be solely at the customer's discretion. Mitsubishi shall not be held responsible for any re-commissioning, maintenance, or testing on-site that involves replacement of the failed module.

[Gratis Warranty Term]

Note that an installation period of less than one year after installation in your company or your customer's premises or a period of less than 18 months (counted from the date of production) after shipment from our company, whichever is shorter, is selected.

[Gratis Warranty Range]

(1) Diagnosis of failure

As a general rule, diagnosis of failure is done on site by the customer.

However, Mitsubishi or Mitsubishi service network can perform this service for an agreed upon fee upon the customer's request.

There will be no charges if the cause of the breakdown is found to be the fault of Mitsubishi.

(2) Breakdown repairs

There will be a charge for breakdown repairs, exchange replacements and on site visits for the following four conditions, otherwise there will be a charge.

- 1) Breakdowns due to improper storage, handling, careless accident, software or hardware design by the customer
- 2) Breakdowns due to modifications of the product without the consent of the manufacturer
- 3) Breakdowns resulting from using the product outside the specified specifications of the product
- 4) Breakdowns that are outside the terms of warranty

Since the above services are limited to Japan, diagnosis of failures, etc. are not performed abroad. If you desire the after service abroad, please register with Mitsubishi. For details, consult us in advance.

2. Exclusion of Loss in Opportunity and Secondary Loss from Warranty Liability

Mitsubishi will not be held liable for damage caused by factors found not to be the cause of Mitsubishi; opportunity loss or lost profits caused by faults in the Mitsubishi products; damage, secondary damage, accident compensation caused by special factors unpredictable by Mitsubishi; damages to products other than Mitsubishi products; and to other duties.

3. Onerous Repair Term after Discontinuation of Production

Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven years after production of the product is discontinued.

4. Delivery Term

In regard to the standard product, Mitsubishi shall deliver the standard product without application settings or adjustments to the customer and Mitsubishi is not liable for on site adjustment or test run of the product.

5. Precautions for Choosing the Products

- These products have been manufactured as a general-purpose part for general industries, and have not been designed or manufactured to be incorporated in a device or system used in purposes related to human life.
 Before using the products for special purposes such as nuclear power, electric power, aerospace, medicine,
- passenger movement vehicles or under water relays, contact Mitsubishi.
- (3) These products have been manufactured under strict quality control. However, when installing the product where major accidents or losses could occur if the product fails, install appropriate backup or failsafe functions in the system.
- (4) When exporting any of the products or related technologies described in this catalogue, you must obtain an export license if it is subject to Japanese Export Control Law.

MOTION CONTROLLER Qseries SV13/SV22 Programming Manual(REAL MODE) (Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU)

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MODEL	Q173D-P-SV13/22REALE
WODEL	QIISD-F-SVIS/ZZREALE

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MODEL CODE